

## KING COUNTY

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

## Signature Report

## March 19, 2013

## Ordinance 17539

	<b>Proposed No.</b> 2012-0441.3	Sponsors Phillips
1	AN ORDINANCE re	elating to development regulations;
2	amending Ordinance	9163, Section 2, as amended, and
3	K.C.C. 9.04.020, Ord	inance 2281, Section 5, as amended
4	and K.C.C. 9.04.050,	Ordinance 7590, Section 7, as
5	amended, and K.C.C.	9.08.060, Ordinance 12560, Section
6	10, as amended, and 1	K.C.C. 16.02.240, Ordinance 1488,
7	Section 5, as amended	d, and K.C.C. 16.82.020, Ordinance
8	15053, Section 3, as a	mended, and K.C.C. 16.82.051,
9	Ordinance 3108, Sect	ion 10, and K.C.C. 16.82.120,
10	Ordinance 9614, Sect	ion 102, as amended, and K.C.C.
11	16.82.140, Ordinance	13694, Section 39, and K.C.C.
12	19A.08.040, Ordinano	te 13694, Section 41, and K.C.C.
13	19A.08.060, Ordinano	e 13694, Section 42, as amended,
14	and K.C.C. 19A.08.07	0, Ordinance 13694, Section 51, as
15	amended, and K.C.C.	19A.08.160, Ordinance 16985,
16	Section 4, as amended	, and K.C.C. 20.12.205, Ordinance
17	12196, Section 10, as a	amended, and K.C.C. 20.20.030,
18	Ordinance 12196, Sect	ion 11, as amended, and K.C.C.
19	20.20.040, Ordinance	12196, Section 13, as amended, and

20	K.C.C. 20.20.060, Ordinance 15051, Section 3, and K.C.C.
21	21A.06.037, Ordinance 15032, Section 6, and K.C.C.
22	21A.06.742, Ordinance 12024, Section 14, as amended,
23	and K.C.C. 21A.06.1432, Ordinance 10870, Section 330, as
24	amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.030, Ordinance 10870,
25	Section 331, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.040,
26	Ordinance 10870, Section 332, as amended, and K.C.C.
27	21A.08.050, Ordinance 10870, Section 333, as amended,
28	and K.C.C. 21A.08.060, Ordinance 10870, Section 334, as
29	amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.070, Ordinance 10870,
30	Section 335, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.08.080,
31	Ordinance 10870, Section 336, as amended, and K.C.C.
32	21A.08.090, Ordinance 10870, Section 340, as amended,
33	and K.C.C. 21A.12.030, Ordinance 10870, Section 341, as
34	amended, and K.C.C. 21A.12.040, Ordinance 10870,
35	Section 357, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.12.200,
36	Ordinance 10870, Section 364, as amended, and K.C.C.
37	21A.14.040, Ordinance 11621, Section 99, and K.C.C.
38	21A.14.280, Ordinance 10870, Section 386, as amended,
39	and K.C.C. 21A.16.010, Ordinance 11210, Section 12, as
40	amended, and K.C.C. 21A.16.115, Ordinance 10870,
41	Section 415, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.18.110,
42	Ordinance 10870, Section 424, as amended, and K.C.C.

43	21A.20.060, Ordinance 10870, Section 433, and K.C.C.
44	21A.20.130, Ordinance 15051, Section 137, as amended,
45	and K.C.C. 21A.24.045, Ordinance 15051, Section 138,
46	and K.C.C. 21A.24.051, Ordinance 10870, Section 454, as
47	amended, and K.C.C. 21A.24.070, Ordinance 10870,
48	Section 458, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.24.110,
49	Ordinance 15051, Section 152, and K.C.C. 21A.24.137,
50	Ordinance 10870, Section 465, as amended, and K.C.C.
51	21A.24.180, Ordinance 10870, Section 471, as amended,
52	and K.C.C. 21A.24.240, Ordinance 10870, Section 473, as
53	amended, and K.C.C. 21A.24.260, Ordinance 10870,
54	Section 477, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.24.300,
55	Ordinance 15606, Section 20, as amended, and K.C.C.
56	21A.30.085, Ordinance 8867, Section 1, as amended, and
57	K.C.C. 26.12.010, Ordinance 15051, Section 231, and
58	K.C.C. 21A.24.520, Ordinance 3688, Section 801, as
59	amended, and K.C.C. 21A.25.290, Ordinance 13129,
60	Section 9, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.27.090, Ordinance
61	10870, Section 530, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.30.020,
62	Ordinance 11168, Section 5, as amended, and K.C.C.
63	21A.30.062, Ordinance 10870, Section 557, as amended,
64	and K.C.C. 21A.32.200, Ordinance 10870, Section 579, as
65	amended, and K.C.C. 21A.38.060, adding new sections to

66	K.C.C. chapter 21A.06, adding a new section to K.C.C.
67	chapter 21A.12, adding new sections to K.C.C. chapter
68	21A.24 and repealing Ordinance 15051, Section 59, and
69	K.C.C. 21A.06.522.
70	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
71	SECTION 1. Ordinance 9163, Section 2, as amended, and K.C.C. 9.04.020 are
72	each hereby amended to read as follows:
73	The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context
74	clearly requires otherwise.
75	A. "Adjustment" means a department-approved variation in the application of the
76	requirements of K.C.C. 9.04.050 and the Surface Water Design Manual to a particular
77	project in accordance with K.C.C. 9.04.050C. "Adjustment" replaces "variance," which
78	was used in prior editions of the Surface Water Design Manual.
79	B. "Applicant" means a property owner or a public agency or public or private
80	utility that owns a right-of-way or other easement or has been adjudicated the right to
81	such an easement under RCW 8.12.090, or any person or entity designated or named in
82	writing by the property or easement owner to be the applicant, in an application for a
83	development proposal, permit or approval.
84	C. "Basin" means a geographic area that contains and drains to a stream or river
85	named and noted on common maps, such as the Cedar river, Sammamish river, Green
86	river, Snoqualmie river, Skykomish river or White river, or a geographic area that drains
87	to a nonflowing water body named and noted on common maps, such as Lake
88	Washington or Puget Sound.

89	D. "Basin plan" means a plan and all implementing regulations and procedures
90	including, but not limited to, capital projects, public education activities and land use
91	management adopted by ordinance for managing surface and storm water within the
92	basin.

- E. "Closed depression" means an area greater than five thousand square feet at overflow elevation that is low-lying and that has no or such a limited surface water outlet that the area acts as a stormwater retention facility.
- F. "Construct or modify" means to install a new drainage pipe or ditch or make improvements to an existing drainage pipe or ditch, for purposes other than maintenance, that either serves to concentrate previously unconcentrated surface and storm water runoff or serves to increase, decrease or redirect the conveyance of surface and storm water runoff. "Construct or modify" does not include installation or maintenance of a driveway culvert installed as part of a single-family residential building permit.
- G. "Conveyance system" means the drainage facilities and features, both natural and constructed, that collect, contain and provide for the flow of surface and storm water from the highest points on the land down to a receiving water. The natural elements of the conveyance system include swales and small drainage courses, streams, rivers, lakes and wetlands. The constructed elements of the conveyance system include gutters, ditches, pipes, channels and most flow control and water quality treatment facilities.
- H. "Department" means the department of natural resources and parks or its successor.
- I. "Development" means any activity that requires a permit or approval, including, but not limited to, a building permit, grading permit, shoreline substantial

development permit, conditional use permit, special use permit, zoning variance or
reclassification, subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned development, binding site
plan, site development permit or right-of-way use permit. "Development" does not
include ((a Class I, II, III or IV-S forest practice conducted in accordance with chapter
76.09 RCW and Title 222 WAC or a class IV-G nonconversion forest practice, as defined
in K.C.C. chapter 21A.06, conducted in accordance with chapter 76.09 RCW and Title
222 WAC and a county-approved forest management plan)) forest management
activities, as defined in K.C.C. chapter 21A.06.
J. "Director" means the director of the department of natural resources and parks,
or any duly authorized representative of the director.
K. "Drainage" means the collection, conveyance, containment or discharge, or
any combination thereof, of surface and storm water runoff.
L. "Drainage facility" means a constructed or engineered feature that collects,
conveys, stores or treats surface and storm water runoff. "Drainage facility" includes, but
is not limited to, a constructed or engineered stream, pipeline, channel, ditch, gutter, lake,
wetland, closed depression, flow control or water quality treatment facility, erosion and
sediment control facility and other structure and appurtenance that provides for drainage.
M. "Drainage review" means an evaluation by King County staff of a proposed
project's compliance with the drainage requirements in the Surface Water Design Manual.
The types of drainage review include: Small project drainage review, targeted drainage
review, full drainage review and large project drainage review.

N. "Erosion and sediment control" means any temporary or permanent measures
taken to reduce erosion, control siltation and sedimentation and ensure that sediment-
laden water does not leave the site or enter into wetlands or aquatic areas.

- O. "Financial guarantee" means a form of financial security posted to do one or more of the following: ensure timely and proper completion of improvements; ensure compliance with the King County Code; or provide secured warranty of materials, workmanship of improvements and design. "Financial guarantees" include assignments of funds, cash deposit, surety bonds or other forms of financial security acceptable to the director of the department of development and environmental services. "Performance guarantee," "maintenance guarantee" and "defect guarantee" are considered sub categories of financial guarantee.
- P. "Flood hazard ((reduction)) management plan" means a plan and all implementing goals, objectives, guiding principles, policies and programs, ((regulations and procedures)) including, but not limited to, capital projects, public outreach and education activities and enforcement programs for reduction of flood ((hazards)) risks and prepared in accordance with RCW 86.12.200.
- Q "Flow control best management practice" means a method or design for dispersing, infiltrating or otherwise reducing or preventing development-related increases in surface and storm water runoff at, or near, the sources of those increases. "Flow control best management practice" includes the methods and designs specified in the Surface Water Design Manual.
- R. "Flow control facility" means a drainage facility designed to mitigate the impacts of increased surface and storm water runoff generated by site development in

156	accordance with the drainage requirements in this chapter. A "flow control facility" is
157	designed either to hold water for a considerable length of time and then release it by
158	evaporation, plant transpiration or infiltration into the ground or to hold runoff for a short
159	period of time and then release it to the conveyance system.
160	S. "Full drainage review" means the evaluation required by K.C.C. 9.04.030 for
161	any proposed project, unless the project is subject to small project drainage review,
162	targeted drainage review or large project drainage review, that:
163	1. Would result in two thousand square feet or more of new impervious surface;
164	2. Would result in thirty-five thousand square feet or more of new pervious
165	surface: or
166	3. Is a redevelopment project on one or more parcels where the total of new and
167	replaced impervious surface is five thousand square feet or more and when the valuation
168	of proposed improvements exceeds fifty percent of the assessed value of the existing site
169	improvements, including interior improvements and excluding required mitigation and
170	frontage improvements.
171	T. "High-use site" means a commercial, industrial or road intersection site that
172	generates a higher than average number of vehicle turnovers or has other characteristics
173	that generate the potential for chronic oil accumulation. "High use site" includes:
174	1. A commercial or industrial site subject to:
175	a. an expected daily traffic count greater than one hundred vehicles per one
176	thousand square feet of gross building area;
177	b. petroleum storage or transfer in excess of one thousand gallons per year, not

including routine fuel oil storage or transfer; or

179	c. use, storage or maintenance of a fleet of twenty-five or more diesel vehicles
180	each weighing over ten tons; or
181	2. A road intersection with average daily traffic counts of twenty-five thousand
182	vehicles or more on the main roadway and fifteen thousand or more vehicles on any
183	intersecting roadway, excluding pedestrian or bicycle use improvement projects.
184	U. "Hydraulically connected" means connected through surface flow or water
185	features such as wetlands or lakes.
186	V. "Impervious surface" means a hard surface area that either prevents or retards
187	the entry of water into the soil mantle as under natural conditions before development or
188	that causes water to run off the surface in greater quantities or at an increased rate of flow
189	from the flow present under natural conditions ((prior to)) before development. Common
190	impervious surfaces include, but are not limited to, roofs, walkways, patios, driveways,
191	parking lots, storage areas, areas that are paved, graveled or made of packed or oiled
192	earthen materials or other surfaces that similarly impede the natural infiltration of surface
193	and storm water. An open uncovered flow control or water quality treatment facility is
194	not an "impervious surface."((-))
195	W. "Improvement" means a permanent, human-made, physical change to land or
196	real property including, but not limited to, buildings, streets, driveways, sidewalks,
197	crosswalks, parking lots, water mains, sanitary and storm sewers, drainage facilities and
198	landscaping.
199	X. "Land disturbing activity" means an activity that results in a change in the
200	existing soil cover, both vegetative and nonvegetative, or to the existing soil topography.
201	"Land disturbing activity" includes, but is not limited to, demolition, construction,

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202	clearing, grading, filling, excavation and compaction. "Land disturbing activity" does not
203	include tilling conducted as part of agricultural practices, landscape maintenance or
204	gardening.
205	Y. "Lake management plan" means a plan describing the lake management
206	recommendations and requirements adopted by public rule for managing water quality
207	within individual lake basins.
208	Z. "Large project drainage review" means the evaluation required by K.C.C.
209	9.04.030 for any proposed project that:
210	1. Has an urban plan development land use designation in the King County
211	Comprehensive Plan land use map;
212	2. Would, at full buildout of the project site, result in fifty acres or more of new
213	impervious surface within a drainage subbasin or a number of subbasins hydraulically
214	connected across subbasin boundaries; or
215	3. Has a project site of fifty acres or more within a critical aquifer recharge area,
216	as defined in K.C.C. Title 21A.
217	AA. "Licensed civil engineer" means a person registered with the State of
218	Washington as a professional engineer in civil engineering.
219	BB. "Maintenance" means those usual activities taken to prevent a decline, lapse
220	or cessation in the use of currently serviceable structures, facilities, equipment or
221	systems, if there is no expansion of the structure, facilities, equipment or system and
222	there are no significant hydrologic impacts. "Maintenance" includes the repair or

replacement of nonfunctional facilities or the replacement of existing structures with

different types of structures, if the repair or replacement is required by one or more

225	environmental permits or to meet current engineering standards and the functioning
226	characteristics of the original facility or structure are not changed.
227	CC. "Master drainage plan" means a comprehensive drainage control plan
228	intended to prevent significant adverse impacts to the natural and constructed drainage
229	system, both on- and off-site.
230	DD. "Native vegetated surface" means a surface in which the soil conditions,
231	ground cover and species of vegetation are like those of the original native condition for
232	the site, as more specifically set forth in the Surface Water Design Manual.
233	EE. "Natural discharge location" means the location where runoff leaves the
234	project site under existing site conditions as defined in the Surface Water Design Manual.
235	FF. "New impervious surface" means the creation of a hard or compacted surface
236	such as roofs, pavement, gravel or dirt or the addition of a more compacted surface such
237	as the paving of existing dirt or gravel.
238	GG. "New pervious surface" means the conversion of a native vegetated surface
239	or other native surface to a nonnative pervious surface, including, but not limited to,
240	pasture land, grassland, cultivated land, lawn, landscaping or bare soil or any alteration of
241	existing nonnative pervious surface that results in increased surface and storm water
242	runoff as defined in the Surface Water Design Manual.
243	HH. "Pollution-generating impervious surface" means an impervious surface
244	considered to be a significant source of pollutants in surface and storm water runoff.
245	"Pollution-generating impervious surface includes those surfaces subject to vehicular use
246	or storage of erodible or leachable materials, wastes or chemicals and that receive direct
247	rainfall or the run-on or blow-in of rainfall. A covered parking area would be included if

248	runoff from uphill could regularly run through it or if rainfall could regularly blow in and
249	wet the pavement surface. Metal roofs are also considered pollution-generating
250	impervious surface unless they are treated to prevent leaching.
251	II. "Pollution-generating pervious surface" means a nonimpervious surface
252	considered to be a significant source of pollutants in surface and storm water runoff.
253	"Pollution-generating pervious surfaces" include surfaces subject to the use of pesticides
254	and fertilizers, to the use or storage of erodible or leachable materials, wastes or
255	chemicals or to the loss of soil. "Pollution-generating pervious surface" includes, but is
256	not limited to, the lawn and landscaped areas of a residential or commercial site, golf
257	course, park sports field and county-standard grassed modular grid pavement.
258	JJ. "Project" means any proposed action to alter or develop a site that may also
259	require drainage review.
260	KK. "Project site" means the portion of a site and any offsite areas subject to
261	proposed project activities, alterations and improvements including those required by this
262	chapter.
263	LL. "Redevelopment project" means a project that proposes to add, replace or
264	modify impervious surface for purposes other than a residential subdivision or
265	maintenance on a site that:
266	1. Is already substantially developed in a manner that is consistent with its
267	current zoning or with a legal nonconforming use; or
268	2. Has an existing impervious surface coverage of thirty-five percent or more.
269	MM. "Replaced impervious surface" means an existing impervious surface

proposed to be removed and reestablished as impervious surface, excluding impervious

surface removed for the sole purpose of installing utilities or performing maintenance.

For purposes of this definition, "removed" includes the removal of buildings down to bare soil or the removal of Portland cement concrete slabs or pavement or asphaltic concrete pavement.

NN. "Runoff" means that portion of water originating from rainfall and other precipitation that flows over the surface or just below the surface from where it fell and is found in drainage facilities, rivers, streams, springs, seeps, ponds, lakes, wetlands and shallow groundwater as well as on ground surfaces. For the purpose of this definition, groundwater means all waters that exist beneath the land surface or beneath the bed of any stream, lake or reservoir, or other body surface water, whatever may be the geological formation or structure in which such water stands or flows, percolates or otherwise moves.

OO. "Salmon conservation plan" means a plan and all implementing regulations and procedures including, but not limited to, land use management adopted by ordinance, capital projects, public education activities and enforcement programs for conservation and recovery of salmon within a water resource inventory area designated by the state under WAC 173-500-040.

PP. "Shared facility" means a drainage facility designed to meet one or more of the requirements of K.C.C. 9.04.050 for two or more separate projects contained within a basin. Shared facilities usually include shared financial commitments for those drainage facilities.

QQ. "Site" means a single parcel, or two or more contiguous parcels that are under common ownership or documented legal control, used as a single parcel for a

294	proposed project for purposes of applying for authority from King County to carry out a
295	proposed project. For projects located primarily within dedicated rights-of-way, "site"
296	includes the entire width of right-of-way subject to improvements proposed by the
297	project.
298	RR. "Small project drainage review" means the drainage review for a proposed
299	single-family residential project or agricultural project that:
300	1. Would result in:
301	a. ten thousand square feet or less of total impervious surface added on or after
302	January 8, 2001; or
303	b. four percent or less of total impervious surface on a site as specified in the
304	Surface Water Design Manual; and
305	2. Meets the small project drainage requirements specified in the Surface Water
306	Design Manual, including flow control best management practices, erosion and sediment
307	control measures and drainage plan submittal requirement; and
308	3. Limits new pervious surface as specified in the Surface Water Design
309	Manual.
310	SS. "Stormwater compliance plan" means a plan or study and all regulations and
311	procedures that have been adopted by the county to implement the plan or study,
312	including, but not limited to, capital projects, public education activities and enforcement
313	programs for managing stormwater quantity and quality discharged from the county's
314	municipal separate storm sewer system in compliance with the National Pollutant
315	Discharge Elimination System permit program under the Clean Water Act.
316	TT. "Subbasin" means a geographic area that:

317	1. Drains to a stream or water body named and noted on common maps; and
318	2. Is contained within the basin of the stream or water body.
319	UU. "Surface and storm water" means water originating from rainfall and other
320	precipitation that is found on ground surfaces and in drainage facilities, rivers, streams,
321	springs, seeps, ponds, lakes, wetlands as well as and shallow ground water.
322	VV. "Surface Water Design Manual" means the manual, and supporting
323	documentation referenced or incorporated in the manual, describing surface and storm
324	water design and analysis requirements, procedures and guidance that has been formally
325	adopted by rule under the procedures in K.C.C. chapter 2.98. The Surface Water Design
326	Manual is available from the department of development and environmental services or
327	the department of natural resources and parks, water and land resources division or their
328	successor agencies.
329	WW. "Targeted drainage review" means an abbreviated evaluation required by
330	K.C.C. 9.04.030 for certain types of proposed projects that are not subject to full or large
331	project drainage review. Targeted drainage review may be required for some projects in
332	small project drainage review.
333	XX. "Water quality treatment facility" means a drainage facility designed to
334	reduce pollutants once they are already contained in surface and storm water runoff. A
335	water quality treatment facility is the structural component of best management practices
336	When used singly or in combination, a water quality treatment facility reduces the
337	potential for contamination of both surface and ground waters.
338	SECTION 2. Ordinance 2281, Section 5, as amended, and K.C.C. 9.04.050 are
339	each hereby amended to read as follows:

A. A proposed project required to have drainage review by K.C.C. 9.04.030 must
meet each of the following core requirements, which are described in detail in the Surface
Water Design Manual. Projects subject only to small project drainage review that meet
the small project drainage requirements specified in the Surface Water Design Manual,
including flow control best management practices, erosion and sediment control
measures and drainage plan submittal requirements are deemed to comply with the
following core requirements:

- 1. Core requirement 1: Discharge at the natural location. All surface and storm water runoff from a project shall be discharged at the natural location so as not to be diverted onto, or away from, downstream properties. The manner in which runoff is discharged from the project site shall not create a significant adverse impact or significantly aggravate an existing adverse impact to downhill properties or drainage systems as specified in the discharge requirements of the Surface Water Design Manual;
- 2. Core requirement 2: Offsite analysis. The initial application submittal for proposed projects shall include an offsite analysis report that assesses potential offsite drainage and water quality impacts associated with development of the proposed site and proposes appropriate mitigations to those impacts. This initial submittal shall include, at minimum, a Level One downstream analysis as described in the Surface Water Design Manual. If impacts are identified, the proposed projects shall meet any applicable problem-specific requirements as specified in the Surface Water Design Manual;
- 3. Core Requirement 3: Flow control. Proposed projects that would result in two thousand square feet or more of new impervious surface or thirty-five thousand square feet or more of new pervious surface, or that are redevelopment projects that

would result in a total of five thousand square feet or more of new and replaced impervious surface, shall provide flow control facilities or flow control BMPs, or both, to control surface and storm water runoff generated by new impervious surface, new pervious surface, replaced impervious surface and any existing impervious surface added on or after January 8, 2001, as specified in the Surface Water Design Manual. Flow control facilities shall meet the area-specific flow control facility requirements and the flow control facility implementation requirements applicable to the project site as specified in the Surface Water Design Manual. Flow control BMPs shall also be applied as specified in the Surface Water Design Manual. Projects subject to area-specific flow control facility requirements shall meet one of the flow control facility performance criteria listed in a. through c. of this subsection A.3., as directed by the Surface Water Design Manual:

- a. Level One shall match the predeveloped site's peak discharge rates for the two-year and ten-year return periods;
- b. Level Two shall meet Level One criteria and also match the predeveloped site's discharge durations for the predeveloped peak discharge rates between the fifty percent of the two-year peak flow through the fifty-year peak flow; or
- c. Level Three shall meet Level Two criteria and also match the predeveloped site's peak discharge rate for the one hundred-year return period;
- 4. Core requirement 4: Conveyance system. All engineered conveyance system elements for proposed projects shall be analyzed, designed and constructed to provide the minimum level of protection against overtopping, flooding, erosion and structural failure

as specified by the conveyance requirements for new and existing systems and conveyance implementation requirements described in the Surface Water Design Manual;

- 5. Core requirement 5: Erosion and sediment control. All proposed projects that will clear, grade or otherwise disturb the site shall provide erosion and sediment control that prevents, to the maximum extent practicable, the transport of sediment from the site to drainage facilities, water resources and adjacent properties. Erosion and sediment controls shall be applied in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 16.82 as specified by the temporary erosion and sediment control measures and performance criteria and implementation requirements in the King County Surface Water Design Manual;
- 6. Core requirement 6: Maintenance and operation. Maintenance of all drainage facilities in compliance with King County maintenance standards is the responsibility of the applicant or property owner as described in the Surface Water Design Manual, except those facilities for which King County assumes maintenance and operation as described in K.C.C. 9.04.115 and 9.04.120 and the Surface Water Design Manual;
- 7. Core requirement 7: Financial guarantees and liability. All drainage facilities constructed or modified for projects, except downspout infiltration and dispersion systems for single family residential lots, must comply with the liability requirements of K.C.C. 9.04.100 and the financial guarantee requirements of K.C.C. Title 27A;
- 8. Core requirement 8: Water quality. Proposed projects that would result in five thousand square feet or more of new pollution generating impervious surface or thirty-five thousand square feet or more of new pollution-generating pervious surface, or

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that are redevelopment projects that would result in a total of five thousand square feet or more of new and replaced pollution-generating impervious surface, shall provide water quality treatment facilities to treat polluted surface and storm water runoff generated by new or replaced pollution-generating impervious surface, new pollution-generating pervious surface and any existing pollution-generating impervious surface added on or after January 8, 2001, as specified in the Surface Water Design Manual. However, pervious surfaces are specifically excluded if there is a good faith agreement with the King Conservation District to implement a farm management plan for agricultural uses, and pervious areas for other uses are specifically excluded if King County department of development and environmental services approves a landscape management plan that controls pesticides and fertilizers leaving the site. Water quality treatment facilities shall meet the area-specific water quality treatment requirements and the water quality implementation requirements applicable to the project site as specified in the Surface Water Design Manual. The facilities specified by these requirements are designed to reduce pollutant loads according to the applicable annual average performance goals listed in a. through d. of this subsection A.8. for ninety-five percent of the annual average runoff volume: a. for basic water quality: remove eighty percent of the total suspended solids; b. for enhanced basic water quality: remove fifty percent of the total zinc;

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c. for sensitive lake protection: remove fifty percent of the total phosphorus;

- d. for sphagnum bog protection: remove fifty percent of the total phosphorus and forty percent of the total nitrate plus nitrite. The discharge shall maintain a pH of less than 6.5 and an alkalinity of less than ten milligrams per liter.
- B. A proposed project required by K.C.C. 9.04.030 to have drainage review shall meet any of the following special requirements ((which)) that apply to the site and ((which)) that are described in detail in the Surface Water Design Manual. The department of development and environmental services shall verify if a proposed project is subject to and must meet any of the following special requirements.
- 1. Special Requirement 1: Other adopted area-specific requirements. If a proposed project is in a designated critical drainage area, or is in an area included in an adopted master drainage plan, basin plan, salmon conservation plan, stormwater compliance plan, flood hazard ((reduction)) management plan, lake management plan or shared facility plan, then the proposed project shall meet the applicable drainage requirements of the critical drainage area, master drainage plan, basin plan, salmon conservation plan, stormwater compliance plan, flood hazard ((reduction)) management plan, lake management plan or shared facility plan;
- 2. Special Requirement 2: Floodplain/floodway delineation. If a proposed project contains or is adjacent to a stream, lake, wetland or closed depression, or if other King County regulations require study of flood hazards relating to the proposed project, the one hundred year floodplain boundaries and floodway shall be determined and delineated on the site improvement plans and profiles and any final maps prepared for the proposed project. The flood hazard study shall be prepared for as specified in the Surface Water Design Manual;

- 3. Special Requirement 3: Flood protection facilities. If a proposed project contains or is adjacent to a stream that has an existing flood protection facility, such as a levee, revetment or berm, or proposes to either construct a new or modify an existing flood protection facility, then the flood protection facilities shall be analyzed and designed as specified in the Surface Water Design Manual to conform with the Federal Emergency Management Agency regulations as found in 44 C.F.R;
- 4. Special Requirement 4: Source Control. If a proposed project requires a commercial building or commercial site development permit, then water quality source controls shall be applied to prevent rainfall and runoff from coming into contact with pollutants to the maximum extent practicable. Water quality source controls shall be applied in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 9.12, the King County stormwater pollution prevention manual and the Surface Water Design Manual. All structural source controls shall be identified on the site improvement plans and profiles or final maps prepared for the proposed project; and
- 5. Special Requirement 5: Oil control. If a proposed project is a high-use site or is a redevelopment project proposing one hundred thousand dollars or more of improvements to an existing high-use site, then oil control shall be applied to all runoff from the high-use portion of the site as specified in the Surface Water Design Manual.
- C.1. An adjustment to the requirements contained in this section or other requirements in the Surface Water Design Manual may be proposed. The resulting development shall be subject to all of the remaining terms and conditions of this chapter and the adjustment shall:
  - a. produce a compensating or comparable result in the public interest; and

475	b. meet this chapter's objectives of safety, function, appearance, environmental
476	protection and maintainability based upon sound engineering judgment.
477	2. If complying with subsection C.1.a. of this section will deny all reasonable
478	use of a property, the best practicable alternative shall be obtained as determined by the
479	director of the department of development and environmental services according to the
480	adjustment process defined in the Surface Water Design Manual.
481	3. Requests for adjustments that may conflict with the requirements of any other
482	King County division shall require review and concurrence with that division.
483	4. A request for an adjustment is a Type 1 land use decision as provided for in
484	K.C.C. 20.20.020 and shall be processed in accordance with the procedures specified in
485	the Surface Water Design Manual.
486	5. The county may require monitoring of experimental designs and technology
487	or untested applications proposed by the applicant in order to determine compliance with
488	subsection C.1. of this section and the approved plans and conditions.
489	6. The applicant may appeal an adjustment decision by following the appeal
490	procedures as specified in the Surface Water Design Manual.
491	D. The drainage review requirements in this section and in the Surface Water
492	Design Manual may be modified or waived under the procedures in K.C.C. 21A.55.060.
493	SECTION 3. Ordinance 7590, Section 7, as amended, and K.C.C. 9.08.060 are
494	each hereby amended to read as follows:
495	A. It is the finding of the county that the majority of the basins in the service area
496	are shared with incorporated cities and towns. In order to achieve a comprehensive

approach to surface and storm water management the county and incorporated

jurisdictions within a specific basin ((should)) shall coordinate surface and storm water, management services. In addition, the program may contract for services with interested municipalities or special districts including but not limited to sewer and water districts, school districts, port districts or other governmental agencies.

