

KING COUNTY

October 9, 2008

Ordinance 16266

Proposed No. 2008-0127.2

Sponsors Gossett

1	AN ORDINANCE relating to transportation; amending
2	Ordinance 6254, Section 2, as amended, and K.C.C.
3	14.30.020, Ordinance 1711, Section 1, as amended, and
4	K.C.C. 14.44.010, Ordinance 13734, Section 8, and K.C.C.
5	14.45.060, Ordinance 13734, Section 15 and K.C.C.
6	14.45.130, Ordinance 4099, Section 1, as amended, and
7	K.C.C. 14.46.010, Ordinance 4099, Section 9, as amended,
8	and K.C.C. 14.46.090, Ordinance 14050, Section 8, as
9	amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.210, Ordinance 14050, Section
10	9, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.220, Ordinance 14050,
11	Section10, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.230, Ordinance
12	14050, Section 11, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.240,
13	Ordinance 14050, Section 13, as amended, and K.C.C.
14	14.70.260, Ordinance 14050, Section 14, as amended, and
15	K.C.C. 14.70.270, Ordinance 15030, Section 9, and K.C.C.
16	14.70.285, repealing Ordinance 14050, Section 12, as

7	amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.250 and repealing Ordinance
8	15839, Attachments A and B.
9	
0	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
1	SECTION 1. Ordinance 6254, Section 2, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.30.020 are
2	each hereby amended to read as follows:
3	A. Special use permits shall be required for any use of county property except
4	uses regulated pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 14.44 relating to utility permits and K.C.C.
5	chapter 14.28 relating to county road system rights-of-way use permits.
5	B. Upon receipt of an application for a "Special Use" permit upon county
7	property, the property services division shall determine whether the proposed use is upon
3	county owned property.
•	C. The property services division shall forward the application to all county
)	custodial departments for review.
l	D. The custodial departments shall review the application and forward its
2	recommendation whether the permit shall be issued by the property services division. If
	a custodial department recommends denial, the property services division shall deny the
	permit.
	E. If there is no custodial department with jurisdiction over the county property,
	the property services division shall evaluate the feasibility of the proposed use, its impact
	on other uses of the county property and its impact on public health and safety. Based on
	this evaluation, the property services division shall determine whether the permit should
	be issued.

40	F. In all cases, the property services division shall forward the application to the
41	department of development and environmental services for recommendations on
42	((sensitive)) critical area issues and the property services division shall be responsible for
43	assuring that any application meets the requirements of ((the sensitive areas code set out
44	in)) K.C.C. ((C))chapter 21A.24 and the administrative rules promulgated thereunder
45	before the permit is issued.
46	SECTION 2. Ordinance 1711, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.44.010 are
47	each hereby amended to read as follows:
48	The purpose of this chapter is to regulate the granting of right-of-way construction
49	permits and to insure that utility construction work undertaken pursuant to such permits is
50	consistent with the applicant's right-of-way franchise from the county, the applicable
51	district comprehensive plan, the ((sensitive)) critical areas code, the county
52	comprehensive plan, sound engineering and design standards, health and sanitation
53	regulations, and county standards for water mains and fire hydrants.
54	SECTION 3. Ordinance 13734, Section 8, and K.C.C. 14.45.060 are each hereby
55	amended to read as follows:
56	A. The property services division shall not commence review of any application
57	set forth in this chapter until the applicant has submitted the following:
58	1. An application form provided by the property services division and
59	completed by the applicant;
60	2. The name of the applicant and a designated contact person;
61	3. Plans and specifications for any structures, antenna or other equipment to be
62	placed in the right-of-way or, if applicable, on abutting private property;

63	4. A vicinity map showing the specific location of right-of-way subject to the
64	application;
65	5. When structures and equipment are to be located on abutting properties:
66	a. a site plan illustrating the relationship to property lines and other structures
67	on the site,
68	b. legal description of the site abutting property, and
69	c. proof that the abutting property is a legally recognized lot pursuant to
70	K.C.C. Title 19A;
71	6. A ((sensitive)) critical areas affidavit if required by K.C.C. chapter 21A.24;
72	7. A completed environmental checklist, if required by K.C.C. chapter 20.44;
73	and
74	8. Payment of any review fees established by Ordinance 13734;
75	B. The applicant shall attest by written oath to the accuracy of all information
76	submitted for an application.
77 [.]	SECTION 4. Ordinance 13734, Section 15, and K.C.C. 14.45.130 are each
78	hereby amended to read as follows:
79	Antenna and equipment cabinets/buildings abutting zoned UR, RA or R shall be
80	subject to the following:
81	A. Antennas shall not extend horizontally more than three feet from any pole to
82	which it is mounted. This provision shall be reviewed one year after March 16, 2000, to
83	evaluate aesthetic benefits upon residential neighborhoods and to determine the effects
84	upon the ability of wireless service providers to reasonably and efficiently place facilities
85	within the right-of-way. In order to facilitate this review, wireless service providers shall

