



**KING COUNTY**

1200 King County Courthouse  
516 Third Avenue  
Seattle, WA 98104

**Signature Report**

**November 23, 2009**

**Ordinance 16716**

**Proposed No.** 2009-0619.1

**Sponsors** Lambert

1 AN ORDINANCE relating to regional jail services  
2 authorizing the execution of an amended interlocal  
3 agreement between King County and cities for jail services.  
4

5 BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:

6 **SECTION 1. Findings:**

7 A. King County currently provides jail services to thirty-seven cities under an  
8 interlocal agreement approved in 2002 ("the 2002 agreement"). That agreement expires  
9 December 31, 2012.

10 B. At the time the county approved the 2002 agreement, the county also agreed to  
11 transfer to the city of Bellevue, on behalf of the cities signatory to the 2002 agreement, a  
12 parcel of real property known as the Eastside Justice Center site. The property transfer  
13 agreement allowed for the sale of the Eastside Justice Center site by the cities and use of  
14 the proceeds to contribute to the cost of building or contracting for secure capacity, and  
15 building or contracting for alternative corrections facilities, sufficient to enable the  
16 contract cities to reduce the number of city inmates in the King County system to zero by  
17 January 1, 2013.

18 C. In 2009, the city of Bellevue sold the Eastside Justice Center site and is now in  
19 the process of distributing net proceeds of that sale in the amount of \$13,000,116.20 to all  
20 thirty-nine cities in King County in accordance with an allocation formula agreed to by  
21 and between these cities.

22 D. Currently, the cities of Kent, Auburn, Enumclaw, Renton, Issaquah and  
23 Kirkland each operate their own misdemeanor detention facilities. Many other cities  
24 have short-term holding facilities for persons awaiting arraignment or transfer to longer  
25 term detention. The vast majority of cities in King County have entered into contracts  
26 with jail service providers in addition to King County to house at least some of their city  
27 misdemeanants. Only about forty percent of city misdemeanants are currently housed in  
28 county jail facilities.

29 E. Cities that have historically contracted with King County for jail services are  
30 proceeding with plans to house more of their inmates outside of the King County system;  
31 however, some of these cities will be unable to construct or acquire additional secure  
32 detention facilities sufficient to remove their inmates from the King County system by  
33 January 1, 2013.

34 F. In 2007, King County entered into negotiations with the Jail Advisory Group,  
35 composed of all cities signatory to the 2002 agreement, seeking changes to the 2002  
36 agreement that would improve cost recovery under the agreement for services provided  
37 by the county to city-responsible inmates. The Jail Advisory Group in exchange sought a  
38 short-term extension of the 2002 agreement. The parties were unable to reach agreement  
39 and negotiations ceased in early 2008. Negotiations were restarted in August 2008 at the  
40 request of the cities and the county council when King County determined that it would

41 have detention capacity in excess of its own needs for some period beyond December 31,  
42 2012.

43 G. King County has determined that it will have detention capacity in excess of  
44 its own needs and its obligations to the state department of corrections through December  
45 31, 2015.

46 H. The attached Amendment to Interlocal Agreement Between King County and  
47 the City of \*\* for Jail Services provides an additional three years of jail service for cities  
48 beyond the term of the existing agreement, protects the county from overcrowding in  
49 general and special populations, and incorporates a new rate model which enhances the  
50 cost recovery for the county on the services provided to city-responsible inmates.

51 SECTION 2. The King County executive is hereby authorized to execute the  
52 Amendment to Interlocal Agreement Between King County and the City of \*\* for Jail  
53

54 Services for Jail Services in substantially the form of the attached Amendment to  
55 Interlocal Agreement Between King County and the City of \*\* for Jail Services.

56

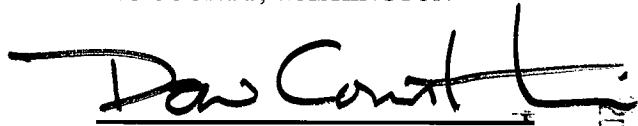
Ordinance 16716 was introduced on 11/23/2009 and passed by the Metropolitan King County Council on 11/23/2009, by the following vote:

Yes: 9 - Mr. Constantine, Mr. Ferguson, Ms. Hague, Ms. Lambert, Mr. von Reichbauer, Mr. Gossett, Mr. Phillips, Ms. Patterson and Mr. Dunn

No: 0

Excused: 0

KING COUNTY COUNCIL  
KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON



Dow Constantine, Chair

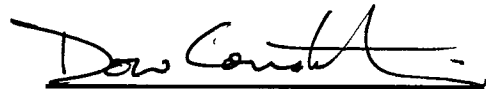
ATTEST:



Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council

RECEIVED  
2009 DEC -14 PM 11:30  
CLERK  
KING COUNTY COUNCIL

APPROVED this 1 day of DECEMBER 2009.



