

KING COUNTY

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

Signature Report

October 20, 2008

Ordinance 16278

Proposed No. 2008-0476.1

Sponsors Dunn

1	AN ORDINANCE relating to code compliance; amending
2	Ordinance 13263, Section 3, as amended, and K.C.C.
3	23.02.010, Ordinance 13263, Section 4, as amended, and
4	K.C.C. 23.02.030, Ordinance 13263, Section 5, as
5	amended, and K.C.C. 23.02.040, Ordinance 13263, Section
6	6, and K.C.C. 23.02.050, Ordinance 13263, Section 7, as
7	amended, and K.C.C. 23.02.060, Ordinance 13263, Section
8	8, as amended, and K.C.C. 23.02.070, Ordinance 13263,
9	Section 12, and K.C.C. 23.02.110, Ordinance 13263,
10	Section 13, as amended, and K.C.C. 23.02.120, Ordinance
11	12024, Section 13, and K.C.C. 23.10.040, Ordinance
12	13263, Section 16, and K.C.C. 23.20.020, Ordinance
13	13263, Section 17, and K.C.C. 23.20.030, Ordinance
14	13263, Section 21, as amended, and K.C.C.23.24.020,
15	Ordinance 13263, Section 30, and K.C.C. 23.24.110,
16	Ordinance 13263, Section 33, as amended, and K.C.C.
17	23.24.140, Ordinance 13263, Section 37, as amended, and

K.C.C. 23.32.010, Ordinance 13263, Section 40, and K.C.C. 23.32.040, Ordinance 13263, Section 43, as amended, and K.C.C. 23.36.010, Ordinance 13263, Section 45, and K.C.C. 23.36.030, Ordinance 4461, Section 3, as amended and K.C.C. 20.24.090, Ordinance 11502, Section 13, and K.C.C. 20.24.175, adding new sections to K.C.C. chapter 23.02 and K.C.C. chapter 23.20, repealing Ordinance 12024, Section 14 and K.C.C. 23.10.120, and Ordinance 13263, Section 38 and K.C.C. 23.32.020, and prescribing penalties.

STATEMENT OF FACTS:

1. Illegal dumping has significant negative impacts on King County and its residents. It is unsightly, can decrease land values, attract more dumping and can be the source of fires. Illegal dumping can contaminate land, streams, lakes and rivers, as well as nearby drinking water wells. Illegally dumped materials are a health hazard, attracting rodents, mosquitoes and other vermin. Dumped materials can also be a physical hazard to children playing in or around them. Responding to illegal dumping is expensive, costing County government alone more than two million dollars every year to respond to complaints, clean up dump sites on county lands and roads, abate dump sites on private lands and conduct enforcement actions.

2. In 2003, the King County executive convened an illegal dumping task
force to address illegal dumping at the county level. The goal of the task
force was to improve coordination of services and make illegal dumping
response more efficient and effective. One of the task force's
recommendations was to set up an expert committee to examine the
county's enforcement approach and possibly draft proposed code
amendments.
2 The Vine County street living a County

- 3. The King County streamlining enforcement work group was formed to act on that recommendation by examining the current county enforcement system as it relates to illegal dumping and other environmental enforcement and recommending improvements. The work group included staff responsible for managing enforcement programs, responding to illegal dumping complaints, or both, for the departments of natural resources and parks, transportation, development and environmental services, public health, and the office of the prosecuting attorney. The work group made recommendations which were approved by the executive's office in October 2007.
- 4. One of the work group's recommendations was to increase the effectiveness of county enforcement regulations. This ordinance implements the group's recommendation. It proposes changes to K.C.C. Title 23, Code Compliance, that will clearly state that illegal dumping is in violation of county code and will authorize all affected agencies to protect their custodial lands through enforcement. This ordinance will simplify citation procedures and clarify the

64	citation appeal process, saving time and resources without affecting due process.
65	It will also enable county agencies to assess penalties and charge cleanup
66 -	restitution payments in cases of illegal dumping. It incorporates language similar
67	to that in state code to authorize charging a restitution payment to illegal dumpers.
68	This payment is to be divided equally between the enforcement agency and the
69	landowner. The ordinance authorizes county departments to decide not to take
70	action on de minimis violations. It decreases the appeal period for citations and
71	notice and orders from twenty-one to fourteen days, and amends the misdemeanor
72	language to clearly authorize the office of the prosecuting attorney to conduct
73	misdemeanor prosecutions for willful or knowing civil code violations. The
74	ordinance repeals sections of K.C.C. Title 23 containing deadlines that have
75	passed and amends K.C.C. chapter 20.24, Hearing Examiner, to maintain
76	consistency with K.C.C. Title 23.
77	5. All agencies that currently use K.C.C. Title 23 actively participated in a
78	cooperative effort to develop the amendment.
79	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
80	SECTION 1. Ordinance 13263, Section 3, as amended, and K.C.C. 23.02.010,
81	are each hereby amended as follows:
82	The words and phrases designated in this section shall be defined for the purposes
83	of this title as follows:
84	A. "Abate" means to take whatever steps are deemed necessary by the director to
85	return a property to the condition in which it existed before a civil code violation
86	occurred or to assure that the property complies with applicable code requirements.

87	Abatement may include, but is not limited to, rehabilitation, demolition, removal,
88	replacement or repair.
89	B. "Civil code violation" means and includes one or more of the following:
90	1. Any act or omission contrary to any ordinance, resolution, regulation or
91	public rule of the county that regulates or protects ((the)) public health, the environment
92	or the use and development of land or water, whether or not the ordinance, resolution or
93	regulation is codified; and
. 94	2. Any act or omission contrary to the conditions of any permit, notice and order
95	or stop work order issued pursuant to any such an ordinance, resolution, regulation or
96	public rule.
97	C. "Contested hearing" means a hearing requested in response to a citation to
98	contest the finding that a violation occurred or to contest that the person issued the
99	citation is responsible for the violation.
100	D. "Director" means, depending on the code violated:
101	1. The director of the department of development and environmental services;
102	2. The director of the Seattle-King County department of public health, (((the))
103	or "local health officer" as that term is used in chapter 70.05 RCW(());
104	3. The director of the department of natural resources and parks;
105	4. The director of any other county department authorized to enforce civil code
106	compliance;
107	5. Authorized representatives of a director, including ((but not limited to, the))
108	compliance officers and inspectors whose responsibility includes the detection and
109	reporting of civil code violations; or

