

KING COUNTY SHERIFF'S OFFICE 516 Third Avenue, W-116 Seattle, WA 98104

Mitzi G. Johanknecht Sheriff

February 10, 2020

The Honorable Claudia Balducci Chair Of The Council

The Honorable Girmay Zahilay Law and Justice Committee Chair

The Honorable Kathy Lambert
Law and Justice Committee Vice Chair

Room 1200 King County Courthouse

Re: KCSO Response to OLEO Report from OIR Group

Dear Councilmember Balducci, Committee Chair Zahilay, and Committee Vice Chair Lambert:

Normally, I would want to make myself and my personnel available to discuss Office of Law Enforcement Oversight's (OLEO) proposals, as we have with respect to other issues, such as reporting of force and complaint classifications for internal investigations. However, the OLEO has set this matter during a time when I am out of town, on a project that was scheduled long before I learned of the Council's plans for release of this report. Even if I were provided sufficient notice, I would be limited in my remarks, due to the timing of this discussion. I note that recommendations here are narrowly focused on this particular event, rather than the general King County Sheriff's Office (KCSO) force policy and practices. The KCSO, in collaboration with OLEO, revised its force policy in 2019 and these revisions are the subject of an upcoming discussion before the Law and Justice Committee on February 25, 2020.

First, I want to make clear that the Sheriff's Office understands and acknowledges the importance of oversight. However, the KCSO leadership is also mindful of the need to proceed with oversight in a way that does not violate the rights of our commissioned personnel and which utilizes the process available

for resolving disputes like the one presented by this report. Ideally, the oversight discussion is collaborative, rather than adversarial. Imposing an opinion or belief without using the well tested collective bargaining process severely undermines collaboration and creates a lack of trust. Until recently, the OLEO had conducted its systemic reviews in accord with the plain language of the King County Code and in keeping with past practice. It is challenging to work in an environment where these long standing concepts are disregarded.

Second, because of the timing and the way in which this report was prepared, we feel constrained in the ability to respond. The issues raised in this report are the subject of civil litigation and must be addressed in that process, in context, and with all the relevant information considered. This report is based on partial facts, and because of that, contains conclusions that are not factually supported. It also incorrectly implies there is a consensus in the scientific community regarding the most effective timing of collecting involved officer statements after a critical incident, and it recommends an approach that is contrary to agreements with our members. It is not appropriate for the KCSO to try its case before the Council, or in the press, and we respectfully decline to engage in that kind of discussion. Should the Council wish to hear from the KCSO when litigation has concluded, we will be happy to provide a more complete response to this report. This timing would be more consistent with the way disputed legal claims were handled in the past.

Third, the KCSO understands the importance of transparency and is not trying to keep information from view of anyone who is interested in the details relating to the incident. For those of you who are not familiar with how we examine an incident that results in the use of force and loss of life, there are several key steps taken.

The first step is a complete investigation of the facts, which are ultimately presented to the King County Prosecutor, who evaluates whether that information serves as a basis for any criminal charge against involved officers. Historically, that charging decision follows an administrative review conducted by the KCSO that looks at policies, practices and whether any changes in either should be considered. When that is done, there is a separate force review board hearing, where all available information is considered and the KCSO leadership, with OLEO present, discusses the incident and determines whether the use of force is consistent with the actions of a reasonable law enforcement officer, given the totality of the circumstances, known to the deputy at the time of the event. This force review board found the use of force by all involved KCSO personnel was appropriate. Additionally, there is an inquest hearing where a jury evaluates a number of questions, including whether the involved deputies believed that Dunlap-Gittens posed a threat of death or serious injury at the time they fired their weapons. The jury members are citizens, not law enforcement personnel. In this case, the jury found that all three involved officers feared death or serious injury when they fired their weapons. (see attached jury findings).

Finally, I want the Council to know that the KCSO is constantly considering ways of improving policy and processes. The past year brought significant changes to the KCSO force policy and focused discussion on other policy revisions which are nearing completion now. There is usually room for improvement and the KCSO is open to considering and implementing policy changes that improve the organization and benefit the people served by the KCSO. It is important to note that some of the suggestions presented by OLEO are accepted and included in revised policy; some of the proposals may require negotiation

with the impacted unions and we do not have authority to unilaterally impose; and there are sometimes suggestions that do not make sense for our agency. It is important to use the processes available to revise and refine policy.