Dow Constantine, County Executive

**Attachments** A. Amendment to Interlocal Agreement Between King County and the City of \*\* for Jail Services

**Amendment to Interlocal Agreement Between  
King County and the City of \*\*  
for Jail Services**

~~THIS AGREEMENT~~ is dated effective as of the 1<sup>st</sup> day of February, 2010, and, with respect to the parties hereto, amends and restates the November 1, 2002 Original Agreement. ~~INTERLOCAL AGREEMENT~~ ("Agreement") is dated effective the 1<sup>st</sup> day of November, 2002. ~~The Parties to this Agreement are King County, a Washington municipal corporation and legal subdivision of the State of Washington (the "County") and the City of \_\_\_\_\_, a Washington municipal corporation (the "City").~~

This Agreement is made in accordance with the Interlocal Cooperation Act (RCW Chapter 39.34) and the City and County Jails Act (RCW Chapter 70.48).

In consideration of the promises, payments, covenants and agreements contained in this Agreement, the parties agree as follows:

1. **Definitions:** Unless the context clearly shows another usage is intended, the following terms shall have these meanings in this Agreement:
  - 1.1 "Booking" means registering, screening and examining inmates for confinement in the Jail; inventorying and safekeeping inmates' personal property; maintaining all computerized records of arrest; performing warrant checks; and all other activities associated with processing an inmate.
  - 1.2 "Business Day" means Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. until 5:00 p.m., except holidays and County-designated furlough days.
  - 1.3 "City Inmate" means a person booked into or housed in the Jail when a City charge is the principal basis for booking or confining that person. A City charge is the principal basis for booking or confining a person where one or more of the following applies, whether pre-trial or post-trial:
    - 1.3.1 The person is booked or confined by reason of committing or allegedly committing a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor offense within the City's jurisdiction, whether filed under state law or city ordinance;
    - 1.3.2 The person is booked or confined by reason of a Court warrant issued either by the City's Municipal Court or other court when acting as the City's Municipal Court;
    - 1.3.3 The person is booked or confined by reason of a Court order issued either by the City's Municipal Court or other court when acting as the City's Municipal Court; or,
    - 1.3.4 The person is booked or confined by reason of subsections 1.3.1 through 1.3.3 above, in combination with charges, investigation of charges, and/or warrants of other governments, and the booking or confinement by reason of subsections 1.3.1 through 1.3.3 above is determined to be the most serious charge in accordance with Exhibit I.

- 1.3.5 A City charge is not the principal basis for confining a person where the person is booked or confined exclusively or in combination with other charges by reason of a felony charge or felony investigation.
- 1.3.6 A City charge is not the principal basis for confining a person where the person is confined exclusively or in combination with other charges by reason of a felony charge or felony investigation that has been reduced to a State misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor.
- 1.4 "Contract Cities" means cities that are signatory to ~~this~~ the Original Agreement. The Contract Cities are listed in Exhibit VII.
- 1.5 "Continuity of Care Records" means an inmate's diagnosis, list of current medications, treatments, PPD (tuberculosis screening test) results and scheduled appointments or follow-ups.
- 1.6 "County Inmate" means any inmate that is not a City Inmate.
- 1.7 "Force Majeure" means war, civil unrest, and any natural event outside of the party's reasonable control, including fire, storm, flood, earthquake or other act of nature.
- 1.8 The first "Inmate Day" means confinement for more than six (6) hours measured from the time such inmate is first presented to and accepted by the Jail until the inmate is released, provided that an arrival on or after six (6) o'clock p.m. and continuing into the succeeding day shall be considered one day. The second and each subsequent Inmate Day means confinement for any portion of a calendar day after the first Inmate Day. For persons confined to the Jail for the purpose of mandatory DUI sentences, "Inmate Day" means confinement in accordance with Exhibit II.
- 1.9 "JAG" means the Jail Agreement Administration Group created pursuant to Section 10 of this Agreement.
- 1.10 "Jail" means a place primarily designed, staffed, and used for the housing of adults charged or convicted of a criminal offense; for the punishment, correction, and rehabilitation of offenders charged or convicted of a criminal offense; or for confinement during a criminal investigation or for civil detention to enforce a court order. Upon the date of the execution of ~~the~~ Original Agreement, Jail includes ~~the~~ the King County Correctional Facility, the detention facility at the Regional Justice Center, the North Rehabilitation Facility; and any Community Corrections Facility and/or Program, such as Work Release, Electronic Home Detention, Work Crews, Day Reporting, and Evening Reporting operated by the County directly or pursuant to contract.
- 1.11 During the Initial Fee Period, "Medical Inmate" means a City Inmate or County Inmate clinically determined by the Seattle-King County Department of Public Health, or its successor charged with the same duties, as needing the level of services provided in the Jail's infirmary or other medical facility that the County may choose to send a Medical Inmate. During the Revised Fee Period, a "Medical Inmate" means a City Inmate or County Inmate clinically determined by the Seattle-King County Department of Public