110	6. Such other person as the council by ordinance authorizes to ((utilize)) use this
111	title.
112	E. "Found in violation" means that:
113	1. A citation, notice and order or stop work order has been issued and not timely
114	appealed;
115	2. A voluntary compliance agreement has been entered into; or
116	3. The hearing examiner has determined that the violation has occurred and the
117	hearing examiner's determination has not been stayed or reversed on appeal.
118	((D.)) <u>F.</u> "Hearing examiner" means the King County hearing examiner, as
119	provided in K.C.C. chapter 20.24.
120	((E.)) G. "Mitigate" means to take measures, subject to county approval, to
121	minimize the harmful effects of the violation where remediation is either impossible or
122	unreasonably burdensome.
123	H. "Mitigation hearing" means a hearing requested in response to a citation to
124	explain mitigating circumstances surrounding the commission of a violation.
125	((F.)) I. "Permit" means any form of certificate, approval, registration, license or
126	any other written permission issued by King County. All conditions of approval, and all
127	easements and use limitations shown on the face of an approved final plat map which are
128	intended to serve or protect the general public are deemed conditions applicable to all
129	subsequent plat property owners and their tenants and agents as permit requirements
130	enforceable under this title.
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131	((G.)) <u>J.</u> "Person" means any individual, association, partnership, corporation or
132	legal entity, public or private, and the agents and assigns of the individual, association,
133	partnership, corporation or legal entity.
134	((H.)) K. "Person responsible for code compliance" means either the person who
135	caused the violation, if that can be determined, or the owner, lessor, tenant or other
136	person entitled to control, use or occupy, or any combination of control, use or occupy,
137	property where a civil code violation occurs, or both.
138	L. "Public rule" means any rule adopted under K.C.C. chapter 2.98 to implement
139	code provisions.
140	((1-)) M. "Remediate" means to restore a site to a condition that complies with
141	((sensitive)) critical area or other regulatory requirements as they existed when the
142	violation occurred; or, for sites that have been degraded under prior ownerships, restore
143	to a condition that does not pose a probable threat to the environment or to the public
144	health, safety or welfare.
145	((J-)) N. "Resolution" means any law enacted by resolution of the board of count
146	commissioners prior to the establishment of the charter, or any health rule adopted by
147	resolution of the board of health.
148	((K. "Public rule" means any rule properly promulgated to implement code
149	provisions.))
150	SECTION 2. Ordinance 13263, Section 4, and K.C.C. 23.02.030, are each hereby
151	amended as follows:
152	A. All civil code violations are hereby determined to be detrimental to the public
153	health, safety and environment and are hereby declared public nuisances. All conditions

determined to be civil code violations shall be subject to and enforced pursuant to the provisions of this title except where specifically excluded by law or regulation.

B. Any person who willfully or knowingly causes, aids or abets a civil code violation pursuant to this title by any act of commission or omission is guilty of a misdemeanor. Upon conviction, the person shall be punished by either a fine not to exceed one thousand dollars, ((and/or)) imprisonment in the county jail for a term not to exceed ninety days, or both. Each week (seven days) such violation continues shall be considered a separate misdemeanor offense. As an alternative, or in addition to any other judicial or administrative remedy provided in this title or by law or other regulation, a director may request that the prosecuting attorney consider filing, and the prosecuting attorney is authorized to file, a misdemeanor complaint against the persons responsible for code compliance when the director has documentation or evidence that the violation was willful and knowing.

SECTION 3. Ordinance 13263, Section 5, and K.C.C. 23.02.040, are each hereby amended as follows:

A. In order to discourage public nuisances, make efficient use of public resources and otherwise promote compliance with applicable code provisions, a director may, in response to field observations or reliable complaints, determine that civil code violations have occurred or are occurring and may:

1. Enter into voluntary compliance agreements with persons responsible for code compliance, and issue notices of noncompliance if the persons responsible fail to comply with the terms of the voluntary compliance agreement;

176	2. Issue citations and assess civil penalties as authorized by K.C.C. chapter
177	23.20;
178	3. Issue notice and orders, assess civil penalties and fines and recover costs as
179	authorized by K.C.C. chapter 23.24;
180	4. Order abatement by means of a notice and order, and if ((such)) abatement is
181	not ((timely)) completed in a timely manner by the person responsible for code
182	compliance, undertake the abatement and charge the reasonable costs of such work as
183	authorized by K.C.C. chapter 23.24;
184	5. Allow a person responsible for code compliance to perform community
185	service in lieu of paying civil penalties as authorized by K.C.C. chapter 23.24;
186	6. Order work stopped at a site by means of a stop work order, and if such order
187	is not complied with, assess civil penalties, as authorized by K.C.C. chapter 23.28;
188	((and/or))
189	7. Suspend, revoke or modify any permit previously issued by a director or deny
190	a permit application as authorized by K.C.C. chapter 23.24 when other efforts to achieve
191	compliance have failed; and
192	8. For de minimis violations, decide not to take enforcement action.
193	B. Should violations occur involving multiple agencies, a lead agency shall be
194	designated by the executive to coordinate the county's response. Unless otherwise
195	determined by the directors of the affected departments, the department of development
196	and environmental services shall serve as the lead agency.
197	C. The procedures set forth in this title are not exclusive. These procedures shall
198	not in any manner limit or restrict the county from remedying civil code violations or

abating civil code violations in any other manner authorized by law. ((Ordinance 13263))
This title shall not be construed to affect the authority of the King County board of health
in enforcement of the King County board of health code or regulations.

- D. In addition or as an alternative to ((utilizing)) using the procedures set forth in this title, a director may seek legal or equitable relief to abate any conditions or enjoin any acts or practices which constitute a civil code violation.
- E. In addition or as an alternative to utilizing the procedures set forth in ((Ordinance 13263)) this title, a director may assess or recover civil penalties accruing under this title by legal action filed in King County superior court by the prosecuting attorney on behalf of King County.
- F. The provisions of this title shall in no way adversely affect the rights of the owner, lessee or occupant of any property to recover all costs and expenses incurred and required by this title from any person causing such violation.
- G. A director may use the services of a collection agency in order to collect any fines, penalties, fees or costs owing under this title.
- H. In administering the provisions for code enforcement, the director shall have the authority to waive any one or more such provisions so as to avoid substantial injustice by application thereof to the acts or omissions of a public or private entity or individual, or acts or omissions on public or private property including, for example, property belonging to public or private utilities, where no apparent benefit has accrued to such entity or individual from a code violation and any necessary remediation is being promptly provided. For purposes of this clause, substantial injustice cannot be based on economic hardship.

compliance complaints:

222	I. The provisions of this title detailing county department administration of code
223	compliance procedures are not to be construed as creating a substantive basis for appeal
224	or a defense of any kind to an alleged violation.
225	J. The provisions of ((Ordinance 13263)) this title authorizing the enforcement of
226	non-codified ordinances are intended to assure compliance with conditions of approval
227	on plats, unclassified use permits, zone reclassifications and other similar permits or
228	approvals which may have been granted by ordinances which have not been codified, and
229	to enforce new regulatory ordinances which are not yet codified. Departments should be
230	sensitive to the possibility that citizens may not be aware of these ordinances, and should
231	give warnings prior to enforcing such ordinances, except in high risk cases.
232	K. The director of a King County agency that owns property, or is the custodian
233	of public property, is authorized to enforce section 9 of this ordinance and any public
234	rules adopted under this title to implement that section for properties that the director's
235	agency owns or is custodian.
236	SECTION 4. Ordinance 13263, Section 6, and K.C.C. 23.02.050, are each hereby
237	amended as follows:
238	((A. The following guidelines should be applied by the departments, subject to
239	departmental resource limitations, when responding to code compliance complaints. The
240	timelines identified below may be modified by departmental rule, subject to council
241	review and approval.)) A department may adopt public rules under K.C.C. chapter 2.98
242	consistent with the following guidelines that set forth priorities for responding to code

244	((1-)) <u>A.</u> High risk investigations needing an urgent response $(((within twenty-$
245	four hours to one week) include any)) including cases in which:
246	((a-)) 1. there is an imminent likelihood of or actual bodily harm, damage to
247	public resources or facilities, damage to real or personal property, public health exposure,
248	or environmental damage or contamination; or
249	((b.)) 2. the sites $((and/))$ or persons responsible for code compliance have a
250	history of prior high or moderate risk violations.
251	((2-)) B. Moderate risk investigations needing a prompt response (((within
252	seventy two hours to ten days) include)) including cases ((where)) in which:
253	a. there is risk of bodily harm, damage to public resources ((and/))or facilities,
254	damage to real or personal property, or environmental damage or contamination; ((or))
255	b. the subject sites ((and/))or persons responsible for code compliance have a
256	history of prior low risk violations; ((or))
257	c. there are ongoing moderate or low risk violations; or
258	d. more than five wrecked, dismantled or inoperative vehicles are found.
259	3. Low risk investigations needing response as time permits (((within two to
260	four weeks of violation being identified by code compliance staff) include)) including
261	cases ((where)) in which:
262	a. the violation is non-emergent, does not fit within the high risk or moderate
263	risk categories and has only minor public impacts; ((and)) or
264	b. the violation is an isolated incident.

265	B. The ((response times)) priorities set ((out)) forth in this section are not
266	jurisdictional((5)) and failure to meet them in any particular case shall not affect the
267	county's authority to enforce county code provisions with regard to that case.
268	SECTION 5. Ordinance 13263, Section 7, as amended, and K.C.C. 23.02.060,
269	are each hereby amended as follows:
270	This section sets forth guidelines for more specific procedures to be used by each
271	department in implementing ((Ordinance 13263)) this title. The guidelines set forth in
272	this section are not jurisdictional, and failure to meet them in any particular case shall not
273	affect the county's authority to enforce county code provisions with regard to that case.
274	A. Before conducting a field verification, code enforcement personnel shall
275	notify the owner, occupant, or other person responsible for code compliance of a possible
276	violation through any combination of phone, posting and/or mail, that a field verification
277	is to occur. Code enforcement personnel shall not cross a parcel boundary line onto
278	private property without such prior notification, except in emergencies that pose an
279	imminent threat to environmental health or to the public safety or specifically for the
280	purpose of posting a notice.
281	B. In cases involving a complaint, the code enforcement agency shall provide
282	notice (prior to or concurrent with a field verification) in the following manner:
283	1. The owner, occupant and person responsible for code compliance, ((())if not
284	an owner or occupant(())), shall be advised by personal contact, phone, posting ((and/))or
285	mail of any complaint; and
286	2. The complainant should be contacted by phone and, if possible, in person
287	during the field visit.

288	C. To the extent possible, all departments with compliance requirement authority
289	shall record land-based violations in a database system, which should be accessible to all
290	other departments.
291	D. To the extent possible, the department shall check its own records and the
292	records of other agencies for previous violations on the site of the alleged violation or by
293	the owner or occupant of the site or such other person as may be responsible for code
294	compliance. Each department shall develop and((/or)) maintain a database system for
295	tracking violations of its codes that is designed, to the extent possible, to be used in
296	coordination with other departments.
297	E. Staff undertaking field investigations shall comply with the provisions of this
298	title regarding right of entry. This information shall be made available pursuant to
299	subsection C. of this section.
300	SECTION 6. Ordinance 13263, Section 8, as amended, and K.C.C. 23.02.070,
301	are each hereby amended as follows:
302	A. The department shall determine, based on information derived from sources
303	such as field observations, the statements of witnesses, relevant documents and data
304	systems for tracking violations and applicable county codes, whether or not a violation
305	has occurred. As soon as a department has reasonable cause to determine that a violation
306	has occurred, it shall document the violation and promptly notify the owner, occupant or
307	other person responsible for code compliance.
308	B. Except as provided in subsection D. of this section, a warning shall be issued
309	verbally or in writing promptly when a field inspection reveals a violation, or as soon as

the department otherwise determines that a violation has occurred. The warning shall

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311	inform the person determined to be responsible for code compliance of the violation and
312	shall include a reference to the applicable permit or zoning condition, ordinance or code
313	related to the violation. The warning shall also allow the person an opportunity to correct
314	the violation or enter into a voluntary compliance agreement as provided for by this title.
315	Verbal warnings shall be logged and followed up with a written warning within two
316	weeks, and the site shall be reinspected within thirty days.
317	C. The guidelines in this section for warnings, notifications and reinspections are
318	not jurisdictional, and failure to meet them in any particular case shall not affect the
319	county's authority to enforce county code provisions with regard to that case.
320	D. Nor warning need be issued in cases involving, emergencies that pose an
321	imminent threat to environmental health or to the public safety.
322	E. ((Citations may be issued in moderate- and low-risk cases, if the department))
323	A department may issue a citation if it determines ((it is probable)) that the violation
324	((ean)) is likely to be a one-time occurrence or is likely to be fully corrected in a ((short))
325	reasonable period of time.
326	F. ((Notice and orders should be issued in all high risk cases in which a voluntary
327	compliance agreement has not been entered into. N))A department may issue notice and
328	orders ((may be issued in moderate and low-risk)) in cases where ((the department)) it
329	determines that the violation is unlikely be fully corrected in a ((short)) reasonable period
330	of time.
331	G. The department shall use all reasonable means to determine and cite the
332	person or persons actually responsible for the violation occurring when the owner has not

directly or indirectly caused the violation.

H. If the violation is not corrected or a voluntary compliance agreement is not
achieved within a reasonable time period, a citation, notice and order or stop work order
should be issued. As a guideline, citations should be issued within sixty days from receipt
of a complaint, and notice and orders should be issued within one hundred twenty days
from receipt of a complaint. Stop work orders should be issued promptly upon discovery
of a violation in progress.

