2008 Capital Facilities Plan

Issaquah School District No. 411 Issaquah, Washington

Adopted June 25, 2008 Resolution No. 936

The Issaquah School District No. 411 hereby provides this Capital Facilities Plan documenting present and future school facility requirements of the District. The plan contains all elements required by the Growth Management Act and King county Council Ordinance 21-A.

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This Six-Year Capital Facilities Plan (the "Plan") has been prepared by the Issaquah School District (the "district") as the district's primary facility planning document, in compliance with the requirements of Washington's Growth Management Act and King County Council Code Title 21A. This Plan was prepared using data available in March, 2008.

This Plan is an update of prior long-term Capital Facilities Plans adopted by the Issaquah School District. However, this Plan is not intended to be the sole Plan for all of the District's needs. The District may prepare interim and periodic Long Range Capital Facilities Plans consistent with board policies, taking into account a longer or a shorter time period, other factors and trends in the use of facilities, and other needs of the District as may be required. Any such plan or plans will be consistent with this Six-Year Capital Facilities Plan.

In June 1992, the District first submitted a request to King County to impose and to collect school impact fees on new developments in unincorporated King County. On November 16, 1992, the King County Council first adopted the District's Plan and a fee implementing ordinance. This Plan is the annual update of the Six-Year Plan.

King County and the cities of Issaquah, Renton, Bellevue, Newcastle and Sammamish collect impact fees on behalf of the District. All of these jurisdictions provide exemptions from impact fees for senior housing and certain low-income housing.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Growth Management Act, this Plan will be updated on an annual basis, and any charges in the fee schedule(s) adjusted accordingly.

STANDARD OF SERVICE

School facility and student capacity needs are dictated by the types and amounts of space required to accommodate the District's adopted educational program. The educational program standards which typically drive facility space needs include grade configuration, optimal facility size, class size, educational program offerings, as well as classroom utilization and scheduling requirements and use of relocatable classroom facilities (portables).

Different class sizes are used depending on the grade level or programs offered such as special education or the gifted program. With the passage of Initiative 728 in November 2000, the Issaquah School Board established new class size standards for elementary grades K-5. It is the Board's intent to reduce the K-2 class size ratio to 18 and grades 3-5 to 22 if Initiative 728 funding is provided by the legislature. A class size average of 20 for grades K-5 is now being used to calculate building capacities. A class size of 26 is used for grades 6-8 and 28 for grades 9-12. Special Education class size is based on 12 students per class. For the purpose of this analysis, rooms designated for special use, consistent with the provisions of King County Council Code Title 21A, are not considered classrooms.

Invariably, some classrooms will have student loads greater in number than this average level of service, and some will be smaller. Program demands, state and federal requirements, collective bargaining agreements, and available funding may also affect this level of service in the years to come. Due to these variables, a utilization factor of 95% is used to adjust design capacities to what a building may actually accommodate.

Portables used as classrooms are used to accommodate enrollment increases for interim purposes until permanent classrooms are available. When permanent facilities become available, the portable(s) is either moved to another school as an interim classroom.

TRIGGER OF CONSTRUCTION

The Issaquah School District Capital Facilities Plan proposes construction of one elementary school, adding classrooms to all three high schools, expansion of Maywood Middle School and converting Pacific Cascade Freshman High School to a middle school to meet the needs of middle school over enrollment. Planning the need for new schools is triggered by comparing our enrollment forecasts with our permanent capacity figures. These forecasts are by grade level and, to the extent possible, by geography. The analysis provides a list of new construction needed by school year.

The decision on when to construct a new facility involves factors other than verified need. Funding is the most serious consideration. Factors including the potential tax rate for our citizens, the availability of state funds and impact fees, the ability to acquire land, and the ability to pass bond issues determine when any new facility can be constructed. The planned facilities will be funded by a bond issue passed on February 7, 2006, school impact fees and reserve funds held by the District. New school facilities are a response to new housing which the county or cities have approved for construction.

The District's Six-Year Finance Plan is shown in Appendix E found on page 21...

DEVELOPMENT TRACKING

In order to increase the accuracy and validity of enrollment projections, a major emphasis has been placed on the collection and tracking of data of 38 known new housing developments. This data provides two useful pieces of planning information. First, it is used to determine the actual number of students that are generated from a single family or multi-family residence. It also provides important information on the impact new housing developments will have on existing facilities and/or the need for additional facilities.