**\*\* Interlocal Agreement: Jail Services**

Health, or its successor charged with the same duties, as needing the level of services provided in the Jail's infirmary. During both the Initial Fee Period and the Revised Fee Period, if an inmate is moved to the general population then the inmate is no longer considered a Medical Inmate.

- 1.12 "Official Daily Population Count" is an official count of inmates in the custody of the Jail made at a point in time in a 24-hour period for, among other purposes, security and population management. It is not used for billing purposes.
- 1.13 "PARP" means the Population Alert and Reduction Plan attached as Exhibit IV.
- 1.14 During the Initial Fee Period, "Psychiatric Inmate" means a City Inmate or County Inmate clinically determined by the Seattle-King County Department of Public Health, or its successors charged with the same duties, as needing the level of services provided in the Jail's psychiatric housing units or other medical facility that the County may choose to send a Psychiatric Inmate. If an inmate is moved to the general population then the inmate is no longer considered a Psychiatric Inmate. During the Revised Fee Period, "Psychiatric Inmate" means either an Acute Psychiatric Inmate or a Non-Acute Psychiatric Inmate, as defined below:
- 1.14.1 An "Acute Psychiatric Inmate" is an inmate clinically determined by the Seattle-King County Department of Public Health, or its successor charged with the same duties, as needing the level of services provided in the Jail's acute psychiatric housing units (as further described in Exhibit III, Attachment III-2). If an Inmate is moved to housing outside the Jail's acute psychiatric housing units then the Inmate is no longer considered an Acute Psychiatric Inmate.
- 1.14.2 A "Non-Acute Psychiatric Inmate" is an inmate clinically determined by the Seattle-King County Department of Public Health, or its successor charged with the same duties, as needing Psychiatric Care Services (as further described in Exhibit III, Attachment III-2) and housed outside the Jail's acute psychiatric housing units.
- 1.15 "Agreement" means the Interlocal Agreement by and Between King County and the City for Jail Services in 2002 as amended by the Amendment.
- 1.16 "Amendment" means this Amendment to the Interlocal Agreement by and Between King County and the City for Jail Services in 2002.
- 1.17 "Amendment JAG" means the Amendment Jail Administration Group created pursuant to Section 10.
- 1.18 "DAJD" means the King County Department of Adult and Juvenile Detention or its successor agency.
- 1.19 "Extension Cities" means the City and other cities that are signatory to this Amendment or to an agreement in substantially identical form to this Amendment.