B. It is the finding of the county that many of the difficulties found in the management of surface and storm water problems are contributed to by the general lack of public knowledge about the relationship between human actions and surface and storm water management. In order to achieve a comprehensive approach to surface and storm water management the county should provide general information to the public about land use and human activities ((whieh)) that impact surface and storm water management. Pursuant to RCW 36.89.085, it is the finding of the county that public school districts can provide significant benefits to the county regarding surface and storm water management through educational programs and community activities related to protection and enhancement of the surface and storm water management system. These programs and activities can provide students with an understanding of human activities and land use practices that create surface and storm water problems and involve students by learning from first hand exposure, the difficulties of resolving surface and storm water management problems after they occur.

C. It is the finding of the county that technical assistance and community education have been shown to be a cost-effective means of improving the management of the impacts of surface and storm water runoff. Technical assistance and community education regarding stewardship enables King County, its residents and businesses to comply with federal, state and local mandates and enables the county to protect its quality

of life and its natural resources. The promotion of stewardship is an integral part of a comprehensive surface and storm water management program.

- D. It is the finding of the county that developed parcels contribute to an increase in surface and storm water runoff to the surface and storm water management system. This increase in surface and storm water runoff results in the need to establish rates and charges to finance the county's activities in surface and storm water management.

  Developed parcels shall be subject to the rates and charges of the surface water management program based on their contribution to increased runoff. The factors to be used to determine the degree of increased surface and storm water runoff to the surface and storm water management system from a particular parcel shall be the percentage of impervious surface coverage on the parcel, the total acreage of the parcel and any mitigating factors as determined by King County.
- E. It is the finding of the county that undeveloped parcels do not contribute as much as developed parcels to an increase in surface and storm water runoff into the surface and storm water management system. Undeveloped properties shall be exempt from the rates and charges of the surface water management program.
- F. It is the finding of the county that maintained drainage facilities mitigate the increased runoff contribution of developed parcels by providing on-site drainage control. Parcels served by flow control facilities ((which)) that were required for development of the parcel pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 9.04 and approved by King County or can be demonstrated as required in K.C.C. 9.08.080 by the property owner to provide flow control of surface and storm water to the standards in K.C.C. chapter 9.04 shall receive a discount as provided in the rates and charges of the surface water management program,

if the facility is maintained at the parcel owner's expense to the standard established by the department.

G. It is the finding of the county that improvements to the quality of storm water runoff can decrease the impact of that runoff on the environment. Parcels served by water quality treatment facilities that were required for development of the parcel pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 9.04 and approved by King County or that can be demonstrated as required in K.C.C. 9.08.080 by the property owner to provide treatment of surface and storm water to the standards in K.C.C. chapter 9.04 shall receive a discount as provided in the rates and charges of the surface water management program, if the facility is maintained at the parcel owner's expense to the standard established by the department.

H. It is the finding of the county that parcels with at least sixty-five percent of their land in forest, no more than twenty percent in impervious surface, and dispersed runoff from the impervious surface through the forested land resulting in an effective impervious area of ten percent or less for the entire parcel, do not contribute as much to an increase in surface and storm water runoff as properties with less forest that do not disperse. These properties shall be eligible to receive a discount as provided in the rates and charges of the surface water management program if the runoff from the impervious surface is dispersed in accordance with the standards established by the department.

I. It is the finding of the county that parcels ((which)) that make use of their pervious surface area to absorb storm water runoff from the impervious surfaces do not contribute as much to an increase in surface and storm water runoff as properties that do not use their pervious area to absorb runoff. These properties shall be eligible to receive

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a discount as provided in the rates and charges of the surface water management program if the runoff from the impervious surface is dispersed in accordance with the standards established by the department.

J. It is a finding of the county that open space properties provide a benefit to the surface and storm water management system by the retention of property in an undeveloped state. Open space properties shall receive a discount from the rates and charges to encourage the retention of property as open space.

K. It is a finding of the county that current scientific studies demonstrate that conservation and maintenance of forestland and open space contribute to the proper management of surface water quality and quantity. The scientific analysis performed in connection with the Cedar river, Issaquah creek and Bear creek basin plans have demonstrated that forests intercept and evaporate more rainfall, provide more soil storage, retain and trap more sediments and purify contaminated water better than any other land use. Conservation and maintenance of public forests, the provision of technical assistance and encouragement to private landowners to retain forests are effective ways to prevent disruption of natural hydrology. Open Space lands, to the extent that they retain their natural condition and do not contain impervious surface, also perform an important surface water function by not detracting from the functioning of natural hydrology systems. Conservation and maintenance of publicly owned open space and forestland is often more cost-effective than building and maintain artificial or engineered surface and storm water management facilities. Additional financial resources are required to conserve and maintain those natural resource lands that serve important surface and storm water management functions.

L. It is a finding of the county that the majority of the parcels in the service area are residential. The variance between residential parcels in impervious surface coverage is found to be minor and to reflect only minor differences in increased runoff contributions. The administrative cost of calculating the service charge individually for each residential parcel and maintaining accurate information would be very high. A flat charge for residential parcels is less costly to administer than calculating a separate charge for each parcel and is equitable because of the similarities in impervious surface coverage between residential parcels. Therefore, residential parcels shall be charged a flat charge based upon an average amount of impervious surface.

M. It is a finding of the county that very lightly developed nonresidential parcels ((which)) that have an impervious surface coverage of ten percent or less of the total parcel acreage are characterized by a very low intensity of development and generally a large number of acres. A greater number of acres of undeveloped land associated with an impervious surface results in significantly less impact to the surface and storm water management system. Many of the very lightly developed properties are recreational, agricultural and timber lands identified in the King County ((e))Comprehensive ((p))Plan and should be encouraged to retain their low intensity of development. These parcels shall be charged a flat rate ((which will)) to encourage the retention of large areas of very lightly developed land.

N. It is the finding of the county that lightly to very heavily developed nonresidential parcels ((which)) that have an impervious surface coverage of more than ten percent have a substantial impact on the surface and storm water management system. The impact of these parcels on the surface and storm water management system increases

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with the size of the parcels. Therefore, lightly to very heavily developed properties shall be charged a rate determined by the percent of impervious surface coverage multiplied by the parcel acreage.

- O. It is a finding of the county that county and state roads contribute a significant amount of increased runoff to the surface and storm water management system, which contributes to the need for basin planning, drainage facilities and other related services. However, both the county roads and state highway programs provide substantial annual programs for the construction and maintenance of drainage facilities, and the roads systems and their associated drainage facilities serve as an integral part of the surface and storm water management system. The rate charged county roads and state highways shall reflect the benefit ((which)) that county roads and state highway facilities provide to the surface and storm water management system. County and state road drainage systems unlike the drainage systems on other properties are continually being upgraded to increase both conveyance capacity and control. It is envisioned that the roads program will work cooperatively with the surface water management program to improve regional surface and storm water management services as new information is available from basin plans and other sources. The percentage of impervious surface coverage for county roads and state highways shall be calculated by dividing average width of roadway and shoulder by the average width of the right of way. The service charge shall be calculated in accordance with RCW 90.03.525.
- P. It is the finding of the county that comprehensive management of surface and storm water runoff must include anticipation of future growth and development in the design and improvement of the surface and storm water management system. Service

charge revenue needs shall be based upon the present and future requirements of the surface and storm water management system, and these needs shall be considered when determining the rates and charges of the program.

Q. It is the finding of the county that basin plans are essential to establishing a comprehensive approach to a capital improvement program, maintenance of facilities and regulation of new developments. A plan should analyze the measures needed to control surface and storm water runoff ((which)) that results from existing and anticipated development within the basin. The measures investigated to control runoff should include land use regulation such as setback requirements or community plan revisions ((which)) that revise land use densities as well as the use of drainage facilities. A plan also should recommend the quantity and water quality runoff control measures required to further the purposes set forth in K.C.C. 9.08.040, and community goals. The institutional requirements and regulations, including but not limited to land use management, funding needs, and incentives for preserving the natural surface water drainage system should be identified in the plan. The proposed ordinances and regulations necessary to implement the plan shall be transmitted to the council simultaneously with the plan.

R. It is a finding of the county that the federal government has increased requirements concerning surface water quantity and control. The federal Clean Water Act, implemented through municipal storm water NPDES permits, mandates a wide variety of local programs to manage surface water and improve water quality.

Compliance will increasingly be measured by the effectiveness of King County's surface water and water quality programs. The NPDES permit impacts operations in the roads,

solid waste, transit and parks divisions, the airport and the department of development and environmental services, and most activities in the water and land resources division.

- S. It is a finding of the county that Chinook salmon were listed as a threatened species in March 1999, and bull trout were listed as a threatened species in November 1999, under the federal Endangered Species Act. These listings focus the need for higher standards in managing surface water including new, expanded and more intensive programs to control the quantity of runoff as well as its quality. Programs responding to these imperatives have included the design, permitting and construction of facilities, facility retrofitting and maintenance, habitat acquisition and restoration, monitoring, regulation development and coordination with other agencies on transboundary issues.
- T. It is the finding of the county that areas with development related surface and storm water problems require comprehensive management of surface and storm water.
- U. It is the finding of the county that additional surface and storm water runoff problems may be caused by new land use development if not properly mitigated both through protection of natural systems and through constructed improvements. The Surface Water Design Manual and K.C.C Titles 9, 16, 20 and 21A have been adopted by King County to mitigate the impact of land use development. Further mitigation of these impacts is based on expertise ((which)) that continues to evolve as new information on our natural systems is obtained and new techniques are discovered. The surface water management program, through reconnaissance studies, basin plans, and other special studies, will continuously provide valuable information on the existing problems and areas of the natural drainage system that need special protection. The county is researching and developing methods to protect the natural drainage system through

zoning, buffering and setbacks to alleviate existing problems. Setback and buffering measures allow natural preservation of wetlands and stream corridors to occur, alleviate erosion and water pollution and provide a safe environment for the small mammals and fish ((which)) that inhabit sensitive areas. Based upon the findings in this subsection, and as information and methods become available, the executive, as appropriate shall draft and submit to the council, regulations and development standards to allow protection of the surface and storm water management system including natural drainage systems.

V. It is the finding of the county that the unique stormwater needs of the unincorporated rural area of the county require that the county's surface water management program established under chapter 36.89 RCW develop a rural drainage program. The intent of this rural drainage program is to provide a means through which existing and emerging surface water problems in the rural areas can be addressed in a manner that preserves both rural resources and rural activities including agriculture and forestry. Rural drainage services provided by the division shall support a rural level of development and not facilitate urbanization. This rural drainage program shall result in a program consistent with Countywide Planning Policies and King County Comprehensive Plan policies.

W. The program will maintain long term fiscal viability and fund solvency for all of its related funds. All required capital and operating expenditures will be covered by service charges and other revenues generated or garnered by the program. The program will pay all current operating expenses from current revenues and will maintain an operating reserve to minimize service impacts due to revenue or expenditure variances from plan during a fiscal year. This reserve will be calculated based on the historic

variability of revenue and expenditures. The program will adopt a strategic financial planning approach ((which)) that recognizes the dynamic nature of the program's fiscal operating environment. Long-term projections will be updated in the program's adopted strategic plan. One-time revenues will be dedicated to one-time-only expenditures and will not be used to support ongoing requirements. The program's approach to financial reporting and disclosure will be comprehensive, open and accessible.

X. The program shall prepare an annual, multiyear capital improvement program ((which)) that encompasses all of the program's activities related to the acquisition, construction, replacement, or renovation of capital facilities or equipment. All proposed new facilities will be subject to a consistent and rigorous needs analysis. The program's capital facilities will be planned and financed to ensure that the benefits of the facilities and the costs for them are balanced over time.

Y. The program will manage its debt to ensure continued high credit quality, access to credit markets, and financial flexibility. All of the program's debt management activities will be conducted to maintain at least the current credit ratings assigned to the county's debt by the major credit rating agencies and to maintain an adequate debt service coverage ratio. Long term debt will not be used to support operating expenses. The program will develop and maintain a central system for all debt-related records ((which)) that will include all official statements, bid documents, ordinances indentures, leases, etc., for all of the program's debt and will accurately account for all interested earnings in debt-related funds. These records will be designed to ensure that the program is in compliance with all debt covenants and with state and federal laws.

727	SECTION 4. Ordinance 12560, Section 10, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.02.240
728	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
729	Section 105.2 of the International Building Code is not adopted and the following
730	is substituted:
731	Work exempt from permit (IBC 105.2). A building permit shall not be required
732	for the following:
733	Building:
734	1. One-story detached one and two family residential accessory buildings used as
735	tool and storage sheds, playhouses, tree supported structures used for play and similar
736	uses, not including garages or other buildings used for vehicular storage, provided the
737	floor area does not exceed 200 square feet (11.15 m2) provided that the roof overhang
738	does not exceed twenty-four inches measured horizontally from the exterior wall.
739	2. One-story detached agricultural <u>and forestry</u> accessory buildings used as ((tool
740	and storage sheds)) animal shelters or sheds for the storage of tools, animal feed, animal
741	bedding, seeds, seedlings or similar materials or products, not including offices, sleeping
742	or resting quarters, garages or ((other)) buildings used for vehicle storage, provided the
743	floor area does not exceed 200 square feet (11.15 m2) provided that the roof overhang
744	does not exceed twenty-four inches measured horizontally from the exterior wall.
745	3. Fences not over 6 feet (1.829 m) high.
746	4. Oil derricks.
747	5. Retaining walls ((which)) that are not over 4 feet (1.219 m) in height measured
748	from the bottom of the footing to the top of the wall, unless supporting a surcharge or
749	impounding Class I, II or III-A liquids.

750	6. Water tanks supported directly upon grade if the capacity does not exceed
751	5,000 gallons (18,927 l) and the ratio of height to diameter or width does not exceed 2 to
752	1.
753	7. Platforms, sidewalks and driveways not more than 30 inches (.762 m) above
754	grade and not over any basement or story below and ((which)) that are not part of an
755	accessible route.
756	8. Painting, papering, tiling, carpeting, cabinets, counter tops and similar finish
757	work.
758	9. Temporary motion picture, television and theater stage sets and scenery.
759	10. Prefabricated swimming pools accessory to a Group R, Division 3 Occupancy
760	as applicable in Section 101.2, ((which)) that are less than 24 inches (610 mm) deep, do
761	not exceed 5,000 gallons (18,925 l) and are installed entirely above ground.
762	11. Shade cloth structures constructed for nursery or agricultural purposes and
763	not including service systems.
764	12. Swings and other playground equipment.
765	13. Window awnings supported by an exterior wall ((which)) that do not project
766	more than 54 inches (1,372 mm) from the exterior wall and do not require additional
767	support of Group R3, as applicable in Section 101.2, and Group U Occupancies.
768 🏻	14. Moveable cases, counters and partitions not over 5 feet 9 inches (228.6 m)
769	high.
770	15. Re-roofing of existing buildings.
771	<b>EXCEPTION:</b> When replacement roofing adds more than 5 pounds per square
772	foot cumulative dead load to the weight of the original roofing a permit shall be required.

//3	16. Submerged, freestanding mechanical boat lifts associated with single-family
774	residential piers and recreational watercraft not exceeding 25 feet in length or 15 feet in
775	width with no portion exceeding a height of 10 feet above the ordinary high water mark
776	as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.825.
777	17. Work located primarily in a public way, public utility towers and poles.
778	18. Mechanical equipment not specifically regulated in this code.
779	19. Hydraulic flood control structures.
780	20. Antenna and dishes that fall under FCC Antenna Rule 47 C.F.R including
781	masts under twelve feet above the roof line and dishes up to one meter in diameter.
782	Gas:
783	1. Portable heating appliance.
784	2. Replacement of any minor part that does not alter approval of equipment
785	or make such equipment unsafe.
786	Mechanical:
787	1. Portable heating appliance.
788	2. Portable ventilation appliances and equipment.
789	3. Portable cooling unit.
790	4. Steam, hot or chilled water piping within any heating or cooling
791	equipment regulated by this code.
792	5. Replacement of any part ((which)) that does not alter its approval or make
793	it unsafe.
794	6. Portable evaporative cooler.

795	7. Self-contained refrigeration system containing 10 pounds (4.54 kg) or less
796	of refrigerant and actuated by motors of one horsepower (746 W) or less.
797	8. Portable fuel cell appliances that are not connected to a fixed piping
798	system and are not interconnected to a power grid.
799	Unless otherwise exempted, separate plumbing, electrical and mechanical permits
800	will be required for the above-exempted items.
801	Exemption from the permit requirements of this code shall not be deemed to grant
802	authorization for any work to be done in any manner in violation of the provisions of this
803	code or any other laws or ordinances of this jurisdiction.
804	SECTION 5. Ordinance 1488, Section 5, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.020 are
805	each hereby amended to read as follows:
806	Certain words and phrases used in this chapter, unless otherwise clearly indicated
807	by their context, mean as follows:
808	A. "Applicant" means a property owner or a public agency or public or private
809	utility that owns a right-of-way or other easement or has been adjudicated the right to
810	such an easement in accordance with RCW 8.12.090, or any person or entity designated
811	or named in writing by the property or easement owner to be the applicant, in an
812	application for a development proposal, permit or approval.
813	B. "Bench" means a relatively level step excavated or constructed on the face of a
814	graded slope surface for drainage and maintenance purposes.
815	C. "Civil engineer" means an engineer who is licensed as a professional engineer
816	in the branch of civil engineering by the state of Washington.

817	D. "Clearing" means the cutting, killing, grubbing or removing of vegetation or
818	other organic material by physical, mechanical, chemical or any other similar means.
819	E. "Compaction" means the densification of a fill by mechanical means.
820	F. "Cutting" means the severing of the main trunk or stem of woody vegetation a
821	any point.
822	G. "Department" means the department of development and environmental
823	services.
824	H. "Director" means the director of the department of development and
825	environmental services or the director's designee.
826	I. "Earth material" means any rock, natural soil or any combination thereof.
827	J. "Erosion" means the wearing away of the ground surface as the result of the
828	movement of wind, water or ice.
829	K. "Excavation" means the removal of earth material.
830	L. "Fill" means a deposit of earth material or recycled or reprocessed waste
831	material consisting primarily of organic or earthen materials, or any combination thereof,
832	placed by mechanical means.
833	M. "Geotechnical engineer" means an engineer who is licensed as a professional
834	engineer by the state of Washington and who has at least four years of relevant
835	professional employment.
836	N. "Grade" means the elevation of the ground surface.
337	1. "Existing grade" means the grade before grading.
338	2. "Finish grade" means the final grade of the site that conforms to the approved
339	plan as required in K.C.C. 16.82.060

840	3. "Rough grade" means the stage at which the grade approximately conforms to
841	the approved plan as required in K.C.C. 16.82.060.
842	O. "Grading" means any excavating, filling((;)) or ((removing of the duff layer))
843	land-disturbing activity, or combination thereof.
844	P. "Grading and clearing permit" means the permit required by this chapter for
845	grading and clearing activities, including temporary permits.
846	Q. "Land disturbing activity" means an activity that results in a change in the
847	existing soil cover, both vegetative and nonvegetative, or to the existing soil topography.
848	R. "Reclamation" means the final grading and restoration of a site to establish the
849	vegetative cover, soil surface water and groundwater conditions appropriate to
850	accommodate and sustain all permitted uses of the proposed zone appropriate for the site
851	$((R_{-}))$ S. "Shorelines" means those lands defined as shorelines in the state
852	Shorelines Management Act of 1971.
853	$((S_{\cdot}))$ T. "Site" means a single lot or parcel of land two or more contiguous lots
854	that are under common ownership or documented legal control, used as a single parcel
855	for a development proposal in order to calculate compliance with the standards and
856	regulations of this chapter. For purposes of this definition:
857	1. "Documented legal control" includes fee simple or leasehold rights, or an
858	easement, or any combination thereof, ((which)) that allows uses associated with the
859	overall development proposal; and
860	2. Lots that are separated only by a public road right-of-way shall be considered
861	to be contiguous.

862	$((T_{-}))$ <u>U</u> . "Slope" means inclined ground surface, the inclination of which is
863	expressed as a ratio of horizontal distance to vertical distance.
864	$((U_{\cdot}))$ $\underline{V}_{\cdot}$ "Structural engineer" means an engineer who is licensed as a
865	professional engineer in the branch of structural engineering by the state of Washington.
866	$((V_{-}))$ W. "Structure" means that which is built or constructed, an edifice or
867	building of any kind or any piece of work artificially built up or composed of parts
868	jointed together in some definite manner.
869	((W-)) X. "Tree" means a large woody perennial plant usually with a single main
870	stem or trunk and generally over twelve feet tall at maturity.
871	$((X_{\cdot}))$ Y. "Understory" means the vegetation layer of a forest that includes
872	shrubs, herbs, grasses and grass-like plants, but excludes native trees.
873	$((Y_{-}))$ Z. "Vegetation" means any organic plant life growing at, below or above
874	the soil surface.
875	SECTION 6. Ordinance 15053, Section 3, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.051 are
876	each hereby amended to read as follows:
877	A. For the purposes of this section, the definitions in K.C.C. chapter 21A.06
878	apply to the activities described in this section.
879	B. The following activities are excepted from the requirement of obtaining a
880	clearing or grading permit before undertaking forest practices or clearing or grading
881	activities, as long as those activities conducted in critical areas are in compliance with the
882	standards in this chapter and in K.C.C. chapter 21A.24. In cases where an activity may
883	be included in more than one activity category, the most-specific description of the
884	activity shall govern whether a permit is required. For activities involving more than one

critical area, compliance with the conditions applicable to each critical area is required.

Clearing and grading permits are required when a cell in this table is empty and for activities not listed on the table. Activities not requiring a clearing and grading permit may require other permits, including, but not limited to, a floodplain development permit.

KEY																			
"NP" in a cell means no	0	A	СО	ER	FLO	СН	L	Α	SEI	vo	S	Н	С	R	WE	A	A	W	A
clearing or grading			AL	081	OD	AN			SMI	LC					TL				
permit required if	U	R	ΜI	ON	НА	NE	A	N	СН	ANI	Т	A	R	Е	AN	Q	N	I	N
conditions are met. A			NE	НА	ZΑ	LM			ΑZ	СН					DS			L	
number in a cell means	Т	Е	НА	ZΑ	R D	IGR	N	D	A R	ΑZ	Е	Z	I	С	AN	U	D		D
the Numbered condition			ZA	R D		ATI			D	A R			Т		DВ			D	
in subsection C. applies.	0	Α	R D			ON	D	В		D	Е	Α		Н	UFF	A	В		N
"Wildlife area and													I		ER			L	
network" column	F	A					S	U			P	R	С	A		Т	U		Е
applies to both Wildlife																		I	
Habitat Conservation	С	N					L	F			s	D	A	R		Í	F	F	T
Area and Wildlife																С			
Habitat Network	R	D					I	F			L	Α	L	G			F	Е	w
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ACTIVITY													
Grading and Clearing													
Grading	NP 1,	NP 1,	NP 1,				NP 1,	NP 1,		NP 1,			
	2	2	2				2	2		2			
Clearing	NP 3	NP 3	NP 3	NP 3			NP 3	NP 3		NP 3	NP 4	NP 4	
	NP										NP	NP	
	24										23	23	
Covering of garbage	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5	NP 5
Emergency tree removal	NP	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6	NP 6
					INE U	INT U			INP 0		141, 0	NLO	INP 0
Hazard tree removal	NP	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>			<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>		<u>NP</u>			
	<u>25</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>25</u>	25			<u>25</u>	<u>25</u>		<u>25</u>			
Removal of noxious weeds	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
Removal of invasive	NP 7	NP 7	NP 7	NP 7	NP 7		NP 7	NP 7		NP 7	NP 8	NP 8	NP 8
vegetation													
((Non-conversion Class I, II,	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9	NP 9
III, IV-S forest practice))													
Forest management activity													
													V.

Emergency action	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10
Roads													
Grading within the roadway	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP			NP
	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11			11
Clearing within the roadway	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
		12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	ı	12	12	12
Maintenance of driveway or	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
private access road	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Maintenance of bridge or	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
culvert	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,	13,
	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,	14,
	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Construction of farm field	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
access drive	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
Maintenance of farm field	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
access drive	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Utilities													
Construction or maintenance	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
of utility corridors or facility	18	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	18	19	19	19
within the right-of-way													
Construction or maintenance	NP 1,		NP 1,				NP 1,	NP 1,		NP 1,			
of utility corridors or facility	2, 3		2, 3				2, 3	2, 3		2, 3			
outside of the right-of-way													
Maintenance of existing	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
surface water conveyance	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
system					-								
Maintenance of existing	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
surface water flow control	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
and surface water quality													
treatment facility													
										1			1

flood protection facility	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20	20
Maintenance or repair of	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
existing instream structure											11	11	
Recreation areas													
Maintenance of outdoor	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
public park facility, trail or	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
publicly improved recreation													
area													
Habitat and science													
projects													
Habitat restoration or	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
enhancement project	111	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	21	111	21	21	21
	NID 1									) TO 1			
Drilling and testing for	NP 1,	NP 1,	NP 1,	NP	NP	NP	NP 1,	NP 1,	NP	NP 1,	NP	NP	NP
critical areas report	2	2	2	22	22	22	2	2	22	2	22	22	22
Agriculture													
Horticulture activity	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
including tilling, discing,													
planting, seeding,			_										
harvesting, preparing soil,													
rotating crops and related													
activity													
Grazing livestock	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
Construction and	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP		NP	NP		NP	NP	NP	
maintenance of livestock	16	16	16	16	16		16	16		16	16	16	
manure storage facility	1.0	10	10	10	10		10	10			10		
	) IF	217											
Maintenance or replacement	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP
of agricultural drainage	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
Maintenance of agricultural	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	<u>NP</u>	NP	NP	NP	<u>NP</u>	<u>NP</u>	NP
waterway	26	<u>26</u>	<u>26</u>	<u>26</u>	26	26	26	26	<u>26</u>	26	26	26	26
Maintenance of farm pond,	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP

fish pond, livestock watering	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
pond													
Other													
Excavation of cemetery	NP												
grave in established and													
approved cemetery													
Maintenance of cemetery	NP												
grave		13	13		13	13			13		13	13	13
Maintenance of lawn,	NP												
landscaping and gardening		13	13		13	13			13		13	13	13
for personal consumption													
Maintenance of golf course	NP												
	13	13	13	13	13	13			13	13	13	13	13

889 C. The following conditions apply:

- 1. Excavation less than five feet in vertical depth, or fill less than three feet in vertical depth that, cumulatively over time, does not involve more than one hundred cubic yards on a single site.
- 2. Grading that produces less than two thousand square feet of new impervious surface on a single site added after January 1, 2005, or that produces less than two thousand square feet of replaced impervious surface or less than two thousand square feet of new plus replaced impervious surface after October 30, 2008. For purposes of this subsection C.2., "new impervious surface" and "replaced impervious surface" are defined in K.C.C. 9.04.020.
- 3. Cumulative clearing of less than seven thousand square feet including, but not limited to, collection of firewood and removal of vegetation for fire safety. This exception shall not apply to development proposals:
  - a. regulated as a Class IV forest practice under chapter 76.09 RCW;

903	b. in a critical drainage areas established by administrative rules;
904	c. subject to clearing limits included in property-specific development
905	standards and special district overlays under K.C.C. chapter 21A.38; or
906	d. subject to urban growth area significant tree retention standards under
907	K.C.C. 16.82.156 and 21A.38.230.
908	4. Cutting firewood for personal use in accordance with a forest management
909	plan or rural stewardship plan approved under K.C.C. Title 21A. For the purpose of this
910	condition, personal use shall not include the sale or other commercial use of the firewood.
911	5. Limited to material at any solid waste facility operated by King County.
912	6. Allowed to prevent imminent danger to persons or structures.
913	7. Cumulative clearing of less than seven thousand square feet annually or
914	conducted in accordance with an approved farm management plan, forest management
915	plan or rural stewardship plan.
916	8. Cumulative clearing of less than seven thousand square feet and either:
917	a. conducted in accordance with a farm management plan, forest management
918	plan or a rural stewardship plan; or
919	b. limited to removal with hand labor.
920	9. When conducted as a Class I, II, III or IV-S forest practice((s)) as defined in
921	chapter 76.09 RCW and Title 222WAC.
922	10. If done in compliance with K.C.C. 16.82.065.
923	11. Only when conducted by or at the direction of a government agency in
924	accordance with the regional road maintenance guidelines and K.C.C. 9.04.050, creates
925	less than two thousand square feet of new impervious surface on a single site added after