86	provide photographs documenting antennas located on all current facilities that are
87	subject to right-of-way use agreements.

88	B. Electronic equipment cabinets or buildings shall be constructed underground
89	when there is an existing residential dwelling unit within three hundred feet, unless the
90	required excavation will occur within the required buffers of ((sensitive)) critical areas,
91	such as wetlands, streams and steep slopes, thus posing greater potential for
92	environmental degradation of the ((sensitive)) critical area.
93	SECTION 5. Ordinance 4099, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.46.010 are
94	each hereby amended to read as follows:
95	The purpose of this chapter shall be to authorize and regulate the issuance of
96	permits for the accommodation of public and private utility facilities, and other uses upon
97	King County owned real property which is not dedicated as right-of-way and to insure
98	that privileges authorized by the permits are consistent with public ownership of the
99	property, the county comprehensive plan, the ((sensitive)) critical areas code, sound
100	engineering and design standards, and health and sanitation regulations.
101	SECTION 6. Ordinance 4099, Section 9, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.46.090 are
102	each hereby amended to read as follows:
103	A. The property services division shall coordinate the review by all departments

103 A. The property services division shall coordinate the review by all departments
104 of permit applications.

B. The department responsible for the management of the property to be affected shall review and evaluate applications with respect to the hazard and risk of the proposed construction or use; location of the proposed construction or use in relation to other

108	facilities using the property; the adequacy of the engineering and design of the proposed
109	construction or use; and applicable federal, state, county and local laws and regulations.
110	C. The Seattle-King County department of public health shall review and
111	evaluate applications for the construction of waterworks $((f))$, except for domestic service
112	connections((\mathbf{i})), to determine consistency with state and local health and sanitation
113	regulations.
114	D. The King County fire marshal shall review and evaluate applications for the
115	construction of waterworks to determine consistency with county standards for water
116	mains and fire hydrants.
117	E. All applications for the construction of sewer or water facilities must be
118	certified by the department of development and environmental services as consistent with
119	a sewer or water comprehensive plan approved by the county council pursuant to K.C.C.
120	((C)) <u>c</u> hapter 13.24.
121	F. In any case, the property services division shall forward the application to the
122	department for recommendations on ((sensitive)) critical area issues and the property
123	services division shall be responsible for assuring that any application meets the
124	requirements of ((the sensitive areas code set out in)) K.C.C. ((C))chapter 21A.24 and the
125	administrative rules promulgated thereunder before the permit is issued.
126	SECTION 7. Ordinance 14050, Section 8, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.210 are
127	each hereby amended to read as follows:
128	The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context
129	clearly requires otherwise.

130	A. (("Applicant" means a person, partnership, corporation or other legal entity
131	who applies to the department for a certificate of transportation concurrency.
132	B.)) "Average travel speed" means the average speed in miles per hour of a
133	vehicle over a certain length of road.
134	((C.)) B. "Capital improvement program" or "CIP" means the expenditures and
135	revenues programmed by King County for capital purposes for road improvements over
136	the next six-year period in the adopted CIP currently in effect.
137	((D.1. "Certificate of concurrency" means the document issued by the department
138	indicating:
139	a. the location of the property on which the development is proposed;
140	b. the number of development units and specific uses that were tested for
141	concurrency and approved;
142	c. the type of development approval for which the certificate of concurrency is
143	issued;
144	d. an effective date; and
145	e. an expiration date.
146	2. Certificates may be conditional only for nonresidential developments.
147	E. "Committed network" means the road system for measuring concurrency,
148	which includes all existing transportation facilities and also includes proposed
149	transportation facilities that are fully funded for construction in the adopted CIP or for
150	which voluntary financial commitments have been secured. Fully funded projects to be
151	provided by the state, cities or other jurisdictions may become part of the committed
152	network.))