**\*\* Interlocal Agreement: Jail Services**

- 1.20 "Extension Period" means the calendar years 2013 through 2015.
- 1.21 "Non-Extension Cities" means Contract Cities that are not Extension Cities.
- 1.22 "Extension City Inmate" means a City Inmate that is the responsibility of an Extension City.
- 1.23 "Initial Fee Period" means the period from the effective date of the Original Agreement until the commencement of the Revised Fee Period.
- 1.24 "Revised Fee Period" means the period from and after the date the Revised Fees and Charges are first imposed on the City, (which date is June 1, 2010 for the City of Seattle and November 1, 2010 for all other Extension Cities) through the expiration of this Agreement on December 31, 2015 or its earlier termination.
- 1.25 "Revised Fees and Charges" are the Fees and Charges imposed during the Revised Fee Period as described in Section 3 and Exhibit III.B.
- 1.26 "Surcharge" means any of the following special charges, defined at Exhibit III.B.3 and further described in Attachment III-2: Infirmiry Care Surcharge; Non-Acute Psychiatric Care Surcharge; Acute Psychiatric Care Surcharge; 1:1 Guarding Surcharge.
- 1.27 "Offsite Medical Care Charges" means those pass through charges for treatment of a City Inmate where that inmate is clinically determined by the Seattle-King County Department of Public Health, or its successor charged with the same duties, as needing a level of services provided from offsite medical institutions, as further defined in Exhibit III.B.4 and Attachment III-2. An Inmate may receive Offsite Medical Care that triggers an Offsite Medical Care Charge without being otherwise classified as a Medical or Psychiatric Inmate (e.g., some inmates held in the general population receive offsite medical care that will result in Offsite Medical Care Charges being incurred).
- 1.28 "Original Agreement" means the interlocal agreement for jail services between King County and the City as originally executed between the County and the City effective November 1, 2002. The Contract Cities each signed a separate agreement with the County in form substantially similar to the Original Agreement.
- 1.29 "WER Charge" is the daily housing charge incurred for City Inmates housed in the Work and Education and Release program as further described in Exhibit III.B.

2. **Jail and Health Services.** The County shall accept City Inmates for confinement in the Jail, except as provided in Sections 4.5 and 11 of this Agreement. The County shall also furnish the City with Jail facilities, booking, transportation among County facilities, as determined necessary in the County's sole discretion, including the various Jail facilities, Harborview Medical Center and Western State Hospital, and custodial services, and personnel for the confinement of City Inmates at least equal to those the County provides for confinement of County Inmates. However, the County reserves the right to operate specific programs and/or facilities exclusively



**\*\* Interlocal Agreement: Jail Services**

for County Inmates. The County shall furnish to City Inmates all Jail medical, dental and other health care services required to be provided pursuant to federal or state law. Also, the County shall make every reasonable effort to release a City Inmate as expeditiously as possible after the County has received notification of a court order to release.

3. City Compensation. The City will pay the County a booking fee and a maintenance charge as follows:

3.1 Booking Fee. The booking fee shall be assessed for the booking of City Inmates by or on behalf of the City into the Jail. ~~The booking fee shall be as provided in Exhibit III.~~ During the Revised Fee Period, two different booking fees will be available to the City on the terms and conditions described in Exhibit III.B. The effective date of each annual adjustment for booking fee(s) will be January 1<sup>st</sup>. In both the Initial Fee Period and the Revised Fee Period:

3.1.1. ~~The County will maintain its program of contacting the City after booking a City Inmate in order to give notice that the City Inmate has been booked and to provide the opportunity for release to the City if the City so desires. Such action will take place as soon as reasonably possible but no later than the next business day after booking and will result in no maintenance charges if the City Inmate is released to the City within six hours of booking. The parties agree that the issue of providing earlier notice to the Contract Cities of booking of City Inmates shall be immediately referred to JAG for resolution.~~

3.1.2. ~~The County will maintain its program to notify the City of the status of its inmates in cases where confinement is the result of multiple warrants from two or more jurisdictions. This program will allow the City to take custody of a City Inmate if it so desires after the other jurisdictional warrants are resolved and thereby prevent unnecessary maintenance charges.~~

3.2 Maintenance Charge. ~~The maintenance charge shall be assessed for a City Inmate for each Inmate Day. The effective date of each annual adjustment will be January 1<sup>st</sup>. During the Initial Fee Period, the maintenance charge shall be as provided in Exhibit III.A. The effective date of each annual adjustment will be January 1<sup>st</sup>. Also during the Initial Fee Period, the City will be billed the daily maintenance charge for Medical and Psychiatric Inmates, except as provided for in Section 11.7 of this Agreement. During the Revised Fee Period, the maintenance charge shall be assessed for a City Inmate for each Inmate Day as provided in Exhibit III.B. During the Revised Fee Period, the City may qualify for a WER Charge in lieu of the maintenance charge as described in Exhibit III.B.3.~~

3.3 Surcharges and Offsite Medical Charges. ~~During the Revised Fee Period, in addition to the booking fee, maintenance charge and WER charge, the City will be charged for Offsite Medical Charges and Surcharges as detailed in Exhibit III.B.~~