Developments that have been completed over the last five years or are still selling houses are used to forecast the number of students who will attend our school from future developments. District wide statistics show that new single-family homes currently generate 0.374 elementary student, 0.145 middle school student, 0.146 high school student, for a total of 0.664 school aged student per single-family residence (see Table 2). New multi-family housing units currently generate 0.102 elementary student, 0.049 middle school student, 0.052 high school student, for a total of 0.203 school aged student per residence (see Table 3).

Single-family averages have increased since last year.

NEED FOR IMPACT FEES

Impact fees and state matching funds have not been a reliable source of revenue. Because of this, the Issaquah School District asked its voters on February 7, 2006 to fund the construction of an elementary school, one middle school, expand Maywood Middle School, expand Liberty High School, and rebuild Issaquah High School. Due to the high cost of land and the limited availability of a parcel large enough to accommodate a middle school program, the School Board reallocated the moneys designated to build the middle school to expand the capacity of Issaquah and Skyline high schools. The District currently does not qualify for state match funding for new K-12 construction.

As demonstrated in Appendix A, (page 17) the District currently has a permanent capacity to serve 6,564 students at the elementary level. Appendix B, (page 18) shows a permanent capacity for 3,124 students at the middle/junior high school level Appendix C (page 19) shows a permanent capacity of 5,120 students at the high school level. Current enrollment is identified on page 8. The District elementary population for the 2007-2008 school year is 6,889. This leaves the District's elementary enrollment over permanent capacity at the elementary level by 325 students (Appendix A), at the middle/junior high school level the District population for the 2007-2008 school year is 3745. This is 621 students over permanent capacity (Appendix B). At the high school level the district has the permanent capacity to accommodate an additional 413 students (Appendix C).

Based upon the District's student generation rates, the District expects that .664 student will be generated from each new single family home in the District and that .203 student will be generated from each new multi-family dwelling unit.

Applying the enrollment projections contained on page 9 to the District's existing permanent capacity (Appendices A,B, and C) and if no capacity improvements are made by the year 2014-15, the District elementary population will be over its permanent capacity by 368 students, at the middle school level by 913 students, and an excess capacity of 403 at the high school level. The District's enrollment projections are developed using two methods: first, the cohort survival – historical enrollment method is used to forecast enrollment growth based upon the progression of existing students in the District; then, the enrollment projections are modified to include students anticipated from new developments in the District.

To address existing and future capacity needs, the District's six-year construction plan includes the following capacity projects:

Facility	Projected Completion Date	Location	Capacity
Expand Skyline High School	2009	Issaquah Plateau	370
Expand Issaquah High School	2009	Issaquah	370
Expand Liberty High School	2010	Renton	420
Expand Maywood Middle School	2010	Renton	175
Elem School 15	2010	Issaquah Plateau	584

Based upon the District's capacity data and enrollment projections, as well as the student generation data, the District has determined that a majority of its capacity improvements are necessary to serve students generated by new development.

The school impact fee formula ensures that new development only pays for the cost of the facilities necessitated by new development. The fee calculations examine the costs of housing the students generated by each new single family dwelling unit (or each new multi-family dwelling unit) and then reduces that amount by the anticipate state match and future tax payments. The resulting impact fee is then discounted further. Thus, by applying the student generation factor to the school project costs, the fee formula only calculates the costs of providing capacity to serve each new dwelling unit. The formula does not require new development to contribute the costs of providing capacity to address existing needs.

The King County Council and the City Councils of the Cities of Bellevue, Issaquah, Newcastle, Renton and Sammamish have created a framework for collecting school impact fees and the District can demonstrate that new developments will have an impact on the District. The impact fees will be used in a manner consistent with RCW 82.02.050 - .100 and the adopted local ordinances.

