

## Legislation Details (With Text)

**File #:** 2007-0430    **Version:** 3

**Type:** Motion    **Status:** Passed

**File created:** 8/20/2007    **In control:** General Government and Labor Relations Committee

**On agenda:**    **Final action:** 4/14/2008

**Enactment date:**    **Enactment #:** 12734

**Title:** A MOTION expressing the intent of the council to research the subject of campaign financing.

**Sponsors:** Bob Ferguson, Dow Constantine, Larry Phillips

**Indexes:** Campaign, Finance, Legislature, Washington, State of

**Code sections:**

**Attachments:** 1. 12734.pdf, 2. FINAL PCF Report 05-12-08.pdf, 3. Staff Report 03-27-08

Date	Ver.	Action By	Action	Result
4/14/2008	2	Metropolitan King County Council	Passed as Amended	Pass
4/7/2008	2	Metropolitan King County Council	Deferred	
3/27/2008	2	General Government and Labor Relations Committee	Amended	Pass
3/27/2008	2	General Government and Labor Relations Committee	Recommended Do Pass Substitute	Pass
1/22/2008	1	Metropolitan King County Council	Reintroduced	
8/20/2007	1	Metropolitan King County Council	Introduced and Referred	

Clerk 4/15/2007

A MOTION expressing the intent of the council to research the subject of  
campaign financing.

WHEREAS, increasing amounts of money are being spent nationwide each year on election campaigns,  
and

WHEREAS, many elected officials and candidates for elective office are therefore finding it necessary  
to spend increasing amounts of time on fundraising and less time interacting with voters and engaging in a  
vigorous public debate about the issues of the day, and

WHEREAS, the increasing dependence of election campaigns on large financial contributions has  
reduced public trust in government by, at a minimum, creating the perception that wealthier citizens and groups

hold a disproportionate influence over elected officials and candidates for office and, therefore, on public policy, and

WHEREAS, the current campaign finance system discourages competition for office by providing an advantage to incumbents and experienced fundraisers, and

WHEREAS, the current campaign finance system thereby presents ongoing barriers to effective political participation by those who lack significant disposable income or the ability to raise large sums of money, and

WHEREAS, public financing would recast the political campaign as a debate about ideas and experience rather than fundraising ability, and

WHEREAS, public financing would promote broader participation in civic life by reducing the barriers to running for public office or meaningfully participating in politics, and

WHEREAS, public financing would not infringe upon the First Amendment protection of free speech because acceptance of public funds would be voluntary and candidates could choose not to receive public funds, and

WHEREAS, seven states and two major cities have instituted systems for public financing of some of their elections, and

WHEREAS, bills have been introduced in the United States House of Representatives and the United States Senate to provide full public financing for congressional elections;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT MOVED by the Council of King County:

The council intends to conduct research on the following subjects and to report the results of its research by May 12, 2008:

- A. Review of existing local law pertaining to campaign financing;
- B. Review of trends in the cost of campaigns for elective local offices;
- C. Options for updating local law, including, but not limited to, significantly lowering maximum

contribution limits and exploring public financing and matching funds, with a view toward the experience of other jurisdictions that have implemented public financing for campaigns;

D. Review of lessons learned in the seven states and two cities where public campaign financing has been implemented, including identifying any potential obstacles and impediments to implementation of public financing of campaigns.

E. The history of public financing in Seattle and King County prior to 1993;

F. Estimates of the costs associated with such updates, including implementation

and oversight of public campaign financing; and

G. Options for funding those costs.