3.3.1 Proposed Notice of Certain Surcharges. ~~The County intends to provide or make available to the City timely information of occurrences when a City Inmate is admitted to Harborview or other offsite medical institution, or is receiving~~

**\*\* Interlocal Agreement: Jail Services**

infirm care or psychiatric care that will subject a City to Surcharges. Information provided or made available will be based on information known to DAJD at the time (since billing status of an Inmate may be changed retroactively based on new information or other factors). The County intends to provide or make available this information within 2 business days following the day in which the chargeable event occurs and will make good faith efforts to provide information sooner if practicable. The County will make good faith efforts to try to institute a means to inform the City within 24 hours of the admittance of a City Inmate to Harborview or other offsite medical institution. The County's failure to provide or make available information or develop quicker means to provide information to the City as detailed above shall not excuse the City from financial responsibility for related Offsite Medical Charges or Surcharges, and shall not be a basis for imposing financial responsibility for related Offsite Medical Charges or Surcharges on the County.

- 3.43 **Proportional Billing.** The parties intend to develop a system of proportional billing which will divide the costs of incarceration between two or more jurisdictions where multiple jurisdictions have a hold on a City Inmate. The parties agree to negotiate, in good faith, in an attempt to develop such a system.

4. **Billing and Dispute Resolution Procedures.**

- 4.1 The County shall transmit billings to the City monthly. Within forty-five (45) days after receipt, the City shall pay the full amount billed or withhold a portion thereof and provide the County written notice specifying the total amount withheld and the grounds for withholding such amount, together with payment of the remainder of the amount billed (if any amount remains). Notwithstanding the foregoing, during the Revised Fee Period, the County shall bill the City for Offsite Medical Charges as such charges are periodically received by the County from third party medical institutions or other offsite medical providers. This may or may not occur on a monthly basis. Such Offsite Medical Charges shall be due within such time and subject to such withholding and dispute resolution procedures as otherwise provided in this Section 4.

- 4.2 **Withholding of any amount billed or alleging that any party is in violation of any provision of this Agreement shall constitute a dispute, which shall be resolved as follows:**

- 4.2.1 The County shall respond in writing to billing disputes within 60-days of receipt of such disputes by the DAJD billing offices. To ensure the soonest start to the 60-day timeline, the City should send billing disputes directly to the DAJD billing office rather than any other County office or officer. The DAJD billing office address as of the date of this Amendment is:

KC DAJD

Attn: Finance Inmate Billing

500 5<sup>th</sup> Avenue

Seattle, WA 98104

FAX Number: 206-296-0570

- 4.2.24 ~~Thereafter,~~ The County and the City shall attempt to resolve the dispute by negotiation. If such negotiation is unsuccessful, either party may refer the dispute to JAG for resolution. For disputes involving fees and charges incurred during the Revised Fee Period or otherwise solely arising under the terms and conditions of the Amendment, the dispute shall be referred to the Amendment JAG. In the event JAG or Amendment JAG, as applicable, is unable to resolve the dispute within 30-days of referral, either party may appeal. All appeals shall be referred to the Chief Executive Officer of the City, or designee, and the County Executive, or designee, for settlement. If not resolved by them within thirty (30) days of the referral, the Chief Executive Officer and the County Executive by mutual written consent may seek arbitration or mediation of the matter. Each party shall pay one-half of the arbitrator's or mediator's fees and expenses. If mutual written consent to apply for the appointment of an arbitrator or mediator is not reached, or the dispute is not resolved through arbitration or mediation, either party may seek court action to decide the dispute. If either party prevails in a court action to enforce any provision of this Agreement, it shall be awarded reasonable attorney's fees to be based on hourly rates for attorneys of comparable experience in the community.
- 4.3 Any amount withheld from a billing, which is determined to be owed to the County pursuant to the dispute resolution procedure described herein, shall be paid by the City within thirty (30) days of the date of the negotiated resolution or appeal determination.
- 4.4 Any undisputed billing amount not paid by the City within sixty (60) days of receipt of the billing, and any amounts found to be owing to the County as a result of the billing dispute resolution procedure that are not paid within thirty (30) days of resolution, shall be conclusively established as a lawful debt owed to the County by the City, shall be binding on the parties and shall not be subject to legal question either directly or collaterally. This provision shall not limit a City's ability to challenge or dispute any billings that have been paid by the City.
- 4.5 If the City fails to pay a billing within 45-days of receipt, the County will notify the City of its failure to pay and the City shall have ten (10) days to cure non-payment. In the event the City fails to cure its nonpayment, the City shall be deemed to have voluntarily waived its right to house City Inmates in the Jail and, at the County's request, will remove City Inmates already housed in the Jail within thirty (30) days. Thereafter, the County, at its sole discretion, may accept no further City Inmates until all outstanding bills are paid.
- 4.6 The County may charge an interest rate equal to the interest rate on the monthly County investment earnings on any undisputed billing amount not paid by the City within forty-five (45) days of receipt of the billing, and any amounts found to be owing to the County as a result of the billing dispute resolution procedure.
- 4.7 Each party may examine the other's books and records to verify charges. If an examination reveals an improper charge, the next billing statement will be adjusted