ENROLLMENT METHODOLOGY

Two basic techniques are used, with the results compared, to establish the most likely range of anticipated student enrollment:

- 1. The student 3-2-1 cohort survival method. Examine Issaquah School District enrollments for the last 5 years and determine the average cohort survival for the consecutive five-year period. Because cohort survival does not consider students generated from new development it is a conservative projection of actual enrollment. For the same reason, these projections are also slow to react to actual growth.
- Based on information from King County, realtors, developers, etc., seek to establish the number of new dwelling units that will be sold each year. The new dwelling units are converted to new students based on the following:
 - a) The number of actual new students as a percentage of actual new dwellings for the past several years.
 - b) Determine the actual distribution of new students by grade level for the past several years, i.e., 5% to kindergarten, 10% to first grade, 2% to 11th grade, etc.
 - c) Based on an examination of the history shown by (a) and (b) above, establish the most likely factor to apply to the projected new dwellings.

After determining the expected new students, the current actual student enrollments are moved forward from year to year with the arrived at additions.

One of the challenges associated with all projection techniques is that they tend to always show growth because the number of houses and the general population always increases. Enrollments, however, can and do decrease even as the population increases. The reason is as the population matures, the number of kindergartners will go down as the number of 10th graders is still increasing. To adjust for this factor, the number of school age children per dwelling is examined. When this number exceeds expectations, it is probably because the District is still assuming kindergarten growth, while the main growth is actually moving into middle school. When this happens, a reduction factor is added to kindergarten to force it to decrease even though the general population continues to grow. A precise statistical formula has not been developed to make this adjustment.

After all of the projections have been made and examined, the most likely range is selected. An examination of past projections compared with actual enrollment indicates the cohorts tend to be more accurate over a ten-year time span while dwelling units tend to be more accurate over a shorter period. The probable reason is that over a ten-year period, the projections tend to average out even though there are major shifts both up and down within the period.

Enrollment projections for the years 2001 through 2023 are shown in Table #1. Student generation factors are shown in Table #2 and #3.

ISSAQUAH SCHOOL DISTRICT

Actual Student Counts 2001-02 Through 2007-08 Enrollment Projections 2008-09 Through 2022-23

																								_
	Total	13,322	13.629	13,797	14,113	14,438	14,861	15,153	15,340	15,347	15,385	15,340	15,470	15,588	15,636	15,686	15,703	15,769	15,814	15,736	15,740	15,615	15,640	15,619
	9-12	3953	4128	4210	4352	4453	4553	4698	4707	4602	4567	4464	4523	4581	4591	4717	4731	4918	4940	4883	4943	4815	4837	4818
	8-9	3277	3432	3553	3664	3715	3733	3707	3745	3803	3813	3808	3915	3971	4137	4037	4061	3994	4015	3991	3937	3939	3943	3941
	K-5	6092	6909	6034	2609	6270	6575	6749	6889	6941	2006	7068	7033	7036	4069	6932	6910	6857	6829	6861	0989	0989	6829	0989
	Total	13,322	13,629	13,797	14,113	14,438	14,861	15,153	15,340	15,347	15,385	15,340	15,470	15,588	15,636	15,686	15,703	15,769	15,814	15,736	15,740	15,615	15,640	15,619
	12TH	887	888	968	926	942	912	996	1003	994	1046	940	868	956	962	992	952	296	1089	1008	1137	886	1033	1069
	11TH	934	696	1054	1062	1014	1096	1146	1131	1186	1082	1036	1096	1102	1132	1092	1106	1229	1148	1277	1128	1172	1208	1149
ent	10TH	1024	1128	1129	1133	1212	1281	1241	1321	1219	1176	1227	1232	1267	1226	1240	1362	1281	1411	1261	1306	1342	1282	1283
FTE Enrollment	9ТН	1108	1143	1131	1201	1286	1264	1345	1252	1203	1263	1261	1297	1257	1271	1393	1312	1441	1292	1337	1373	1313	1314	1318
FTE E	8TH	1074	1072	1174	1231	1238	1304	1250	1198	1251	1258	1284	1250	1263	1384	1304	1432	1284	1328	1364	1305	1305	1309	1307
	7TH	1049	1159	1213	1196	1274	1236	1197	1271	1258	1293	1253	1269	1392	1309	1439	1290	1335	1371	1311	1312	1315	1314	1315
	6ТН	1154	1201	1166	1237	1203	1193	1260	1276	1294	1262	1271	1396	1316	1443	1295	1339	1375	1316	1316	1320	1318	1320	1318
	5TH	1173	1155	1204	1159	1136	1233	1255	1299	1247	1262	1383	1305	1435	1283	1328	1364	1305	1306	1309	1308	1310	1308	1308
	4ТН	1181	1171	1150	1106	1161	1238	1268	1235	1244	1368	1287	1416	1267	1311	1347	1288	1288	1292	1290	1292	1290	1291	1291
	3RD	1157	1127	1062	1143	1188	1223	1211	1227	1352	1270	1392	1248	1293	1329	1269	1269	1273	1271	1273	1271	1271	1272	1272
	ZND	1094	1069	1101	1118	1151	1160	1216	1324	1237	1368	1218	1268	1301	1241	1242	1246	1244	1246	1244	1244	1245	1245	1245
	1ST	1025	1072	1059	1074	1128	1173	1266	1203	1334	1191	1228	1262	1206	1207	1211	1208	1210	1208	1209	1209	1209	1209	1209
-	X	462	475	458	497	206	548	532	601	528	546	260	534	535	537	535	536	535	535	536	535	535	535	535
L	ar	1-01	-05	-03	-04	-02	90-	-04		60	-10	 	-12	-13	-14	-15	-16	-17	-18	-19	-20	-21		-23
	Year	2000-01	2001-02	2002-03	2003-04	2004-05	2002-06	2006-07	2007-08	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23