926	January 1, 2005, and is not within or does not directly discharge to an aquatic area or
927	wetland. For purposes of this subsection C.11., "new impervious surface" is defined in
928	K.C.C. 9.04.020.
929	12. Limited to clearing conducted by or at the direction of a government agency
930	or by a private utility that does not involve:
931	a. slope stabilization or vegetation removal on slopes; or
932	b. ditches that are used by salmonids.
933	13. In conjunction with normal and routine maintenance activities, if:
934	a. there is no alteration of a ditch or aquatic area that is used by salmonids:
935	b. the structure, condition or site maintained was constructed or created in
936	accordance with law; and
937	c. the maintenance does not expand the roadway, lawn, landscaping, ditch,
938	culvert or other improved area being maintained.
939	14. If a culvert is used by salmonids or conveys water used by salmonids and
940	there is no adopted farm management plan, the maintenance is limited to removal of
941	sediment and debris from the culvert and its inlet, invert and outlet and the stabilization
942	of the area within three feet of the culvert where the maintenance disturbed or damaged
943	the bank or bed and does not involve the excavation of a new sediment trap adjacent to
944	the inlet.
945	15. If used by salmonids, only in compliance with an adopted farm plan in
946	accordance with K.C.C. Title 21A and only if the maintenance activity is inspected by:
947	a. The King Conservation District;
948	b. King County department of natural resources and parks;

949	c. King County department of development and environmental services; or
950	d. Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife.
951	16. Only if consistent with an adopted farm plan in accordance with K.C.C.
952	Title 21A.
953	17. Only if((÷
954	a)) consistent with a farm plan ((in accordance with K.C.C. Title 21A; or
955	b. conducted in accordance with best management practices in the Natural
956	Resource Conservation Service Field Office Technical Guide)).
957	18. In accordance with a franchise permit.
958	19. Only within the roadway in accordance with a franchise permit.
959	20. When:
960	a. conducted by a public agency;
961	b. the height of the facility is not increased;
962	c. the linear length of the facility is not increased;
963	d. the footprint of the facility is not expanded waterward;
964	e. done in accordance with the Regional Road Maintenance Guidelines;
965	f. done in accordance with the adopted King County Flood Hazard
966	Management Plan and the Integrated Streambank Protection Guidelines (Washington
967	State Aquatic Habitat Guidelines Program, 2002); and
968	f. monitoring is conducted for three years following maintenance or repair and
969	an annual report is submitted to the department.
970	21. Only if:

9/1	a. the activity is not part of a mitigation plan associated with another
972	development proposal or is not corrective action associated with a violation; and
973	b. the activity is sponsored or co-sponsored by a public agency that has natural
974	resource management as its primary function or a federally-recognized tribe, and the
975	activity is limited to:
976	(1) revegetation of the critical area and its buffer with native vegetation or the
977	removal of noxious weeds or invasive vegetation;
978	(2) placement of weirs, log controls, spawning gravel, woody debris and
979	other specific salmonid habitat improvements;
980	(3) hand labor except:
981	(a) the use of riding mower or light mechanical cultivating equipment and
982	herbicides or biological control methods when prescribed by the King County noxious
983	weed control board for the removal of noxious weeds or invasive vegetation; or
984	(b) the use of helicopters or cranes if they have no contact with or otherwise
985	disturb the critical area or its buffer.
986	22. If done with hand equipment and does not involve any clearing.
987	23. Limited to removal of vegetation for forest fire prevention purposes in
988	accordance with best management practices approved by the King County fire marshal.
989	24. Limited to the removal of downed trees.
990	25. Except on properties that are:
991	a. subject to clearing limits included in property-specific development
992	standards and special district overlays under K.C.C. chapter 21A.38; or

993	b. subject to urban growth area significant tree retention standards under
994	K.C.C. 16.82.156.
995	26. Only if allowed under K.C.C. 21A.24.045.D.69. and if the maintenance
996	activity is inspected by the:
997	a. King Conservation District;
998	b. department of natural resources and parks;
999	c. department of permitting and environmental review; or
1000	d. Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife.
1001	SECTION 7. Ordinance 3108, Section 10, and K.C.C. 16.82.120 are each hereby
1002	amended to read as follows:
1003	A. Any fill placed upon land adjacent to or beneath any stream or water body
1004	shall be contained and placed so as to prevent adverse effect upon other lands.
1005	B. ((No permit required by this chapter shall be issued for grading upon the
1006	shorelines until approved by the appropriate federal, state and local authority.
1007	C.)) For grading ((which)) that requires a shoreline management substantial
1008	development permit, the conditions of the shoreline management substantial development
1009	permit shall be incorporated into the conditions of any permit issued pursuant to this
1010	chapter and shall be subject to the inspection and enforcement procedures authorized by
1011	this chapter.
1012	SECTION 8. Ordinance 9614, Section 102, as amended, and K.C.C. 16.82.140
1013	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
1014	A. ((Under a Class IV-G forest practice, all clearing not otherwise exempted
1015	under this chapter shall be subject to this chapter. All such clearing subject to the state

1016	Environmental Poncy Act, enapter 43.21C RCW, and King County shan accept of
1017	assume lead agency status. The department shall consolidate its review of the Class IV-G
1018	application with its SEPA review and its review of associated King-County development
1019	permits or approvals.
1020	B. Except as otherwise provided in subsections D. and E. of this section, f))For
1021	six years after ((the)) a Class II, III or IV-S forest practice, as defined in chapter 76.09
1022	RCW, has commenced on a tax parcel, either with or without a permit under chapter
1023	76.09 RCW, the department shall deny a development proposal on ((a site)) that tax
1024	parcel when the proposed activity ((was:
1025	1. A Class II, III or IV special forest practice, as defined in chapter 76.09 RCW;
1026	2. A nonconversion Class IV-G forest practice, as defined in K.C.C. chapter
1027	21A.06: or
1028	3. Undertaken without forest practices or county authorization)) is not related to
1029	ongoing forestry, agriculture or other resource management activities.
1030	((C. Subsection B. of this section applies to a development proposal for:
1031	1. The subdivision of land;
1032	2. The preparation or construction of a new residential or commercial structure;
1033	and
1034	3. Any other development proposal that is not related to ongoing forestry.
1035	D.)) B. The department may only approve a development proposal not related to
1036	ongoing forestry, agriculture or other resource management activities on a ((site)) tax
1037	parcel subject to subsection ((B.)) A. of this section if:

1038	1. The forest practice is conducted as a Class II, III or IV-S forest practice
1039	pursuant to a Washington state Department of Natural Resources forest practice permit,
1040	and
1041	a. ((T))the applicant demonstrates that the forest practice or clearing on the
1042	harvested portion of the ((site)) tax parcel was consistent with the Conversion Option
1043	((h))Harvest Plan reviewed and approved by King County;
1044	b. $((F))\underline{f}$ or est management activities conducted within aquatic areas, wetlands,
1045	steep slopes and wildlife habitat areas are limited to specific silvicultural prescriptions to
1046	improve forest health identified in a forest management plan approved by King County;
1047	((and)) or
1048	c. ((The forest practice is conducted as a:
1049	(1) Class IV-G nonconversion forest practice, as defined in K.C.C. chapter
1050	21A.06, that has been approved by the county;
1051	(2) Class II, III or IV-S forest practice pursuant to a Washington State
1052	Department of Natural resources forest practices permit
1053	(3) Class I forest practice, as defined in chapter 76.09 RCW, only for purposes
1054	of precommercial thinning and pruning)) the applicant demonstrates that the clearing on
1055	the harvested portion of the tax parcel was conducted consistently with a forest
1056	management plan for the parcel approved by King County and the forest management
1057	plan excluded the area proposed for development; or
1058	2. The director determines that:
1059	a. the applicant was the unknowing subject of criminal trespass, timber theft or
1060	fraud; and

1061	b. ((the applicant has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the department that:
1062	(1) those portions of the clearing not in compliance with the applicable King
1063	County regulations can be fully restored to the extent that functions shall be improved
1064	over those existing before the clearing; and
1065	(2) the unharvested portion of the property is not required to satisfy tree
1066	retention or other mitigation requirements; and
1067	e.)) the applicant has an approved mitigation plan to restore the areas cleared
1068	((without complying)) to comply with applicable King County regulations.
1069	((E. The department may approve a development proposal on the unharvested
1070	portion of a site subject to subsection B. of this section if:
1071	1. The applicant demonstrates that the clearing on the harvested portion of the
1072	site was conducted consistent with a forest management plan approved by King County
1073	and the forest management plan excluded the area proposed for development; and
1074	2. The forest practice is conducted as a:
1075	a. Class IV-G nonconversion forest practice, as defined in K.C.C. chapter
1076	21A.06, that has been approved by the county;
1077	b. Class II, III or IV-S forest practice pursuant to a Washington state
1078	Department of Natural resources forest practices permit; or
1079	c. Class I forest practice, as defined in chapter 76.09 RCW, only for purposes
1080	of precommercial thinning and pruning.
1081	F. In all cases, lifting or waiving of the six-year moratorium is subject to
1082	compliance with all county ordinances.))

1083	C.1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection C.2. of this section, the
1084	moratorium is applied to the entire tax parcel on which the forest practice has occurred.
1085	2. A development moratorium is applied only to the area affected by the forest
1086	practice if the tax parcel:
1087	a. is located in the forest production district and is enrolled in current use
1088	taxation under chapter 84.34 RCW; or
1089	b. has an approved forest management plan.
1090	SECTION 9. Ordinance 13694, Section 39, and K.C.C. 19A.08.040 are each
1091	hereby amended to read as follows:
1092	A. The subdivision and short subdivision provisions of this title shall not apply
1093	to((÷
1094	A. Divisions of lands for cemeteries and other burial plots while used for that
1095	purpose.
1096	B. D))divisions of land into lots or tracts each one of which is one-sixteenth of a
1097	section of land or larger, or forty acres or larger if the land is not capable of description as
1098	a fraction of a section of land; provided, that for purposes of computing the size of a lot
1099	that borders on a street or road, the lot size shall be expanded to include that area that
1100	would be bounded by the center line of the road or street and the side lot lines of the lot
1101	running perpendicular to such center line and further provided that within the resource
1102	zones, each lot or tract shall be of a size that meets the minimum lot size requirements of
1103	K.C.C. 21A.12.040.A. for the respective zone.
1104	((C.)) B. The short subdivision provisions of this title shall not apply to:

1105	1. Divisions of land into lots or tracts ((that are one one hundred twenty eighth
1106	of a section, or five acres or larger)) only for the purpose of allowing fee simple purchase
1107	or deeding of such lots or tracts to public agencies((-)); and
1108	((D. Divisions of land made by testamentary provisions or laws of descent.
1109	E. Divisions of land into lots or tracts consistent with RCW 58.17.040(7), for
1110	which a condominium binding site plan has been recorded in accordance with the binding
1111	site plan provisions set forth in this title.
1112	F. An adjustment of boundary lines in accordance with the provisions of this title
1113	G. Divisions of land for the purpose of lease when no residential structures other
1114	than mobile homes are permitted to be placed upon the land and for which a binding site
1115	plan for the use of the land as a mobile home park has been approved by the director.
1116	H. Divisions of land by binding site plan into lots or tracts classified for industria
1117	or commercial use consistent with the binding site plan provisions of this title.
1118	1.)) 2. Divisions of land by a public roadway or freeway, as defined by the King
1119	County Roadway Functional Classification System, that is planned, established, financed
1120	and constructed by a state or county agency after January 1, 2000.
1121	SECTION 10. Ordinance 13694, Section 41, and K.C.C. 19A.08.060 are each
1122	hereby amended to read as follows:
1123	Applications for approvals pursuant to this title shall be reviewed in accordance
1124	with the applicable procedures of any combination of this title and K.C.C. chapters 20.20
1125	and 20.24. Furthermore, applications for subdivisions, short subdivisions and binding
1126	site plans may be approved, approved with conditions or denied in accordance with the

following adopted county and state rules, regulations, plans and policies including, but 1127 1128 not limited to: 1129 A. Chapter 43.21C RCW (SEPA); 1130 B. Chapter 58.17 RCW (Subdivisions); 1131 C. Chapters 36.70A and 36.70B RCW (Growth Management and Project 1132 Review); 1133 D. K.C.C. Title 9 (Surface Water Management): 1134 E. K.C.C. Title 13 (Sewer and Water); 1135 F. K.C.C. Title 14 (Roads and Bridges); 1136 G. K.C.C. Title 17 (Fire Code); H. K.C.C. chapter 20.44 (SEPA); 1137 I. K.C.C. Title 21A (Zoning); 1138 1139 J. K.C.C. Title 23 (Code Enforcement); K. ((K.C.C. Title 25 (Shoreline Master Program); 1140 1141 L.)) Administrative rules adopted pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 2.98: 1142 ((M.)) L. King County board of public health rules and regulations: 1143 ((N-)) M. King County approved utility comprehensive plans; 1144 ((O.)) N. King County Comprehensive Plan; 1145 ((<del>P.</del>)) O. County wide Planning Policies; and 1146  $((Q_{\cdot}))$  P. This title. SECTION 11. Ordinance 13694, Section 42, as amended, and K.C.C. 1147 1148 19A.08.070 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

1149	A. A property owner may request that the department determine whether a lot
1150	was legally ((segregated)) created. The property owner shall demonstrate to the
1151	satisfaction of the department that a lot was created in compliance with applicable state
1152	and local land segregation statutes or codes in effect at the time the lot was created ((and
1153	that it meets the following requirements:)).
1154	$\underline{B.1.}$ ((The)) )) $\underline{A}$ lot ((was)) created before ((June 9, 1937, and:
1155	a. Before)) October 1, 1972, ((the lot was)) shall be recognized as a legal lot:
1156	(((1))) <u>a. if before October 1, 1972, it was:</u>
1157	(1) conveyed as an individually described parcel to separate, noncontiguous
1158	ownerships through a fee simple transfer or purchase; or
1159	(2) recognized as a separate tax lot by the county assessor; and
1160	b. ((not later than January 1, 2000,)) if the lot was ((provided with)) created
1161	before June 9, 1937, it was served by one of the following before January 1, 2000:
1162	(1) approved sewage disposal;
1163	(2) an approved water system; or
1164	(3) a road((, not including a forest road as defined in WAC 222-16-010 or in
1165	an easement for commercial road use for managing or hauling timber,)) that was:
1166	(A) accepted for maintenance by the King County department of
1167	transportation; or
1168	(B) located within an access easement for residential use or in a road right-
1169	of-way and consists of a smooth driving surface, including, but not limited to, asphalt,
1170	concrete, or compact gravel, that complied with the King County road standards in effect
1171	at the time the road was constructed;

1172	2. ((The lot was created between June 9, 1937, and October 1, 1972, through a
1173	review and approval process recognized by the county for the creation of four lots or less;
1174	3. The lot was created on or after June 9, 1937, through the subdivision process;
1175	4. The)) A lot ((was)) created on or after October 1, 1972, shall be recognized as
1176	a legal lot if it was created:
1177	a. through the subdivision or short subdivision process; or
1178	((5-)) <u>b.</u> $((T))$ through the following alternative means of lot segregation
1179	provided for by state statute or county code:
1180	((a. for the raising of agricultural crops or livestock, in parcels greater than
1181	ten acres, between September 3, 1948, and August 11, 1969;
1182	b. for cemeteries or other burial plots, while used for that purpose, on or after
1183	August 11, 1969;
1184	e.)) (1) at a size five acres or greater, created by a record of survey recorded
1185	between August 11, 1969, and October 1, 1972, and that did not contain a dedication;
1186	((d.)) (2) at a size twenty acres or greater, created ((after June 9, 1937,)) by a
1187	record of survey recorded before January 1, 2000, and not subsequently merged into a
1188	larger lot ((and recognized by the department or the department's predecessors before
1189	January 1, 2000));
1190	((e. upon a court order entered between August 11, 1969, to July 1, 1974;
1191	f. through testamentary provisions or the laws of descent after August 10,
1192	1969;
1193	g.)) (3) at a size forty acres or greater created through ((an assessor's plat)) a
1194	large lot segregation made in accordance with RCW 58.18.010 ((after August 10, 1969)),

1195	approved by King County and not subsequently merged into a larger lot. Within the F
L196	zone, each lot or tract shall be of a size that meets the minimum lot size requirements of
L197	<u>K.C.C. 21A.12.040.A;</u>
1198	(4) through testamentary provisions or the laws of descent after August 10,
1199	<u>1969; or</u>
1200	((h.)) (5) as a result of deeding land to a public body after April 3, 1977((, and
1201	that is consistent with King County zoning code, access and board of health requirements
1202	so as to qualify as a building site pursuant to K.C.C. 19A.04.050; or
1203	i. by a partial fulfillment deed pursuant to a real estate contract recorded before
L204	October 1, 1972, and no more than four lots were created per the deed)).
1205	$((B_{\cdot}))$ <u>C.</u> In requesting a determination, the property owner shall submit evidence,
1206	deemed acceptable to the department, such as:
L207	1. Recorded subdivisions or division of land into four lots or less;
1208	2. King County documents indicating approval of a short subdivision;
L209	3. Recorded deeds or contracts describing the lot or lots either individually or as
1210	part of a conjunctive legal description (e.g. Lot 1 and Lot 2); or
1211	4. Historic tax records or other similar evidence, describing the lot as an
1212	individual parcel. The department shall give great weight to the existence of historic tax
L213	records or tax parcels in making its determination.
L214	$((C_{-}))$ <u>D</u> . Once the department has determined that the lot was legally created, the
l215	department shall continue to acknowledge the lot as such, unless the property owner
L216	reaggregates or merges the lot with another lot or lots in order to:
L217	1. Create a parcel of land that would qualify as a building site, or

1218	2. Implement a deed restriction or condition, a covenant or court decision.
1219	$((D_{\overline{\cdot}}))$ <u>E</u> . The department's determination shall not be construed as a guarantee
1220	that the lot constitutes a building site as defined in K.C.C. 19A.04.050.
1221	((E.)) F. Reaggregation of lots after January 1, 2000, shall only be the result of a
1222	deliberate action by a property owner expressly requesting the department for a
1223	permanent merger of two or more lots through a boundary line adjustment under K.C.C.
1224	chapter 19A.28.
1225	SECTION 12. Ordinance 13694, Section 51, as amended, and K.C.C.
1226	19A.08.160 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
1227	A. ((Prior to)) Except as otherwise provided in subsection B. of this section,
1228	before final recording of a plat or short plat, the following minimum improvements shall
1229	be constructed consistent with the approved plans((, except that the director may allow
1230	posting of a financial guarantee in the event that expiration of the plat or short plat is
1231	imminent or other extraordinary circumstances prevent the construction of such
1232	improvements.)):
1233	1. Drainage facilities and erosion control measures consistent with K.C.C.
1234	9.04.090;
1235	2. Water mains and hydrant installed and fire flow available, sewer mains.
1236	laterals and sewer manholes installed, if required;
1237	3. Roadways ((graded to all lots within the subdivision or short subdivision and
1238	capable of providing access by passenger vehicle)) meeting the approved engineering
1239	plan's layout drainage, geometric and road width requirements and finished with an
1240	asphalt treated hase. The final surfacing on the roadways may be honded:

1241	4. Pedestrian facilities complying with the Americans with Disabilities Act;
1242	including, but not limited to, curb ramps, sidewalks and shoulders, where required;
1243	5. Specific site improvements required by the preliminary plat approval
1244	ordinance or preliminary short plat approval decision, if the decision requires completion
1245	((prior to)) before plat recording;
1246	((5.)) <u>6.</u> Delineation of sensitive areas that are to remain undeveloped;
1247	((6.)) 7. Temporary control monuments set by a land surveyor, located in
1248	conformance with this title, and in place at final inspection. Permanent monuments and
1249	control points shall be set and verified by a land surveyor within ninety days of the final
1250	lift of asphalt;
1251	((7.)) 8. Improvements without which the director determines a safety hazard
1252	would exist; and
1253	((8.)) 9. All private improvements outside of the right-of-way or road easement
1254	and access tracts.
1255	B. The director, in consultation with the department of natural resources and
1256	parks, department of transportation, the prosecuting attorney, and other affected agencies,
1257	may allow the applicant to post a financial guarantee for any identified noncritical
1258	required improvements, as determined on a project by project basis, if:
1259	1. The expiration of the plat or short plat is imminent or other extraordinary
1260	circumstances prevent the construction of the improvements before final recording;
1261	2. The inability to construct the improvements is due to unavoidable
1262	circumstances that in no way resulted from the actions or inaction of the applicant;

1263	3. The applicant submits a detailed construction completion timeline and the
1264	department determines the applicant will be able to complete the work or improvements
1265	to be covered by the financial guarantee within a reasonable amount of time; and
1266	4. Approval of the final plat or short plat before completion of the work or
1267	improvements will not be materially detrimental to existing county infrastructure or
1268	private properties in the vicinity of the subject property.
1269	C. The director shall have right of entry onto any lot, tract, easement or parcel
1270	that is part of the final plat or short plat to ensure compliance with the minimum
1271	subdivision improvements required in subsection A. of this section.
1272	SECTION 13. Ordinance 16985, Section 4, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.12.205
1273	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
1274	The following King County Code sections ((in effect as of December 23, 2012,))
1275	that are in effect on the effective date of this section are adopted as land use and
1276	development regulations within the shoreline jurisdiction. Amendments to those sections
1277	that take effect on or after the effective date of this section do not apply to the shoreline
1278	jurisdiction until approved by the Washington state Department of Ecology as provided
1279	in RCW 90.58.090. The department of permitting and environmental review shall, within
1280	ten days after the date of Washington state Department of Ecology's approval, file a copy
1281	of the state Department of Ecology's approval, in the form of a paper copy and an
1282	electronic copy, with the clerk of the council, who shall retain the paper copy and
1283	forward electronic copies to all councilmembers and the lead staff of the transportation,
1284	economy and environment committee, or its successor:
1285	A. The following sections within K.C.C. Title 20:

1286	1. K.C.C. 20.18.040;
1287	2. K.C.C. 20.18.050;
1288	3. K.C.C. 20.18.056;
1289	4. K.C.C. 20.18.057;
1290	5. K.C.C. 20.18.058; and
1291	6. K.C.C. 20.24.510((-)); and
1292	B. The following sections within K.C.C. Title 21A:
1293	1. K.C.C. 21A.06.118;
1294	2. K.C.C. 21A.06.156;
1295	3. K.C.C. 21A.06.181;
1296	4. K.C.C. 21A.06.181.E;
1297	5. K.C.C. 21A.06.181.G;
1298	6. K.C.C. 21A.06.182;
1299	7. K.C.C. 21A.06.333.A;
1300	8. K.C.C. 21A.06.401;
1301.	9. K.C.C. 21A.06.469;
1302	10. K.C.C. 21A.06.573;
1303	11. K.C.C. 21A.06.653;
1304	12. K.C.C. 21A.06.738;
1305	13. K.C.C. 21A.06.796;
1306	14. K.C.C. 21A.06.796.A;
1307	15. K.C.C. 21A.06.825
1308	16. K.C.C. 21A.06.892;

1309	17. K.C.C. 21A.06.913;
1310	18. K.C.C. 21A.06.971;
1311	19. K.C.C. 21A.06.1081;
1312	20. K.C.C. 21A.06.1082.A;
1313	21. K.C.C. 21A.06.1082.B;
1314	22. K.C.C. 21A.06.1082.C;
1315	23. K.C.C. 21A.06.1082.D;
1316	24. K.C.C. 21A.06.1083;
1317	25. K.C.C. 21A.06.1083.A;
1318	26. K.C.C. 21A.06.1268;
1319	27. K.C.C. 21A.06.1385;
1320	28. K.C.C. 21A.06.1386;
1321	29. K.C.C. 21A.06.1388;
1322	30. K.C.C. 21A.06.1389;
1323	31. K.C.C. 21A.24.045;
1324	32. K.C.C. 21A.24.051;
1325	33. K.C.C. 21A.24.055;
1326	34. K.C.C. 21A.24.070.A., D. and E.;
1327	35. K.C.C. 21A.24.125;
1328	36. K.C.C. 21A.24.130;
1329	37. K.C.C. 21A.24.133;
1330	38. K.C.C. 21A.24.200;
1331	39. K.C.C. 21A.24.210;

1332	40. K.C.C. 21A.24.220;	
1333	41. K.C.C. 21A.24.230;	
1334	42. K.C.C. 21A.24.240;	
1335	43. K.C.C. 21A.24.250;	
1336	44. K.C.C. 21A.24.260;	
1337	45. K.C.C. 21A.24.275;	
1338	46. K.C.C. 21A.24.280;	
1339	47. K.C.C. 21A.24.290;	
1340	48. K.C.C. 21A.24.300;	
1341	49. K.C.C. 21A.24.310;	
1342	50. K.C.C. 21A.24.316;	
1343	51. K.C.C. 21A.24.325;	
1344	52. K.C.C. 21A.24.335;	
1345	53. K.C.C. 21A.24.340;	
1346	54. K.C.C. 21A.24.358;	
1347	55. K.C.C. 21A.24.365;	
1348	56. K.C.C. 21A.24.380;	
1349	57. K.C.C. 21A.24.382;	
1350	58. K.C.C. 21A.24.386;	
1351	59. K.C.C. 21A.24.388;	
1352	60. K.C.C. 21A.32.045;	
1353	61. K.C.C. 21A.50.030; and	
1354	62. K.C.C. chapter 21A.25.	

1355	((C. Amendments to the land use and development regulations included in
1356	subsections A. and B. of this section must be approved by the Washington state
1357	Department of Ecology before they become land use and development regulations within
1358	the shoreline jurisdiction.))
1359	SECTION 14. Ordinance 12196, Section 11, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.20.040
1360	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
1361	A. The department shall not commence review of any application as provided in
1362	this chapter until the applicant has submitted the materials and fees specified for
1363	complete applications. Applications for land use permits requiring Type 1, 2, 3 or 4
1364	decisions shall be considered complete as of the date of submittal upon determination by
1365	the department that the materials submitted meet the requirements of this section. Except
1366	as provided in ((K.C.C. 20.20.040.B)) subsection B. of this section, all land use permit
1367	applications described in K.C.C. 20.20.020 <u>.E</u> ((Exhibit A)) shall include the following:
1368	1. An application form provided by the department and completed by the
1369	applicant that allows the applicant to file a single application form for all land use permits
1370	requested by the applicant for the development proposal at the time the application is
1371	filed;
1372	2. Designation of who the applicant is, except that this designation shall not be
1373	required as part of a complete application for purposes of this section when a public

2. Designation of who the applicant is, except that this designation shall not be required as part of a complete application for purposes of this section when a public agency or public or private utility is applying for a permit for property on which the agency or utility does not own an easement or right-of-way and the following three requirements are met:

1377	a. the name of the agency or private or public utility is shown on the
1378	application as the applicant;
1379	b. the agency or private or public utility includes in the complete application
1380	an affidavit declaring that notice of the pending application has been given to all owners
1381	of property to which the application applies, on a form provided by the department; and
1382	c. the form designating who the applicant is submitted to the department before
1383	permit approval;
1384	3.a. A certificate of sewer availability or site design approval for an on-site
1385	sewage system by the Seattle-King County department of public health, as required by
1386	((the King County Board of Health Code)) K.C.C. Title 13: or
1387	b. If allowed under K.C.C. 13.24.134.B. and the King County Comprehensive
1388	Plan policies for a public school located on a RA zoned site, a certificate of sewer
1389	availability and a letter from the sewer utility indicating compliance with the tightline
1390	sewer provisions in the zoning code, as required by K.C.C. chapter 13.24;
1391	4. If the development proposal requires a source of potable water, a current
1392	certificate of water availability consistent with K.C.C. chapter 13.24 or documentation of
1393	an approved well by the Seattle-King County department of public health;
1394	5. A fire district receipt pursuant to K.C.C. Title 17, if required by K.C.C.
1395	chapter 21A.40;
1396	6. A site plan, prepared in a form prescribed by the director;
1397	7. Proof that the lot or lots to be developed are recognized as a lot under K.C.C.
1398	Title 19A;
1399	8. A critical areas affidavit, if required by K.C.C. chapter 21A.24;

1400	9. A completed environmental checklist, if required by K.C.C. chapter 20.44;
1401	10. Payment of any development permit review fees, excluding impact fees
1402	collectible pursuant to K.C.C. Title 27;
1403	11. A list of any permits or decisions applicable to the development proposal
1404	that have been obtained before filing the application or that are pending before the county
1405	or any other governmental entity;
1406	12. Certificate of transportation concurrency from the department of
1407	transportation if required by K.C.C. chapter 14.70. The certificate of transportation
1408	concurrency may be for less than the total number of lots proposed by a preliminary plat
1409	application only if:
1410	a. at least seventy-five percent of the lots proposed have a certificate of
1411	transportation concurrency at the time of application for the preliminary plat;
1412	b. a certificate of transportation concurrency is provided for any remaining lot
1413	proposed for the preliminary plat application before the expiration of the preliminary plat
1414	and final recording of the additional lots; and
1415	c. the applicant signs a statement that the applicant assumes the risk that the
1416	remaining lots proposed might not be granted.
1417	13. Certificate of future connection from the appropriate purveyor for lots
1418	located within the urban growth area that are proposed to be served by on-site or
1419	community sewage system and group B water systems or private well, if required by
1420	K.C.C. 13.24.136 through 13.24.140;
1421	14. A determination if drainage review applies to the project pursuant to K.C.C.
1422	chapter 9.04 and, if applicable, all drainage plans and documentation required by the

1423	Surface Water Design Manual adopted pursuant to K.C.C. chapter 9.04 and, to the extent
1424	known at the time of application and when determined necessary by the director, copies
1425	of any required storm water adjustments;
1426	15. Current assessor's maps and a list of tax parcels to which public notice must
1427	be given as provided in this chapter, for land use permits requiring a Type 2, 3 or 4
1428	decision;
1429	16. Legal description of the site;
1430	17. Variances obtained or required under K.C.C. Title 14 or 21A to the extent
1431	known at the date of application or when deemed necessary by the director; and
1432	18. For site development permits only, a phasing plan and a time schedule, if the
1433	site is intended to be developed in phases or if all building permits will not be submitted
1434	within three years.
1435	B. A permit application is complete for purposes of this section when it meets the
1436	procedural submission requirements of the department and is sufficient for continued
1437	processing even though additional information may be required or project modifications
1438	may be undertaken subsequently. The determination of completeness shall not preclude
1439	the department from requesting additional information or studies either at the time of
1440	notice of completeness or subsequently if new or additional information is required or
1441	substantial changes in the proposed action occur, as determined by the department.
1442	C. Additional complete application requirements for the following land use
1443	permits are in the following sections of the King County Code:
1444	1. Clearing and grading permits, K.C.C. 16.82.060.
1445	2. Construction permits, K.C.C. 16.04.052.