**\*\* Interlocal Agreement: Jail Services**

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appropriately. Disputes on matters related to this Agreement which are revealed by an audit shall be resolved pursuant to Section 4.2.

5. Term. This Agreement shall commence on November 1, 2002 and shall supersede all previous contracts and agreements between the parties relating to the Jail and jail services. This Agreement shall extend to December 31, 2015, and may be renewed annually by the agreement of the parties.

6. Termination. ~~Neither party may terminate this Agreement prior to January 1, 2004. Thereafter, either party may initiate a process to terminate this Agreement as follows:~~

6.1 Ten-Day Notice of Intent to Terminate. Any party wishing to terminate this Agreement shall issue a written notice of intent to terminate, not less than ten (10) days prior to issuing a ninety (90) day termination notice under Section 6.2 of this Agreement. Upon receipt of the written notice of intent to terminate, the parties will meet to confer on whether there are steps that the non-terminating party can take in order to avoid a ninety (90) day termination notice under section 6.2 of this Agreement.

6.2 Ninety-Day Termination Notice. After the ten (10) day period has run under Section 6.1 of this Agreement, the party desiring to terminate this Agreement may provide the other party ninety (90) days written termination notice, as provided in RCW 70.48.090.

7. Limited Re-Opener. ~~The County or the Cities may request (a) during the year 2006, and during the year 2009, that the parties meet to negotiate a change to the charges being paid under Exhibit III; or (b) at any time prior to December 31, 2006, that the parties meet to negotiate a change to any operations covering Medical or Psychiatric Inmates. In the event such a request is made, the parties agree to meet and negotiate in good faith on the issue. However, if no agreement is reached, the terms of this Agreement will continue to apply. [Section number reserved].~~

8. Indemnification.

8.1 The County shall indemnify and hold harmless the City and its officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, from any and all claims, actions, suits, liability, loss, costs, expenses, and damages of any nature whatsoever, by reason of or arising out of any negligent action or omission of the County, its officers, agents, and employees, or any of them. In the event that any suit based upon such a claim, action, loss, or damage is brought against the City, the County shall defend the same at its sole cost and expense; provided, that, the City retains the right to participate in said suit if any principle of governmental or public law is involved; and if final judgment be rendered against the City and its officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, or jointly against the City and the County and their respective officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, the County shall satisfy the same.

8.2 The City shall indemnify and hold harmless the County and its officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, from any and all claims, actions, suits, liability, loss, costs, expenses, and damages of any nature whatsoever, by reason of or arising out of any negligent act or omission of the City, its officers, agents, and employees, or any of them.

In the event that any suite based upon such a claim, action, loss, or damage is brought against the County, the City shall defend the same at its sole cost and expense; provided that the County retains the right to participate in said suite if any principle of governmental or public laws is involved; and if final judgment be rendered against the County, and its officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, or jointly against the County and the City and their respective officers, agents, and employees, or any of them, the City shall satisfy the same.

8.3 In executing this agreement, the County does not assume liability or responsibility for or in any way release the City from any liability or responsibility, which arises in whole or in part from the existence or effect of City ordinances, rules or regulations. If any cause, claim, suite, action or administrative proceeding is commenced in which the enforceability and/or validity of any such City ordinance, rule or regulation is at issue, the City shall defend the same at its sole expense and if judgment is entered or damages are awarded against the City, the County, or both, the City shall satisfy the same, including all chargeable costs and attorney's fees.