AVE	RAG	E PE	ER ι	INIT

	20/08	Ś	Ф	2	/eto/	Ś	80	2	7.0% 1,0%
Single Family Development	*	A,	oʻ	ର୍	20	4	6	တ် ု	~
Aspen Meadows	52	22	12	12	46	0.423	0.231	0.231	0.885
Autumn Meadows	52	15	4	4	23	0.288	0.077	0.077	0.442
Beaver Lake Estates	172	65	37	33	135	0.378	0.215	0.192	0.785
Canterfield @ Redford Ranch	77	23	10	8	41	0.299	0.130	0.104	0.532
China Falls	78	17	10	8	35	0.218	0.128	0.103	0.449
Highlands @ Newcastle	152	51	12	7	70	0.336	0.079	0.046	0.461
Issaquah Highlands	1202	306	102	99	507	0.255	0.085	0.082	0.422
Lakemont Findley Court	42	3	5	5	13	0.071	0.119	0.119	0.310
Lakemont Long Shadow Ridge	43	7	5	16	28	0.163	0.116	0.372	0.651
Licorice Fern 2	85	34	18	16	68	0.400	0.212	0.188	0.800
Maple Station	27	16	3	3	22	0.593	0.111	0.111	0.815
Maureen Highlands div 1,2,3	125	26	11	7	44	0.208	0.088	0.056	0.352
Park Hill @ Newcastle	32	19	5	9	33	0.594	0.156	0.281	1.031
Pinnacle @ Lakemont	48	12	7	7	26	0.250	0.146	0.146	0.542
Redhawk	48	13	4	5	22	0.271	0.083	0.104	0.458
Renaissance Ridge	270	144	47	66	257	0.533		0.244	0.952
Reserve @ Newcastle	125	21	7	7	35	0.168	0.056	0.056	0.280
Sara's Crossing	55	28	9	11	48	0.509	0.164		
Seneca	25	7	1	1	9	0.280	0.040	0.040	
Silverleaf	53	18	11	7	36	0.340	0.208		
Stonegate	53	36	8	11	55	0.679	0.151	0.208	1.038
Talus	349	68	35	53	156	0.195	0.100		
Traditions	95	33	10	13	56	0.347	0.105	0.137	0.589
Trossachs	865	580	234	202	1016	0.671	0.271	0.234	
Wesley Park I & II	226	82	29	27	138	0.363			
Windwood	109	44	20	20	84	0.404	0.183	0.183	0.771
TOTALS	4567	1706	663	665	3034	0.374	0.145	0.146	0.664

SINGLE FAMILY

TOTAL	0.664
High School 9 - 12	0.146
Middle School 6 - 8	0.145
Elementary School	0.374

These developments are currently under construction or have been completed within the past five years.