As we do so, we will continue to honor our obligation to represented employees who expect that we work with them on significant changes to working conditions. We respectfully request that other County partners do the same and promote a collaborative approach to the work that is needed to effect change.

Sincerely,

Mitzi G. Johanknecht

SHERIFF

cc: King County Councilmembers

- Rod Dembowski (District 1)
- Reagan Dunn (District 9)
- Jeanne Kohl-Welles (District 4)

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- Joe McDermott (District 8)
- Pete von Reichbauer (District 7)
- Dave Upthegrove (District 5)

Attachment:

• Inquest Jury Interrogatories

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INQUEST INTO THE DEATH OF MI'CHANCE DUNLAP-GITTENS COURT'S INTERROGATORIES TO THE INQUEST JURY

1.	1. On January 27, 2017, were detectives from the King County Sheriff's Office investigating persons of interest in a homicide that had recently occurred in King County?					
	Yes <u>6</u>	No	Unknown			
2.	Was one of those persons of interest Da'Johntae Richard?		'Johntae Richard?			
	Yes _	No	Unknown			
3. Was one of those persons of interest Mi'Chance Dunlap- Gittens?						
	Yes	No <u>6</u>	Unknown			
4,	4. Were King County Sheriff's Office Detective Sergeant Todd Miller, Detective Joseph Eshom, and Detective Jonathan Reed Jones part of an operation to detain Mr. Richard?					
	Yes 6	No	Unknown			
5.	5. Was the operation a ruse to purchase liquor bottles from Mr. Richard, in part, to investigate him as a person of interest in a homicide investigation?					
	Yes 6	No	Unknown			
	5. During this operation, were Detective Sergeant Miller, Detective Eshom, and Detective Jones all wearing tactical vests identifying themselves as law enforcement officers?					
	Yes <u>2</u>	No 4	Unknown			
]	Did undercover King County Sheriff Office Detective Valerie Kelly and Detective Chris Przygocki ride or drive in an unmarked minivan to the 21600 block of 29 th Ave S., Des Moines, Washington, as part of this operation?					
	Yes 6	No	Unknown			

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	8. Were Detective Se in the back of this	ergeant Miller, Dete minivan?	ective Eshom, and Detective	ve Jones riding	
	Yes <u>6</u>	No	Unknown	· ·	
	9. At around 10:30 p.	m., did two males	approach the minivan?	•	
	Yes <u>6</u>	. No	Unknown		
•	10. Were the males tha Dunlap-Gittens?	it approached the vi	an Da'Johntae Richard and	d Mi'Chance	-
	Yes <u>6</u>	No	Unknown		•
	11. At some point whi Miller believe that	le the males were a one of the male's a	pproaching, did Detective pproaching appeared to be	Sergeant Mr. Richard?	
	Yes <u>6</u>	No	Unknown		
	12. When the males nemation minimum door?	ared the minivan, d	id Detective Sergeant Mil	ler open the	
	Yes b	. No	Unknown		
	13. When the minivan of commands to the eff ground?"	door first opened, d fect of "Sheriff's O	id one or more officers giv ffice," "Police," or "Get o	ve verbal in the	
	Yes <u>6</u>	No	. Unknown		
	14. As Detective Sergea appeared to be a fire		iting the minivan, did he s -Gittens hand?	ee what	ALL STANCES AND ALL STANCES AN
•	Yes <u>6</u>	· · No	Unknown	_	- Classer Walnut
·	15. Did Detective Serge be a firearm in the d	ant Miller see Mr. I irection of the detec	Dunlap-Gittens raise what ctives?	appeared to	ARCHADICE - PANNER
	Yes 6	. No	Unknown_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	אויינינילוד.
				. •	HANDYA MANAGARAN
-					MINERAL PROPERTY.
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	<u> </u>			•	THE PARTY NAMED IN