I. Any complainant who provides a mailing address and requests to be kept advised of enforcement efforts should be mailed a copy of all written warnings, voluntary compliance agreements, citations, notice and orders, stop work orders and notices of settlement conferences issued by a department with regard to the alleged violation. Any complainant who is an aggrieved person may appeal a citation, notice and order, stop work order, a determination to enter into a voluntary compliance agreement or a determination not to issue a citation or order pursuant to the provisions of K.C.C. chapter 20.24, provided that the appeal shall be considered a civil proceeding, and any decision to pursue criminal sanctions shall remain the obligation of the prosecuting attorney, as set out in K.C.C. 23.02.030.

SECTION 7. Ordinance 13263, Section 12, and K.C.C. 23.02.110, are each hereby amended as follows:

It is the intention of the council that any entry made to private property for the purpose of inspection for code violations be accomplished in strict conformity with constitutional and statutory constraints on entry((5)) and the holdings of relevant court cases regarding entry. The ((right of entry)) right of entry granted by this title shall not supersede those legal constraints. The director is authorized to enter upon any property

for the purpose of administering ((Ordinance 13263 provided that, the director shall make entry)) this title only if ((such)) entry is consistent with the constitutions and laws of the United States and the state of Washington. If ((so)) required by the constitutions and laws of the United States or the state of Washington, the director shall apply to a court of competent jurisdiction for a search warrant authorizing access to ((such)) property for ((such)) the purpose of administering this title. The court may upon such application issue the search warrant for the purpose requested.

SECTION 8. Ordinance 13263, Section 13, as amended, and K.C.C. 23.02.120, are each hereby amended as follows:

A. In order to ensure strict conformity with the constraints on entry imposed by state and federal law and to ((assure)) ensure that county employees deal with the public in a manner ((which)) that respects the rights of private property owners, the directors of the department of development and environmental services, natural resources and parks and other departments, as needed, shall ((develop and)) adopt internal procedures, protocols and training programs governing the conduct of searches by county staff responsible for code compliance ((officers)) ((which shall be issued within nine months of the adoption of Ordinance 13263)).

B. Each department operating under this ((ehapter shall adopt)) title may approve public rules under K.C.C. chapter 2.98 and procedures to implement the provisions of ((Ordinance 13263, and specifically the)) this title. Each department shall approve procedures to implement the guidelines set out in this chapter ((describing reasonable and appropriate protocols)) for investigating code violations.

NEW SECTION. SECTION 9.	There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 23.02 a
new section to read as follows:	

A. No person shall throw, drop, discard, or otherwise dispose or illegally dump, as defined in K.C.C. 10.04.020, or cause solid waste, as defined in K.C.C. 10.04.020, to be disposed or illegally dumped upon any public property, including, but not limited to, any right of way, park, beach, campground, forest land, recreational area, highway, road, street or alley, or in surrounding water, or upon private property not owned by that person or for which they are an agent of the property owner or with the authorization of the owner, unless:

- 1. The property is designated by King County for the disposal of solid waste and the person is authorized to use such property for that purpose; or
- 2. The waste is placed into an approved waste receptacle in a manner that will prevent litter from being carried away or deposited by the elements upon any private or public property or waters.
- B.1. It is a civil code violation for a person to illegally dump solid waste in any amount.
- 2. In cases involving illegal dumping in an amount greater than one cubic foot but less than one cubic yard, the person responsible for code compliance shall, in addition to civil penalties, pay an illegal dumping cleanup restitution payment equal to twice the actual cost of cleanup, or fifty dollars per cubic foot of material deposited, whichever is greater. The director shall distribute one-half of the restitution payment to the landowner and one-half of the restitution payment to the enforcement agency investigating the incident. The director may, in addition to or in lieu of part or all of the cleanup restitution

payment, order the person to pick up and remove waste material from the property, with prior permission of the legal owner or, in the case of public property, of the agency managing the property. The director may suspend or modify the cleanup restitution payment for a first-time offender under this section, if the person cleans up and properly disposes of the waste.

3. In cases involving illegal dumping in an amount of one cubic yard or more, the person responsible for code compliance shall, in addition to civil penalties, pay a cleanup restitution payment equal to twice the actual cost of cleanup, or one hundred dollars per cubic foot of material dumped, whichever is greater. The director shall distribute one-half of the cleanup restitution payment to the landowner and one-half of the cleanup restitution payment agency investigating the incident. The landowner and the enforcement agency may be one and the same. The director may, in addition to or in lieu of part or all of the cleanup restitution payment, order the person to pick up and remove waste from the property, with prior permission of the legal owner or, in the case of public property, of the agency managing the property. The director may suspend or modify the cleanup restitution payment for a first-time offender under this section, if the person cleans up and properly disposes of the litter.

<u>NEW SECTION. SECTION 10.</u> There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 23.02 a new section to read as follows:

The owner, operator or occupant of any dwelling, business establishment or industry shall be responsible for the satisfactory and legal arrangement for the handling and disposing of all solid waste generated or accumulated on the property. Releasing solid waste to a transporter does not end owner responsibility for solid waste handling.

425	NEW SECTION. SECTION 11. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 23.02
426	a new section to read as follows:
427	Whenever solid wastes dumped in violation of this chapter or any other provision
428	of the King County Code contains three or more items bearing the name of one
429	individual, there shall be a rebuttable presumption that the individual whose name
430	appears on such items committed the illegal dumping.
431	SECTION 12. Ordinance 12024, Section 13, and K.C.C. 23.10.040 are each
432	hereby amended as follows:
433	No person may park, store or abandon a wrecked, dismantled or inoperative
434	vehicle, or part thereof as those terms are defined in K.C.C. chapter 21A.06, on private
435	property, except where the following conditions apply:
436	A. A vehicle or vehicle part is completely enclosed within a building in a lawful
437	manner where it is not clearly visible from the street or from other public or private
438	property; or
439	B. A vehicle is stored or parked in a lawful manner on private property in
440	connection with the business of a licensed dismantler, licensed auto repair business or
441	licensed vehicle dealer and is fenced as required by state law.
442	SECTION 13. Ordinance 12024, Section 14, and K.C.C. 23.10.120 are each
443	hereby repealed.
444	SECTION 14. Ordinance 13263, Section 16, and K.C.C. 23.20.020 are each
445	hereby amended to read as follows:
446	A. ((Subject to the appeal provisions of K.C.C. chapter 23.36, a)) A citation
447	represents a determination that a civil code violation has ((occurred)) been committed and