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STUDENT GENERATION MULTI-FAMILY

	#Planned	0/0S*	Ś	%	2	16,0/	Ś	%	2	10,00
Multi-Family Development	Ą.	*	F.	ώ́	ග්	~	4.	6	9	
Highland Garden Apts	51	51	33	21	14	68	0.647	•,	0.275	
Palomino Condos @ Redford	60	60	3	1	2	6	0.050	0.017	0.033	0.100
Summer Hill Condos	168	168	19	9	11	39	• • • • •			0.232
Sterling Square @Trossachs	174	174	12	5	3	20			0.017	
Fairfield Green Apts	59	59	7	3	10	20			0.169	
Sierra Apts	92	92	6	3	4	13	0.065	0.033	0.043	0.141
Issaquah Highlands Multi	688	644	29	13	15	57	0.045	0.020	0.023	0.089
Daybreak Apts	90	90	7	2	1	10			0.011	
Cascade Lookout	33	33	2	2	1	5				0.152
Trillium Heights Apts	74	74	7	2	2	11				0.149
The Hamptons	124	101	0	0	1	1 _	0.000	0.000	0.010	0.010
Parterra @ Newcastle	140	78	6	2	3	11	0.077	0.026	0.038	0.141
	1	MULTI-F	AMILY							
	Eleme	entary K -	- 5			0.102				
	Middle	School	6 - 8			0.049				
	High S	School 9	- 12			0.052				
	TOTAL					0.203				

These developments are currently under construction or have been completed within the past five years.

INVENTORY AND EVALUATION OF CURRENT FACILITIES

Currently, using the 95% utilization factor, the District has the capacity to house 14,068 students in permanent facilities and 2,280 students in portables. The projected student enrollment for the 2008-2009 school year is expected to be 15,347 leaves a permanent capacity deficit of 1,279. Adding portable classrooms into the capacity calculations gives us a capacity of 16,348 with a surplus capacity of 1,001 for the K-12 student population.

Calculations of elementary, middle school and high school capacities are shown in Appendices A, B and C. Totals are shown in Appendix D.

Below is a list of current facilities. These facility locations and sites are shown on the District Site Location Map on Page 8.

Existing Facility

GRADE SPAN K-5:

Apollo Elementary
Briarwood Elementary
Cascade Ridge Elementary
Challenger Elementary
Clark Elementary
Cougar Ridge Elementary
Discovery Elementary
Endeavour Elementary
Grand Ridge Elementary
Issaquah Valley Elementary
Maple Hills Elementary
Newcastle Elementary
Sunny Hills Elementary
Sunset Elementary

GRADE SPAN 6-8:

Beaver Lake Middle School Issaquah Middle School Maywood Middle School Pine Lake Middle School

GRADE SPAN 9-12:

Pacific Cascade Freshman Campus Issaquah High School Liberty High School Skyline High School Tiger Mountain Community H.S.

SUPPORT SERVICES:

Administration Building May Valley Service Center Transportation Center Transportation Satellite