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			\$2.	
	16. Did Detective Est firearm in the dire	hom see Mr. Dunlap-G ection towards the dete	ittens raise what appeared to be a	a
•	Yes	No	Unknown_5	
1	17. Did Detective Jor firearm in the dire	nes see Mr. Dunlap-Git ection of the detectives	tens pull out what appeared to be?	; a
	Yes b	No	Unknown	
		lergeant Miller saw wh ause he thought he was	at he believed to be a firearm, di	d he
	Yes	No <u>5</u>	Unknown	
	. •	•		
	19. Did Mr. Dunlap-G		at or towards the detectives?	
- ·:	Yes	No <u>6</u>	Unknown	
	20. Did Detective Serg	geant Miller fire his ser	vice weapon at Mr. Dunlap-Gitt	ens?
٠	Yes 6	No	Unknown	
	21. At the time Detect believe that Mr. Do injury to himself or	unlap-Gittens presente	st fired his service weapon, did h d a threat of death or serious bod	e ily
	· Yes 6	. No	Unknown	
,	22. Did Detective Jon	es believe that Detectiv	ve Sergeant Miller had been shot	?
	Yes b	No	Unknown	
		om believe that Detecti	ve Sergeant Miller had been sho	t?
	Yes 🗘	No	Unknown	
	gun?	did Detective Sergean	t Miller give commands to drop	the
	Yes <u>(</u>	No	Unknown	

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25. Did the detectives observe Mr. Dunlap-Gittens turn and begin to run up a driveway?					
Yes	. No	Unknown			
26. Did Mr. Dunlap-Gittens still appear to have a gun in his hand as he ran?					
Yes	No	Unknown			
27. Did Mr. Dunlan-Git	tens annear to look h	ack at detectives as he ran?			
	27. Did Mr. Dunlap-Gittens appear to look back at detectives as he ran?				
Yes <u>5</u>	No	Unknown			
28. Were detectives concerned with the elevated position Mr. Dunlap-Gittens was running towards?					
Yes 6	.No	Unknown			
	n fire his service wea	apon at Mr. Dunlap-Gittens?			
Yes <u>6</u>	No	Unknown			
		is service weapon, did he believe that death or serious bodily injury to			
Yes_6	No	Unknown			
31. Did Detective Jones	fire his service weap	on at Mr. Dunlap-Gittens?			
Yes <u>6</u>	No	Unknown			
32. At the time that Determine Mr. Dunlap-Gittens phimself or others?	ctive Jones fired his presented a threat of c	service weapon, did he believe that death or serious bodily injury to			
Yes <u>5</u>	No	Unknown			

33. Was a 9 mm Hi Poin had fallen in the driv	t pistol found near eway?	the feet of Mr. Dunlap-Gittens after l	he
Yes <u>6</u>	. No	Unknown	•
34. Did Mr. Dunlap-Gitt Center in Seattle, Kir	ens die on January ng County, Washin	28, 2017, at Harborview Medical gton?	
Yes <u>b</u>	. No	Unknown	
active THC in his sys	ath did Mr. Dunlap tem?	o-Gittens have 8.8 +/- 2.3 ng\mL of	
Yes 6	No	Ŭnknown	
36. Did a gunshot or guns cause the life-ending	shots from the detecting the Mr. Dunla	ctives who fired their service weapon ap-Gittens?	ıs
Yes <u>6</u>	No	Unknown	÷
DATED this 13 Th day	Juror	Inbest O anders	on.
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Juror Juror	Juror Juror	Dinski,	_

DANIEL T. SATTERBERG PROSECUTING ATTORNEY



Office of the Prosecuting Attorney CRIMINAL DIVISION Norm Maleng Regional Justice Center 401 Fourth Avenue North, Suite 2A Kent, Washington 98032-4429 (206) 477-2060

November 14, 2017

Attention:

Derrick A. Isackson Vick, Julius, McClure, P.S. Hathaway Building, Suite 201A Seattle, WA 98108

Lawand Anderson L.A. Law & Associates, PLLC 22030 7th Ávenue South, Suite 103 Des Moines, WA 98198

Tim Gosselin Gosselin Law Office, PLLC 1901 Jefferson Avenue, Suite 304 Tacoma, WA 98402

Dear Counsel:

Please let this serve as notice to all of the parties involved in the Inquest into the Death of Mi'Chance Dunlap-Gittens. As the deputy prosecuting attorney that assisted the court during the hearing, I'm writing to inform all of you that the King County Prosecuting Attorney's Office has declined to file criminal charges against King County Sheriff Officers Todd Miller, Joseph Eshom, and Jonathan Reed. Please contact me if you have any additional questions.

Sincerely,

Kelsey Schirman, WSBA#41684 Deputy Prosecuting Attorney