153	C. "Comprehensive Plan" means the adopted King County Comprehensive Plan.
154	((F.)) <u>D.</u> "Concurrency" means transportation facilities are in place at the time of
155	development or that a financial commitment is in place to complete within six years the
156	improvements needed to maintain the county level of service standards, according to
157	RCW 36.70A.070(6).
158	$((G_{-}))$ <u>E</u> . "Concurrency map" means the map displaying $((in color))$ the
159	concurrency status of ((each concurrency zone)) all areas of unincorporated King County
160	for residential and commercial land uses based upon the ((traffic model)) concurrency
161	test. The map ((consists of two colors, which are green and red, that)) shall signify
162	((level of service)) concurrency status as designated ((under K.C.C.14.70.230.C)) in
163	<u>K.C.C. 14.45.060</u> .
164	((H.)) <u>F.</u> "Concurrency status" means whether or not ((a concurrency zone meets
165	the TAM and travel time standards adopted in this chapter)) an area passes the
166	concurrency test.
167	((I.)) G. "Concurrency test" means determining ((if a proposed development
168	complies with the adopted level of service standard of the concurrency zone in which the
169	proposed development is located)) whether or not an area meets level of service standards
170	as described in K.C.C. 14.70.220.
171	((J. "Concurrency zone" means one of the zones depicted in the adopted
172	concurrency map.
173	K. "Critical segment" means the one-direction lane or lanes of a portion of a
174	monitored corridor within the committed network with an average travel speed of level of
175	service E for the Urban Growth Area and designated Rural Towns and level of service B

176	for the Rural Area during the peak period and that carries more than thirty percent of the
177	one way peak period vehicle trips from a proposed development for nonresidential
178	development or from a concurrency zone for residential development. The portion of a
179	roadway comprising a critical segment may be several connected roadway links, as used
180	in the traffic model.
181	\underline{L})) \underline{H} . "Department" means the King County department of transportation or its
182	successor agency.
183	((M.)) <u>I.</u> "Development" means specified changes in use designed or intended to
184	permit a use of land that will contain more dwelling units or buildings than the existing
185	use of the land, or to otherwise change the use of the land or buildings or improvements
186	on the land in a manner that increases the amount of vehicle traffic generated by the
187	existing use of the land, and that requires a development permit from King County. This
188	definition does not pertain to the rezoning of land or a grading permit.
189	$((N_{\cdot}))$ <u>J.</u> "Development application" means the request made to the department of
190	development and environmental services, or its successor agency, for approval of a
191	development.
192	$((\Theta))$ <u>K.</u> "Development approval" means an order, permit or other official action
193	of the department of development and environmental services or its successor agency
194	granting, or granting with conditions, an application for development.
195	$((\underline{P}.))$ <u>L.</u> "Development units" means the number of dwelling units for residential
196	development ((and square feet for nonresidential development)).
197	$((Q_{\cdot}))$ <u>M.</u> "Director" means the director of the department.
198	$((\mathbf{R}))$ <u>N</u> . "Financial commitment" consists of:

199	1. Revenue designated in the adopted CIP. The adopted CIP identifies all
200	applicable and available revenue sources and forecasts these revenues through the six-
201	year period with reasonable assurance that the funds will be timely put to those ends.
202	Projects to be used in ((defining the committed network)) the concurrency analysis are
203	fully funded for construction in the six years of the CIP. This funding commitment is
204	reviewed through the annual budget process; or
205	2. Revenue that is assured by an applicant in a form approved by the county in a
206	voluntary agreement.
207	((S. "HOV" means high occupancy vehicle.
208	T.)) O. "Highways of Statewide Significance that are not limited access and that
209	function similar to county arterials" means segments of Highways of Statewide
210	Significance that: 1. Allow driveways and side streets to connect directly to the
211	highway; 2. Provide primary connections between major centers of activity; and 3.
212	Function as high traffic corridors for intra-area travel between business districts and
213	communities or rural towns.
214	<u>P.</u> Level of service standard" means the $((TAM and))$ travel time standards that
215	are adopted in the Comprehensive Plan and in this chapter.
216	((U. "Link" means the one-direction lane or lanes of a roadway between two
217	adjacent consecutive points along that roadway, as used in the traffic model. The
218	consecutive points determining the length of a link may be based on roadway and
219	geographical characteristics such as roadway alignment and intersection location.
220	V. "Monitored corridor" means a principal or minor arterial considered by the
221	department to be important to traffic circulation in the county and may consist of two or