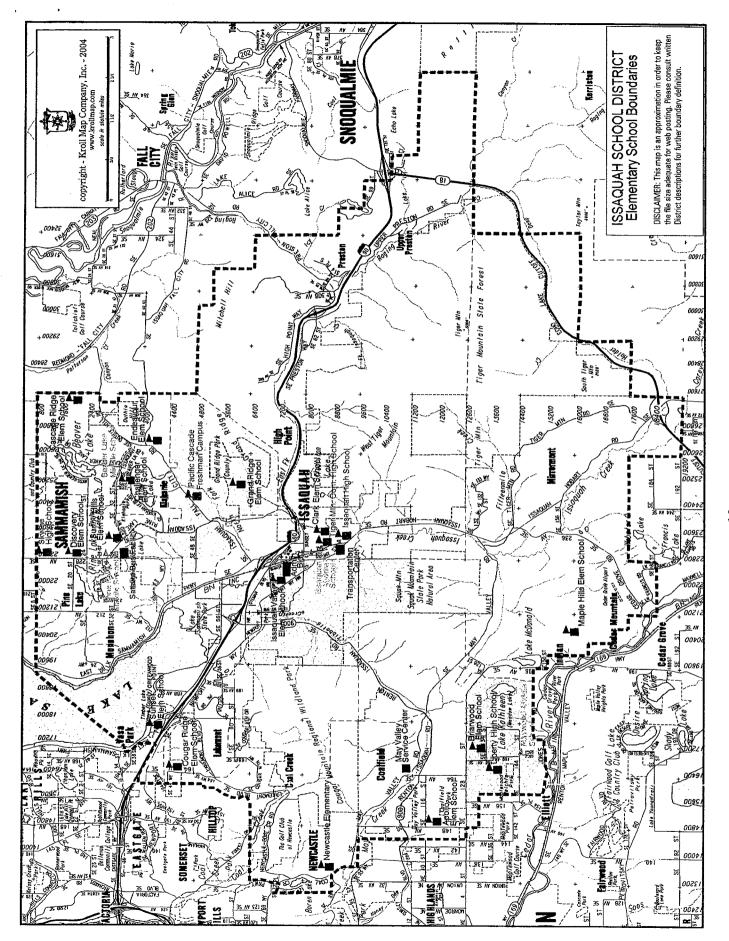
Location

15025 S.E. 117th Street, Renton 17020 S.E. 134th Street, Renton 2020 Trossachs Blvd. SE, Sammamish 25200 S.E. Klahanie Blvd., Issaquah 500 Second Ave. S.E., Issaquah 4630 167th Ave. S.E., Bellevue 2300 228th Ave. S.E., Sammamish 26205 SE Issaq.-Fall City Rd., Issaquah 1739 NE Park Drive, Issaquah 555 N.W. Holly Street, Issaquah 15644 204th Ave. S.E., Issaquah 8440 136th Ave SE, Newcastle 3200 Issaq. Pine Lake Rd. S.E., Sammamish 4229 W. Lk. Samm. Pkwy. S.E., Issaquah

25025 S.E. 32nd Street, Issaquah 400 First Ave. S.E., Issaquah 14490 168th Ave. S.E., Renton 3200 228th Ave. S.E., Sammamish

24635 SE Issaquah Fall City Rd, Issaquah 700 Second Ave. S.E., Issaquah 16655 S.E. 136th Street, Renton 1122 228th Ave. S.E., Sammamish 355 S.E. Evans Lane, Issaquah

565 N.W. Holly Street, Issaquah 16404 S.E. May Valley Road, Renton 805 Second Avenue S.E., Issaquah 3402 228 Ave S.E., Sammamish



THE ISSAQUAH SCHOOL DISTRICT'S SIX-YEAR CONSTRUCTION PLAN

At the time of plan preparation no schools are under construction.

The District's Six-Year Finance Plan is shown in Appendix E. Shown in Table #4 (page 14) is the District's projected capacity to house students, which reflects the additional facilities as noted. Voters passed a \$241.87 million bond in February 2006 to fund new school construction and school expansion. In February 2007 the Issaquah School Board authorized converting Pacific Cascade Freshman Campus from a 9th grade only high school to a 5th middle school. All 9th grade students will then be served by the District's three comprehensive high schools. To accommodate this Issaquah High and Skyline High schools will be expanded to meet the space needs of the returning freshman and to accommodate growth. The District will expand Liberty High School and Maywood Middle School to accommodate growth experienced in the south end of the District. The District does not anticipate receiving State matching funds that would reduce future bond sale amounts or be applied to new K-12 construction projects included in this Plan.

The District also anticipates that it will receive \$1 million in impact fees and mitigation payments that will be applied to capital projects.

The District projects 15,347 FTE students for the 2008-2009 school year and 15,636 FTE students in the 2013-2014 school year. This growth represents a 2% (rounded) increase in student population. This growth will be accommodated by the planned facilities. Per the formula in the adopted school impact fee ordinance, half of this factor is assigned to impact fees and half is the local share.

Projected Capacity to House Students

ears	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2008-09 2009-10 2010-11 2011-12 2012-13 2013-14	2013-14
*Permanent Capacity	14808	14771	15950	15950	15950	15950
High School	740	420				
fiddle School		175				
Elementary School		584				
Itilization Rate @ 95%						
Subtotal (Sum at 95% Utilization Rate)	14771	15950	15950	15950	15950	15950
Portables	2280	2280	2280	2280	2280	2280
Fotal Capacity	17051	18230	18230	18230	18230	18230
Projected FTE Enrollment	15478	15754	16031	16204	16425	16697
Permanent Capacity (surplus/deficit)	-707	196	-81	754	-475	-747
ermanent Cap w/Portables						
surplus/deficit)	1573	2476	2199	2026	1805	1533

The 2009-10 Permanent Capacity number reflect the conversion of Pacific Cascade Freshman Campus, a high school, * Permanent Capacity and New Construction calculations are based on the 95% utilization factors (see Appendix D) The number of planned portables may be reduced if permanent capacity is increased by a future bond issue. to a middle school facility, and the resulting shift in student capacity.