1446	3. Mobile home permits, K.C.C. 16.04.093.
1447	4. Subdivision applications, short subdivision applications and binding site plan
1448	applications, K.C.C. 19A.08.150.
1449	D. The director may:
1450	$\underline{1}$ . $((s))\underline{S}$ pecify the requirements of the site plan required to be submitted for
1451	various permits;
1452	2. Require additional materials not listed in this section when determined to be
1453	necessary for review of the project; and ((may))
1454	$\underline{3}$ . $((w))\underline{W}$ aive any of the specific submittal requirements listed herein that are
1455	determined to be unnecessary for review of an application.
1456	E. The applicant shall attest by written oath to the accuracy of all information
1457	submitted for an application.
1458	F. Applications shall be accompanied by the payment of the applicable filing
1459	fees, if any, as established by K.C.C. Title 27.
1460	SECTION 15. Ordinance 12196, Section 13, as amended, and K.C.C. 20.20.060
1461	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
1462	A. A notice of application shall be provided to the public for land use permit
1463	applications as follows:
1464	1. Type 2, 3 or 4 decisions;
1465	2. Type 1 decisions subject to SEPA;
1466	3. As provided in subsections K. and L. of this section; and
1467	4. Type 1 decisions requiring a community meeting under K.C.C. 20.20.035.

1468	B. Notice of the application shall be provided by the department within fourteen
1469	days following the department's determination that the application is complete. A public
1470	comment period on a notice of application of at least twenty-one days shall be provided,
1471	except as otherwise provided in chapter 90.58 RCW and RCW 58.17.215 with regards to
1472	subdivision alterations. The public comment period shall commence on the third day
1473	following the department's mailing of the notice of application as provided for in
1474	subsection H. of this section.
1475	C. If the county has made a determination of significance ("DS") under chapter
1476	43.21C RCW before the issuance of the notice of application, the notice of the DS shall
1477	be combined with the notice of application and the scoping notice.
1478	D. Unless the mailed notice of application is by a post card as provided in
1479	subsection E. of this section, the notice of application shall contain the following
1480	information:
1481	1. The file number;
1482	2. The name of the applicant;
1483	3. The date of application, the date of the notice of completeness and the date of
1484	the notice of application;
1485	4. A description of the project, the location, a list of the permits included in the
1486	application and the location where the application and any environmental documents or
1487	studies can be reviewed;
1488	5. A site plan on eight and one-half by fourteen inch paper, if applicable;
1489	6. The procedures and deadline for filing comments, requesting notice of any

required hearings and any appeal procedure;

1490

1491	7. The date, time, place and type of hearing, if applicable and scheduled at the
1492	time of notice;
1493	8. The identification of other permits not included in the application to the
1494	extent known;
1495	9. The identification of existing environmental documents that evaluate the
1496	proposed project; and
1497	10. A statement of the preliminary determination, if one has been made, of those
1498	development regulations that will be used for project mitigation and of consistency with
1499	applicable county plans and regulations.
1500	E. If mailed notice of application is made by a post card, the notice of application
1501	shall contain the following information:
1502	1. A description of the project, the location, a list of the permits included in the
1503	application and any environmental documents or studies can be reviewed;
1504	2. The name of the applicant;
1505	3. The date of application, the date of the notice of completeness and the date of
1506	the notice of application;
1507	4. If the department has made a decision or recommendation on the application,
1508	the decision or recommendation made;
1509	5. The applicable comment and appeal dates and the date, time, place and type
1510	of hearing, if applicable;
1511	6. A web site address that provides access to project information, including a
1512	site map and application page; and
1513	7. The department contact name, telephone number and email address;

1514	F. Notice shall be provided in the following manner:
1515	1. Posted at the project site as provided in subsections G. and J. of this section;
1516	2. Mailed by first class mail as provided in subsection H. of this section; and
1517	3. Published as provided in subsection I. of this section.
1518	G. Posted notice for a proposal shall consist of one or more notice boards posted
1519	by the applicant within fourteen days following the department's determination of
1520	completeness as follows:
1521	1. A single notice board shall be posted for a project. This notice board may also
1522	be used for the posting of the notice of decision and notice of hearing and shall be placed
1523	by the applicant:
1524	a. at the midpoint of the site street frontage or as otherwise directed by the
1525	department for maximum visibility;
1526	b. five feet inside the street property line except when the board is structurally
1527	attached to an existing building, but a notice board shall not be placed more than five feet
1528	from the street property without approval of the department;
1529	c. so that the top of the notice board is between seven to nine feet above grade;
1530	d. where it is completely visible to pedestrians; and
1531	e. comply with site distance requirements of K.C.C. 21A.12.210 and the King
1532	County road standards adopted under K.C.C. chapter 14.42.
1533	2. Additional notice boards may be required when:
1534	a. the site does not abut a public road;
1535	b. a large site abuts more than one public road; or

1536	c. the department determines that additional notice boards are necessary to
1537	provide adequate public notice;
1538	3. Notice boards shall be:
1539	a. maintained in good condition by the applicant during the notice period
1540	through the time of the final county decision on the proposal, including the expiration of
1541	any applicable appeal periods, and for decisions ((which)) that are appealed, through the
1542	time of the final resolution of any appeal;
1543	b. in place at least twenty-eight days before the date of any required hearing
1544	for a Type 3 or 4 decision, or at least fourteen days following the department's
1545	determination of completeness for any Type 2 decision; and
1546	c. removed within fourteen days after the end of the notice period;
1547	4. Removal of the notice board before the end of the notice period may be cause
1548	for discontinuance of county review until the notice board is replaced and remains in
1549	place for the specified time period;
1550	5. An affidavit of posting shall be submitted to the department by the applicant
1551	within fourteen days following the department's determination of completeness to allow
1552	continued processing of the application by the department; ((and))
1553	6. Notice boards shall be constructed and installed in accordance with
1554	subsection G. of this section and any additional specifications promulgated by the
1555	department under K.C.C. chapter 2.98, rules of county agencies; and
1556	7. The director may waive the notice board requirement for a development
1557	proposal located in an area with restricted access, an area that is not served by public
1558	roads, or in other circumstances the director determines make the notice board

1559	requirement ineffective in providing notice to those likely to be affected by the
1560	development proposal. In such cases, the director shall require alternative forms of
1561	notice under subsection M. of this section.
1562	H. Mailed notice for a proposal shall be sent by the department within fourteen
1563	days after the department's determination of completeness:
1564	1. By first class mail to owners of record of property in an area within five
1565	hundred feet of the site. The area shall be expanded when the department determines it is
1566	necessary to send mailed notices to at least twenty different property owners;
1567	2. To any city with a utility ((which)) that is intended to serve the site;
1568	3. To the <u>Washington</u> state Department of Transportation, if the site adjoins a
1569	state highway;
1570	4. To the affected tribes;
1571	5. To any agency or community group ((which)) that the department may
1572	identify as having an interest in the proposal;
1573	6. Be considered supplementary to posted notice and be deemed satisfactory
1574	despite the failure of one or more owners to receive mailed notice;
1575	7. For preliminary plats only, to all cities within one mile of the proposed
1576	preliminary plat, and to all airports within two miles of the proposed preliminary plat;
1577	8. In those parts of the urban growth area designated by the King County
1578	Comprehensive Plan where King County and a city have adopted either a memorandum
1579	of understanding or a potential annexation boundary agreement, or both, the director shall
1580	ensure that the city receives notice of all applications for development subject to this

1581	chapter and shall respond specifically in writing to any comments on proposed
1582	developments subject to this title.
1583	I. The notice of application shall be published by the department within fourteen
1584	days after the department's determination of completeness in the official county
1585	newspaper and another newspaper of general circulation in the affected area.
1586	J. <u>Unless waived under subsection G.7. of this section</u> , ((P))posted notice for
1587	approved formal subdivision engineering plans, clearing or grading permits subject to
1588	SEPA or building permits subject to SEPA shall be a condition of the plan or permit
1589	approval and shall consist of a single notice board posted by the applicant at the project
1590	site, before construction as follows:
1591	1. Notice boards shall comport with the size and placement provisions identified
1592	for construction signs in K.C.C. 21A.20.120.B;
1593	2. Notice boards shall include the following information:
1594	a. permit number and description of the project;
1595	b. projected completion date of the project;
1596	c. a contact name and phone number for both the department and the applicant
1597	d. a department contact number for complaints after business hours; and
1598	e. hours of construction, if limited as a condition of the permit;
1599	3. Notice boards shall be maintained in the same manner as identified above, in
1600	subsection F <sub>.</sub> of this section; and
1601	4. Notice boards shall remain in place until final construction approval is
1602	granted. Early removal of the notice board may preclude authorization of final
1603	construction approval.

1604	K. Posted and mailed notice consistent with this section shall be provided to
1605	property owners of record and to the council district representative in which it is located,
1606	for any proposed single-family residence in a higher density urban single family
1607	residential zone (R-4 through R-8) exceeding a size of ten thousand square feet of floor
1608	area as defined in the Washington State Uniform Building Code.
1609	L. Posted and mailed notice consistent with this section shall be provided to any
1610	property owner of record and to the council district representative in which is locating
1611	any application for building permits or other necessary land use approvals for the
1612	establishment of the social service facilities classified by SIC 8322 and 8361 and listed
1613	below, unless the proposed use is protected under the Fair Housing Act:
1614	1. Offender self-help agencies;
1615	2. Parole offices;
1616	3. Settlement houses;
1617	4. Halfway home for delinquents and offenders; and
1618	5. Homes for destitute men and women.
1619	M. In addition to notice required by subsection F. of this section, the department
1620	may provide additional notice by any other means determined by the department as
1621	necessary to provide notice to persons or entity who may be affected by a proposal.
1622	SECTION 16. Ordinance 15051, Section 3, and K.C.C. 21A.06.037 are each
1623	hereby amended to read as follows:
1624	Agricultural drainage: any ((stream,)) ditch, tile system, pipe or culvert primarily
1625	used to drain fields for horticultural or livestock activities

1626	NEW SECTION. SECTION 17. A new section is hereby added to K.C.C.
1627	chapter 21A.06 to read as follows:
1628	Agricultural waterway: A segment of a modified type F, N or O aquatic area that
1629	drains land defined in RCW 84.34.020 as farm and agricultural land or as farm and
1630	agricultural conservation land.
1631	NEW SECTION. SECTION 18. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.06
1632	a new section to read as follows:
1633	A. Floodplain development: any human-made change to improved or
1634	unimproved real estate in the floodplain, including, but not limited to, buildings or other
1635	structures, mining, dredging, filling, grading, paving, excavation or drilling operations,
1636	storage of equipment or materials, subdivision of land and removal of more than five
1637	percent of the native vegetation on the site.
1638	B. "Floodplain development" does not include:
1639	1. Routine maintenance of landscaping that does not involve grading,
1640	excavation or filling;
1641	2. Removal of noxious weeds or invasive vegetation and replacement of
1642	nonnative vegetation with native vegetation;
1643	3. Removal of a hazard tree;
1644	4. Maintenance and repair of an existing structure;
1645	5. Maintenance and repair of an above-ground utility;
1646	6. Maintenance of the public road right-of-way structure;
1647	7. Maintenance, repair or replacement of a flood protection facility; and

1648	8. Agricultural activity, including tilling, discing, planting, seeding, harvesting,
1649	preparing soil, rotating crops and related activity that does not include fill.
1650	NEW SECTION. SECTION 19. A new section is hereby added to K.C.C.
1651	chapter 21A.06 to read as follows:
1652	Forest management activity: a forest practice regulated as a Class I, II, III or IV-S
1653	forest practice under chapter 76.09 RCW and Title 222 WAC or that is conducted in
1654	accordance with a forest management plan approved by the department of natural
1655	resources and parks.
1656	NEW SECTION. SECTION 20. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.06
1657	a new section to read as follows:
1658	Forestry: the science and practice of planting, cultivating, managing, using and
1659	conserving trees, forests and associated resources. "Forestry" includes, but is not limited
1660	to, scientific research related to forests and forest management for the harvesting of
1661	timber, production of forest products, recreation, aesthetics and ecological enhancement.
1662	NEW SECTION. SECTION 21. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.06
1663	a new section to read as follows:
1664	Livestock heavy use area: an enclosure, typically constructed with footing
1665	material, such as gravel, used to keep grazing livestock off pasture from late fall through
1666	early spring or when pastures are grazed down to reduce soil erosion, protect water
1667	quality and improve pasture productivity, aesthetics and livestock health.
1668	NEW SECTION. SECTION 22. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.06
1669	a new section to read as follows:

1670	Livestock manure storage facility: an impoundment made by constructing an
1671	embankment, pit or structure for the purpose of temporarily storing manure, liquid or
1672	slurry manure, agricultural wastewater or other organic agricultural waste before
1673	agronomic use to facilitate nutrient management and protect water quality.
1674	SECTION 23. Ordinance 15032, Section 6, and K.C.C. 21A.06.742 are each
1675	hereby amended to read as follows:
1676	Materials processing facility:
1677	$\underline{A}$ . ((a)) $\underline{A}$ site or establishment, not accessory to a mineral extraction or sawmill
1678	use, that is primarily engaged in crushing, grinding, pulverizing or otherwise preparing
1679	earth materials, vegetation, organic waste, construction and demolition materials or
1680	source separated organic materials and that is not the final disposal site; and
1681	B. A site or establishment lawfully established before October 10, 2004, as an
1682	interim recycling facility for processing source separated, organic materials.
1683	NEW SECTION. SECTION 24. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter
1684	21A.06 a new section to read as follows:
1685	Temporary farm worker housing: a place, area or piece of land, where sleeping
1686	places or housing sites are provided for temporary, seasonal occupancy by an agricultural
1687	employer for the employer's agricultural employees or by another person who is
1688	providing such accommodations for agricultural employees.
1689	SECTION 25. Ordinance 12024, Section 11, as amended, and K.C.C.
1690	21A.06.1432 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
1691	(("))Wrecked, dismantled or inoperative vehicle(("means)): a motor vehicle ((or
1692	the remains or remnant parts of a motor vehicle, or an extensively damaged recreational

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vehicle)) as defined in RCW 46.04.320 or a boat((, that is clearly inoperative and either cannot be made operative without the addition of vital parts or mechanisms or is damaged to the extent that it prevents normal operation of the vehicle, or both)) that meets at least three of the following:

- A. Is three years old or older;
- B. Is extensively damaged, with the damage including, but not limited, to:
- 1699 <u>1. A broken window or windshield; or</u>
- 2. Missing wheels, tires, motor or transmission;
- 1701 <u>C. Is apparently inoperable; and</u>
  - D. Has an approximate fair market value equal only to the approximate value of the scrap in it.
- 1704 <u>SECTION 26.</u> Ordinance 10870, Section 330, as amended, and K.C.C.
- 1705 21A.08.030 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
- A. Residential land uses.

KEY		RESOU	RCE		RU	RE	SID	ENTIAI		CO	MMI	ERC	IAL/	IND	UST	RIAL	
					RA												
					L												
P-Permitted Use		A	F	M	R	*	R	U	R	N	В	С	В	R	В	0	I
C-Conditional Use		G	0	I	U	U	Е	R	Е	Е	U	0	U	Е	U	F	N
S-Special Use	Z	R	R	N	R	R	S	В	S	1	S	М	S	G	S	F	D
	0	1	Е	Е	A	В	Е	A	I	G	I	М	I	I	I	Ι	U
	N	С	S	R	L	A	R	N	D	Н	N	U	N	0	N	С	S
	Е	U	Т	A		N	V		Е	В	Е	N	E	N	Е	Е	Т
		L		L	A		Е		N	0	S	I	S	A	S		R
		Т			R				T	R	S	Т	S	L	S		I
		U			Е				I	Н		Y					A
		R			A				A	0							L

		Е		T				L	0	1			ı —
									D				
SIC#	SPECIFIC LAND USE	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-8	R12-	NB	СВ	RB	0	I
Sie "	St Bell le Barris est			111			111 0	48	112				_
	DWELLING UNITS,							10					
	TYPES:							_					
*	Single Detached	P	P2		P	Р	P	P	(( <del>P17</del> ))				
		((C12			(C12	(C12)	( <del>C12</del> )	( <del>C12</del> )	P15				
		)) ⊆			)) <u>C</u>	) <u>C 11</u>	) <u>C 11</u>	) <u>C 11</u>					
		11			, <u>11</u>								
*	Townhouse				C4	C4	(( <del>P11</del>	P	P3	P3	P3	P3	
							C11))						
							P10						
							<u>C10</u>						
*	Apartment				C4	C4	P5 C5	P	P3	P3	P3	P3	
*	Mobile Home Park				S 12		C7	P					
*	Cottage Housing						P14						
	GROUP												
	RESIDENCES:												
*	Community Residential				С	С	P 13.a	P	P3	P3	P3	P3	
	Facility-I						С						
*	Community Residential						P 13.b	P	P3	P3	P3	P3	
	Facility-II												
*	Dormitory				C5	C5	C5	P					
*	Senior Citizen Assisted			_		P4	P4	P	P3	P3	P3	P3	
	Housing												
	ACCESSORY USES:												
*		D(	D.C		ne ne	D4	D4	D6	D.C	P6	P6	P6	
<i>T</i>	Residential Accessory	P6	P6		P6	P6	P6	P6	P6	Po	Pb	10	
	Uses	(( <del>P17</del> )									2,		
		) <u>P16</u>											
*	Home Occupation	P17	P17		P17	P17	P17	P17	P17	P17	P17	P17	
*	Home Industry	С			С	С	С						
	TEMPORARY			П									
			L	$\perp$		1			L	1	<u> </u>		

	LODGING:												
7011	Hotel/Motel (1)									P	Р	Р	
*	Bed and Breakfast Guesthouse	P8			P8	P8	P8	P8	P8	P9	P9		
7041	Organization Hotel/Lodging Houses										Р		
			Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A,08.020 and 21A.02.070; Development Standards, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.12 through 21A.30; General Provisions, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.32 through 21A.38;										
Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.40 through 21A.44; (*)Definition of this													

B. Development conditions.

care and not the total area of the lot;

1. Except bed and breakfast guesthouses.

2. In the forest production district, the following conditions apply:

a. Site disturbance associated with development of any new residence shall be

specific land use, see K.C.C. chapter 21A.06.

limited to three acres. Site disturbance shall mean all land alterations including, but not limited to, grading, utility installation, landscaping, clearing for crops, on-site sewage disposal systems and driveways. Additional site disturbance for agriculture, including raising livestock, up to the smaller of thirty-five percent of the lot or seven aces, may be approved only if a farm management (conservation) plan is prepared in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30. Animal densities shall be based on the area devoted to animal

b. A forest management plan shall be required for any new residence in the forest production district, that shall be reviewed and approved by the King County department of natural resources and parks before building permit issuance; and

c. The forest management plan shall incorporate a fire protection element that includes fire safety best management practices developed by the department.

1723	3. Only as part of a mixed use development subject to the conditions of K.C.C.
1724	chapter 21A.14, except that in the NB zone on properties with a land use designation of
1725	commercial outside of center (CO) in the urban areas, stand-alone townhouse
1726	developments are permitted subject to K.C.C. 21A.12.040, 21A.14.030, 21A.14.060 and
1727	21A.14.180.
1728	4. Only in a building listed on the National Register as an historic site or
1729	designated as a King County landmark subject to the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.32.
1730	5.a. In the R-1 zone, apartment units are permitted, if:
1731	(1) At least fifty percent of the site is constrained by unbuildable critical
1732	areas. For purposes of this subsection, unbuildable critical areas includes wetlands,
1733	aquatic areas and slopes forty percent or steeper and associated buffers; and
1734	(2) The density does not exceed a density of eighteen units per acre of net
1735	buildable area.
1736	b. In the R-4 through R-8 zones, apartment units are permitted if the density
1737	does not exceed a density of eighteen units per acre of net buildable area.
1738	c. If the proposal will exceed base density for the zone in which it is proposed,
1739	a conditional use permit is required.
1740	5. Only as accessory to a school, college, university or church.
1741	6.a. Accessory dwelling units:
1742	(1) Only one accessory dwelling per primary single detached dwelling unit;
1743	(2) Only in the same building as the primary dwelling unit on:
1744	(a) an urban lot that is less than five thousand square feet in area;

1745	(b) except as otherwise provided in subsection B.6.a.(5) of this section, a
1746	rural lot that is less than the minimum lot size; or
1747	c. a lot containing more than one primary dwelling;
1748	(3) The primary dwelling unit or the accessory dwelling unit shall be owner
1749	occupied;
1750	(4)(a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection B.6.a(5) of this section, one
1751	of the dwelling units shall not exceed one thousand square feet of heated floor area
1752	except when one of the dwelling units is wholly contained within a basement or attic; and
1753	(b) When the primary and accessory dwelling units are located in the same
1754	building, or in multiple buildings connected by a breezeway or other structure, only one
1755	entrance may be located on each street;
1756	(5) On a site zoned RA:
1757	(a) If one transferable development right is purchased from the rural area
1758	under K.C.C. chapter 21A.37, the smaller of the dwelling units is permitted a maximum
1759	floor area up to one thousand five hundred square feet; and
1760	(b) If one transferable development right is purchased from the rural area
1761	under K.C.C. chapter 21A.37, a detached accessory dwelling unit is allowed on an RA-5
1762	zoned lot that is at least two and one-half acres and less than three and three-quarters
1763	acres;
1764	(6) One additional off-street parking space shall be provided;
1765	(7) The accessory dwelling unit shall be converted to another permitted use or
1766	shall be removed if one of the dwelling units ceases to be owner occupied; and

(8) An applicant seeking to build an accessory dwelling unit shall file a notice
approved by the department of executive services, records and licensing services
division, that identifies the dwelling unit as accessory. The notice shall run with the land.
The applicant shall submit proof that the notice was filed before the department shall
approve any permit for the construction of the accessory dwelling unit. The required
contents and form of the notice shall be set forth in administrative rules. If an accessory
dwelling unit in a detached building in the rural zone is subsequently converted to a
primary unit on a separate lot, neither the original lot nor the new lot may have an
additional detached accessory dwelling unit constructed unless the lot is at least twice the
minimum lot area required in the zone; and

- (9) Accessory dwelling units and accessory living quarters are not allowed in the F zone.
- b. One single or twin engine, noncommercial aircraft shall be permitted only on lots that abut, or have a legal access that is not a county right-of-way, to a waterbody or landing field, but only if there are:
  - (1) no aircraft sales, service, repair, charter or rental; and
- (2) no storage of aviation fuel except that contained in the tank or tanks of the aircraft.
  - c. Buildings for residential accessory uses in the RA and A zone shall not exceed five thousand square feet of gross floor area, except for buildings related to agriculture or forestry.
    - 7. Mobile home parks shall not be permitted in the R-1 zones.
      - 8. Only as accessory to the permanent residence of the operator, and:

1790	a. Serving meals shall be limited to paying guests; and
1791	b. The number of persons accommodated per night shall not exceed five,
1792	except that a structure that satisfies the standards of the International Building Code as
1793	adopted by King County for R-1 occupancies may accommodate up to ten persons per
1794	night.
1795	9. Only if part of a mixed use development, and subject to the conditions of
1796	((K.C.C. 21A.08.030.B.10)) subsection B.8. of this section.
1797	10. Townhouses are permitted, but shall be subject to a conditional use permit if
1798	exceeding base density.
1799	11. Required before approving more than one dwelling on individual lots,
1800	except on lots in subdivisions, short subdivisions or binding site plans approved for
1801	multiple unit lots, and except as provided for accessory dwelling units in ((K.C.C.
1802	21A.08.030.B.7)) subsection B.6. of this section.
1803	12. No new mobile home parks are allowed in a rural zone.
1804	13.a. Limited to domestic violence shelter facilities.
1805	b. Limited to domestic violence shelter facilities with no more than eighteen
1806	residents or staff.
1807	14. Only in the R4-R8 zones limited to:
1808	a. developments no larger than one acre;
1809	b. not adjacent to another cottage housing development such that the total
1810	combined land area of the cottage housing developments exceeds one acre;
1811	c. All units must be cottage housing units with no less than three units and no
1812	more than sixteen units provided that if the site contains an existing home that is not

1813	being demolished, the existing house is not required to comply with the height limitation
1814	in K.C.C. 21A.12.020.B.25. or the floor area and footprint limits in K.C.C.
1815	21A.14.025.B; and
1816	d. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a
1817	community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.
1818	15. The development for a detached single-family residence shall be consistent
1819	with the following:
1820	a. The lot must have legally existed before March 1, 2005;
1821	b. The lot has a $((e))\underline{C}$ omprehensive $((p))\underline{P}$ land use designation of Rural
1822	Neighborhood Commercial Center or Rural ((Residential)) Area; and
1823	c. The standards of this title for the RA-5 zone shall apply.
1824	16. Housing for agricultural employees who are employed by the owner or
1825	operator of the site year-round as follows:
1826	a. Not more than:
1827	(1) One agricultural employee dwelling unit on a site under twenty acres;
1828	(2) Two agricultural employee dwelling units on a site between twenty acres
1829	and fifty acres;
1830	(3) Three agricultural employee dwelling units on a site greater than fifty
1831	acres and less than one-hundred acres; and
1832	(4) On sites one-hundred acres and larger one additional agricultural
1833	employee dwelling unit for each additional one hundred acres;
1834	b. The primary use of the site shall be agricultural in SIC Industry Group No.
1835	01-Growing and Harvesting Crops or SIC Industry Group No. 02-Raising Livestock and

Small Animals. If the primary use of the site changes to a nonagricultural use, all agricultural employee dwelling units shall be removed;

- c. The applicant shall file with the department of executive services, records and licensing services division, a notice approved by the department that identifies the agricultural employee dwelling units as accessory and that the dwelling units shall only be occupied by agricultural employees who are employed by the owner or operator year-round. The notice shall run with the land. The applicant shall submit to the department proof that the notice was filed with the department of executive services, records and licensing services division, before the department approves any permit for the construction of agricultural employee dwelling units;
- d. An agricultural employee dwelling unit shall not exceed a floor area of one thousand square feet and may be occupied by no more than eight unrelated agricultural employees;
- e. One off-street parking space shall be provided for each agricultural employee dwelling unit; and
- f. The agricultural employee dwelling units shall be constructed in compliance with K.C.C. Title 16.
- 1853 17. Allowed if consistent with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30.
- 1854 <u>SECTION 27.</u> Ordinance 10870, Section 331, as amended, and K.C.C.
- 1855 21A.08.040 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
- A. Recreational/cultural land uses.