222	more connected segments. The monitored corridors are established and listed in
223	Attachment A to Ordinance 15839. Monitored corridors in a city shall be based upon
224	interlocal agreement between the county and that city.
225	W.)) Q. "Peak period" means the one-hour weekday afternoon period during
226	which the greatest volume of traffic uses the road system. For concurrency purposes, this
227	period shall be in the afternoon of a typical weekday.
228	((X. "Reservation and reserve" means development units are set aside in the
229	department's traffic model in a manner that assigns the units to the concurrency zone and
230	prevents the same units from being assigned to any other development once the traffic
231	model is updated.
232	$(\underline{Y}, \underline{Y}, \underline{Y})$ Road classification" means the classification of roadways as determined
233	by the county council by ordinance based on the function and design of a specific road.
234	((Z.)) S. "Rural Area" means a Rural Area as defined in the ((King County))
235	Comprehensive Plan.
236	T. "Rural Mobility Area" means one of the rural towns as defined by the
237	Comprehensive plan.
238	U. "Rural Neighborhood Commercial Center" means the large rural neighborhood
239	commercial centers of Cottage Lake, Maple Valley, Preston and Cumberland.
240	((AA.)) <u>V.</u> "Rural Town" means a Rural Town as defined in the ((King County))
241	Comprehensive Plan.
242	((BB.)) <u>W.</u> "Segment" means a portion of $((a monitored corridor between major$
243	intersections or roadway configuration changes such as changes in the number of lanes.
244	A segment may consist of several connected links as used in the traffic model.)) an

245	arterial used in level of service standard calculation and defined consistent with
246	methodology described in Federal Highway Administration Report FHWA-PL-98-035,
247	March 1993, or as updated and used to calculate level of service.
248	((CC. "Traffic model" means the computer program and data that is used to
249	forecast traffic volumes and that is calibrated to Federal-Highway Administration
250	standards. The model is used to prepare the concurrency map for proposed residential
251	developments and to conduct site specific analysis for proposed nonresidential
252	developments. The model documentation is available from the department.
253	DD. "Transportation adequacy measure" or "TAM" means the average weighted
254	volume to capacity ratio for all traffic in the afternoon peak hour for a concurrency zone
255	or nonresidential development.
256	EE.)) X. "Transportation facilities" means principal, minor and collector arterial
256 257	EE.)) X. "Transportation facilities" means principal, minor and collector arterial roads, state highways and high occupancy vehicle facilities as well as associated
257	roads, state highways and high occupancy vehicle facilities as well as associated
257 258	roads, state highways and high occupancy vehicle facilities <u>as well as associated</u> <u>sidewalks, bike lanes and other facilities supporting nonmotorized travel</u> . Transportation
257 258 259	roads, state highways and high occupancy vehicle facilities <u>as well as associated</u> <u>sidewalks, bike lanes and other facilities supporting nonmotorized travel</u> . Transportation facilities include any such a facility owned, operated or administered by the state of
257 258 259 260	roads, state highways and high occupancy vehicle facilities <u>as well as associated</u> <u>sidewalks, bike lanes and other facilities supporting nonmotorized travel</u> . Transportation facilities include any such a facility owned, operated or administered by the state of Washington and its political subdivisions, including the county and cities.
257 258 259 260 261	roads, state highways and high occupancy vehicle facilities <u>as well as associated</u> <u>sidewalks, bike lanes and other facilities supporting nonmotorized travel</u> . Transportation facilities include any such a facility owned, operated or administered by the state of Washington and its political subdivisions, including the county and cities. <u>Y. "Travel shed" means a geographic area within which all development would</u>
257 258 259 260 261 262	roads, state highways and high occupancy vehicle facilities <u>as well as associated</u> <u>sidewalks, bike lanes and other facilities supporting nonmotorized travel</u> . Transportation facilities include any such a facility owned, operated or administered by the state of Washington and its political subdivisions, including the county and cities. <u>Y. "Travel shed" means a geographic area within which all development would</u> <u>be likely to use or be affected by traffic on arterials within the travel shed</u> .
257 258 259 260 261 262 263	<pre>roads, state highways and high occupancy vehicle facilities <u>as well as associated</u> <u>sidewalks, bike lanes and other facilities supporting nonmotorized travel</u>. Transportation facilities include any such a facility owned, operated or administered by the state of Washington and its political subdivisions, including the county and cities. <u>Y. "Travel shed" means a geographic area within which all development would</u> <u>be likely to use or be affected by traffic on arterials within the travel shed</u>. ((FF-)) <u>Z.</u> "Travel time" means the time it takes a vehicle to travel from one</pre>