448	that the <u>person</u> cited ((party)) is a person responsible for code compliance. <u>The</u>
449	determination is final unless contested as provided in this title.
450	B. Subject to ((the provisions of)) K.C.C. 23.02.130, a citation subjects the
451	person responsible for code compliance to the civil fine prescribed by K.C.C. chapter
452	23.32.
453	C. Subject to section 9 of this ordinance, a citation may subject the person
454	responsible for code compliance to an illegal dumping cleanup restitution payment.
455	<u>D.</u> ((Subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 23.02.130, t)) The person ((responsible
456	for code compliance)) issued a citation shall ((either pay the civil fine assessed)) respond
457	to the citation as provided in sections 16 and 17 of this ordinance within ((twenty one))
458	fourteen days of the date of ((issuance)) service of the citation ((or appeal the citation
459	according to the procedures described in K.C.C. chapter 23.36)).
460	((D.)) E. Failure to ((appeal)) respond to the citation within ((twenty-one))
461	fourteen days shall render the citation a final determination that the conditions described
462	in the citation existed and constituted a civil code violation and that the person cited
463	((party)) is liable as a person responsible for code compliance.
464	((E.)) F. Imposition of a civil fine creates a joint and several personal obligation
465	in all persons responsible for code compliance who are served with ((notice of the
466	violation)) the citation. The prosecuting attorney on behalf of King County may collect
467	the civil fines assessed by any appropriate legal means.
468	((F.)) G. Issuance of a citation in no way limits a director's authority to issue a
469	notice and order or stop work order to the same person responsible for code compliance
470	pursuant to this title. Payment of the civil fine assessed under the citation does not

471	relieve a person responsible for code compliance of his or her duty to correct the
472	violation ((and/))or to pay any and all civil penalties accruing under a notice and order or
473	stop work order issued pursuant to this title.
474	SECTION 15. Ordinance 13263, Section 17, and K.C.C. 23.20.030 are each
475	hereby amended to read as follows:
476	((The)) A citation shall ((include all of)) contain the following ((information)):
477	A. ((Identification)) A reasonable description of the location of the property on
478	which the violation occurred;
479	B. The name and address of the person responsible for code compliance;
480	C. A brief description of the violation or violations found;
481	((C-)) D. A statement of the specific ordinance, resolution, regulation, public rule
482	permit condition, notice and order provision, or stop work order provision that was
483	violated;
484	E. The date that the citation was served;
485	((D-)) <u>F.</u> A statement that the citation represents a determination that a civil code
486	violation has occurred and that the person cited ((party)) is subject to civil fines;
487	((E.)) G. A statement of the amount of the civil fine assessed ((and that the fine
488	must be paid within twenty one days));
489	((F.)) H. A statement of the options provided in this title for responding to the
490	citation and the procedures necessary to exercise these options;
491	I. A statement that, at any hearing to contest the determination that a civil code
492	violation has occurred, the county has the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the
493	evidence, that the violation was committed;

494	J. A statement that, at any hearing requested for the purpose of explaining
495	mitigating circumstances surrounding the commission of the violation, the person cited
496	will be deemed to have committed the violation;
497	K. A statement that the person cited must respond to the citation as provided in
498	this chapter within fourteen days;
499	$((G_{-}))$ <u>L.</u> A statement that failure to $((appeal))$ respond to the citation $((within Color base))$
500	twenty-one days)) or to appear at a requested hearing renders the citation a final
501	determination that the conditions described in the citation existed and constituted a civil
502	code violation and that the <u>person</u> cited ((party)) is liable as a person responsible for code
503	compliance; ((and))
504	((H.)) M. A statement advising that a failure to respond to the citation or appeal
505	appear at a requested hearing may be referred to the prosecuting attorney for prosecution;
506	<u>and</u>
507	N. A statement, made under penalty of perjury as provided in RCW 9A.72.085,
508	setting forth facts supporting issuance of the citation.
509	NEW SECTION. SECTION 16. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 23.20
510	a new section to read as follows:
511	A. A person issued a citation must respond within fourteen days after service of
512	the citation in one of the following ways:
513	1. If the person issued the citation does not contest the determination, the person
514	shall pay the amount of the civil penalty plus cleanup restitution payment, if applicable,
515	specified in the citation. The record shall show a finding that the person cited is the
516	person responsible for code compliance.

notice of the request; and

517	2. If the person issued the citation does not contest the determination, but wishes
518	to explain the circumstances surrounding the commission of the violation, the person
519	shall request in writing a mitigation hearing and provide a mailing address to which
520	notice of the hearing may be sent; or
521	3. If the person issued the citation wishes to contest the determination that a
522	violation occurred or that the person issued the citation is responsible for the violation,
523	the person shall request in writing a contested hearing and provide a mailing address to
524	which notice of the hearing may be sent.
525	B. The person issued the citation shall respond to the citation by mail to the
526	address provided on the citation. The response shall be postmarked not later than
527	fourteen days after the date the citation was served.
528	C. If a person fails to respond to a citation within fourteen days, the person shall
529	be deemed to have committed the violation stated in the citation. The department may
530	assess the penalty and restitution payment specified in the citation.
531	NEW SECTION. SECTION 17. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 23.20
532	a new section to read as follows:
533	A. If a person requests a hearing in response to a citation to explain mitigating
534	circumstances surrounding the commission of the violation, the department shall notify
535	the hearing examiner that a mitigation hearing has been requested. The office of the
536	hearing examiner shall:
537	1. Schedule a hearing to be held within thirty days after the department provides

539	2. At least ten days before the date of the hearing, provide notice of the time,
540	place and date of the hearing by first class mail to the address provided in the request for
541	hearing.
542	B. The hearing examiner shall conduct an informal non-evidential hearing. The
543	person cited may produce witnesses, but witnesses may not be compelled to attend. A
544	representative of the department may also attend and provide additional information, but
545	no such attendance is required.
546	C. The hearing examiner shall determine whether the person's explanation
547	justifies reduction of the civil penalty or restitution. In considering whether to reduce the
548	civil penalty or restitution, the hearing examiner may consider mitigating factors
549	necessary to achieve an equitable result and further the legitimate interests of the
550	department.
551	D. After hearing the explanation of the person cited and any other information
552	presented at the hearing, the hearing examiner shall enter an order finding that the person
553	cited committed the violation and assessing civil penalties and cleanup restitution
554	payment, if applicable, in an amount determined by the hearing examiner. The hearing
555	examiner's decision constitutes the final agency action.
556	NEW SECTION. SECTION 18. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 23.20
557	a new section to read as follows:
558	A. If a person requests a hearing in response to a citation to contest the finding
559	that a violation occurred or to contest that the person issued the citation is responsible for
560	the violation, the department shall notify the hearing examiner that a contested hearing

has been requested. The office of the hearing examiner shall:

562	1. Schedule a hearing to be held within sixty days after the department provides
563	notice of the request; and
564	2. At least twenty days before the date of the hearing, provide notice of the time,
565	place and date of the hearing by first class mail to the address provided in the request for
566	hearing.
567	B. Except as otherwise provided in this section, contested hearings shall be
568	conducted pursuant to K.C.C. 20.24.170 and the rules of procedure of the King County
569	hearing examiner. The hearing examiner may issue subpoenas for witnesses and order
570	limited discovery. The requirements of K.C.C. 20.24.145 relating to pr-hearing
571	conferences do not apply to the contested hearing.
572	C. If the rights of the alleged violator to receive notice that meets due process
573	requirements are not prejudiced:
574	1. A citation shall not be deemed insufficient by reason of formal defects or
575	imperfections, including a failure to contain a detailed statement of the facts constituting
576	the specific violation which the person cited is alleged to have committed; and
577	2. A citation may be amended prior to the conclusion of the hearing so as to
578	conform to the evidence presented.
579	D. The burden of proof is on the county to establish by a preponderance of the
580	evidence that the violation was committed. The hearing examiner shall consider the
581	citation and any other written report made as provided in RCW 9A.72.085, submitted by
582	the person who issued the citation or whose written statement was the basis for the
583	issuance of the citation in lieu of that person's personal appearance at the hearing as
584	prima facie evidence that a violation occurred and that the person cited is responsible.

The statement and any other evidence accompanying the report shall be admissible without further evidentiary foundation. Any additional certification or declarations authorized under RCW 9A.72.085 shall also be admissible without further evidentiary foundation. The person cited may rebut the evidence and establish that the violation did not occur or that the person contesting the citation is not responsible for the violation.

- E. If the citation is sustained at the hearing, the hearing examiner shall enter an order finding that the person cited committed the violation. If an ongoing violation remains uncorrected, the hearing examiner shall impose the applicable penalty. The hearing examiner may reduce the penalty as provided in Section 17 of this ordinance if the violation has been corrected. If the hearing examiner finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the violation did not occur, an order shall be entered dismissing the citation.
 - F. The hearing examiner decision is a final agency action.
- G. A cited person's failure to appear for a scheduled hearing shall result in an order being entered that the person cited is the person responsible for code compliance and assessing the applicable civil penalty and if applicable, cleanup restitution payment.

<u>SECTION 19.</u> Ordinance 13263, Section 21, as amended, and K.C.C.23.24.020 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Subject to the appeal provisions of K.C.C. chapter 23.36, a notice and order represents a determination that a civil code violation has ((occurred)) been committed, that the person cited ((party)) is a person responsible for code compliance, and that the violations set out in the notice and order require the assessment of penalties and costs and other remedies including cleanup restitution payment, if applicable, specified in the notice and order.

608	B. Failure to correct the civil code violation in the manner prescribed by the
609	notice and order subjects the person to whom the notice and order is directed to the use of
610	any of the compliance remedies provided by this title, including:
611	1. Additional civil penalties and costs;
612	2. A requirement that abatement, remediation ((and/))or mitigation be
613	performed;
614	3. An agreement to perform community service as prescribed by this chapter;
615	4. Permit suspension, revocation, modification ((and/))or denial as prescribed by
616	this chapter; ((and/))or
617	5. Abatement by a director and recovery of the costs of abatement according to
618	the procedures described in this chapter.
619	C. Any person identified in the notice and order as responsible for code
620	compliance may appeal the notice and order within ((twenty one)) fourteen days
621	according to the procedures ((described)) in K.C.C. chapter 23.36.
622	D. Failure to appeal the notice and order within the applicable time limits shall
623	render the notice and order a final determination that the conditions described in the
624	notice and order existed and constituted a civil code violation, and that the named party is
625	liable as a person responsible for code compliance.
626	E. Issuance of a notice and order in no way limits a director's authority to issue a
627	citation or stop work order to a person previously cited through the notice and order
628	process pursuant to this title. Payment of the civil penalties assessed under the notice and
629	order does not relieve a person found to be responsible for code compliance of his or her

630	duty to correct the violation and/or to pay any and all civil fines or penalties accruing
631	under citations or stop work orders issued pursuant to this title.
632	SECTION 20. Ordinance 13263, Section 30, and K.C.C.23.24.110 are each
633	hereby amended to read as follows:
634	A. The county may deny a development proposal permit, when, with regard to
635	the site or project for which the permit application is submitted:
636	1. ((a))Any person has been found in violation and remains in violation of any
637	ordinance, resolution, regulation or public rule of the county that regulates or protects the
638	public health or the use and development of land or water, whether or not such ordinance
639	resolution, regulation or public rule is codified; ((ex))
640	2. ((a))Any person has been found in violation and remains in violation of the
641	conditions of any permit, notice and order or stop work order issued pursuant to any such
642	ordinance, resolution, regulation or public rule; ((and/or))
643	3. $((f))\underline{F}$ or any property which has been found in violation and remains in
644	violation of K.C.C. chapters 21.54 or 21A.24 or of any rule, permit, approval, order,
645	easement, plan or agreement issued thereunder((-)); or
646	4. Any combination of the above.
647	B. In order to further the remedial purposes of this title, such denial may continue
648	until the violation is cured by restoration accepted as complete by the county and by
649	payment of any civil penalty and cleanup restitution payment, if applicable, imposed for
650	the violation, except that permits or approvals shall be granted to the extent necessary to
651	accomplish any required restoration or cure.
652	((C. For the purposes of this section, "found in violation" means:

653	1. that a citation, notice and order or stop work order has been issued and not
654	timely appealed; or
655	2. that a voluntary compliance agreement has been entered into; or
656	3. that the hearing examiner has determined that the violation has occurred and
657	such determination has not been stayed or reversed on appeal.))
658	SECTION 21. Ordinance 13263, Section 33, as amended and K.C.C. 23.24.140
659	are each hereby amended as follows:
660	All moneys collected from the assessment of civil penalties, from cleanup
661	restitution payments to the agency, the recovery of the costs of pursuing code compliance
662	and abatement, and from the recovery of abatement costs, both retroactively and
663	prospectively, except those moneys designated for the ((sensitive)) critical areas
664	mitigation fund as set forth in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24, shall be allocated to support
665	expenditures for abatement and code enforcement administrative costs, including, but not
666	limited to, personnel costs, and shall be accounted for through either creation of a fund or
667	other appropriate accounting mechanism in the department issuing the citation or notice
668	and order under which the abatement occurred. Withdrawals from the moneys collected
669	under this section for the purpose of funding administrative costs within the code
670	enforcement section of the department of development and environmental services shall
671	not exceed one hundred seventy-five thousand dollars in a calendar year.
672	SECTION 22. Ordinance 13263, Section 37, as amended, and K.C.C. 23.32.010
673	are each hereby amended as follows:
674	A.1. Civil fines and civil penalties for civil code violations shall be imposed for
675	remedial purposes and shall be assessed for each violation identified in a citation, notice