KEY	RESOURCE	RU	RESIDENTIAL	COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL
		R A		9

						L											
P-Pern	nitted Use		A	F	М	R	U	R	Ü	R	N B	С	В	R	В	0	I
C-Con	ditional Use		G	0	I	U	R	Е	R	Е	ΕU	0	U	Е	U	F	N
S-Spec	cial Use	Z	R	R	N	R	В	s	В	S	I S	М	S	G	S	F	D
		0	I	Е	Е	A	A	Е	A	1	G I	М	I	I	I	I	U
		N	С	S	R	L	N	R	N	D	H N	U	N	0	N	С	S
		E	U	Т	A			v		Е	ВЕ	N	Е	N	Е	Е	Т
			L		L	A		Е		N	o s	I	S	А	S		R
			Т			R				T	R S	Т	S	L	S		I
			U			Е				I	Н	Y					A
			R			A				Α	0						L
			E							L	0						
											D						
SIC	SPECIFIC LAND	USE	A	F	M	RA	UR		R1-8	R12	NB	СВ		RB		0	I
#										-48							
	PARK/RECREAT	TION:															
*	Park		P1	P1	P1	P1	P1		P1	P1	Р	Р		P		Р	P13
	Large Active Recre	ation and		P1	P1	P1	P1		P1	P1	Р	P		P		P	P13
	Multiuse Park																
*	Trails		P	P	P	Р	Р		P	Р	Р	Р		Р		P	Р
*	Campgrounds			P16	P16	P16	P16				-14						P16
				C16		C16	C16	5									C16
				a		a	a										a
*	Destination Resorts	3		S		S18	С							С			
*	Marina			С3		C4	C4		C4	C4	P5	Р		Р		P	Р
*	Recreational Vehic	le Park		P19	P19	C2	C2										
						and	P19										
						18											
						P19											
*	Sports Club (17)					C4	C4		C4	C4	С	P		P			
						and1											
						8											
*	Ski Area			S		S18											

*	Recreational Camp		С	7	P24							1	ĺ
					С								
	AMUSEMENT/ENTERTAI												
ě	NMENT:												
*	Adult Entertainment Business									P6	P6	P6	
*	Theater									P	Р	P	P25
7833	Theater, Drive-in										С		
793	Bowling Center									P	P		P
*	Golf Facility				C7	P7	P7	P7					
					and			1					
					18								
7999	Amusement and Recreation		P21	P21	P8	P8	P8	P8	P21	P	P	P21	P21
(14)	Services				P21	P21	P21	P21	P22				
					C15	P22	P22	P22					
					and	C15	C15	C15					
					18								
*	Indoor Paintball Range									P26	P26		P26
*	Outdoor Paintball Range				C27	C27							
*	Shooting Range		C9		C9						C10		P10
					and1								
					8								
*	Amusement Arcades									Р	P		
7996	Amusement Park										С		
*	Outdoor Performance Center		S		C12		P20	P20			S		
					S18								
	CULTURAL:												
823	Library				P11	P11	P11	P28	P	P	Р	P	
						С	С						
841	Museum	C2	C23		P11	P11	P11	P28	P	P	P	P	P
		3				С	С						
842	Arboretum	P	P		Р	Р	P	P	P	P	Р	Р	
*	Conference Center				P11	P11	P11	PII	Р	P	P	P	
					C12	C12	С	С					

Г	CENEDAL CDOSS	Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070; Development Standards see
	GENERAL CROSS	
	REFERENCES:	K.C.C. chapters 21A.12 through 21A.30; General Provisions, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.32 through
		21A.38; Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.40 through 21A.44;
		(*)Definition of this specific Land Use, see K.C.C. chapter 21A.06.
_	B. Development con	ditions.
	1. The following co	onditions and limitations shall apply, where appropriate:
	a. No stadiums on	sites less than ten acres;
	b. Lighting for str	uctures and fields shall be directed away from rural area and
resid	lential ((areas)) zones;	
	c. Structures or se	rvice yards shall maintain a minimum distance of fifty feet
from	n property lines adjoining	g rural area and residential zones, except for fences, wire
mesl	n backstops and structure	es in on-site recreation areas required in K.C.C. 21A.14.180
and 2	21A.14.190. Setback red	quirements for structures in these on-site required recreation
areas	s shall be maintained in	accordance with K.C.C. 21A.12.030;
	d. Facilities in the	A zone shall be limited to trails and trailheads, including
relat	ed accessory uses such a	s parking and sanitary facilities; and
	e. Overnight camp	oing is allowed only in an approved campground.
	2. Recreational veh	icle parks are subject to the following conditions and
limit	ations:	
	a. The maximum l	ength of stay of any vehicle shall not exceed one hundred
eigh	ty days during a three-hu	andred-sixty-five-day period;
	b. The minimum of	listance between recreational vehicle pads shall be no less
than	ten feet; and	

- 1876 c. Sewage shall be disposed in a system approved by the Seattle-King County 1877 health department.
  - 3. Limited to day moorage. The marina shall not create a need for off-site public services beyond those already available before the date of application.
  - 4. Not permitted in the RA-10 or RA-20 zones. Limited to recreation facilities subject to the following conditions and limitations:
  - a. The bulk and scale shall be compatible with residential or rural character of the area;
  - b. For sports clubs, the gross floor area shall not exceed ten thousand square feet unless the building is on the same site or adjacent to a site where a public facility is located or unless the building is a nonprofit facility located in the urban area; and
  - c. Use is limited to residents of a specified residential development or to sports clubs providing supervised instructional or athletic programs.
    - 5. Limited to day moorage.
  - 6.a. Adult entertainment businesses shall be prohibited within three hundred thirty feet of any property zoned RA, UR or R or containing schools, licensed daycare centers, public parks or trails, community centers, public libraries or churches. In addition, adult entertainment businesses shall not be located closer than three thousand feet to any other adult entertainment business. These distances shall be measured from the property line of the parcel or parcels proposed to contain the adult entertainment business to the property line of the parcels zoned RA, UR or R or that contain the uses identified in this subsection B.6.a.

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- b. Adult entertainment businesses shall not be permitted within an area likely to be annexed to a city subject to an executed interlocal agreement between King County and a city declaring that the city will provide opportunities for the location of adult businesses to serve the area. The areas include those identified in the maps attached to Ordinance 13546.
- 7. Clubhouses, maintenance buildings, equipment storage areas and driving range tees shall be at least fifty feet from rural area and residential zoned property lines. Lighting for practice greens and driving range ball impact areas shall be directed away from adjoining rural area and residential zones. Applications shall comply with adopted best management practices for golf course development. Within the RA zone, those facilities shall be permitted only in the RA-5 and RA-2.5 zones. Not permitted in designated rural forest focus area, regionally significant resource areas or locally significant resource areas. Ancillary facilities associated with a golf course are limited to practice putting greens, maintenance buildings and other structures housing administrative offices or activities that provide convenience services to players. These convenience services are limited to a pro shop, food services and dressing facilities and shall occupy a total of no more than ten thousand square feet. Furthermore, the residential density that is otherwise permitted by the zone shall not be used on other portions of the site through clustering or on other sites through the transfer of density provision. This residential density clustering or transfer limitation shall be reflected in a deed restriction that is recorded at the time applicable permits for the development of the golf course are issued.
  - 8. Limited to golf driving range(([s,])) $\underline{s}$ , only as:

1921	a. accessory to golf courses; or
1922	b. accessory to a large active recreation and multiuse park.
1923	9.a. New structures and outdoor ranges shall maintain a minimum distance of
1924	fifty feet from property lines adjoining rural area and residential zones, but existing
1925	facilities shall be exempt.
1926	b. Ranges shall be designed to prevent stray or ricocheting projectiles, pellets
1927	or arrows from leaving the property.
1928	c. Site plans shall include: safety features of the range; provisions for reducing
1929	sound produced on the firing line; elevations of the range showing target area, backdrops
1930	or butts; and approximate locations of buildings on adjoining properties.
1931	d. Subject to the licensing provisions of K.C.C. Title 6.
1932	10.a. Only in an enclosed building, and subject to the licensing provisions of
1933	K.C.C. Title 6;
1934	b. Indoor ranges shall be designed and operated so as to provide a healthful
1935	environment for users and operators by:
1936	(1) installing ventilation systems that provide sufficient clean air in the user's
1937	breathing zone, and
1938	(2) adopting appropriate procedures and policies that monitor and control
1939	exposure time to airborne lead for individual users.
1940	11. Only as accessory to a park or in a building listed on the National Register
1941	as an historic site or designated as a King County landmark subject to K.C.C. chapter
1942	21A 32

1943	12. Only as accessory to a nonresidential use established through a discretionary
1944	permit process, if the scale is limited to ensure compatibility with surrounding
1945	neighborhoods. This condition applies to the UR zone only if the property is located
1946	within a designated unincorporated rural town.
1947	13. Subject to the following:
1948	a. The park shall abut an existing park on one or more sides, intervening roads
1949	notwithstanding;
1950	b. No bleachers or stadiums are permitted if the site is less than ten acres, and
1951	no public amusement devices for hire are permitted;
1952	c. Any lights provided to illuminate any building or recreational area shall be
1953	so arranged as to reflect the light away from any premises upon which a dwelling unit is
1954	located; and
1955	d. All buildings or structures or service yards on the site shall maintain a
1956	distance not less than fifty feet from any property line and from any public street.
1957	14. Excluding amusement and recreational uses classified elsewhere in this
1958	chapter.
1959	15. For amusement and recreation services not otherwise provided for in this
1960	chapter:
1961	a. In the RA zones, not subject to regulation under K.C.C. Title 6 and only on
1962	sites at least five acres or larger;
1963	b. Retail sales are limited to incidental sales to patrons of the amusement or
1964	recreation service; and

1965	c, Does not involve the operation of motor vehicles or off-road vehicles,
1966	including, but not limited to, motorcycles and gocarts.
1967	16. Subject to the following conditions:
1968	a. The length of stay per party in campgrounds shall not exceed one hundred
1969	eighty days during a three-hundred-sixty-five-day period; and
1970	b. Only for campgrounds that are part of a proposed or existing county park,
1971	that are subject to review and public meetings through the department of natural
1972	resources and parks.
1973	17. Only for stand-alone sports clubs that are not part of a park.
1974	18. Subject to review and approval of conditions to comply with trail corridor
1975	provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.14 when located in an RA zone.
1976	19. Only as an accessory to a large active recreation and multiuse park.
1977	20. Only as an accessory to a large active recreation and multiuse park with the
1978	floor area of an individual outdoor performance center stage limited to three thousand
1979	square feet.
1980	21. Limited to rentals of sports and recreation equipment with a total floor area
1981	of no more than seven hundred fifty square feet and only as accessory to a park, or in the
1982	RA zones, to a large active recreation and multiuse park.
1983	22. Only as accessory to a large active recreation and multiuse park and limited
1984	to:
1985	a. water slides, wave pools and associated water recreation facilities; and
1986	b. rentals of sports and recreation equipment.

1987	23. Limited to natural resource and heritage museums and only allowed in a
1988	farm or forestry structure, including but not limited to barns or sawmills, existing as of
1989	December 31, 2003.
1990	24. Use is permitted without a conditional use permit only when in compliance
1991	with all of the following conditions:
1992	a. The use is limited to camps for youths or for persons with special needs due
1993	to a disability, as defined by the American With Disabilities Act of 1990, or due to a
1994	medical condition and including training for leaders for those who use the camp;
1995	b. Active recreational activities shall not involve the use of motorized vehicles
1996	such as cross-country motorcycles or all-terrain vehicles or the use of firearms. The
1997	prohibition on motorized vehicles does not apply to such vehicles that may be necessary
1998	for operation and maintenance of the facility or to a client-specific vehicle used as a
1999	personal mobility device;
2000	c.(1) Except as provided in subsection B.24.c.(2)(b) of this section, the number
2001	of overnight campers, not including camp personnel, in a new camp shall not exceed:
2002	(a) one hundred and fifty for a camp between twenty and forty acres; or
2003	(b) for a camp greater than forty acres, but less than two hundred and fifty
2004	acres, the number of users allowed by the design capacity of a water system and on-site
2005	sewage disposal system approved by the department of health, Seattle/King County, up to
2006	a maximum of three hundred and fifty; and
2007	(2) Existing camps shall be subject to the following:
2008	(a) For a camp established before August 11, 2005, with a conditional use
2009	permit and that is forty acres or larger, but less than one hundred and sixty acres, the

number of overnight campers, not including camp personnel, may be up to one hundred and fifty campers over the limit established by subsection B.24.c.(1)(b) of this section.

- (b) For a camp established before August 11, 2005, with a conditional use permit and that is one hundred and sixty acres or larger, but less than two hundred acres, the number of overnight campers, not including camp personnel, may be up to three hundred and fifty campers over the limit established by subsection B.24.c.(1)(b) of this section. The camp may terminate operations at its existing site and establish a new camp if the area of the camp is greater than two hundred and fifty acres and the number of overnight campers, not including camp personnel, shall not exceed seven hundred.
- d. The length of stay for any individual overnight camper, not including camp personnel, shall not exceed ninety days during a three-hundred-sixty-five-day period;
- e. The camp facilities, such as a medical station, food service hall, and activity rooms, shall be of a scale to serve overnight camp users;
  - f. The minimum size of parcel for such use shall be twenty acres;
- g. Except for any permanent caretaker residence, all new structures where camp users will be housed, fed or assembled shall be no less than fifty feet from properties not related to the camp;
- h. In order to reduce the visual impacts of parking areas, sports and activity fields or new structures where campers will be housed, fed or assembled, the applicant shall provide a Type 3 landscape buffer no less than twenty feet wide between the nearest property line and such parking area, field, or structures, by retaining existing vegetation or augmenting as necessary to achieve the required level of screening;

2032	i. If the site is adjacent to an arterial roadway, access to the site shall be
2033	directly onto said arterial unless direct access is unsafe due inadequate sight distance or
2034	extreme grade separation between the roadway and the site;
2035	j. If direct access to the site is via local access streets, transportation demand
2036	management measures, such as use of carpools, buses or vans to bring in campers, shall
2037	be used to minimize traffic impacts;
2038	k. Any lights provided to illuminate any building or recreational area shall be
2039	so arranged as to reflect the light away from any adjacent property; and
2040	l. A community meeting shall be convened by the applicant (([before])) before
2041	submittal of an application for permits to establish a camp, or to expand the number of
2042	camp users on an existing camp site as provided in subsection B.24.c.(2)(b) of this
2043	section. Notice of the meeting shall be provided at least two weeks in advance to all
2044	property owners within five hundred feet, or at least twenty of the nearest property
2045	owners, whichever is greater. The notice shall at a minimum contain a brief description
2046	of the project and the location, as well as, contact persons and numbers.
2047	25. Limited to theaters primarily for live productions located within a Rural
2048	Town designated by the King County Comprehensive Plan.
2049	26.a. Only in an enclosed building; and
2050	b. A copy of the current liability policy of not less than one million dollars for
2051	bodily injury or death shall be maintained in the department.
2052	27. Minimum standards for outdoor paintball recreation fields:
2053	a. The minimum site area is twenty-five acres;

b.	b. Structure shall be no closer than one hundred feet from any lot	line adjacent
to a <u>rural</u> a	l area or residential zoned property;	

- c. The area where paintballs are discharged shall be located more than three hundred feet of any lot line and more than five hundred feet from the lot line of any adjoining <u>rural area or</u> residential <u>zoned</u> property. The department may allow for a lesser setback if it determines through the conditional use permit review that the lesser setback in combination with other elements of the site design provides adequate protection to adjoining properties and rights-of-ways;
- d. A twenty-foot high nylon mesh screen shall be installed around all play areas and shall be removed at the end of each day when the play area is not being used. The department may allow for the height of the screen to be lowered to no less than ten feet if it determines through the conditional use permit review that the lower screen in combination with other elements of the site design provides adequate protection from discharged paintballs;
- e. All parking and spectator areas, structures and play areas shall be screened from adjoining <u>rural area or</u> residential zoned property and public rights of way with Type 1 landscaping at least ten feet wide;
- f. Any retail sales conducted on the property shall be accessory and incidental to the permitted activity and conducted only for the participants of the site;
- g. A plan of operations specifying days and hours of operation, number of participants and employees, types of equipment to be used by users of the site, safety procedures, type of compressed air fuel to be used on the site and storage and maintenance procedures for the compressed air fuel shall be provided for review in

conjunction with the conditional use permit application. All safety procedures shall be
reviewed and approved by department of public safety before submittal of the conditional
use permit application. All activities shall be in compliance with National Paintball
League standards;

- h. The hours of operation shall be limited to Saturdays and Sundays and statutory holidays from 8:30 A.M. to 8:30 P.M., and further restricted as applicable to daylight hours;
- i. No more than one hundred paintball players shall be allowed on the site at any one time;
  - j. No outdoor lights or amplified sounds shall be permitted;
- k. The facility shall have direct access to a road designated as a major collector (or higher) in the Comprehensive Plan unless the department determines through the conditional use permit review that the type and amount of traffic generated by the facility is such that it will not cause an undue impact on the neighbors or adversely affect safety of road usage;
  - 1. The facility shall be secured at the close of business each day;
- m. All equipment and objects used in the paintball activities shall be removed from the site within ninety days of the discontinuance of the paintball use; and
- n. A copy of the current liability policy of not less than one million dollars for bodily injury or death shall be submitted with the conditional use permit application and shall be maintained in the department.
- 28. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.

2100 <u>SECTION 28.</u> Ordinance 10870, Section 332, as amended, and K.C.C.

2101 21A.08.050 ar eeach hereby amended to read as follows:

A. General services land uses.

P-Permitted Use	KEY			RES	OUR	CE	RUR	RE	ESII	ENT	IAL	CC	MN	1ER	CIA	AL/I	ND	USTR	IAL
C-Conditional Use S-Special Use  Z R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R							AL												
S-Special Use	P-Permitt	ted Use		A	F	M	R	U	R	U	R	N	В	С	В	R	В	0	I
O	C-Condit	ional Use		G	0	I	U	R	Е	R	Е	Е	U	О	U	Е	U	F	N
N	S-Special	Use	Z	R	R	N	R	В	S	В	S	I	S	M	S	G	S	F	D
E			0	I	Е	Е	A	A	Е	A	I	G	I	M	I	I	I	I	U
L			N	С	S	R	L	N	R	N	D	Н	N	U	N	0	N	С	S
T			Е	U	Т	A			V		Е	В	Е	N	Е	N	Е	Е	Т
U				L		L	A		Е		N	О	S	I	S	A	S		R
R				Т			R				Т	R	S	Т	S	L	S		I
E				U			Е				I	Н		Y					A
SIC#   SPECIFIC   A   F   M   RA   UR   R1-   R12-   NB   CB   RB   O   I				R			A				A	0							L
SIC#         SPECIFIC         A         F         M         RA         UR         R1-         R12-         NB         CB         RB         O         I           PERSONAL         SERVICES:         SERVICES:         C25         C25         P         P         P         P         P3         P3           72         General Personal         C37         C37         C37         C37         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P				Е							L	О							
LAND USE         8         48         Image: Control of the point of the												D							
PERSONAL         SERVICES:         C25         C25         P         P         P         P3         P3           72         General Personal         C37         C37         C37         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P <td>SIC#</td> <td>SPECIFIC</td> <td></td> <td>A</td> <td>F</td> <td>M</td> <td>RA</td> <td>UR</td> <td></td> <td>R1-</td> <td>R12-</td> <td>NB</td> <td></td> <td>CB</td> <td>3</td> <td>RE</td> <td>3</td> <td>0</td> <td>I</td>	SIC#	SPECIFIC		A	F	M	RA	UR		R1-	R12-	NB		CB	3	RE	3	0	I
SERVICES:         C25         C25         P         P         P         P         P3         P3           72         General Personal Service         C37         C37         C37         C37         C37         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P         P <td< th=""><th></th><th>LAND USE</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>8</th><th>48</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>,</th></td<>		LAND USE								8	48								,
72 General Personal C25 C25 P P P P P3 P3 Service C37 C37 C37 P Plants		PERSONAL	,																
Service		SERVICES:																	
7216 Drycleaning Plants	72	General Perso	onal							C25	C25	P		P		P		P3	Р3
Plants		Service								C37	C37								
	7216	Drycleaning																	P
7218 Industrial P		Plants																	
	7218	Industrial																	P

	Launderers										
7261	Funeral			C4	C4	C4		P	P		
	Home/Crematory										
*	Cemetery,		P24	P24	P24	P24	P24	P24	P24	P24	
	Columbarium or		C5	C5	C5	C5			C5		
	Mausoleum		and								
			31								
*	Day Care I	P6	P6	P6	P6	P	P	P	P	P7	P7
*	Day Care II		P8 C	P8 C	P8	P8 C	P	Р	P	P7	P7
					С						
074	Veterinary Clinic	P9	P9	P9			P10	P10	P10		P
			C10	C10							
			and								
			31								
753	Automotive						P11	P	P		P
	Repair (1)										
754	Automotive						P11	Р	P		Р
	Service										
76	Miscellaneous	P33	P32	P32	P32	P32	P32	Р	P		Р
	Repair		P33								
866	Church,		P12	P12	P12	P12	P	Р	P	P	
	Synagogue,		C27	C	С	С					
	Temple		and								
			31								
83	Social Services		P12	P12	P12	P12	P	P	P	P	
	(2)		P13	P13	P13	P13					
			C31	С	С	С					

0752	Animal specialty			C P35	С			P	P	P	P	P
	services			P36								
*	Stable	P14	-	P14	P14	P						
		C		C31	С	14						
						С						
*	Kennel or Cattery	P9		С	С				С	P		
*	Theatrical								P30	P28		
	Production											
	Services				0 1					.5		
*	Artist Studios			P28	P28	P28	P28	Р	P	P	P29	Р
*	Interim Recycling			P21	P21	P21	P21	P22	P22	P	P21	P
	Facility											
*	Dog training	C3		C34	C34			P	P	P		P
	facility	4										
	HEALTH											
	SERVICES:											
801-04	Office/Outpatient			P12 C	P12	P12	P12	P	P	P	P	P
	Clinic			13a	C13a	C13	C13a					
						a	C37					
				à:		C37						
805	Nursing and						С		P	P		
	Personal Care											
	Facilities											
806	Hospital					C13	C13a		P	P	С	
						a						
807	Medical/Dental								Р	P	P	P
	Lab											

Miscellaneous									P	P	P	
Health												
EDUCATION	_											
SERVICES:												
Elementary				P39P	P	Р	P		P16	P16	P16	
School				40					P40	P40	P40	
Middle/Junior				P40	P	P	P		P16	P16	P16	
High School				C39					C40	C40	C4	
				and31							0	
Secondary or				C39	P26	P26	P26		P16	P16	P16	
High School				and					C15	C15		
				31								
				C41a								
				nd 31								
Vocational School	$\forall$				P13a	P13	P13a			P15	P17	P
					С	a C	С					
Specialized		P1		P19	P19	P19	P19	P	P	Р	P17	Р
Instruction School		8		C20	C20	C20	C20					38
				and								
				31					5:			
School District	-				P23	P23	P23	C15	P15	P15	P15	P15
Support Facility				1 1	C	$ _{\rm C} $	С					
	Health  EDUCATION SERVICES:  Elementary School  Middle/Junior High School  Secondary or High School  Vocational School  Specialized Instruction School	Health  EDUCATION SERVICES:  Elementary School  Middle/Junior High School  Secondary or High School  Vocational School  Specialized Instruction School	Health  EDUCATION SERVICES:  Elementary School  Middle/Junior High School  Secondary or High School  Vocational School  Specialized Instruction School  School District	Health  EDUCATION SERVICES:  Elementary School  Middle/Junior High School  Secondary or High School  Vocational School  Specialized Instruction School  School District	Health  EDUCATION SERVICES:  Elementary School  Middle/Junior High School  Secondary or High School  Au  C39 And31  C41a And 31  Vocational School  Specialized Instruction School  School District	Health  EDUCATION SERVICES:  Elementary School  Middle/Junior High School  Secondary or High School  Au  C39 And31  Secondary or High School  F131  C41a And 31  Vocational School  P134  C  Specialized P1 P19 P19 Instruction School  8 C20 C20 And 31  School District  P23	Health   EDUCATION   SERVICES:	Health	Health	Health	Health	Health

**GENERAL CROSS** 

Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070; Development

**REFERENCES:** 

Standards, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.12 through 21A.30; General Provisions, see

K.C.C. chapters 21A.32 through 21A.38; Application and Review Procedures, see

K.C.C. chapters 21A.40 through 21A.44; (\*)Definition of this specific Land Use, see

K.C.C. chapter 21A.06.

2103	B. Development conditions.
2104	1. Except SIC Industry No. 7534-Tire Retreading, see manufacturing permitted
2105	use table.
2106	2. Except SIC Industry Group Nos.:
2107	a. 835-Day Care Services, and
2108	b. ((836-Residential Care, which is otherwise provided for on the residential
2109	permitted land use table)) Community residential facilities.
2110	3. Limited to SIC Industry Group and Industry Nos.:
2111	a. 723-Beauty Shops;
2112	b. 724-Barber Shops;
2113	c. 725-Shoe Repair Shops and Shoeshine Parlors;
2114	d. 7212-Garment Pressing and Agents for Laundries and Drycleaners; and
2115	e. 217-Carpet and Upholstery Cleaning.
2116	4. Only as accessory to a cemetery, and prohibited from the UR zone only if the
2117	property is located within a designated unincorporated Rural Town.
2118	5. Structures shall maintain a minimum distance of one hundred feet from
2119	property lines adjoining <u>rural area and</u> residential zones.
2120	6. Only as accessory to residential use, and:
2121	a. Outdoor play areas shall be completely enclosed by a solid wall or fence,
2122	with no openings except for gates, and have a minimum height of six feet; and
2123	b. Outdoor play equipment shall maintain a minimum distance of twenty feet
2124	from property lines adjoining <u>rural area and</u> residential zones.

2125	7. Permitted as an accessory use. See commercial/industrial accessory, K.C.C.
2126	21A.08.060.A.
2127	8. Only as a reuse of a public school facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32,
2128	or an accessory use to a school, church, park, sport club or public housing administered
2129	by a public agency, and:
2130	a. Outdoor play areas shall be completely enclosed by a solid wall or fence,
2131	with no openings except for gates and have a minimum height of six feet;
2132	b. Outdoor play equipment shall maintain a minimum distance of twenty feet
2133	from property lines adjoining <u>rural area and</u> residential zones;
2134	c. Direct access to a developed arterial street shall be required in any
2135	residential zone; and
2136	d. Hours of operation may be restricted to assure compatibility with
2137	surrounding development.
2138	9.a. As a home occupation only, but the square footage limitations in K.C.C.
2139	chapter 21A.30 for home occupations apply only to the office space for the veterinary
2140	clinic, office space for the kennel or office space for the cattery, and:
2141	(1) Boarding or overnight stay of animals is allowed only on sites of five
2142	acres or more;
2143	(2) No burning of refuse or dead animals is allowed;
2144	(3) The portion of the building or structure in which animals are kept or
2145	treated shall be soundproofed. All run areas, excluding confinement areas for livestock,
2146	shall be surrounded by an eight-foot-high solid wall and the floor area shall be surfaced
2147	with concrete or other impervious material; and

2148	(4) The provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.30 relative to animal keeping are
2149	met.
2150	b. The following additional provisions apply to kennels or catteries in the A
2151	zone:
2152	(1) Impervious surface for the kennel or cattery shall not exceed twelve
2153	thousand square feet;
2154	(2) Obedience training classes are not allowed except as provided in
2155	subsection B.34. of this section; and
2156	(3) Any buildings or structures used for housing animals and any outdoor
2157	runs shall be set back one hundred and fifty feet from property lines.
2158	10.a. No burning of refuse or dead animals is allowed;
2159	b. The portion of the building or structure in which animals are kept or treated
2160	shall be soundproofed. All run areas, excluding confinement areas for livestock, shall be
2161	surrounded by an eight-foot-high solid wall and the floor area shall be surfaced with
2162	concrete or other impervious material; and
2163	c. The provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.30 relative to animal keeping are met.
2164	11. The repair work or service shall only be performed in an enclosed building,
2165	and no outdoor storage of materials. SIC Industry No. 7532-Top, Body, and Upholstery
2166	Repair Shops and Paint Shops is not allowed.
2167	12. Only as a reuse of a public school facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32.
2168	Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a community
2169	meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.