267	((within the corridors)). The level of service standard is identified by ranges of average
268	travel speed by road classification.
269	((HH.)) BB. "Urban Growth Area" means an Urban Growth Area as defined in
270	the ((King County)) Comprehensive Plan.
271	SECTION 8. Ordinance 14050, Section 9, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.220 are
272	each hereby amended to read as follows:
273	A. Concurrency shall be determined by the application of ((TAM and)) travel
274	time standards to ((proposed nonresidential developments and concurrency zones for
275	proposed residential developments within unincorporated King County)) principal and
276	minor arterials associated with travel sheds as defined in this chapter. This may also
277	include portions of certain Highways of Statewide Significance that are not limited access
278	and that function similar to county arterials. Travel time data for collector arterials shall
279	not be included as part of the concurrency test. Selected collector arterials shall be
280	monitored using traffic counts. If counts indicate congestion could be approaching level
281	of service standards on one or more collector arterials, travel time data shall be collected
282	for all collector arterials, and such collector arterial data shall be included in the
283	concurrency test.
284	B.1. ((The TAM calculation for a concurrency zone or nonresidential
285	development shows the adequacy of the committed network relative to the adopted level
286	of service. Projects to be provided by the state, cities or other jurisdictions may become
287	part of the committed network upon decision of the director. A volume to capacity ratio
288	is the measure used for TAM evaluation with one standard for the Urban Growth Area
289	and another standard for the Rural Area. The TAM standard for the Urban Growth Area

290	and designated Rural Town is level of service E, or 0.99 volume to capacity ratio, as
291	adopted in the King County Comprehensive Plan. The standard for the Rural Area is
292	level of service B, or 0.69 volume to capacity ratio, as adopted in the King County
293	Comprehensive Plan. The standard for the minor developments and public and
294	educational facilities listed in K.C.C. 14.70.285 is level of service F, or greater than 0.99
295	volume to capacity ratio, as adopted in the King County Comprehensive Plan.
296	C.1. The travel-time standard shall apply to the monitored corridors listed in
297	Attachment B to Ordinance 15839.)) The travel time standards are levels of service
298	based on average travel speed in miles per hour, and the standards vary by road
299	classification. ((The travel speed calculations measure the adequacy of critical segments
300	within monitored corridors.)) The travel time standard for the Urban Growth Area and
301	((designated Rural Towns)) the Rural Mobility Areas is level of service E. The travel
302	time standard for the Rural Area is level of service B. The travel time standard for the
303	Rural Neighborhood Commercial Centers is level of service D. The travel time standard
304	for the minor developments and public and educational facilities listed in K.C.C.
305	14.70.285 is level of service F. ((Travel time standards shall not apply to monitored
306	corridors in the Urban Growth Area if HOV lanes and transit service are available at the
307	time of concurrency application or are expected to be available within six years.))
308	2. The following table identifies the range of travel speeds for the travel time
309	levels of service ((on monitored corridors and critical segments including the average
310	travel speeds used for the standards level of service E and level of service B)).
	ROAD LEVELS OF SERVICE

 Road Classification:
 I
 II
 III
 IV

	(State	(Principal	(Minor	(Collector
	Routes)	Arterials)	Arterials)	Arterials)
LEVEL OF SERVICE	AVERAG	E TRAVEL SP	PEED (MILES I	PER HOUR)
A	>42	>35	>30	>25
В	>34 - 42	>28-35	>24-30	>19-25
С	>27-34	>22-28	>18-24	>13-19
D	>21-27	>17-22	>14-18	>9-13
E	.>16-21	>13-17	>10-14	>7-9
F	<=16	<=13	<=10	<=7
SECTION 9.	Drdinance 140	50, Section 10	, as amended, a	nd K.C.C. 14.70.230
are each hereby amend	ed to read as	follows:		· .
A. The departr	nent shall per	form a concurr	ency <u>analysis ar</u>	nd test for each
((application for a cert	ificate of conc	urrency)) <u>trave</u>	el shed to detern	nine whether ((the
proposed development	satisfies the T	FAM and trave	l time standards)) areas within the
travel sheds are concur	rent. The test	for each area	shall be based o	n the level of service
analysis results for the	entire travel s	hed. Areas sha	all be deemed co	oncurrent if eighty-fi
analysis results for the percent of the arterials	entire travel s within their tr	hed. Areas sha	all be deemed co	oncurrent if eighty-fi e standards.
travel sheds are concur analysis results for the percent of the arterials B. ((The concu identified by the applic	entire travel s within their tr errency test sh	hed. Areas sha avel shed meet all be performe	all be deemed co t level of service ed only for the p	oncurrent if eighty-fi e standards. proposed developmen

322 additional concurrency test.