SCHOOL IMPACT FEE CALCULATIONS

DISTRICT	•
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Issaquah SD #411 2006

YEAR

School	Site	Acquisition	Cost:

School Site Acq	uisition Cost:						
(AcresxCost per A	Acre)/Facility Capacity)xStudent Generation	n Factor	Student	Student		
		2 1/	YT 2004 -	Factor	Factor	Cost/	Cost/
	Facility	Cost/	Facility	SFR	MFR	SFR	MFR
	Acreage	Acre	Capacity	0.374	0.102	\$1,919	\$523
Elementary	10.00	\$300,000	584	0.374	0.102	\$0 \$0	\$0
Middle/JR High	0.00	\$0	855		0.052	\$0 \$0	\$0
High	0.00	\$0	0	0.146		\$1,919	\$523
				10	TAL	का,डाड	Ψ020
School Constru	ction Cost:			o ===			
(Facility Cost/Fac	ility Capacity)xStuden	t Generation Factor)	x(permanent/lotal	Sq Ft)	Student		
				Student	Factor	Cost/	Cost/
	%Perm/	Facility	Facility	Factor	MFR	SFR	MFR
	Total Sq.Ft.	Cost	Capacity	SFR	0.102	\$12,397	\$3,378
Elementary	95.24%	\$20,350,000	584	0.374	0.102	\$875	\$295
Middle/JR High	95.24%	\$1,107,400	175	0.145	0.052	\$3,873	\$1,385
High	95.24%	\$32,395,500	1,160	0.146		\$17,144	\$5,058
				10	TAL	Φ17,344	\$3,030
Temporary Faci	ility Cost:						
(Facility Cost/Fac	citity Capacity)xStuden	nt Generation Factor)	x(Temporary/Total	Square Feet)	04	Cont/	Cost/
				Student	Student	Cost/ SFR	MFR
	%Temp/	Facility	Facility	Factor	Factor	SFR	\$WITT
	Total Sq.Ft.	Cost	Size	SFR	MFR	\$0	\$0
Elementary	4.76%	\$0	40	0.374	0.102	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
Middle/JR High	4.76%	\$0	52	0.145	0.049	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
High	4.76%	. \$0	56	0.146	0.052	\$0 \$0	\$0 \$0
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State Matching	Credit:						
Area Cost Allowa	ance X SPI Square Fo	otage X District Mate	h % X Student Fac	Chadant	Student		
			m	Student Factor	Factor	Cost/	Cost/
	Current Area	SPI	District		MFR	SFR	MFR
	Cost Allowance	Footage	Match %	SFR	0.102	\$0	\$0
Elementary	\$168.79	90	0.00%	0.374	0.049	\$0	\$0
High School	\$168.79	130	0.00%	0.145	0.049	φυ	. 40
				T	OTAL	\$0	\$0
				,,) I AL	ΨΟ	40
	1*4.					SFR	MFR
Tax Payment C						\$556,191	\$273,363
Average Assess						5.11%	5.11%
Capital Bond Inte						\$4,271,910	\$2,099,606
	ue of Average Dwelling	g				10	10
Years Amortized					•	\$1.89	\$1.89
Property Tax Lev		Character Character				\$8,074	\$3,968
	Present Value of Re	evenue Stream		Single	Multi-	Ψο,σ	40,000
	Fee Sumary:			Family	Family		
	au			\$1,918.92	\$522.88		
	Site Acquistion Cos			\$1,916.92 \$17,144.22	\$5,057.51		
	Permanent Facility			\$0.00	\$0.00		
	Temporary Facility	Cost		\$0.00 \$0.00	\$0.00 \$0.00		
	State Match Credit			\$0.00 (\$8,073.91)	(\$3,968.26)		
	Tax Payment Credi	τ.		(40,013.31)	(\$3,300.20)		
	EEE (10 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 0	ATED)		\$10,989.23	\$1,612.13		
	FEE (AS CALCULA	HIED)		ψ10,000.20	Ψ1,012.10		

Each city or county sets and adopts the amount of the school impact fee. For the applicable fee schedule, please consult with the permitting jurisdiction for the development project.