2170	13.a. Except as otherwise provided in 13.b of this subsection, only as a reuse of
2171	a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter 21A.32.
2172	b. Allowed for a social service agency on a site in the NB zone that serves
2173	transitional or low-income housing located within three hundred feet of the site on which
2174	the social service agency is located.
2175	c. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a
2176	community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.
2177	14. Covered riding arenas are subject to K.C.C. 21A.30.030 and shall not
2178	exceed twenty thousand square feet, but stabling areas, whether attached or detached,
2179	shall not be counted in this calculation.
2180	15. If located outside of the urban growth area, limited to projects that are of a
2181	size and scale designed to primarily serve the rural area and shall be located within a rural
2182	town.
2183	16. If located outside of the urban growth area, shall be designed to primarily
2184	serve the rural area and shall be located within a rural town. In CB, RB and O, for K-12
2185	schools with no more than one hundred students.
2186	17. All instruction must be within an enclosed structure.
2187	18. Limited to resource management education programs.
2188	19. Only as accessory to residential use, and:
2189	a. Students shall be limited to twelve per one-hour session;
2190	b. Except as provided in subsection c. of this subsection, all instruction must
2191	be within an enclosed structure;

2192	c. Outdoor instruction may be allowed on properties at least two and one-half
2193	acres in size. Any outdoor activity must comply with the requirements for setbacks in
2194	K.C.C. chapter 21A.12; and
2195	d. Structures used for the school shall maintain a distance of twenty-five feet
2196	from property lines adjoining <u>rural area and</u> residential zones.
2197	20. Subject to the following:
2198	a. Structures used for the school and accessory uses shall maintain a minimum
2199	distance of twenty-five feet from property lines adjoining residential zones;
2200	b. On lots over two and one-half acres:
2201	(1) Retail sale of items related to the instructional courses is permitted, if total
2202	floor area for retail sales is limited to two thousand square feet;
2203	(2) Sale of food prepared in the instructional courses is permitted with
2204	Seattle-King County department of public health approval, if total floor area for food
2205	sales is limited to one thousand square feet and is located in the same structure as the
2206	school; and
2207	(3) Other incidental student-supporting uses are allowed, if such uses are
2208	found to be both compatible with and incidental to the principal use; and
2209	c. On sites over ten acres, located in a designated Rural Town and zoned any
2210	one or more of UR, R-1 and R-4:
2211	(1) Retail sale of items related to the instructional courses is permitted,
2212	provided total floor area for retail sales is limited to two thousand square feet;
2213	(2) Sale of food prepared in the instructional courses is permitted with
2214	Seattle-King County department of public health approval, if total floor area for food

2215	sales is limited to one thousand seven hundred fifty square feet and is located in the same
2216	structure as the school;
2217	(3) Other incidental student-supporting uses are allowed, if the uses are found
2218	to be functionally related, subordinate, compatible with and incidental to the principal
2219	use;
2220	(4) The use shall be integrated with allowable agricultural uses on the site;
2221	(5) Advertised special events shall comply with the temporary use
2222	requirements of this chapter; and
2223	(6) Existing structures that are damaged or destroyed by fire or natural event,
2224	if damaged by more than fifty percent of their prior value, may reconstruct and expand an
2225	additional sixty-five percent of the original floor area but need not be approved as a
2226	conditional use if their use otherwise complies with development condition B.20.c. of this
2227	section and this title.
2228	21. Limited to:
2229	a. drop box facilities accessory to a public or community use such as a school,
2230	fire station or community center; or
2231	b. in the RA zone, a facility accessory to a retail nursery, garden center and
2232	farm supply store that accepts earth materials, vegetation, organic waste, construction and
2233	demolition materials or source separated organic materials, if:
2234	(1) the site is five acres or greater;
2235	(2) all material is deposited into covered containers or onto covered
2236	impervious areas;

2237	(3) the facility and any driveways or other access to the facility maintain a
2238	setback of at least twenty five feet from adjacent properties;
2239	(4) the total area of the containers and covered impervious area is ten
2240	thousand square feet or less;
2241	(5) ten feet of type II landscaping is provided between the facility and
2242	adjacent properties;
2243	(6) no processing of the material is conducted on site; and
2244	(7) access to the facility is not from a local access street.
2245	22. With the exception of drop box facilities for the collection and temporary
2246	storage of recyclable materials, all processing and storage of material shall be within
2247	enclosed buildings. Yard waste processing is not permitted.
2248	23. Only if adjacent to an existing or proposed school.
2249	24. Limited to columbariums accessory to a church, but required landscaping
2250	and parking shall not be reduced.
2251	25. Not permitted in R-1 and limited to a maximum of five thousand square feet
2252	per establishment and subject to the additional requirements in K.C.C. 21A.12.230.
2253	26.a. New high schools permitted in the rural and the urban residential and
2254	urban reserve zones shall be subject to the review process in K.C.C. 21A.42.140.
2255	b. Renovation, expansion, modernization, or reconstruction of a school, or the
2256	addition of relocatable facilities, is permitted.
2257	27. Limited to projects that do not require or result in an expansion of sewer
2258	service outside the urban growth area. In addition, such use shall not be permitted in the
2259	RA-20 zone

2260	28. Only as a reuse of a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter
2261	21A.32 or as a joint use of an existing public school facility.
2262	29. All studio use must be within an enclosed structure.
2263	30. Adult use facilities shall be prohibited within six hundred sixty feet of
2264	((any)) the rural area and residential zones, any other adult use facility, school, licensed
2265	daycare centers, parks, community centers, public libraries or churches that conduct
2266	religious or educational classes for minors.
2267	31. Subject to review and approval of conditions to comply with trail corridor
2268	provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.14 when located in an RA zone.
2269	32. Limited to repair of sports and recreation equipment:
2270	a. as accessory to a large active recreation and multiuse park in the urban
2271	growth area; or
2272	b. as accessory to a park, or a large active recreation and multiuse park in the
2273	RA zones, and limited to a total floor area of seven hundred fifty square feet.
2274	33. Accessory to agricultural or forestry uses provided:
2275	a. the repair of tools and machinery is limited to those necessary for the
2276	operation of a farm or forest.
2277	b. the lot is at least five acres.
2278	c. the size of the total repair use is limited to one percent of the lot size up to a
2279	maximum of five thousand square feet unless located in a farm structure, including but
2280	not limited to barns, existing as of December 31, 2003.
2281	34. Subject to the following:
2282	a. the lot is at least five acres;

2283	b. in the A zones, area used for dog training shall be located on portions of
2284	agricultural lands that are unsuitable for other agricultural purposes, such as areas within
2285	the already developed portion of such agricultural lands that are not available for direct
2286	agricultural production or areas without prime agricultural soils;
2287	c. structures and areas used for dog training shall maintain a minimum distance
2288	of seventy-five feet from property lines; and
2289	d. all training activities shall be conducted within fenced areas or in indoor
2290	facilities. Fences must be sufficient to contain the dogs.
2291	35. Limited to animal rescue shelters and provided that:
2292	a. the property shall be at least four acres;
2293	b. buildings used to house rescued animals shall be no less than fifty feet from
2294	property lines;
2295	c. outdoor animal enclosure areas shall be located no less than thirty feet from
2296	property lines and shall be fenced in a manner sufficient to contain the animals;
2297	d. the facility shall be operated by a nonprofit organization registered under the
2298	Internal Revenue Code as a 501(c)(3) organization; and
2299	e. the facility shall maintain normal hours of operation no earlier than 7 a.m.
2300	and no later than 7 p.m.
2301	36. Limited to kennel-free dog boarding and daycare facilities, and:
2302	a. the property shall be at least four and one-half acres;
2303	b. buildings housing dogs shall be no less than seventy-five feet from property
2304	lines;

2323	21A.08.060 are each hereby amended to read as follows:  A. Government/business services land uses.											
2322	SECTION 29. Ordinance 10870, Section 333, as amended, and K.C.C.											
2321	allowed under King County Comprehensive Plan policies.											
2320	41. A high school may be allowed as a reuse of an existing public school if											
2319	40. Only as a reuse of an existing public school.											
2318	under King County Comprehensive Plan policies.											
2317	39. A school may be located outside of the urban growth area only if allowed											
2316	46.82 RCW.											
2315	38. Driver training is limited to driver training schools licensed under chapter											
2314	21A.12.250.											
2313	37. Not permitted in R-1 and subject to the additional requirements in K.C.C.											
2312	and no later than 7 p.m.											
2311	f. the facility shall maintain normal hours of operation no earlier than 7 a.m.											
2310	dogs staying at the facility; and											
2309	e. training and grooming are ancillary services that may be provided only to											
2308	to the number allowed for hobby kennels, as provided in K.C.C. 11.04.060.B; and											
2307	d. the number of dogs allowed on the property at any one time shall be limited											
2306	lines and shall be fenced in a manner sufficient to contain the dogs;											
2305	c. outdoor exercise areas shall be located no less than thirty feet from property											

C-Cond	C-Conditional Use			0	I	U	R	Е	R	E	Е	U	0	U	Е	U	F	N
S-Specia	al Use	Z	R	R	N	R	В	S	В	S	I	S	M	S	G	S	F	D
		0	1	E	E	A	A	Е	A	1	G	I	M	I	I	I	1	U
		N	С	S	R	L	N	R	N	D	Н	N	U	N	0	N	С	S
		Е	U	Т	A			V		Е	В	Е	N	Е	N	Е	Е	Т
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SIC#	SPECIFIC LAND USE		A	F	M	RA	UR	Т	R1-8	R12-	NB		СВ	T	RB	Т	0	I (30)
										48								
	GOVERNMENT						$\vdash$	+				+		+		+		
	SERVICES:							- [										
	Public agency or utility offic	e				P3	P3	+	P3 C	P3 C	P	+	P	+	P	+	P	P16
						C5	C5							1		1		
	Public agency or utility yard					P27	P27	+	P27	P27		+		+	P	+		P
[/#]	Public agency archives							+				+		+	P	+	P	P
921	Court							+				+	P4	+	P	+	P	
9221	Police Facility					P7	P7	+	P7	P7	P7	+	P	+	P	+	P	P
9224	Fire Facility					C6	C6	+	C6	C6	P	+	P	+	P	+	P	P
						and												
						33								١		1		
*	Utility Facility		P29	P29	P29	P29	P29	+	P29	P29	P	+	P	+	P	+	P	P
			C28	C28	C28	C28	C28		C28	C28						1		
						and								١		1		
						33										1		
*	Commuter Parking Lot					C 33	С	+	C	C 19	P	+	P	+	P	+	P	P35
						P19	P19		P19									
*	Private Stormwater		P8	P8	P8	P8	P8		P8	P8	P8	+	P8	+	P8	+	P8	P8
	Management Facility																	
*	Vactor Waste Receiving		P	P	P	P18	P18	+	P18	P18	P31	+	P31	+	P31	+	P31	P
	Facility																	
	BUSINESS SERVICES:	_				-		+				+		+		+		
+	Construction and Trade					P34		+				+		+	P	+	P9	P
*	Individual Transportation and	d						+				+	P25	+	P	-	P10	P
	Taxi																	
i																-0		

421	Trucking and Courier Service		1			Ī				P11	P12	P13	P
*	Warehousing, (1) and												P
	Wholesale Trade												
*	Self-service Storage	1						P14	P37	P	P	P	P
4221	Farm Product Warehousing,	P15			P15	P15,						1	P
4222	Refrigeration and Storage	C36			and	C36						1	
					33	15							
					C36								
*	Log Storage	P15	P		P26							-	P
					and								
					33								
47	Transportation Service							1			-	-	P
473	Freight and Cargo Service			-					1	-	P	P	P
472	Passenger Transportation									P	P	P	
	Service												
48	Communication Offices			-						-	P	P	P
482	Telegraph and other									P	P	P	P
102	Communications									1	1	^	1
	General Business Service			-	-			-	P	P	P	P	P16
*													
	Professional Office								Р	P	P	P	P16
7312	Outdoor Advertising Service										P	P17	P
735	Miscellaneous Equipment Rental									P17	P	P17	P
751	Automotive Rental and									P	P	<u> </u>	P
	Leasing												
752	Automotive Parking								P20	P20	P21	P20	P
*	Off-Street Required Parking				P32	P32	P32	P32	P32	P32	P32	P32	P32
	Lot												
7941	Professional Sport										P	P	
	Teams/Promoters												
873	Research, Development and										P2	P2	P2
	Testing												
*	Heavy Equipment and Truck									-			P
	Repair												
	ACCESSORY USES:												
*	Commercial/Industrial			P	P22				P22	P22	P	P	P
	Accessory Uses												
*	Helistop					C23	C23	C23	C23	C23	C24	C23	C24

GENERAL Land Use Table Instructions, see K.C.C. 21A.08.020 and 21A.02.070; Development Standards, see chapters 21A.12 through 21A.30;										
CROSS General Provisions, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.32 through 21A.38; Application and Review Procedures, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.40										
REFERENCES: through 21A,44; (*) Definition of this specific land use, see K.C.C. chapter 21A.06.										
B. Development conditions.										
1. Except self-service storage.										
2. Except SIC Industry No. 8732-Commercial Economic, Sociological, and										
Educational Research, see general business service/office.										
3.a. Only as a re-use of a public school facility or a surplus nonresidential										
facility subject to the provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A.32; or										
b. only when accessory to a fire facility and the office is no greater than one										
thousand five hundred square feet of floor area.										
4. Only as a re-use of a surplus nonresidential facility subject to K.C.C. chapter										
21A.32.										
5. New utility office locations only if there is no commercial/industrial zoning										
in the utility district, and not in the RA-10 or RA-20 zones unless it is demonstrated that										
no feasible alternative location is possible, and provided further that this condition										
applies to the UR zone only if the property is located within a designated unincorporated										
Rural Town.										
6.a. All buildings and structures shall maintain a minimum distance of twenty										
feet from property lines adjoining rural area and residential zones;										
b. Any buildings from which fire-fighting equipment emerges onto a street										
shall maintain a distance of thirty-five feet from such street;										
c. No outdoor storage; and										

2345	d. Excluded from the RA-10 and RA-20 zones unless it is demonstrated that n
2346	feasible alternative location is possible.
2347	7. Limited to storefront police offices. Such offices shall not have:
2348	a. holding cells;
2349	b. suspect interview rooms (except in the NB zone); or
2350	c. long-term storage of stolen properties.
2351	8. Private stormwater management facilities serving development proposals
2352	located on commercial/industrial zoned lands shall also be located on
2353	commercial/industrial lands, unless participating in an approved shared facility drainage
2354	plan. Such facilities serving development within an area designated urban in the King
2355	County Comprehensive Plan shall only be located in the urban area.
2356	9. No outdoor storage of materials.
2357	10. Limited to office uses.
2358	11. Limited to self-service household moving truck or trailer rental accessory to
2359	a gasoline service station.
2360	12. Limited to self-service household moving truck or trailer rental accessory to
2361	a gasoline service station and SIC Industry No. 4215-Courier Services, except by air.
2362	13. Limited to SIC Industry No. 4215-Courier Services, except by air.
2363	14. Accessory to an apartment development of at least twelve units provided:
2364	a. The gross floor area in self service storage shall not exceed the total gross
2365	floor area of the apartment dwellings on the site;
2366	b. All outdoor lights shall be deflected, shaded and focused away from all
2367	adjoining property;

2368	c. The use of the facility shall be limited to dead storage of household goods;
2369	d. No servicing or repair of motor vehicles, boats, trailers, lawn mowers or
2370	similar equipment;
2371	e. No outdoor storage or storage of flammable liquids, highly combustible or
2372	explosive materials or hazardous chemicals;
2373	f. No residential occupancy of the storage units;
2374	g. No business activity other than the rental of storage units; and
2375	h. A resident director shall be required on the site and shall be responsible for
2376	maintaining the operation of the facility in conformance with the conditions of approval.
2377	i. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a
2378	community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.
2379	15.a. The floor area devoted to warehousing, refrigeration or storage shall not
2380	exceed two thousand square feet;
2381	b. Structures and areas used for warehousing, refrigeration and storage shall
2382	maintain a minimum distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining rural area
2383	and residential zones; and
2384	c. Warehousing, refrigeration and storage is limited to agricultural products
2385	and sixty percent or more of the products must be grown or processed in the Puget Sound
2386	counties. At the time of the initial application, the applicant shall submit a projection of
2387	the source of products to be included in the warehousing, refrigeration or storage.
2388	16. Only as an accessory use to another permitted use.
2389	17. No outdoor storage.

2390	18. Only as an accessory use to a public agency or utility yard, or to a transfer
2391	station.
2392	19. Limited to new commuter parking lots designed for thirty or fewer parking
2393	spaces or commuter parking lots located on existing parking lots for churches, schools, or
2394	other permitted nonresidential uses that have excess capacity available during
2395	commuting; provided that the new or existing lot is adjacent to a designated arterial that
2396	has been improved to a standard acceptable to the department of transportation;
2397	20. No tow-in lots for damaged, abandoned or otherwise impounded vehicles.
2398	21. No dismantling or salvage of damaged, abandoned or otherwise impounded
2399	vehicles.
2400	22. Storage limited to accessory storage of commodities sold at retail on the
2401	premises or materials used in the fabrication of commodities sold on the premises.
2402	23. Limited to emergency medical evacuation sites in conjunction with police,
2403	fire or health service facility. Helistops are prohibited from the UR zone only if the
2404	property is located within a designated unincorporated Rural Town.
2405	24. Allowed as accessory to an allowed use.
2406	25. Limited to private road ambulance services with no outside storage of
2407	vehicles.
2408	26. Limited to two acres or less.
2409	27a. Utility yards only on sites with utility district offices; or
2410	b. Public agency yards are limited to material storage for road maintenance
2411	facilities

2412	28. Limited to bulk gas storage tanks that pipe to individual residences but
2413	excluding liquefied natural gas storage tanks.
2414	29. Excluding bulk gas storage tanks.
2415	30. For I-zoned sites located outside the urban growth area designated by the
2416	King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shall be subject to the provisions for rural
2417	industrial uses in K.C.C. chapter 21A.12.
2418	31. Vactor waste treatment, storage and disposal shall be limited to liquid
2419	materials. Materials shall be disposed of directly into a sewer system, or shall be stored
2420	in tanks (or other covered structures), as well as enclosed buildings.
2421	32. Provided:
2422	a. Off-street required parking for a land use located in the urban area must be
2423	located in the urban area;
2424	b. Off-street required parking for a land use located in the rural area must be
2425	located in the rural area; and
2426	c.(1) Except as provided in 32.c.(2) of this subsection, off-street required
2427	parking must be located on a lot that would permit, either outright or through a land use
2428	permit approval process, the land use the off-street parking will serve.
2429	(2) For a social service agency allowed under K.C.C. 21A.08.050B.13.b. to
2430	be located on a site in the NB zone, off-street required parking may be located on a site
2431	within three hundred feet of the social service agency, regardless of zoning classification
2432	of the site on which the parking is located.
2433	33. Subject to review and approval of conditions to comply with trail corridor
2434	provisions of K.C.C. chapter 21A 14 when located in an R.A. zone

2435	34. Limited to landscape and horticultural services (SIC 078) that are accessory
2436	to a retail nursery, garden center and farm supply store. Construction equipment for the
2437	accessory use shall not be stored on the premises.
2438	35. Allowed as a primary or accessory use to an allowed industrial-zoned land
2439	use.
2440	36. Accessory to agricultural uses provided:
2441	a. In the RA zones and on lots less than thirty-five acres in the A zone, the
2442	floor area devoted to warehousing, refrigeration or storage shall not exceed three
2443	thousand five hundred square feet unless located in a building designated as historic
2444	resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62;
2445	b. On lots at least thirty-five acres in the A zones, the floor area devoted to
2446	warehousing, refrigeration or storage shall not exceed seven thousand square feet unless
2447	located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62.
2448	c. In the A zones, structures and areas used for warehousing, refrigeration and
2449	storage shall be located on portions of agricultural lands that are unsuitable for other
2450	agricultural purposes, such as areas within the already developed portion of such
2451	agricultural lands that are not available for direct agricultural production, or areas without
2452	prime agricultural soils;
2453	d. Structures and areas used for warehousing, refrigeration or storage shall
2454	maintain a minimum distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining <u>rural area</u>
2455	and residential zones; and
2456	e. Warehousing, refrigeration and storage is limited to agricultural products

and sixty percent or more of the products must be grown or processed in the Puget Sound

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counties. At the time of the initial application, the applicant shall submit a projection of the source of products to be included in the warehousing, refrigeration or storage.

37. Use shall be limited to the NB zone on parcels outside of the Urban Growth Area, Rural Towns and Rural Neighborhoods and the building floor area devoted to such use shall not exceed ten thousand square feet.

SECTION 30. Ordinance 10870, Section 334, as amended, and K.C.C.

21A.08.070 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

## A. Retail land uses.

KEY			RES	OURCE		RU	RE	SIDE	NTIAL		СО	MMI	ERCIA	L/IN	DUS'	ΓRIA	L-	
		19				R A												
			->1			L												
P-Permitte	d Use		A	F	М	R	U	R	U	R	N	В	С	В	R	В	0	I
C-Condition	onal Use		G	0	I	U	R	Е	R	Е	Е	U	0	U	Е	U	F	N
S-Special V	Use	Z	R	R	N	R	В	S	В	S	I	S	М	S	G	S	F	D
		0	I	E	Е	A	A	E	A	I	G	I	M	1	I	Ι	I	U
		N	С	S	R	L	N	R	N	D	Н	N	U	N	0	N	С	S
		Е	U	Т	A			V		E	В	Е	N	Е	N	Е	E	T
			L		L	Α		Е		N	0	S	I	S	A	S		R
			Т			R				T	R	S	Т	S	L	S		I
			U			Е				I	Н		Y					A
			R			Α				Α	0							L
			Е							L	0							
											D							
SIC#	SPECIFIC		A	F	M	RA	UR		R1-8	R12-	NB		СВ		RB		0	I
	LAND USE									48								(30)
*	Building Mat	erials		P23							P2		P		P			
	and Hardware																	
	Stores																	
*	Retail Nurser	у,	P1			Pl					P		P		P			
	Garden Cente	r and	Cl			C1												
	Farm Supply																	
	Stores																	
	Forest Produc	ts	P3	P4		P3									P			

	Sales	and			and			F				T	
		4		-	4								
	Datasets						C14a	P14	P5	P	P	_	
	Department and						C14a	F14	173	P	r		
	Variety Stores												
54	Food Stores						C15a	P15	P	P	P	С	P6
*	Agricultural	P7	P4		P7	P3	P3	P25	P25	P25	P25	P25	P25
	Product Sales	C7			C7								
*	Farmers Market	P24	P24		P24	P24	P24	P24	P24	P24	P24	P24	P24
*	Motor Vehicle and										P8		P
	Boat Dealers												
553	Auto Supply			ļ	-					P9	P9		P
333													1
	Stores												
554	Gasoline Service								P	P	P		P
	Stations												
56	Apparel and									P	P		
	Accessory Stores												
*	Furniture and									P	P		
	Home Furnishings												
	Stores												
58	Eating and				P21		P20	P20	P10	P	P	P	P
30							C16		110	1	1	1	1
	Drinking Places				C19			P16					
*	Drug Stores						C15	P15	P	P	P	С	
592	Liquor Stores	P13			P13	P13			P13	P	P		
593	Used Goods:									Р	P		
	Antiques/				7.								
	Secondhand Shops												
*	Sporting Goods			P22	P22	P22	P22	P22	P22	P	P	P22	P22
	and Related Stores												
*	Book, Stationery,			-	_		C15a	P15	P	P	P	-	
							CIJa	113	1	1	1		
	Video and Art												
	Supply Stores					1							
*	Jewelry Stores									Р	P		
	Monuments,										P		
	Tombstones, and												
	Gravestones												
*	Hobby, Toy,	-					-		P	P	P	-	
	Game Shops												
	Photographic and								P	P	P		
2	r notograpine and								1	1	1		

	Electronic Shops											
*	Fabric Shops								P	P		
598	Fuel Dealers								C11	P		P
*	Florist Shops					C15a	P15	P	P	P	Р	
•	Personal Medical Supply Stores								P	P		
*	Pet Shops							P	P	P		
*	Bulk Retail								P	P		
*	Auction Houses									P12		P
*	Livestock Sales	P17	PI7	P17	P17	P17 and 18						P
GENERA	AL CROSS	Land U	se Table Inst	ructions, se	K.C.C. 2	1A_08.020	and 21 A	.02.070; De	evelopmen	t Standards,	see K.C	.C.
REFERE	ENCES:	Applica	tion and Rev	ough 21A.30 view Proced chapter 21	ures, see K					-		specific

B. Development conditions.

1.a. As a permitted use, covered sales areas shall not exceed a total area of two thousand square feet, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62. With a conditional uses permit, covered sales areas of up to three thousand five hundred square feet may be allowed. Greenhouses used for the display of merchandise other than plants shall be considered part of the covered sales area. Uncovered outdoor areas used to grow or display trees, shrubs, or other plants are not considered part of the covered sales area;

- b. The site area shall be at least four and one-half acres;
- c. Sales may include locally made arts and crafts; and
- d. Outside lighting is permitted if no off-site glare is allowed.
- 2. Only hardware stores.
  - 3.a. Limited to products grown on site.

2479	b. Covered sales areas shall not exceed a total area of five hundred square feet.
2480	4. No permanent structures or signs.
2481	5. Limited to SIC Industry No. 5331-Variety Stores, and further limited to a
2482	maximum of two thousand square feet of gross floor area.
2483	6. Limited to a maximum of five thousand square feet of gross floor area.
2484	7.a. As a permitted use, the covered sales area shall not exceed two thousand
2485	square feet, unless located in a building designated as a historic resource under K.C.C.
2486	chapter 20.62. As a conditional use, up to three thousand five hundred square feet of
2487	covered sales area may be allowed;
2488	b. The site area shall be at least four and one-half acres;
2489	c. Forty percent or more of the gross sales of agricultural product sold through
2490	the store must be sold by the producers of primary agricultural products;
2491	d. Sixty percent or more of the gross sales of agricultural products sold through
2492	the store shall be derived from products grown or produced in the Puget Sound counties.
2493	At the time of the initial application, the applicant shall submit a reasonable projection of
2494	the source of product sales;
2495	e. Sales shall be limited to agricultural products and locally made arts and
2496	crafts;
2497	f. Storage areas for agricultural products may be included in a farm store
2498	structure or in any accessory building; and
2499	g. Outside lighting is permitted if no off-site glare is allowed.
2500	8. Excluding retail sale of trucks exceeding one-ton capacity.
2501	9. Only the sale of new or reconditioned automobile supplies is permitted.

2502	10. Excluding SIC Industry No. 5813-Drinking Places.
2503	11. No outside storage of fuel trucks and equipment.
2504	12. Excluding vehicle and livestock auctions.
2505	13. Only as accessory to a winery or SIC Industry No. 2082-Malt Beverages,
2506	and limited to sales of products produced on site and incidental items where the majority
2507	of sales are generated from products produced on site.
2508	14.a. Not in R-1 and limited to SIC Industry No. 5331-Variety Stores, limited to
2509	a maximum of five thousand square feet of gross floor area, and subject to K.C.C.
2510	21A.12.230; and
2511	b. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a
2512	community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.
2513	15.a. Not permitted in R-1 and limited to a maximum of five thousand square
2514	feet of gross floor area and subject to K.C.C. 21A.12.230; and
2515	b. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a
2516	community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.
2517	16.a. Not permitted in R-1 and excluding SIC Industry No. 5813-Drinking
2518	Places, and limited to a maximum of five thousand square feet of gross floor area and
2519	subject to K.C.C. 21A.12.230, except as provided in subsection B.20. of this section; and
2520	b. Before filing an application with the department, the applicant shall hold a
2521	community meeting in accordance with K.C.C. 20.20.035.
2522	17. Retail sale of livestock is permitted only as accessory to raising livestock.
2523	18. Limited to the R-1 zone.
2524	19. Only as:

2525	a. an accessory use to a permitted manufacturing or retail land use, limited to
2526	espresso stands to include sales of beverages and incidental food items, and not to include
2527	drive-through sales; or
2528	b. an accessory use to a large active recreation and multiuse park, limited to a
2529	total floor area of three thousand five hundred square feet.
2530	20. Only as:
2531	a. an accessory use to a large active recreation and multiuse park; or
2532	b. an accessory use to a park and limited to a total floor area of one thousand
2533	five hundred square feet.
2534	21. Accessory to a park, limited to a total floor area of seven hundred fifty
2535	square feet.
2536	22. Only as an accessory use to:
2537	a. a large active recreation and multiuse park in the urban growth area; or
2538	b. a park, or a large active recreation and multiuse park in the RA zones, and
2539	limited to a total floor area of seven hundred and fifty square feet.
2540	23. Only as accessory to SIC Industry Group No. 242-Sawmills and <u>SIC</u>
2541	Industry No. 2431 - Millwork and;
2542	a. limited to lumber milled on site; and
2543	b. the covered sales area is limited to two thousand square feet. The covered
2544	sales area does not include covered areas used to display only milled lumber.
2545	24. Requires at least five farmers selling their own products at each market and
2546	the annual value of sales by farmers should exceed the annual sales value of ((non-
2547	farmer)) nonfarmer vendors.

removed each evening;

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25. Limited to sites located within the urban growth area and:
a. The sales area shall be limited to three hundred square feet and must be

b. There must be legal parking that is easily available for customers; and

d. The site must be in an area that is easily accessible to the public, will accommodate multiple shoppers at one time and does not infringe on neighboring properties.

SECTION 31. Ordinance 10870, Section 335, as amended, and K.C.C.

21A.08.080 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Manufacturing land uses.