8.4 The terms of Section 8 "Indemnification" shall survive the termination or expiration of this Agreement.

9. Most Favored Treatment. The County represents and assures the City that no other city or town has or will receive more favored treatment under a contract with the County covering the Jail or jail services. If advantages are provided inmates of another city or town, like advantages shall be extended to City Inmates; and if lower rates are provided in any contract with another city or town, such reduced charges shall be extended to the City under this Agreement. This Section shall not apply to a) temporary service contracts twelve months' or less in duration; provided that such temporary service contracts shall not cause the City to pay more in maintenance charges and booking fees than the City would have paid without such a temporary service contract; b) reciprocal bed use agreements; c) any agreement among the County and any city or town related to additional jail capacity at a new or expanded Jail; and d) any agreements for services among the County and any city or town for additional services not provided for in this Agreement.

[Language for Seattle Agreement:] Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, the City waives its rights under this section with respect to the date on which Extension Cities other than the City will begin paying rates and charges per the Revised Rates described in Exhibit III.B. Other than the waiver described in the preceding sentence, the parties agree that this Section 9 is otherwise not triggered by execution of the Amendment.

[Language for other Extension Cities Agreements.] Notwithstanding anything in this section to the contrary, the City of Seattle has by separate agreement waived its rights under this section with respect to the date on which the City of Seattle will begin paying rates and charges per the Revised Rates described in Exhibit III.B. Other than the waiver described in the preceding sentence, the parties agree that this Section 9 is otherwise not triggered by execution of the Amendment.

10. Jail Agreement Administration Group (JAG). JAG is hereby established to work together to assure the effective implementation of this Agreement and resolve any Agreement or PARP

**\*\* Interlocal Agreement: Jail Services**

administration, implementation or interpretation issues including, without limitation, issues related to inmate transportation, alternative and community correction programs, coordination with the courts and law enforcement, mental health, drug and alcohol treatment, Agreement interpretation, any capital expenditure charge or budget included in the maintenance fee, referrals of disputes under Section 4 and issues related to the expedient transfer of City Inmates into or out of alternative facilities within or outside of King County. JAG shall also negotiate any reopener of the provisions described in Section 7 of this Agreement. JAG shall be initially established by November 1, 2002.

The committee shall be composed of eight persons as follows:

County Executive Representative	(1)
City of Seattle Representative	(1)
City of Bellevue Representative	(1)
Director of the Department of Adult and Juvenile Detention	(1)
Suburban Cities Representatives	(4)

The City of Seattle representative will be appointed by the Mayor of Seattle. The City of Bellevue representative will be appointed by the City Manager. The Suburban Cities Association (SCA) shall select four (4) representatives through a process defined by the SCA. The Mayor of Mayor/Council cities or the City Manager of Council/Manager cities shall appoint the representative of each city selected by the SCA. Notice of the city representatives and any changes thereto shall be provided to the County Executive. The Committee shall meet at least quarterly. A Chair shall be selected from among the members.

For issues arising solely under this Amendment that are otherwise within the same scope of issues that are the purview of the JAG, there is created an Amendment JAG which shall serve the function of the JAG as described herein. The Amendment JAG shall be composed of up to seven persons as follows:

<u>County Executive Representative</u>	<u>(1)</u>
<u>Director of the Department of Adult and Juvenile Detention</u>	<u>(1)</u>
<u>City of Seattle Representative</u>	<u>(1)</u>
<u>Extension City Representatives:</u>	<u>(one per city, not to exceed 4 in total)</u>

The extension cities will determine who their representatives are to the Amendment JAG. The parties agree that Amendment JAG has no authority to make a final decision with regard to any matter related to the Agreement and Amendment. If any Extension City, or the County, is not satisfied with status of a matter after discussion in the Amendment JAG, that party retains all rights to seek further legal redress as provided for the Agreement and Amendment.

11. **Jail Capacity.** The parties understand that the number of beds available in King County may not meet the demands for those beds in the future. The following items attempt to address the needs

of the local criminal justice system for adequate secure bed space and the County's ability to prevent excessive and unmanageable crowding conditions within capacity.