676	and order, voluntary compliance agreement or stop work order pursuant t	to the following
677	schedule:	
678	a. citations	
679	(1) with no previous similar code violations	\$100
680	(2) with one or more previous similar code violations	\$500
681	(3) with two or more previous violations of K.C.C. Title 10	Double the rate
682		of the previous
683		penalty
684	b. violation of notice and orders and stop work orders	
685	(1) stop work order basic penalty	\$500
686	(2) voluntary compliance agreement and notice and order basis	ic penalty \$25
687	(3) additional initial penalties may be added in the following a	amounts
688	for violations where there is:	·
689	(a) public health risk	\$15
690	(b) environmental damage risk	\$15
691	(c) damage to property risk	\$15
692	(d) one previous similar code violation	\$25
693	(e) two previous similar code violations	\$50
694	(f) three or more previous similar code violations	\$75
695	(g) economic benefit to person responsible for violation	\$25
696	c. cleanup restitution payment – as specified in section 9 of this	ordinance.
697	d. reinspection following the issuance of a notice and order, if the	<u>ie</u>
698	violation has not been abated in accordance with the notice ar	nd order:

699	(1) first reinspection, which shall occur no sooner than the day	<u>\$150</u>
700	following the date compliance is required by the notice and order	
701	(2) second reinspection, which shall occur no sooner than fourteen	<u>\$300</u>
702	days following the first reinspection	
703	(3) third reinspection, which shall occur no sooner than fourteen	<u>\$450</u>
704	days following the second reinspection	
705	(4) reinspection after the third reinspection, which shall only be	<u>\$450</u>
706	conducted immediately preceding an administrative or court ordered	<u>[</u>
707	abatement or at the direction of the prosecuting attorney for the	
708	purpose of presenting evidence in the course of litigation or adminis	<u>trative</u>
709	hearing against the person responsible for code compliance	
710	2. For the purposes of this section, previous similar code violations that ca	ın
711	serve as a basis for a higher level of civil penalties include violations of the same ch	ıapter
712	of the King County Code. Any citation, stop work order or notice and order previous	usly
713	issued by the department shall not constitute a previous code violation for the purpo	ses of
714	this section if that stop work order or notice and order was appealed and subsequent	tly
715	reversed.	
716	B. The penalties assessed pursuant to this section for any failure to comply	with a
717	notice and order or voluntary compliance agreement shall be assessed daily, according	ng to
718	the schedule in subsection A of this section, for the first thirty days following the da	te the
719	notice and order or voluntary compliance agreement required the code violations to	have
720	been cured. If after thirty days the person responsible for code compliance has faile	d to

satisfy the notice and order or voluntary compliance agreement, penalties shall be

722	assessed daily at a rate of double the rate for the first thirty days. Penalties may be
723	assessed daily until the person responsible for code compliance has fully complied with
724	the notice and order.
725	C. Penalties based on violation of a stop work order shall be assessed, according
726	to the schedule in subsection A of this section, for each day the department determines
727	that work or activity was done in violation of the stop work order.
728	D. Citations and cleanup restitution payments shall only be subject to a one-time
729	civil penalty ((only)).
730	E. The director may suspend the imposition of additional civil penalties if the
731	person responsible for code compliance has entered into a voluntary compliance
732	agreement. If the person responsible for code compliance enters into a voluntary
733	compliance agreement and cures the code violations, the director may also waive all or
734	part of the accrued civil penalties in accordance with K.C.C. 23.32.050. Penalties shall
735	begin to accrue again pursuant to the terms of the voluntary compliance agreement if any
736	necessary permits applied for are denied, canceled or not pursued, or if corrective action
737	identified in the voluntary compliance agreement is not completed as specified.
738	F. The civil penalties in this section are in addition to, and not in lieu of, any
739	penalties, sanctions, restitutions or fines provided for in any other provisions of law.
740	SECTION 23. Ordinance 13263, Section 38 and K.C.C. 23.32.020 are each
741	hereby repealed.
742	SECTION 24. Ordinance 13263, Section 40 and K.C.C. 23.32.040 are each
743	hereby amended as follows:

744	A. The code compliance provisions for ((sensitive)) critical areas are intended to
745	encourage compliance with K.C.C. chapter((s 21.54 and)) 21A.24, to protect ((sensitive))
746	critical areas and the general public from harm and to further the remedial purposes of
747	this title. To achieve this, persons responsible for code compliance will not only be
748	required to restore damaged ((sensitive)) critical areas, insofar as that is possible and
749	beneficial, but will also be required to pay a civil penalty for the redress of ecological,
750	recreation, and economic values lost or damaged due to their unlawful action.
751	B. The provisions in this section are in addition to and not in lieu of any other
752	penalty, sanction or right of action provided by law for other related violations.
753	C. Where feasible, the owner of the land on which the violation occurred shall be
754	named as a party to the notice and order. In addition to any other persons who may be
755	liable for a violation, and subject to the exceptions provided in K.C.C. 23.02.130, the
756	owner shall be jointly and severally liable for the restoration of a site and payment of any
757	civil penalties imposed.
758	D. For the purposes of this section, violation of the ((sensitive)) critical area
759	ordinance means:
760	1. ((t))The violation of any provision of K.C.C. chapter((s 21.54 or)) 21A,24 or
761	((of the administrative)) rules ((promulgated)) adopted thereunder;
762	2. ((ŧ))The failure to obtain a permit required for work in a ((sensitive)) critical
763	area; or
764	3. ((t))The failure to comply with the conditions of any permit, approval, terms
765	and conditions of any ((sensitive)) critical area tract or setback area, easement or other

covenant, plat restriction or binding assurance or any notice and order, stop work order,

767	mitigation plan, contract or agreement issued or concluded pursuant to the above-
768	mentioned provisions.
769	E. Any person in violation of the ((sensitive)) critical areas ordinance may be
770	subject to civil penalties, costs and fees assessed as follows:
771	1. ((a))According to the civil penalty schedule included in this chapter of this
772	title, provided that the exact amount of the penalty per violation shall be determined by
773	the department based on the physical extent and severity of the violation; or
774	2. $((\mathfrak{t}))\underline{T}$ he greater of:
775	a. ((a))An amount determined to be equivalent to the economic benefit that the
776	person responsible for code compliance derives from the violation measured as the total
777	of:
778	(1) the resulting increase in market value of the property;
779	(2) the value received by the person responsible for code compliance; and
780	(3) the savings of construction costs realized by the person responsible for
781	code compliance as a result of performing any act in violation of the chapter; or
782	b. ((e))Code compliance costs (((such amount)) not to exceed \$25,000.00(()))
783	incurred by the county to enforce ((K.C.C. 21.54 and/or K.C.C. 21A.24)) the critical
784	areas ordinance against the person responsible for code compliance.
785	SECTION 25. Ordinance 13263, Section 43, as amended, and K.C.C. 23.36.010
786	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
787	A. Any person ((issued a citation or)) named in a notice and order or stop work
788	order and any owner of the land where the violation occurred for which a ((eitation,))
789	notice and order or stop work order is issued ((occurred)) and any complainant who is an