KEY			RESOU	JRCE		RUR	RE	SID	ENTIAL	<i>-</i>	COMMERCIAL/INDUSTRIAL							
						AL.												
P-Permitt	ted Use		Α	F	M	R	U	R	U	R	N	В	С	В	R	В	0	I
C-Condit	ional Use		G	0	1	U	R	Е	R	E	Е	U	0	U	Е	U	F	N
S-Special	Use	Z	R	R	N	R	В	S	В	S	I	S	М	S	G	S	F	D
		0	I	Е	Е	A	A	Е	Α	1	G	I	М	I	I	Ι	I	U
		N	С	S	R	L	И	R	N	D	Н	N	U	N	0	N	С	S
		Е	U	Т	А			٧	47	E	В	E	N	Е	N	Е	Е	Т
			L		L	A		Е		N	0	S	I	S	A	S	-1	R
			Т			R				T	R	S	Т	S	L	S		I
			U			E				1	Н		Y					A
			R			Α				Α	0							L
			E							L	0							
											D							
SIC#	SPECIFIC LAND U	SE	A	F	М	RA	UR		R1-8	R12-	NB		СВ		RE	3	0	I (11)
										48								
20	Food and Kindred		P1 C1	P1		P1 C1	P1				P2		P2		P2	С		P2 C
	Products																	
*/2082	Winery/Brewery		P3			P3 C12	P3				P18		P18		P			P
/2085	/Distillery		C12															-
*	Materials Processing		P13	P14	P15	P17 C												P

	Facility		С	C16								
22	Textile Mill Products											С
23	Apparel and other Textile Products									С		P
24	Wood Products, except	P4	P4		P4((;))	P4				C6	-	P
	furniture	P19	<u>P19</u> C5		P19 C5							
25	Furniture and Fixtures		P20		P20					С		P
26	Paper and Allied Products											С
27	Printing and Publishing		1			1		P7	P7	P7C	P7 C	P
28	Chemicals and Allied Products											С
2911	Petroleum Refining and Related Industries											С
30	Rubber and Misc. Plastics Products											С
31	Leather and Leather Goods									С		P
32	Stone, Clay, Glass and Concrete Products								P6	P9		P
33	Primary Metal Industries											С
34	Fabricated Metal Products											P
35	Industrial and Commercial Machinery											P
351-55	Heavy Machinery and Equipment						e)					С
357	Computer and Office Equipment									С	С	P
36	Electronic and other Electric Equipment									С		P
374	Railroad Equipment											С
376	Guided Missile and Space Vehicle Parts											С
379	Miscellaneous  Transportation Vehicles											С
38	Measuring and						-			C	С	P

	Controlling Instruments											
39	Miscellaneous Light									С		Р
	Manufacturing											
•	Motor Vehicle and											С
	Bicycle Manufacturing											
*	Aircraft, Ship and Boat											P10C
	Building											
7534	Tire Retreading									С		Р
781-82	Movie									Р		Р
	Production/Distribution											
GENERA	L CROSS Lan	d Use Table I	structions, se	e K.C.C. 21A	08.020 a	nd 21A.02	2.070; Dev	elopment S	Standards,	see K.C.C.	chapters	
REFERE	NCES: 21A	12 through 2	1 A,30; Gener	al Provisions.	see K.C.	C, chapter	s 21 A 32 1	through 21	A.38 Appli	cation and	Review	
	Proc	cedures, see K	.C.C. chapter	s 21A 40 thro	ugh 21A.4	14; (*)Def	inition of	this specifi	c land use,	see K.C.C	. chapter	21A.06

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- B. Development conditions.
- 1.a. Excluding wineries and SIC Industry No. 2082-Malt Beverages;
- b. In the A zone, only allowed on sites where the primary use is SIC industry
  Group No. 01-Growing Harvesting Crops or No. 02-Raising Livestock and Small
  Animals;
  - c. In the RA and UR zones, only allowed on lots of at least four and one-half acres and only when accessory to an agricultural use;
  - d.(1) Except as provided in subsection B.1.d.(2) and B.1.d.(3) of this section, the floor area devoted to all processing shall not exceed three thousand five hundred square feet, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62;
- 2569 (2) With a conditional use permit, up to five thousand square feet of floor 2570 area may be devoted to all processing; and

2571	(3) In the A zone, on lots thirty-five acres or greater, the floor area devoted to
2572	all processing shall not exceed seven thousand square feet, unless located in a building
2573	designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62;
2574	e. Structures and areas used for processing shall maintain a minimum distance
2575	of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining <u>rural area and</u> residential zones, unless
2576	located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62;
2577	f. Processing is limited to agricultural products and sixty percent or more of
2578	the products processed must be grown in the Puget Sound counties. At the time of initial
2579	application, the applicant shall submit a projection of the source of products to be
2580	produced;
2581	g. In the A zone, structures used for processing shall be located on portions of
2582	agricultural lands that are unsuitable for other agricultural purposes, such as areas within
2583	the already developed portion of such agricultural lands that are not available for direct
2584	agricultural production, or areas without prime agricultural soils; and
2585	h. Tasting of products produced on site may be provided. The area devoted to
2586	tasting shall be included in the floor area limitation in subsection B.1.d. of this section.
2587	2. Except slaughterhouses.
2588	3.a. Limited to wineries, ((and)) SIC Industry No. 2082-Malt Beverages and
2589	SIC Industry No. 2085-Distilled and Blended Liquors;
2590	b. In the A zone, only allowed on sites where the primary use is SIC Industry
2591	Group No. 01-Growing and Harvesting Crops or No. 02-Raising Livestock and Small
2592	Animals;

2593	c. In the RA and UR zones, only allowed on lots of at least four and one-half
2594	acres;
2595	d. The floor area devoted to all processing shall not exceed three thousand five
2596	hundred square feet, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under
2597	K.C.C. chapter 20.62;
2598	e. Structures and areas used for processing shall maintain a minimum distance
2599	of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining <u>rural area and</u> residential zones, unless
2600	located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62;
2601	f. Sixty percent or more of the products processed must be grown in the Puget
2602	Sound counties. At the time of the initial application, the applicant shall submit a
2603	projection of the source of products to be produced; and
2604	g. Tasting of products produced on site may be provided. The area devoted to
2605	tasting shall be included in the floor area limitation in subsection B.3.c. of this section.
2606	4. Limited to rough milling and planing of products grown on-site with portable
2607	equipment.
2608	5. Limited to SIC Industry Group No. 242-Sawmills and SIC Industry No. 2431
2609	- Millwork. For RA zoned sites, ((limited to RA-10 on lots at least ten acres in size and
2610	only as accessory to forestry uses)) if using lumber or timber grown off-site, the
2611	minimum site area is four and one-half acres.
2612	6. Limited to uses found in SIC Industry No. 2434-Wood Kitchen Cabinets and
2613	No. 2431-Millwork, (excluding planing mills).
2614	7. Limited to photocopying and printing services offered to the general public.
2615	8. Only within enclosed buildings, and as an accessory use to retail sales.

2616	9. Only within enclosed buildings.
2617	10. Limited to boat building of craft not exceeding forty-eight feet in length.
2618	11. For I-zoned sites located outside the urban growth area designated by the
2619	King County Comprehensive Plan, uses shown as a conditional use in the table of K.C.C.
2620	21A.08.080.A. shall be prohibited, and all other uses shall be subject to the provisions for
2621	rural industrial uses as set forth in K.C.C. chapter 21A.12.
2622	12.a. Limited to wineries, ((and)) SIC Industry No. 2082-Malt Beverages and
2623	SIC Industry No. 2085-Distilled and Blended Liquors;
2624	b.(1) Except as provided in subsection B.12.b.(2) of this section, the floor area
2625	of structures for wineries, ((and)) breweries and distilleries and any accessory uses shall
2626	not exceed a total of eight thousand square feet. The floor area may be increased by up to
2627	an additional eight thousand square feet of underground storage that is constructed
2628	completely below natural grade, not including required exits and access points, if the
2629	underground storage is at least one foot below the surface and is not visible above
2630	ground; and
2631	(2) On Vashon-Maury Island, the total floor area of structures for wineries,
2632	((and)) breweries and distilleries and any accessory uses may not exceed six thousand
2633	square feet, including underground storage;
2634	c. Wineries , ((and)) breweries and distilleries shall comply with Washington
2635	state Department of Ecology and King County board of health regulations for water
2636	usage and wastewater disposal. Wineries, ((and)) breweries and distilleries using water
2637	from exempt wells shall install a water meter;

2038	d. Off-street parking is limited to one numbered and liftly percent of the
2639	minimum requirement for wineries, ((and)) breweries or distilleries specified in K.C.C.
2640	21A.18.030;
2641	e. Structures and areas used for processing shall be set back a minimum
2642	distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjacent to <u>rural area and</u> residential
2643	zones, unless the processing is located in a building designated as historic resource under
2644	K.C.C. chapter 20.62;
2645	f. The minimum site area is four and one-half acres. If the total floor area of
2646	structures for wineries, ((and)) breweries and distilleries and any accessory uses exceed
2647	six thousand square feet, including underground storage:
2648	(1) the minimum site area is ten acres; and
2649	(2) a minimum of two and one-half acres of the site shall be used for the
2650	growing of agricultural products;
2651	g. The facility shall be limited to processing agricultural products and sixty
2652	percent or more of the products processed must be grown in the Puget Sound counties.
2653	At the time of the initial application, the applicant shall submit a projection of the source
2654	of products to be processed; and
2655	h. Tasting of products produced on site may be provided. The area devoted to
2656	tasting shall be included in the floor area limitation in subsection B.12.b of this section.
2657	13. Limited to source separated organic waste processing facilities at a scale
2658	appropriate to process the organic waste generated in the agricultural zone.

2659	14. Only on the same lot or same group of lots under common ownership or
2660	documented legal control, which includes, but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a
2661	long-term lease or an easement:
2662	a. as accessory to a primary forestry use and at a scale appropriate to process
2663	the organic waste generated on the site; or
2664	b. as a continuation of a sawmill or lumber manufacturing use only for that
2665	period to complete delivery of products or projects under contract at the end of the
2666	sawmill or lumber manufacturing activity.
2667	15. Only on the same lot or same group of lots under common ownership or
2668	documented legal control, which includes, but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a
2669	long-term lease or an easement:
2670	a. as accessory to a primary mineral use; or
2671	b. as a continuation of a mineral processing use only for that period to
2672	complete delivery of products or projects under contract at the end of mineral extraction.
2673	16. Continuation of a materials processing facility after reclamation in
2674	accordance with an approved reclamation plan.
2675	17. Only a site that is ten acres or greater and that does not use local access
2676	streets that abut lots developed for residential use.
2677	18.a. Limited to wineries, ((and)) SIC Industry No. 2082-Malt Beverages and
2678	SIC Industry No. 2085-Distilled and Blended Liquors;
2679	b. The floor area devoted to all processing shall not exceed three thousand five
2680	hundred square feet, unless located in a building designated as historic resource under
2681	K.C.C. chapter 20.62:

2682	c. Structures and areas used for processing shall maintain a minimum distance
2683	of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining <u>rural area and</u> residential zones, unless
2684	located in a building designated as historic resource under K.C.C. chapter 20.62; and
2685	d. Tasting of products produced on site may be provided. The area devoted to
2686	tasting shall be included in the floor area limitation in subsection B.18.b. of this section.
2687	19. Limited to:
2688	a. SIC Industry Group No. 242-Sawmills and SIC Industry No. 2431 -
2689	Millwork, as follows:
2690	(1) If using lumber or timber grown off-site, the minimum site area is four
2691	and one-half acres;
2692	(2) The facility shall be limited to an annual production of no more than one
2693	hundred fifty thousand board feet:
2694	(3) Structures housing equipment used in the operation shall be located at
2695	least one-hundred feet from adjacent properties with residential or rural area zoning;
2696	(4) Deliveries and customer visits shall be limited to the hours of 8:00 a.m. to
2697	7:00 p.m. on weekdays, and 9:00 a.m. to 5 p.m. on weekends;
2698	(6) In the RA zone, the facility's driveway shall have adequate entering sight
2699	distance required by the 2007 King County Road Design and Construction Standards. An
2700	adequate turn around shall be provided on-site to prevent vehicles from backing out on to
2701	the roadway that the driveway accesses; and
2702	(7) Outside lighting is limited to avoid off-site glare; and
2703	b. SIC Industry No. 2411 - Logging.
2704	20. Limited to manufacture of custom made wood furniture or cabinets.

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SECTION 32. Ordinance 10870, Section 336, as amended, and K.C.C.

21A.08.090 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

## A. Resource land uses.

KEY			RESO	URCE		RU	RESID	ENTIA	L	CO	MMI	ERCIA	\L/I	NDUS'	TRIA	AL.	
						R A											
						L											
P-Permitted U	Jse		A	F	М	R	UR	U	R	N	В	С	В	R	В	0	I
C-Conditiona	l Use		G	0	1	U	R E	R	Е	Е	U	О	U	Е	U	F	N
S-Special Use		Z	R	R	N	R	B S	В	S	I	S	М	S	G	S	F	D
		0	1	E	E	Α	АЕ	Α	I	G	I	М	ī	1	1	I	U
		N	С	S	R	L	N R	N	D	Н	N	U	N	0	N	С	S
		Е	U	T	A		v		Е	В	Е	И	Е	N	Е	Е	Т
			L		L	Α	Е		N	0	S	I	S	Α	S		R
			T			R			Т	R	S	Т	S	L	S		1
			U			Е			I	Н		Y					A
			R			A			Α	0							L
			Е						L	0							
										D							
SIC#	SPECIFIC LAND U	SE	A	F	M	RA	UR	R1-	R12-	NB		СВ		RB		0	I
								8	48								
	AGRICULTURE:														-		
01	Growing and Harvest	ing	P	P		P	P	P									P
	Crops																
02	Raising Livestock and	i	P	P		P	P	P6									P
	Small Animals																
	Agriculture Training		C10														
	Facility																
*	Agriculture-related sp	ecial	P12														
	needs camp																
*	Agricultural Anaerob	ic	P13										8				
	Digester																
	FORESTRY:																
08	Growing & Harvestir	ıg	P	P	P7	P	P	Р									P
	Forest Production																
*	Forest Research			P		P	P									P2	P
	FISH AND WILDL	IFE	-	-						-				_			
			L				l			ļ		1	_		_		

	MANAGEMENT:											
0921	Hatchery/Fish Preserve (1)	Р	P		P	P	С					P
0273	Aquaculture (1)	P	P		P	P	С					P
	Wildlife Shelters	P	P		P	P						
	MINERAL:											
10,12,14	Mineral Extraction and		P9 C	P			1					
	Processing			C11								
2951, 3271,	Asphalt/Concrete Mixtures		P8	P8								P
3273	and Block		C11	C11								
	ACCESSORY USES:											
*	Resource Accessory Uses	P3	P4	P5	P3	P3						P
*	Temporary Farm Worker	<u>P14</u>	P14		<u>P14</u>							
	Housing								-			
GENERAL C	CROSS Land	Use Tabl	le Instructi	ions, see	K.C.C. 21	A 08 020	and 21 A	02.070;	Developme	nt Standard	s, see K.C.C.	chapters
REFERENCI	ES: 21A.	12 throug	h 21A 30;	General	Provision	s, see K.0	C.C. chap	oters 21A	32 through	21A.38; Ap	plication and	l Review

Procedures, see K.C.C. chapters 21A.40 through 21A.44; (\*)Definition of this specific land use, see K.C.C. chapter

B. Development conditions.

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- 1. May be further subject to K.C.C. Title 25, Shoreline Management.
- 2. Only forest research conducted within an enclosed building.
- 3. Accessory dwelling units in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.08.030.
- 4. Excluding housing for agricultural workers.
- 5. Limited to either maintenance or storage facilities, or both, in conjunction with mineral extraction or processing operation.
  - 6. Large livestock allowed in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30.
- 7. Only in conjunction with a mineral extraction site plan approved in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.22.
  - 8. Only on the same lot or same group of lots under common ownership or documented legal control, which includes, but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a long-term lease or an easement:

2721	a. as accessory to a primary mineral extraction use;
2722	b. as a continuation of a mineral processing only for that period to complete
2723	delivery of products or projects under contract at the end of a mineral extraction; or
2724	c. for a public works project under a temporary grading permit issued in
2725	accordance with K.C.C. 16.82.152.
2726	9. Limited to mineral extraction and processing:
2727	a. on a lot or group of lots under common ownership or documented legal
2728	control, which includes, but is not limited to, fee simple ownership, a long-term lease or
2729	an easement;
2730	b. that are located greater than one-quarter mile from an established residence
2731	and
2732	c. that do not use local access streets that abut lots developed for residential
2733	use.
2734	10. Agriculture training facilities are allowed only as an accessory to existing
2735	agricultural uses and are subject to the following conditions:
2736	a. The impervious surface associated with the agriculture training facilities
2737	shall comprise not more than ten percent of the allowable impervious surface permitted
2738	under K.C.C. 21A.12.040;
2739	b. New or the expansion of existing structures, or other site improvements,
2740	shall not be located on class 1, 2 or 3 soils;
2741	c. The director may require reuse of surplus structures to the maximum extent
2742	practical;

2/43	d. The director may require the clustering of new structures with existing
2744	structures;
2745	e. New structures or other site improvements shall be set back a minimum
2746	distance of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining rural area and residential
2747	zones;
2748	f. Bulk and design of structures shall be compatible with the architectural style
2749	of the surrounding agricultural community;
2750	g. New sewers shall not be extended to the site;
2751	h. Traffic generated shall not impede the safe and efficient movement of
2752	agricultural vehicles, nor shall it require capacity improvements to rural roads;
2753	i. Agriculture training facilities may be used to provide educational services to
2754	the surrounding rural/agricultural community or for community events. Property owners
2755	may be required to obtain a temporary use permit for community events in accordance
2756	with K.C.C. chapter 21A.32;
2757	j. Use of lodging and food service facilities shall be limited only to activities
2758	conducted in conjunction with training and education programs or community events
2759	held on site;
2760	k. Incidental uses, such as office and storage, shall be limited to those that
2761	directly support education and training activities or farm operations; and
2762	1. The King County agriculture commission shall be notified of and have an
2763	opportunity to comment upon all proposed agriculture training facilities during the permit
2764	process in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.40.

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2765	11. Continuation of mineral processing and asphalt/concrete mixtures and block
2766	uses after reclamation in accordance with an approved reclamation plan.
2767	12.a. Activities at the camp shall be limited to agriculture and agriculture-
2768	oriented activities. In addition, activities that place minimal stress on the site's
2769	agricultural resources or activities that are compatible with agriculture are permitted.
2770	(1) passive recreation;
2771	(2) training of individuals who will work at the camp;
2772	(3) special events for families of the campers; and
2773	(4) agriculture education for youth.
2774	b. Outside the camp center, as provided for in subsection B.12.e of this section
2775	camp activities shall not preclude the use of the site for agriculture and agricultural
2776	related activities, such as the processing of local food to create value-added products and
2777	the refrigeration and storage of local agricultural products. The camp shall be managed
2778	to coexist with agriculture and agricultural activities both onsite and in the surrounding
2779	area.
2780	c. A farm plan shall be required for commercial agricultural production to
2781	ensure adherence to best management practices and soil conservation.
2782	d.(1) The minimum site area shall be five hundred acres. Unless the property
2783	owner has sold or transferred the development rights as provided in subsection B.12.c.(3)
2784	of this section, a minimum of five hundred acres of the site must be owned by a single
2785	individual, corporation, partnership or other legal entity and must remain under the

ownership of a single individual, corporation, partnership or other legal entity for the

duration of the operation of the camp.

community events;

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2788	(2) Nothing in subsection B.12.d.(1) of this section prohibits the property
2789	owner from selling or transferring the development rights for a portion or all of the site to
2790	the King County farmland preservation program or, if the development rights are
2791	extinguished as part of the sale or transfer, to a nonprofit entity approved by the director;
2792	e. The impervious surface associated with the camp shall comprise not more
2793	than ten percent of the allowable impervious surface permitted under K.C.C. 21A.12.040
2794	f. Structures for living quarters, dining facilities, medical facilities and other
2795	nonagricultural camp activities shall be located in a camp center. The camp center shall
2796	be no more than fifty acres and shall depicted on a site plan. New structures for
2797	nonagricultural camp activities shall be clustered with existing structures;
2798	g. To the extent practicable, existing structures shall be reused. The applicant
2799	shall demonstrate to the director that a new structure for nonagricultural camp activities
2800	cannot be practicably accommodated within an existing structure on the site, though
2801	cabins for campers shall be permitted only if they do not already exist on site;
2802	h. Camp facilities may be used to provide agricultural educational services to
2803	the surrounding rural and agricultural community or for community events. If required
2804	by K.C.C. chapter 21A.32, the property owner shall obtain a temporary use permit for

- i. Lodging and food service facilities shall only be used for activities related to the camp or for agricultural education programs or community events held on site;
- j. Incidental uses, such as office and storage, shall be limited to those that directly support camp activities, farm operations or agricultural education programs;

2810	k. New nonagricultural camp structures and site improvements shall maintain a
2811	minimum set-back of seventy-five feet from property lines adjoining rural area and
2812	residential zones;
2813	1. Except for legal nonconforming structures existing as of January 1, 2007,
2814	camp facilities, such as a medical station, food service hall and activity rooms, shall be of
2815	a scale to serve overnight camp users;
2816	m. Landscaping equivalent to a type III landscaping screen, as provided for in
2817	K.C.C. 21A.16.040, of at least twenty feet shall be provided for nonagricultural structures
2818	and site improvements located within two hundred feet of an adjacent <u>rural area and</u>
2819	residential zoned property not associated with the camp;
2820	n. New sewers shall not be extended to the site;
2821	o. The total number of persons staying overnight shall not exceed three
2822	hundred;
2823	p. The length of stay for any individual overnight camper, not including camp
2824	personnel, shall not exceed ninety days during a three-hundred-sixty-five-day period;
2825	q. Traffic generated by camp activities shall not impede the safe and efficient
2826	movement of agricultural vehicles nor shall it require capacity improvements to rural
2827	roads;
2828	r. If the site is adjacent to an arterial roadway, access to the site shall be
2829	directly onto the arterial unless the county road engineer determines that direct access is
2830	unsafe;
2831	s. If direct access to the site is via local access streets, transportation
2832	management measures shall be used to minimize adverse traffic impacts;

2833	t. Camp recreational activities shall not involve the use of motor vehicles
2834	unless the motor vehicles are part of an agricultural activity or are being used for the
2835	transportation of campers, camp personnel or the families of campers. Camp personnel
2836	may use motor vehicles for the operation and maintenance of the facility. Client-specific
2837	motorized personal mobility devices are allowed; and
2838	u. Lights to illuminate the camp or its structures shall be arranged to reflect the
2839	light away from any adjacent property.
2840	13. Limited to digester receiving plant and animal and other organic waste from
2841	agricultural activities, as follows:
2842	a. the digester must be included as part of a Washington state Department of
2843	Agriculture approved dairy nutrient plan;
2844	b. the digester must process at least seventy percent livestock manure or other
2845	agricultural organic material from farms in the vicinity, by volume;
2846	c. imported organic waste-derived material, such as food processing waste,
2847	may be processed in the digester for the purpose of increasing methane gas production for
2848	beneficial use, but not shall exceed thirty percent of volume processed by the digester;
2849	and
2850	d. the use must be accessory to an operating dairy or livestock operation.
2851	14. Temporary farm worker housing subject to the following conditions:
2852	a. The housing must be licensed by the Washington state Department of Health
2853	under chapter 70.114A RCW and chapter 246-358 WAC;
2854	b. Water supply and sewage disposal systems must be approved by the Seattle
2855	King County department of health;

c. To the maximum extent practical, the housing should be located on nonfarmable areas that are already disturbed and should not be located in the floodplain or in a critical area or critical area buffer; and

d. The property owner shall file with the department of executive services, records and licensing services division, a notice approved by the department identifying the temporary farm worker housing as accessory and that the housing shall only be occupied by agricultural employees and their families while employed by the owner or operator. The notice shall run with the land.

SECTION 33. Ordinance 10870, Section 340, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.12.030 are each hereby amended to read as follows:

A. Densities and dimensions - rural area and residential zones.

RURAL			RESIDEN	RESIDENTIAL										
	Z	RURA	L AREA	Ā		URBAN	(( <del>URBAN</del> )) RESIDENTIAL							
	0					RE-								
	N					SERVE								
	Е													
	S													
STANDARDS		RA-	RA-	RA-	RA-	UR	R-1	R-4	R-6	R-8	R-12	R-18	R-24	R-48
		2.5	5	10	20		(17)							
Base Density:		0.2	0.2	0.1	0.05	0.2 du/ac	1	4	6	8	12	18	24	48
Dwelling		du/a	du/a	du/ac	du/ac	(21)	du/a	du/ac	du/a	du/a	du/a	du/a	du/a	du/a
Unit/Acre (15)	)	С	С				С	(6)	С	С	С	С	С	С
(28)														
Maximum		0.4						6	9	12	18	27	36	72
Density: Dwell	ing	du/a						du/ac	du/a	du/a	du/a	du/a	du/a	du/a
Unit/Acre (1)		С						(22)	c 12	c 16	c 24	c 36	c 48	c 96
		(20)						8	du/a	du/a	du/a	du/a	du/a	du/a
								du/ac	С	С	С	С	С	С

65% (18)
(18)
30 ft
0010
10 ft
(8)
5 ft
(10)
60 ft
80 ft
(14)
90%
(26)

B. Development conditions.

- 1. This maximum density may be achieved only through the application of residential density incentives in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.34 or transfers of development rights in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.37, or any combination of density incentive or density transfer.
  - 2. Also see K.C.C. 21A.12.060.
- 3. These standards may be modified under the provisions for zero-lot-line and townhouse developments.

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square feet in area.

2875	4. Height limits may be increased if portions of the structure that exceed the
2876	base height limit provide one additional foot of street and interior setback for each foot
2877	above the base height limit, but the maximum height may not exceed seventy-five feet.
2878	Netting or fencing and support structures for the netting or fencing used to contain golf
2879	balls in the operation of golf courses or golf driving ranges are exempt from the
2880	additional interior setback requirements but the maximum height shall not exceed
2881	seventy-five feet, except for large active recreation and multiuse parks, where the
2882	maximum height shall not exceed one hundred twenty-five feet, unless a golf ball
2883	trajectory study requires a higher fence.
2884	5. Applies to each individual lot. Impervious surface area standards for:
2885	a. Regional uses shall be established at the time of permit review;
2886	b. Nonresidential uses in <u>rural area and</u> residential zones shall comply with
2887	K.C.C. 21A.12.120 and 21A.12.220;
2888	c. Individual lots in the R-4 through R-6 zones that are less than nine thousand
2889	seventy-six square feet in area shall be subject to the applicable provisions of the nearest
2890	comparable R-6 or R-8 zone; and
2891	d. A lot may be increased beyond the total amount permitted in this chapter
2892	subject to approval of a conditional use permit.
2893	6. Mobile home parks shall be allowed a base density of six dwelling units per
2894	acre.

7. The standards of the R-4 zone apply if a lot is less than fifteen thousand

- 8. At least twenty linear feet of driveway shall be provided between any garage, carport or other fenced parking area and the street property line. The linear distance shall be measured along the center line of the driveway from the access point to such garage, carport or fenced area to the street property line.
- 9.a. Residences shall have a setback of at least one hundred feet from any property line adjoining A, M or F zones or existing extractive operations. However, residences on lots less than one hundred fifty feet in width adjoining A, M or F zones or existing extractive operations shall have a setback from the rear property line equal to fifty percent of the lot width and a setback from the side property equal to twenty-five percent of the lot width.
- b. Except for residences along a property line adjoining A, M or F zones or existing extractive operations, lots between one acre and two and one-half acres in size shall conform to the requirements of the R-1 zone and lots under one acre shall conform to the requirements of the R-4 zone.
- 10.a. For developments consisting of three or more single-detached dwellings located on a single parcel, the setback shall be ten feet along any property line abutting R-1 through R-8, RA and UR zones, except for structures in on-site play areas required in K.C.C. 21A.14.190, which shall have a setback of five feet.
- b. For townhouse and apartment development, the setback shall be twenty feet along any property line abutting R-1 through R-8, RA and UR zones, except for structures in on-site play areas required in K.C.C. 21A.14.190, which shall have a setback of five feet, unless the townhouse or apartment development is adjacent to property upon which an existing townhouse or apartment development is located.

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2920	11. Lots smaller than one-half acre in area shall comply with standards of the
2921	nearest comparable R-4 through R-8 zone. For lots that are one-half acre in area or
2922	larger, the maximum impervious surface area allowed shall be at least ten thousand
2923	square feet. On any lot over one acre in area, an additional five percent of the lot area
2924	may be used for buildings related to agricultural or forestry practices. For lots smaller
2925	than two acres but larger than one-half acre, an additional ten percent of the lot area may
2926	be used for structures that are determined to be medically necessary, if the applicant
2927	submits with the permit application a notarized affidavit, conforming with K.C.C.
2928	21A.32.170A.2.
2929	12. For purposes of calculating minimum density, the applicant may request that
2930	the minimum density factor be modified based upon the weighted average slope of the
2931	net buildable area of the site in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.12.087.
2932	13. The minimum lot area does not apply to lot clustering proposals as provided
2933	in K.C.C. chapter 21A.14.
2934	14. The base height to be used only for projects as follows:
2935	a. in R-6 and R-8 zones, a building with a footprint built on slopes exceeding a
2936	fifteen percent finished grade; and
2937	b. in R-18, R-24 and R-48 zones using residential density incentives and
2938	transfer of density credits in accordance with this title.
2939	15. Density applies only to dwelling units and not to sleeping units.
2940	16. Vehicle access points from garages, carports or fenced parking areas shall

be set back from the property line on which a joint use driveway is located to provide a

straight line length of at least twenty-six feet as measured from the center line of the

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2943 garage, carport or fenced parking area, from the access point to the opposite side of the 2944 joint use driveway.