325	effect when making a concurrency determination for a proposed development. The
326	concurrency map displayed in Attachment A to ((Ordinance 15839)) this ordinance is
327	adopted as the official concurrency map for King County. The department shall make a
328	determination of concurrency according to the status indicated on the adopted
329	<u>concurrency</u> map for the ((concurrency zone)) <u>area</u> in which the proposed ((residential))
330	development is located. Attachment B to this ordinance is a map indicating the
331	boundaries of the travel sheds.
332	((2. On the concurrency map, if the zone color is green it means the proposed
333	residential development shall be given a certificate because the concurrency zone is
334	functioning within level of service standards. The color red means the concurrency zone
335	is at or exceeding level of service standards and the proposed residential development
336	shall not be given a certificate, unless it is a minor development listed in K.C.C.
337	14.70.285.
338	D. When conducting the concurrency test for a proposed nonresidential
339	development, the department shall conduct a site specific analysis using the department's
340	traffic model. The department shall use standard trip generation rates published by the
341	Institute of Transportation Engineers or other documented information and surveys
342	approved by the department. The department may approve a reduction in generated
343	vehicle trips based on additional information supplied by the applicant. The calculation
344	of vehicle trip reductions shall be based upon recognized technical information and
345	analytical processes that represent current engineering practice. The department shall
346	have final approval of such data, information and technical procedures as are used to
347	calculate vehicle trip reductions.

348	E. If the concurrency test is passed under subsection D. of this section, the
349	applicant shall receive a certificate of concurrency. If the concurrency test for a
350	nonresidential project is passed only under certain conditions of road improvements or
351	project size, then the applicant shall receive a conditional certificate of concurrency on
352	which the specific conditions are stated.
353	F. If the concurrency test for nonresidential development is not passed, the
354	applicant shall select one of the following options:
355	1. Request in writing a ninety day period in which the applicant can meet with
356	the department to review the concurrency analysis and possible mitigation measures. The
357	applicant may also provide additional information to the department in support of the
358	application. The ninety day period must be requested no later than ten days after the
359	applicant's receipt of the notification of denial;
360	2. Appeal the denial of the application for a certificate of concurrency in
361	accordance with K.C.C. 14.70.260. Acceptance of the ninety-day period shall not impair
362	the applicant's future right to a formal appeal at a later time. An appeal must be filed
363	with the department no later than ten days after the expiration of the ninety-day period; or
364	3. Accept the denial of an application for a certificate of concurrency.))
365	SECTION 10. Ordinance 14050, Section 11, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.240
366	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
367	A. ((Each applicant)) The department of development and environmental services
368	shall accept applications for a development approval ((shall present a valid certificate of
369	concurrency)) only for development in areas that pass the concurrency test as shown on
370	the concurrency map in effect at the time of application.

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371	B. ((A certificate of concurrency must be valid at the time of development
372	application. A certificate of concurrency is valid if it has not expired according to its
373	expiration date.
374	C. Applications for certificates of concurrency shall be submitted to the
375	department of transportation on forms provided by the department.)) Concurrency is valid
376	for the development permit application period and subsequently for the same time as the
377	development approval.
378	SECTION 11. Ordinance 14050, Section 13, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.260
379	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
380	A. Any issues relating to the adequacy of the ((traffic model)) concurrency
381	analysis and test or the accuracy of the concurrency map shall be raised to the county
382	council during the annual council consideration of the concurrency map as provided in
383	K.C.C. 14.70.270.
384	B. There is no administrative appeal of the department(('s)) of development and
385	environmental services' final decision of ((residential)) concurrency denial or approval
386	based on the concurrency map.
387	((C. An appeal of the department's final decision relative to nonresidential
388	concurrency denial shall be filed by the applicant with the director or the director's
389	designee. The appeal shall be in written form, stating the grounds for the appeal, and
390	shall be filed within ten days after receipt of notification of the department's final
391	decision in the matter being appealed or if a ninety-day period was requested under
392	K.C.C. 14.70.230.G.1 within ten days after the expiration of the ninety-day period.