FEE (AS DISCOUNTED)

FINAL FEE

\$5,494.62

\$5,495

\$806.07

\$806

BASIS FOR DATA USED IN SCHOOL IMPACT FEE CALCULATIONS

SCHOOL SITE ACQUISITION COST:

Elementary \$300,000/ acre for elementary site

Middle School No new sites are being considered.

High School No high school sites are planned for purchase within the next six years.

SCHOOL CONSTRUCTION COST:

Elementary \$20,350,000 is the cost of the project budget for Elem. #15

 Middle School No new middle schools are planned. \$1,107,400 is planned for the expansion of Maywood Middle School.

• High School \$32,395,000 is budgeted for expansion of 3 high schools.

PERCENTAGE OF PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY SQUARE FOOTAGE TO TOTAL SQUARE FOOTAGE:

Total Square Footage 1,684,069

Permanent Square Footage (OSPI) 1,588,897

Temporary Square Footage 95,172

TEMPORARY FACILITY COST:

No new portables are considered in this plan.

STATE MATCH CREDIT:

Current Area Cost Allowance \$168.79

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Percentage of State Match
(Issaquah School District does not qualify
for state funding for new construction under
existing formulas)

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Appendix A

exponded spaces for species programmers.

age of 1:19 K-2, 1 22 3-5

age of staffing ratios with 1-22 target of 1:19 K-2, 1 22 3-5

age of target spaces.

^{***}Permanent Capacity x 95% (utilization factor) Minus Hendcount Enrollment

^{***}Maximum Capacity x 95% (dilization factor) Minus Hetidcount Enfolunen.

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^{**}Minus excluded spaces for special program needs

**Permanent Capacity x 95% (utilization factor) Minus Headcount Enrollment

***Maximum Capacity x 95% (utilization factor) Minus Headcount Enrollment

Permanent capacity reflects the building's level of service design capacity.

The maximum capacity includes the parmanent capacity plus the maximum number of classrooms served in portables.

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*Minus excluded spaces for special program needs
**91/07 Headcount Enrollment Compared to Permanent Capacity x 95% (utilization factor)
**91/07 Headcount Enrollment Compared to Maximum Capacity x 95% (utilization factor)
**94/07 Headcount Enrollment Compared to Maximum Capacity x 95% (utilization factor)
Permanent capacity reflects the building's let e for service design capacity.
The maximum capacity includes the permanent capacity plus the maximum number of classrooms served in portables.

*Permanent Capacity is the total Permanent Capacity from Appendix A + Total Capacity from Appendix B + Total Capacity from Appendix C

Six-Year Finance Plan

(\$ in \$1,000's)

								Cost to	Secured	UNSECURED
BUILDING	N/m*	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	Complete	LOCAL/STATE**	LOCAL***
Skyline High School	Σ	\$7,000,000	\$20,000,000	\$7,000,000				\$34,000,000	\$34,000,000	\$0
Issaquah High School	Σ	15,000,000	40,000,000	l	000'000'6			104,000,000	104,000,000	0
Liberty High School	Σ	250,000	5,000,000	8,550,000	1,000,000			14,800,000	14,800,000	0
Maywood Middle School	Σ	250,000	2,000,000	4,000,000				6,250,000	6,250,000	0
Elementary #15	Z	3,000,000	8,000,000	9,000,000	2,000,000			22,000,000	22,000,000	0
Portables	z							0	O	0
Totals		\$25,500,000	\$25,500,000 \$75,000,000 \$68,550,000 \$12,000,000	\$68,550,000	\$12,000,000	\$0	\$0	\$181,050,000	\$181,050,000	\$0

*N= New Construction M= Modernization

**The Issaquah School District, with voter approval, has front funded these projects.

***School impact fees may be utilized to offset front funded expenditures associated with the cost of new facilities. Impact fees are currently collected from King County. City of Bellevue, City of Newcastle, City of Renton, City of Sammamish and the City of Issaquah for projects within the Issaquah School District.
***Funds for portable purchases may come from impact fees, state matching funds, interest earnings or future bond sale elections.