- 11.1 PARP. The parties agree to make a good-faith effort to cooperatively implement all provisions of the PARP. Additionally, King County agrees to be bound to the Population Alert Notification section of the PARP with the caveat that King County will not be held to the Population Alert Notification section of the PARP in the event of force majeure or computer or telecommunications failure. The parties have also prepared a Table set forth in Exhibit V. This Exhibit represents a good faith effort by the parties to estimate Jail bed demand and supply for the years 2002 through 2005. However, the King County supply scenarios contained in Exhibit V are not binding on the County.
- 11.2 Capacity for City Inmates. When necessary, King County will double bunk the Regional Justice Center up to 65% to accommodate City Inmates. The parties understand that the County's commitment to double bunk up to 65% at the Regional Justice Center to accommodate City Inmates means that the County will not set a budgetary constraint that will prevent the County from performing under the terms of this Agreement.
- 11.3 The Contract Cities agree to the following population reduction schedule for the aggregate number of City Inmates.
- A) By December 31, 2003, at the time of the Jail's Official Daily Population Count the Contract Cities agree to reduce the aggregate number of City Inmates in the Jail to 380.
  - B) By December 31, 2004, at the time of the Jail's Official Daily Population Count, the Contract Cities agree to reduce the aggregate number of City Inmates in the Jail to 250.
  - C) By July 1, 2005, at the time of the Jail's Official Daily Population Count, the Contract Cities agree to reduce the aggregate number of City Inmates in the Jail to 220.
  - D) By December 31, 2012, at the time of the Jail's Official Daily Population Count, the Contract Cities agree to reduce the aggregate number of City Inmates in the Jail to 0, with the exception that inmates whose status has changed to City Inmate will not be included in the calculation of the aggregate number of City Inmates if the inmate is removed from the Jail within 72-hours of such change in status; provided that this subsection (D) shall not apply to Extension Cities.

For the purpose of determining the aggregate number of City Inmates only, and not for billing purposes, inmates held on multiple warrants by the County which include one or more city warrants in addition to a County and/or state warrant and City Inmates that have been booked into the Jail and the Contract Cities have not been notified of such booking shall not be considered a City Inmate. Also, City Inmates housed in the Jail pursuant to a reciprocal bed-use agreement will not be considered City Inmates for the purpose of determining the aggregate number of City Inmates.

**\*\* Interlocal Agreement: Jail Services**

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11.4 The City agrees to be bound by the population reduction schedule listed in Section 11.3. Accordingly, in the event the aggregate City Inmate population:

- A) Exceeds 380 on any given day from December 31, 2003, through December 31, 2004; or
- B) Exceeds 250 on any given day from December 31, 2004, through June 30, 2005; or
- C) Exceeds 220 on any given day from July 1, 2005 to December 31, 2012; or
- D) Exceeds 0 on any given day after January 1, 2013, except as provided in Sections 11.3 and 11.5.1;

then the County will have the right to take the actions outlined in Section 11.5.

11.5 The County will notify the Contract Cities by phone or electronic mail, if the Contract Cities have exceeded the population reduction schedule described in Sections 11.3 and 11.4. The County may then decide to continue to house City Inmates in excess of the population reduction schedule listed in Sections 11.3 and 11.4. Alternatively, the County may refuse to accept bookings from the City until such time as the aggregate number of City Inmates is reduced below the population reduction schedule listed in Sections 11.3 and 11.4. If the aggregate number of City Inmates is reduced below the population reduction schedule listed in Sections 11.3 and 11.4, through removal of City Inmates from the Jail, then the County will be obligated to accept new City bookings. The notification required by the first sentence of this Section, will be made to the person designated in Section 13.10 of this Agreement, and will inform the City whether the County intends to continue to house City Inmates in excess of the population reduction schedule listed in Sections 11.3 and 11.4, or whether the County will refuse to accept bookings from the City until such time as the aggregate number of City Inmates is reduced below the population reduction schedule listed in Sections 11.3 and 11.4.

11.5.1 The Extension Cities are not required to reduce the aggregate number of Extension City Inmates to 0 by December 31, 2012. Rather, the Extension Cities agree to the following:

- A) By December 31, 2012, at the time of the Jail's Official Daily Population Count the Extension Cities agree to reduce the aggregate number of Extension City Inmates in the Jail to 330.
- B) By December 31, 2014, at the time of the Jail's Official Daily Population Count, the Extension Cities agree to reduce the aggregate number of Extension City Inmates in the Jail to 250.
- C) By December 31, 2015, at the time of the Jail's Official Daily Population Count, the Extension Cities agree to reduce the aggregate number of Extension City Inmates in the Jail to 0, with the exception that inmates whose status has changed to City Inmate