393	D. A challenge to a nonresidential concurrency approval may be raised as part of
394	the review process for the development application for which the certificate of
395	concurrency was issued.
396	E. In an appeal of nonresidential concurrency denial or approval, the appellant
397	must show that:
398	1. The department committed a technical error, which means an error in
399	arithmetic, table and map lookup or a similar clerical function;
400	2. Alternative data or a traffic mitigation plan submitted to the department was
401	inadequately considered;
402	3. Conditions required by the department for concurrency are not related to the
403	concurrency requirement; or
404	4. The action of the department was arbitrary and capricious as defined in
405	Washington law.
406	F. The standard of review for nonresidential appeals when considering whether a
407	technical error was committed shall be compelling evidence that the department made an
408	error in arithmetic, table references or other such mechanical or clerical error. Appeals
409	based upon technical error shall not call into question the underlying traffic model or its
410	inputs.
411	G. For nonresidential appeals on grounds other than technical error, the
412	department's dependence on its professional judgment and experience shall be given due
413	deference by the hearing examiner.))
414	SECTION 12. Ordinance 14050, Section 14, as amended, and K.C.C. 14.70.270
415	are each hereby amended to read as follows:

416	A. The ((traffic model for)) concurrency map shall be updated annually as part of
417	the budget process or when authorized by the county council by ordinance. The update
418	process shall include the most recently adopted roads CIP, updated traffic volumes and
419	updated ((information regarding issuance of concurrency certificates, development
420	approvals and development activity. The traffic model shall conform to the guidelines
421	and procedures described by the Federal Highway Administration in its publication
422	entitled Calibration and Adjustment of System Planning Models dated December 1990 or
423	its successor. Each update of the traffic model shall be used to produce a new
424	concurrency map)) travel time surveys and standards and methodologies as described in
425	K.C.C. 14.70.220 and 14.70.230. The concurrency map shall be submitted to council for
426	its approval by ordinance. The updates ((of the traffic model)) shall be deemed adequate
427	for the purposes of concurrency analysis and the concurrency map shall be used to
428	determine the concurrency of proposed ((residential)) development projects. ((The traffic
429	model shall be used to prepare the concurrency map and to perform site specific analysis
430	for nonresidential projects.))
431	B. An annual report shall be prepared by the road services division on the
432	concurrency program update. The annual report shall explain the technical assumptions,
433	land use changes, network changes and other parameters used to update the concurrency
434	((model)) map and/or travel shed boundary map. The annual report shall be submitted to
435	the council along with the annual update required by subsection A. of this section.
436	Eleven copies of the report shall be filed with the clerk of the council, who shall retain
437	the original and shall forward copies to each council member and to the lead staff of the
438	council's transportation committee, or its successor.

439	C.1. An independent expert review panel on concurrency shall be established to:
440	a. review the annual report on the concurrency ((model)) update; and
441	b. evaluate proposed changes to the transportation concurrency process,
442	analysis and ((model)) test developed by the road services division.
443	2. The panel shall be comprised of four to six persons and include
444	representation from the development community, the environmental community,
445	transportation planning professionals, the unincorporated area, the public at large and
446	multimodal transportation interest groups. Each representative shall be appointed by the
447	executive and confirmed by the council.
448 [·]	3. A summary of the panel's review of the annual report on the concurrency
449	((model)) update and its evaluation of proposed changes to the transportation
450	concurrency process, analysis and ((model)) test shall be included with the submittal of
451	the annual report to the council.
452	D. The concurrency map is a result of the ((values inputted into the traffic
453	model)) concurrency analysis and test, as described in subsection A, of this section. The
454	concurrency map indicates if ((a concurrency zone)) an area does or does not comply
455	with adopted ((TAM and travel time)) level of service standards. Any changes to the
456	concurrency status of ((a zone or zones)) an area or areas on the concurrency map other
457	than those resulting from the ((model)) update process may only be accomplished by the
458	council, through an ordinance, by changing any combination of the adopted ((TAM or
459	travel time)) level of service standards, or the list of funded projects in the most recently
460	adopted CIP.