790	aggrieved person pursuant to K.C.C. Title 20 and requests to be kept advised pursuant to
791	K.C.C. 23.02.070.H may file with the issuing department a notice of appeal of ((a
792	citation,)) the notice and order((,)) or stop work order((, determination to enter into a
793	voluntary compliance agreement or a determination not to issue a citation or order))
794	within fourteen days of the service of the ((citation,)) notice and order or stop work order
795	((with the issuing department)).
796	B. If a notice of appeal has been filed within the time period provided ((herein))
797	in this section, the appellant shall file a statement of appeal within twenty-one days of the
798	service of the ((eitation,)) notice and order or stop work order with the issuing
799	department.
800	C. Any person ((named in)) issued a citation ((may appeal)) shall respond to the
801	citation ((by signing the citation, indicating on the citation that a hearing is requested, and
802	returning the citation to the issuing agency or department within twenty one days of its
803	service)) as provided in K.C.C. chapter 23.20.
804	D. A notice of appeal shall comply with the form, content and service
805	requirements of K.C.C. chapters 20.20 and 20.24 and adopted public rules ((promulgated
806	thereunder)).
807	SECTION 26. Ordinance 13263, Section 45 and K.C.C. 23.36.030 are each
808	hereby amended to read as follows:
809	A. Following review of the evidence submitted, the hearing examiner shall make
810	written findings and conclusions and shall affirm or modify the ((eitation,)) notice and
811	order or stop work order previously issued if the examiner finds that a violation has

834

812	occurred. The examiner shall uphold the appeal and reverse the ((citation or)) order if the
813	examiner finds that no violation has occurred.
814	B. If an owner of property where a violation has occurred has affirmatively
815	demonstrated that the violation was caused by another person or entity not the agent of
816	the property owner and without the property owner's knowledge or consent, ((such)) the
817	property owner shall be responsible only for abatement of the violation. Strict
818	compliance with permit requirements may be waived regarding the performance of such
819	an abatement in order to avoid doing substantial injustice to a non-culpable property
820	owner.
821	C. The hearing examiner's final order shall be final and conclusive unless
822	proceedings for review of the decision are properly commenced in superior court within
823	the time period specified by state law.
824	D. A final order by the hearing examiner affirming or reinstating a citation,
825	notice and order or stop work order renders such citation, notice and order or stop work
826	order a final agency order.
827	SECTION 27. Ordinance 4461, Section 3, as amended and K.C.C. 20.24.090 are
828	each hereby amended to read as follows:
829	A. Except as otherwise provided ((herein)) in this section, ((all)) a notice((s)) of
830	appeal ((to the examiner)) shall be filed with the county department or division issuing
831	the original decision with a copy provided by the department or division to the office of
832	the hearing examiner. ((Except as otherwise provided herein,))The notice of appeal,

together with the required appeal fee, shall be filed within the prescribed appeal period.

The appeal period shall be fourteen calendar days and shall commence on the third day

after the mailing of the notice of decision. In cases of appeals of Type 2 land use
decisions made by the director, if WAC 197-11-340(2)(a) applies the notice of appeal
((period)) shall be ((extended for an additional seven calendar)) filed within twenty-four
days after the mailing of the notice of decision((if WAC 197-11-340(2)(a) applies)).

- B. \underline{A} ((N)) \underline{n} otice((s)) of appeal of the recommendation to deny vacation of a county road by the department of transportation(($\frac{1}{5}$)) shall be filed along with the required two hundred dollar administrative fee with the clerk of the county council within thirty days of an issuance of ((said)) the denial.
- C. Except in the case of an appeal of a citation under K.C.C. chapter 23.20, ((1))if a notice of appeal has been filed within the applicable time period ((provided herein)), the appellant shall file a statement of appeal with the county department or division issuing the original decision or action within ((a twenty one calendar)) seven days ((period commencing three days)) after the ((mailing of the notice of decision or action)) filing deadline for the notice of appeal. A statement of appeal is not required for an appeal of a citation issued under K.C.C. chapter 23.20. Department or division staff shall:
- 1. Be available within a reasonable time to persons wishing to file a statement of appeal subsequent to an agency ruling, and to respond to queries concerning the facts and process of the county decision; and
- 2. Make available within a reasonable time a complete set of files detailing the facts of the department or division ruling in question to persons wishing to file a statement of appeal, subsequent to an agency ruling. If a department or division is unable to comply with these provisions, the hearing examiner may authorize amendments to a statement of appeal to reflect information not made available to an appellant within a

reasonable time due to a failure by a county agency to meet the foregoing requirements.
D. The statement of appeal shall:
1. ((i))Identify the decision being appealed and the alleged errors in that
decision((. Further, the statement of appeal shall));
2. ((s))State specific reasons why the decision should be reversed or modified;
((and))
3. State the harm suffered or anticipated by the appellant((5)); and
4. Identify the relief sought.
E. The scope of an appeal shall be based principally on matters or issues raised in
the statement of appeal.
F. Failure to timely file a notice of appeal, appeal fee or statement of appeal
deprives the examiner of jurisdiction to consider the appeal. As used in this section,
filing means actual receipt by the department required to be served.
SECTION 28. Ordinance 11502, Section 13 and K.C.C. 20.24.175 are each
hereby amended to read as follows:
In all matters heard by the examiner, the examiner shall use case management
techniques to the extent reasonable including:
A. ((1))Limiting testimony and argument to relevant issues and to matters
identified in the pre-hearing order (((if applicable)));
<u>B.</u> ((p))Pre-hearing identification and submission of exhibits (if applicable);
<u>C.</u> ((s)) <u>S</u> tipulated testimony or facts;
\underline{D} . $((p))\underline{P}$ re-hearing dispositive motions (if applicable);
\underline{E} . $((u))\underline{U}$ se of pro tempore examiners;

881	F. Voluntary mediation and complainant appeal mediation; and
882	\underline{G} . $((\Theta))\underline{O}$ ther methods to promote efficiency and to avoid delay.
883	SECTION 29. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to any person
884	or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the application of the
885	provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.
886	
	Ordinance 16278 was introduced on 8/25/2008 and passed by the Metropolitan King County Council on 10/20/2008, by the following vote:
	Yes: 9 - Ms. Patterson, Mr. Dunn, Mr. Constantine, Ms. Lambert, Mr. von Reichbauer, Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Gossett, Mr. Phillips and Ms. Hague No: 0 Excused: 0
	KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON Julia Patterson, Chair
	Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council
	Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council APPROVED this 27 day of October 2008.

Attachments None

Ron Sims, County Executive