461	SECTION 13. Ordinance 15030, Section 9, and K.C.C. 14.70.285 are each
462	hereby amended to read as follows:
463	The following minor developments and public and educational facilities are
464	subject to the concurrency test using level of service standard F:
465	A. Short subdivisions within the Urban Growth Area:
466	B. Any multifamily residential structure or structures totaling eight dwelling units
467	or less within the Urban Growth Area;
468	C. Any new public senior high school within the Urban Growth Area and any
469	modification to an existing public senior high school regardless of location, including any
470	renovation, expansion, modernization or reconstruction of existing facilities and the
471	addition of relocatable facilities, only if the school prepares and implements a
472	transportation demand management plan. New public high schools outside the Urban
473	Growth Area must meet the Rural Area standard level of service B in the provisions of
474	this chapter. This high school transportation demand management plan shall be
475	submitted to and approved by the director of the department or the director's designee
476	before the issuance of the building permit. The high school demand management plan
477	shall pertain to the entire school and shall specify measures to be implemented to reduce
478	single occupant vehicle travel by students, faculty and staff. The plan shall further
479	specify how the school district and department of transportation will cooperate in
480	monitoring the implementation of such measures and make adjustments as needed to
481	achieve reduction goals. A high school may voluntarily choose to prepare and implement
482	a transportation demand management plan for any expansion of an existing public high
483	school facility that would not generate new trips during the peak period;

484	D. Parks, as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.835;
485	E. Public agency or utility office, as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.930, in the Urban
486	Growth Area:
487	F. Public agency or utility yard, as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.935, in the Urban
488	Growth Area;
489	G. Building permits for single-family structures;
490	H. The construction of a structure for a nonresidential use generating no more
491	than twelve peak-period trips;
492	I. Any development that will not increase the traffic volumes in the peak period;
493	J. Any public elementary, middle or junior high school facilities including new
494	facilities and any renovation, expansion, modernization or reconstruction of existing
495	facilities and the addition of relocatable facilities; ((and))
496	K. Private elementary, middle or junior high schools ((for only the travel time
497	portion of the concurrency test. The travel time level of service F standard shall only
498	apply to the redevelopment of a site with an existing nonresidential use, and the TAM
499	analysis shall include credit for the trips associated with the existing nonresidential use)).
500	To qualify for the travel time level of service F standard, a school must prepare and
501	implement a transportation demand management plan submitted to and approved by the
502	director of the department or the director's designee before the issuance of the building
503	permit. The school demand management plan shall pertain to the entire school and shall
504	specify measures to be implemented to reduce single occupant vehicle travel by students,
505	faculty and staff. The plan shall further specify how the school and department of
506	transportation will cooperate in monitoring the implementation of such measures and

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507	make adjustments as needed to achieve reduction goals((. For the TAM portion of the
508	concurrency test, private elementary, middle and junior high schools are subject to level
509	of service standard B if located in the Rural Area and level of service standard E if
510	located in the Urban Growth Area or in designated Rural Towns)); and
511	L. Short subdivisions in the Rural Area, if for each lot that is created, up to four
512	lots, one rural transferable development right under K.C.C. chapter 21A.37 is purchased
513	from the same travel shed; provided however, where the short subdivision is creating
514	only two lots, the property has been owned by the applicant for five or more years, and
515	the property has not been subdivided in the last ten years then no purchase of a TDR shall
516	be required to satisfy the transportation concurrency requirement.
517	SECTION 14. A. Ordinance 14050, Section 12, as amended, and K.C.C.
518	14.70.250 are each hereby repealed.
519	B. Attachment A to Ordinance 15839, Residential Transportation Concurrency
520	Attachment A, dated October 30, 2006, and Attachment B to Ordinance 15839,
521	Monitored Corridors for Transportation Concurrency, dated October 30, 2006, are each
522	hereby repealed.
523	SECTION 15. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to any person
504	

- 525 or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the application of the
- 526 provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Ordinance 16266 was introduced on 3/10/2008 and passed as amended by the Metropolitan King Council on 10/6/2008, by the following vote:

Yes: 8 - Ms. Patterson, Mr. Dunn, Mr. Constantine, Mr. von Reichbauer, Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Gossett, Mr. Phillips and Ms. Hague No: 0 Excused: 1 - Ms. Lambert

> KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

Julia Patterson, Chair

ATTEST:

Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council

APPROVED this 20 day of OCTUBER 2008.

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OUNCIL

Ron Sims, County Executive

Attachments

A. Transportation Concurrency Map - Dated September 15, 2008, B. Transportation Concurrency Travel Shed Boundaries, Dated September 15, 2008