- 17.a. All subdivisions and short subdivisions in the R-1 zone shall be required to be clustered if the property is located within or contains:
  - (1) a floodplain;
- 2948 (2) a critical aquifer recharge area;
- 2949 (3) a regionally or locally significant resource area;
  - (4) existing or planned public parks or trails, or connections to such facilities;
- 2951 (5) a category type S or F aquatic area or category I or II wetland;
- 2952 (6) a steep slope; or
  - (7) an urban separator or wildlife habitat network designated by the Comprehensive Plan or a community plan.
  - b. The development shall be clustered away from critical areas or the axis of designated corridors such as urban separators or the wildlife habitat network to the extent possible and the open space shall be placed in a separate tract that includes at least fifty percent of the site. Open space tracts shall be permanent and shall be dedicated to a homeowner's association or other suitable organization, as determined by the director, and meet the requirements in K.C.C. 21A.14.040. On-site critical area and buffers and designated urban separators shall be placed within the open space tract to the extent possible. Passive recreation, with no development of recreational facilities, and natural-surface pedestrian and equestrian trails are acceptable uses within the open space tract.
    - 18. See K.C.C. 21A.12.085.

2965	19. All subdivisions and short subdivisions in R-1 and RA zones within the
2966	North Fork and Upper Issaquah Creek subbasins of the Issaquah Creek Basin (the North
2967	Fork and Upper Issaquah Creek subbasins are identified in the Issaquah Creek Basin and
2968	Nonpoint Action Plan) and the portion of the Grand Ridge subarea of the East
2969	Sammamish Community Planning Area that drains to Patterson Creek shall have a
2970	maximum impervious surface area of eight percent of the gross acreage of the plat.
2971	Distribution of the allowable impervious area among the platted lots shall be recorded on
2972	the face of the plat. Impervious surface of roads need not be counted towards the
2973	allowable impervious area. Where both lot- and plat-specific impervious limits apply, the
2974	more restrictive shall be required.
2975	20. This density may only be achieved on RA 2.5 zoned parcels receiving
2976	density from rural forest focus areas through a transfer of density credit pursuant to
2977	K.C.C. chapter 21A.37.

- 21. Base density may be exceeded, if the property is located in a designated rural city urban growth area and each proposed lot contains an occupied legal residence that predates 1959.
- 22. The maximum density is four dwelling units per acre for properties zoned R-4 when located in the Rural Town of Fall City.
- 23. The minimum density requirement does not apply to properties located within the Rural Town of Fall City.
  - 24. The impervious surface standards for the county fairground facility are established in the King County Fairgrounds Site Development Plan, Attachment A to Ordinance 14808 on file at the department of natural resources and parks and the

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department of development and environmental services. Modifications to that standard may be allowed provided the square footage does not exceed the approved impervious surface square footage established in the King County Fairgrounds Site Development Plan Environmental Checklist, dated September 21, 1999, Attachment B to Ordinance 14808, by more than ten percent.

- 25. For cottage housing developments only:
- a. The base height is eighteen feet.
  - b. Buildings have pitched roofs with a minimum slope of six and twelve may extend up to twenty-five feet at the ridge of the roof.
  - 26. Impervious surface does not include access easements serving neighboring property and driveways to the extent that they extend beyond the street setback due to location within an access panhandle or due to the application of King County Code requirements to locate features over which the applicant does not have control.
    - 27. Only in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.34.040.F.1.g. and F.6.
- 28. On a site zoned RA with a building listed on the national register of historic

  places, additional dwelling units in excess of the maximum density may be allowed under

  section 35 of this ordinance.
- 3005 <u>SECTION 34.</u> Ordinance 10870, Section 341, as amended, and K.C.C.
- 3006 21A.12.040 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
  - A. Densities and dimensions resource and commercial/industrial zones.

ZO	RESOURCE			COMMERCIA	AL/INDUSTRIA	.L		
NE								
S								
	AGRICULTURE	FOR	MIN	NEIGHBO	COMMUNI	REGIONA	OFF	IND

			EST	ERA	R-HOOD	TY	L	ICE	UST
				L	BUSINESS	BUSINESS	BUSINESS		RIA
									L
STANDARD	A-10	A-35	F	M	NB	СВ	RB	0	I
S									
Base Density:	0.1	.0286	.0125		8 du/ac (2)	48 du/ac (2)	36 du/ac (2)	48	
Dwelling	du/ac	du/ac	du/ac				48 du/ac (1)	du/ac	
Unit/Acre (19)								(2)	
Maximum					12 du/ac (3)	72 du/ac	48 du/ac (3)	72	
Density:					16 du/ac	(16) 96	72 du/ac	du/ac	
Dwelling					(15)	du/ac (17)	(16) 96	(16)	
Unit/Acre					(10)	34,40 (17)	du/ac (17)	96	
OnlyAcre							Jurae (17)	du/ac	
								(17)	
Minimum Lot	10	35 acres	80	10					
Area	acres		acres	acres					
Maximum Lot	4 to 1	4 to 1							
Depth/ Width									
Ratio									
Minimum	30 ft	30 ft (4)	50 ft	(12)	10 ft (5)	10 ft (5)	10 ft (5)	10 ft	25 ft
Street Setback	(4)		(4)						
Minimum	10 ft	10 ft (4)	100 ft	(12)	10 ft (18) 20	20 ft (7)	20 ft (7)	20 ft	20 ft
Interior	(4)		(4)		ft (14)			(7)	(7) 50
Setback									ft (8)
Base Height	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft	35 ft 45 ft	35 ft 60 ft	35 ft 65 ft	45 ft	45 ft
(10)					(6)	(6) 65 ft	(6)	65 ft	
						(17)		(6)	
Maximum					1/1 (9)	1.5/1 (9)	2.5/1 (9)	2.5/1	2.5/1
Floor/Lot								(9)	
Ratio: Square									
Feet									
Maximum	15%	10%	10%		85%	85%	90%	75%	90%
Impervious	35%	35%	35%				20		
-F									

Surface:	(11)	(11)	(11)			
Percentage						
(13)						

B. Development conditions.

- 1. In the RB zone on property located within the Potential Annexation Area of a rural city, this density is not allowed.
- 2. These densities are allowed only through the application of mixed-use development standards and, in the NB zone on property in the urban area designated commercial outside of center, for stand-alone townhouse development.
- 3. These densities may only be achieved through the application of residential density incentives or transfer of development rights in mixed-use developments and, in the NB zone on property in the urban area designated commercial outside of center, for stand-alone townhouse development. See K.C.C. chapters 21A.34 and 21A.37.
- 4.a. In the F zone, scaling stations may be located thirty-five feet from property lines. Residences shall have a setback of at least thirty feet from all property lines.
- b. for lots between one acre and two and one half acres in size, the setback requirements of the R-1 zone shall apply. For lots under one acre, the setback requirements of the R-4 zone shall apply.
- c. for developments consisting of three or more single-detached dwellings located on a single parcel, the setback shall be ten feet along any property line abutting R-1 through R-8, RA and UR zones.
- 5. Gas station pump islands shall be placed no closer than twenty-five feet to street front lines.

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3028	6. This base height allowed only for mixed-use developments and for stand-
3029	alone townhouse development in the NB zone on property designated commercial outside
3030	of center in the urban area.
3031	7. Required on property lines adjoining <u>rural area and</u> residential zones.
3032	8. Required on property lines adjoining <u>rural area and</u> residential zones for
3033	industrial uses established by conditional use permits.
3034	9. The floor-to-lot ratio for mixed use developments shall conform to K.C.C.
3035	chapter 21A.14.
3036	10. Height limits may be increased if portions of the structure building that
3037	exceed the base height limit provide one additional foot of street and interior setback for
3038	each foot above the base height limit, provided the maximum height may exceed seventy-
3039	five feet only in mixed use developments. Netting or fencing and support structures for
3040	the netting or fencing used to contain golf balls in the operation of golf courses or golf
3041	driving ranges are exempt from the additional interior setback requirement provided that
3042	the maximum height shall not exceed seventy-five feet.
3043	11. Applicable only to lots containing less than one acre of lot area.
3044	Development on lots containing less than fifteen thousand square feet of lot area shall be
3045	governed by impervious surface standards of the nearest comparable R-4 through R-8
3046	zone.

- 12. See K.C.C. 21A.22.060 for setback requirements in the mineral zone.
- 13. The impervious surface area for any lot may be increased beyond the total amount permitted in this chapter subject to approval of a conditional use permit.

- 14. Required on property lines adjoining <u>rural area and</u> residential zones unless a stand-alone townhouse development on property designated commercial outside of center in the urban area is proposed to be located adjacent to property upon which an existing townhouse development is located.
- 15. Only as provided for walkable communities under K.C.C. 21A.34.040.F.8. well-served by transit or for mixed-use development through the application of <u>rural area</u> and residential density incentives under K.C.C. 21A.34.040.F.1.g.
- 16. Only for mixed-use development through the application of residential density incentives under K.C.C. chapter 21A.34 or the transfer of development rights under K.C.C. chapter 21A.37. In the RB zone on property located within the Potential Annexation Area of a rural city, this density is not allowed.
- 17. Only for mixed-use development through the application of residential density incentives through the application of residential density incentives under K.C.C. chapter 21A.34 or the transfer of development rights under K.C.C. chapter 21A.37. Upper-level setbacks are required for any facade facing a pedestrian street for any portion of the structure greater than forty-five feet in height. The upper level setback shall be at least one foot for every two feet of height above forty-five feet, up to a maximum required setback of fifteen feet. The first four feet of horizontal projection of decks, balconies with open railings, eaves, cornices, and gutters shall be permitted in required setbacks. In the RB zone on property located within the Potential Annexation Area of a rural city, this density is not allowed.

3071	18. Required on property lines adjoining <u>rural area and</u> residential zones only
3072	for a social service agency office reusing a residential structure in existence on January
3073	2010.
3074	19. On a site zoned A with a building designated as a county landmark in
3075	accordance with the procedures in K.C.C. 20.62.070, additional dwelling units in excess
3076	of the maximum density may be allowed under section 35 of this ordinance.
3077	NEW SECTION. SECTION 35. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter
3078	21A.12 a new section to read as follows:
3079	On a site zoned A or RA with a building designated as a county landmark in
3080	accordance with the procedures in K.C.C. 20.62.070, the number of dwelling units
3081	allowed may exceed what would otherwise be allowed under K.C.C. 21A.12.030 as
3082	follows:
3083	A. All dwelling units shall be located within the historic building; and
3084	B. No more than five dwelling units shall be allowed, subject to approval by the
3085	historic preservation officer and, where required, review and approval by the landmarks
3086	commission in accordance with the procedures in K.C.C. 20.62.080.
3087	SECTION 36. Ordinance 10870, Section 357, as amended, and K.C.C.
3088	21A.12.200 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
3089	When a lot or site is divided by a zone boundary, the following applies:
3090	A. If a lot or site contains both <u>rural area or</u> residential and (( <del>non-residential</del> ))
3091	nonresidential zoning, the zone boundary between the <u>rural area or residential zone and</u>
3092	the nonresidential zone((s)) shall be considered a lot line for determining permitted
3093	building height and required setbacks on the site.

3094	B. If a lot or site contains residential zones of varying density:
3095	1. Any residential density transfer within the lot or site shall be allowed if:
3096	a. the density, as a result of moving dwelling units from one lot to another lot
3097	within a site or across zone lines within a single lot, does not exceed one hundred fifty
3098	percent of the base density on any of the lots or portions of a lot to which the density is
3099	transferred;
3100	b. the transfer does not reduce the minimum density achievable on the lot or
3101	site;
3102	c. the transfer enhances the efficient use of needed infrastructure;
3103	d. the transfer does not result in significant adverse impacts to the low density
3104	portion of the lot or site;
3105	e. the transfer contributes to preservation of environmentally sensitive areas,
3106	wildlife corridors, or other natural features; and
3107	f. the transfer does not result in significant adverse impacts to adjoining lower
3108	density properties;
3109	2. Residential density transfers from one lot to another lot within a site or from
3110	one portion of a lot to another portion of a lot across a zone line shall not be allowed in
3111	the RA zone;
3112	3. Residential density transfers shall not be allowed to a lot or portion of a lot
3113	zone <u>d</u> R-1;
3114	4. Compliance with the criteria in this subsection B shall be evaluated during
3115	review of any development proposals in which such a transfer is proposed; and

3116	5. Residential density transfers from one lot to another lot within a site or from			
3117	one portion of a lot to another portion of a lot across a zone line shall not, in of itself, be			
3118	considered development above the base density for purposes of requiring a conditional			
3119	use permit for apartments or townhouses in the R-1 through R-8 zones.			
3120	C. Uses on each portion of the lot shall only be those permitted in each zone in			
3121	accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.08.			
3122	SECTION 37. Ordinance 10870, Section 364, as amended, and K.C.C.			
3123	21A.14.040 are each hereby amended to read as follows:			
3124	Residential lot clustering is allowed in the R, UR and RA zones. If residential lot			
3125	clustering is proposed, the following requirements shall be met:			
3126	A. In the R zones, any designated open space tract resulting from lot clustering			
3127	shall not be altered or disturbed except as specified on recorded documents creating the			
3128	open space. Open spaces may be retained under ownership by the subdivider, conveyed			
3129	to residents of the development or conveyed to a third party. If access to the open space			
3130	is provided, the access shall be located in a separate tract;			
3131	B. In the RA zone:			
3132	1. No more than eight lots of less than two and one-half acres shall be allowed			
3133	in a cluster;			
3134	2. No more than eight lots of less than two and one-half acres shall be served by			
3135	a single cul-de-sac street;			
3136	3. Clusters containing two or more lots of less than two and one-half acres,			
3137	whether in the same or adjacent developments, shall be separated from similar clusters by			
3138	at least one hundred twenty feet;			

- 4. The overall amount, and the individual degree of clustering shall be limited to a level that can be adequately served by rural facilities and services, including, but not limited to, on-site sewage disposal systems and rural roadways;
- 5. A fifty-foot Type II landscaping screen, as defined in K.C.C. 21A.16.040, shall be provided along the frontage of all public roads when adjoining differing types of development such as commercial and industrial uses, between differing types of residential development and to screen industrial uses from the street. The planting materials shall consist of species that are native to the Puget Sound region. Preservation of existing healthy vegetation is encouraged and may be used to augment new plantings to meet the requirements of this section;
- 6. Except as provided in subsection B.7. of this section, open space tracts created by clustering in the RA zone shall be designated as permanent open space. Acceptable uses within open space tracts are passive recreation, with no development of active recreational facilities, natural-surface pedestrian and equestrian foot trails and passive recreational facilities. A resource tract created under K.C.C. 16.82.152.E. may be considered an open space tract for purposes of this subsection B.6;
- 7.<u>a.</u> In the RA zone a resource ((<del>land</del>)) tract may be created through a cluster development in lieu of an open space tract. A resource tract created under K.C.C. 16.82.152.E. may be considered a resource tract for purposes of this subsection B.7. The resource ((<del>land</del>)) tract may be used as a working forest or farm if ((<del>the following provisions are met</del>)):

3162 eounty)); and  ((b,)) (2) ((T))the ((subdivider shall prepare)) applicant submits a forest  management plan((3)) prepared by a professional forester that ((must be reviewed a  3165 has been approved by the King County department of natural resources and parks,  3166 farm management plan((, if a plan is required under K.C.C. chapter 21A.30, that m  3167 be)) developed by the King Conservation District. The ((eriteria for)) management  3168 plan ((a resource land tract established through a cluster development in the RA zo  3169 shall be set forth in a public rule. The criteria)) must:  3170 ((assure)) (a) ensure that forestry or farming will remain as a sustainal  3171 of the resource ((land)) tract ((and, except as otherwise provided for resource tracts  3172 ereated pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82.152.E or G., that structures supportive of forestry  3173 agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also));  3174 (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the typ  3175 buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and  3176 (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis  3177 between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.	3160	((a. Appropriateness of the)) (1) the department determines the resource
management plan((-)) prepared by a professional forester that ((must be reviewed a has been approved by the King County department of natural resources and parks, farm management plan((-)) fa plan is required under K.C.C. chapter 21A.30, that me be)) developed by the King Conservation District. The ((criteria for)) management plan ((a resource land tract established through a cluster development in the RA zo shall be set forth in a public rule. The criteria)) must:  ((assure)) (a) cnsure that forestry or farming will remain as a sustainal of the resource ((land)) tract ((and, except as otherwise provided for resource tracts created pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82.152.E or G., that structures supportive of forestry agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also));  (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the type buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e-)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((land))	3161	((land)) tract ((for)) is suitable for forestry or agriculture ((has been determined by the
management plan((z)) prepared by a professional forester that ((must be reviewed as has been approved by the King County department of natural resources and parks, form management plan((z) if a plan is required under K.C.C. chapter 21A.30, that me be)) developed by the King Conservation District. The ((eriteria for)) management plan ((a resource land tract established through a cluster development in the RA zoos shall be set forth in a public rule. The criteria)) must;  ((assure)) (a) ensure that forestry or farming will remain as a sustainal of the resource ((land)) tract ((and, except as otherwise provided for resource tracts agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also));  (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the type buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and  (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e-)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((land))	3162	county)); and
has been approved by the King County department of natural resources and parks, of farm management plan((r, if a plan is required under K.C.C. chapter 21A.30, that more between the primary purpose of the resource land tract as required under K.C.C. chapter 21A.30, that more plan ((a resource land tract established through a cluster development in the RA zoon shall be set forth in a public rule. The criteria) must:  ((assure)) (a) ensure that forestry or farming will remain as a sustainal of the resource ((land)) tract ((and, except as otherwise provided for resource tracts agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also));  (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the type buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the resource ((land)) tract; and of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.	3163	((b.)) (2) ((T))the ((subdivider shall prepare)) applicant submits a forest
farm management plan((, if a plan is required under K.C.C. chapter 21A.30, that m  be)) developed by the King Conservation District. The ((eriteria for)) management  plan ((a resource land tract established through a cluster development in the RA zo  shall be set forth in a public rule. The criteria)) must:  ((assure)) (a) ensure that forestry or farming will remain as a sustainal  of the resource ((land)) tract ((and, except as otherwise provided for resource tracts  ereated pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82.152.E or G., that structures supportive of forestry  agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also));  (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the type  buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and  (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis  between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e-i)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((land))	3164	management plan((5)) prepared by a professional forester that ((must be reviewed and))
be)) developed by the King Conservation District. The ((criteria for)) management  plan ((a resource land tract established through a cluster development in the RA zo  shall be set forth in a public rule. The criteria)) must:  ((assure)) (a) ensure that forestry or farming will remain as a sustainal  of the resource ((land)) tract ((and, except as otherwise provided for resource tracts  ereated pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82.152.E or G., that structures supportive of forestry  agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also));  (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the type  buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and  (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis  between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e-)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((land))	3165	has been approved by the King County department of natural resources and parks, or a
plan ((a resource land tract established through a cluster development in the RA zo shall be set forth in a public rule. The criteria)) must:  ((assure)) (a) ensure that forestry or farming will remain as a sustainal of the resource ((land)) tract ((and, except as otherwise provided for resource tracts created pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82.152.E or G., that structures supportive of forestry agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also));  (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the type buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and  (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e-i)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((land))	3166	farm management plan((, if a plan is required under K.C.C. chapter 21A.30, that must
shall be set forth in a public rule. The criteria)) must:  ((assure)) (a) ensure that forestry or farming will remain as a sustainal of the resource ((land)) tract ((and, except as otherwise provided for resource tracts created pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82.152.E or G., that structures supportive of forestry agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also));  (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the type buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and  (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e-)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((land))	3167	be)) developed by the King Conservation District. The ((eriteria for)) management ((of))
3170 ((assure)) (a) ensure that forestry or farming will remain as a sustainal 3171 of the resource ((land)) tract ((and, except as otherwise provided for resource tracts 3172 created pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82.152.E or G., that structures supportive of forestry 3173 agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also)); 3174 (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the typ 3175 buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and 3176 (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis 3177 between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180. 3179 ((e-)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((land))	3168	plan ((a resource land tract established through a cluster development in the RA zone
of the resource ((land)) tract ((and, except as otherwise provided for resource tracts ereated pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82.152.E or G., that structures supportive of forestry agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also));  (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the typ buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and  (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e-)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((land))	3169	shall be set forth in a public rule. The criteria)) must:
created pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82.152.E or G., that structures supportive of forestry agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also));  (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the type buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and  (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e-)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((land))	3170	((assure)) (a) ensure that forestry or farming will remain as a sustainable use
agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also));  (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the type buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and  (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e-)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((land))	3171	of the resource ((land)) tract ((and, except as otherwise provided for resource tracts
3174 (b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the type 3175 buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and 3176 (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis 3177 between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  3179 ((e-)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((land))	3172	ereated pursuant to K.C.C. 16.82.152.E or G., that structures supportive of forestry and
buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and  (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis  between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e-)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((land))	3173	agriculture may be allowed in the resource land tract. The criteria must also));
3176 (c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguis 3177 between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e.)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((lane))	3174	(b) set impervious surface and clearing limitations and identify the type of
between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e.)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((lane))	3175	buildings or structures that will be allowed within the resource ((land)) tract; and
of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.  ((e.)) b. The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource ((lane))	3176	(c) if critical areas are included in the resource tract, clearly distinguish
3179 ((e-)) <u>b.</u> The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource (( <del>land</del>	3177	between the primary purpose of the resource portion of the tract and the primary purpose
	3178	of the critical area portion of the tract as required under K.C.C. 21A.24.180.
3180 tract as a working forest or farm( $(\frac{1}{2})$ ).	3179	((e-)) <u>b.</u> The recorded plat or short plat shall designate the resource $((land))$
	3180	tract as a working forest or farm((;)).

3181	((d.)) c. If the applicant conveys the $((R))$ resource $((land))$ tract $((s.that.are.that)$
3182	conveyed)) to residents of the development, the resource tract shall be retained in
3183	undivided interest by the residents of the subdivision or short subdivision( $(\frac{1}{2})$ ).
3184	((e.)) d. A homeowners association shall be established to ((assure)) ensure
3185	implementation of the forest management plan or farm management plan if the resource
3186	((land)) tract is retained in undivided interest by the residents of the subdivision or short
3187	$subdivision((\frac{1}{2}))_{\underline{.}}$
3188	((f.)) e. The((subdivider)) applicant shall file a notice with the King County
3189	department of executive services, records and licensing services division. The required
3190	contents and form of the notice shall be set forth in a public rule. The notice shall inform
3191	the property owner or owners that the resource ((land)) tract is designated as a working
3192	forest or farm, that must be managed in accordance with the provisions established in the
3193	approved forest management plan or farm management plan((;)).
3194	$((g_{\cdot}))$ <u>f.</u> The $((subdivider))$ <u>applicant</u> shall provide to the department proof of
3195	the approval of the forest management plan or farm management plan and the filing of
3196	the notice required in subsection ((B.7.f.)) B.7.g. of this section before recording of the
3197	final plat or short $plat((x; ))$ .
3198	((h.)) g. The notice shall run with the land $((; and))$ .
3199	((i)) <u>h.</u> Natural-surface pedestrian and equestrian foot trails, passive
3200	recreation, and passive recreational facilities, with no development of active recreational
3201	facilities, are allowed uses in resource ((land)) tracts; and
3202	8. The requirements of subsection B.1., 2., or 3. of this subsection may be
3203	modified or waived by the director if the property is encumbered by critical areas

containing habitat for, or there is the presence of, species listed as threatened or
endangered under the Endangered Species Act when it is necessary to protect the habitat
and

- C. In the R-1 zone, open space tracts created by clustering required by K.C.C. 21A.12.030 shall be located and configured to create urban separators and greenbelts as required by the ((e))Comprehensive ((p))Plan, or subarea plans or open space functional plans, to connect and increase protective buffers for critical areas, to connect and protect wildlife habitat corridors designated by the ((e))Comprehensive ((p))Plan and to connect existing or planned public parks or trails. The department may require open space tracts created under this subsection to be dedicated to an appropriate managing public agency or qualifying private entity such as a nature conservancy. In the absence of such a requirement, open space tracts shall be retained in undivided interest by the residents of the subdivision or short subdivision. A homeowners association shall be established for maintenance of the open space tract.
- SECTION 38. Ordinance 11621, Section 99, and K.C.C. 21A.14.280 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
- A. The purpose of the rural industries section is to establish standards for industrial (I) zoned development in rural areas. Site and building designs, buffering, compatible commercial and industrial uses are required to maintain rural character.
- B. The following development standards shall apply to uses locating in the industrial (I) zone within the rural area;
- 1. All uses occurring outside an enclosed building shall be screened from adjoining rural residential uses;

3227	2. All buildings shall be set back (( <del>50-foot</del> )) <u>fifty feet</u> from perimeter streets and
3228	from <u>rural area and</u> residential (( <del>zoned areas</del> )) <u>zones</u> ;
3229	3. The total permitted floor area\lot area ratio shall not exceed ((100)) one
3230	hundred percent for a development consisting of multiple lots and ((125)) one hundred
3231	twenty-five percent on any individual building lot;
3232	4. The total permitted impervious lot coverage shall not exceed ((70)) seventy
3233	percent for a development consisting of multiple lots and ((80)) eighty percent on any
3234	individual building lot;
3235	5. The landscaping standards ((set forth)) in K.C.C. chapter 21A.16 are
3236	modified as follows:
3237	a. ((20)) Twenty-foot_wide Type II landscaping shall be provided along
3238	exterior streets,
3239	b. ((20)) Twenty-foot-wide Type I landscaping shall be provided along
3240	property lines adjacent to rural residential zoned areas; and
3241	c. ((15)) <u>Fifteen-foot-wide</u> Type II landscaping shall be provided along lines
3242	adjacent to nonresidential zoned areas.
3243	6. Outdoor lighting shall be focused downward and configured to minimize
3244	intrusion of light into surrounding rural residential areas;
3245	7. Refuse collection/recycling areas and loading or delivery areas shall be
3246	located at least ((100)) one hundred feet from rural area and residential ((areas)) zones
3247	and screened with a solid view obscuring barrier;

3248	8. Off street parking standards shall be no less than one space for every $((1000))$			
3249	one thousand square feet of floor area and no greater than one space for every ((500)) five			
3250	hundred square feet of floor area;			
3251	9. Signs are allowed as follows:			
3252	a. Signs shall not exceed an area of ((64)) sixty-four square feet per sign;			
3253	b. Pole signs shall not be permitted; and			
3254	c. Signs shall not be internally illuminated;			
3255	10. The director shall approve building design, materials and color. Buildings			
3256	shall be designed and use accent materials (e.g. wood and brick), ((non-reflective))			
3257	nonreflective glass, and muted colors to be compatible with rural character; and			
3258	11. Building height shall be limited to ((40)) forty feet.			
3259	SECTION 39. Ordinance 10870, Section 386, as amended, and K.C.C.			
3260	21A.16.010 are each hereby amended to read as follows:			
3261	The purpose of this chapter is to preserve the aesthetic character of communities;			
3262	to improve the aesthetic quality of the built environment; to promote retention and			
3263	protection of existing vegetation; to promote water efficiency; to promote native wildlife;			
3264	to reduce the impacts of development on drainage systems and natural habitats; and to			
3265	increase privacy for <u>rural area and</u> residential zones by:			
3266	A. Providing visual relief from large expanses of parking areas and reduction of			
3267	perceived building scale;			
3268	B. Providing physical separation between <u>rural area or</u> residential <u>zones</u> and			
3269	((non-residential-areas)) nonresidential zones;			

3270	C. Providing visual screens and barriers as a transition between differing land
3271	uses;
3272	D. Retaining existing vegetation and significant trees by incorporating them into
3273	the site design;
3274	E. Providing increased areas of permeable surfaces to allow for:
3275	1. Infiltration of surface water into groundwater resources;
3276	2. Reduction in the quantity of storm water discharge; and
3277	3. Improvement in the quality of storm water discharge;
3278	F. Encouraging the use of native plant species by their retention or use in the
3279	landscape design;
3280	G. Requiring water use efficiency through water budgeting and efficient
3281	irrigation design standards;
3282	H. Encouraging the use of a diversity of plant species ((which)) that promote
3283	native wildlife habitat.
3284	SECTION 40. Ordinance 11210, Section 12, as amended, and K.C.C.
3285	21A.16.115 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
3286	A. The landscape plan submitted to the department shall be drawn on the same
3287	base map as the development plans and shall identify the following:
3288	1. total landscape area and separate hydrozones((;));
3289	2. Landscape materials botanical/common name and applicable size((5));
3290	3. Property lines((5));
3291	4. Impervious surfaces((,));
3292	5. natural or man-made water features or bodies((5));

3293	6. Existing or proposed structures, tences, and retaining walls $((7))$ :
3294	7. Natural features or vegetation left in natural state((5)); and
3295	8. Designated recreational open space areas.
3296	B. The proposed landscape plan shall be certified by a Washington $((S))$ state
3297	((registered)) licensed landscape architect((, Washington State certified nurseryman, or
3298	Washington State certified landscaper)).
3299	C. An affidavit signed by an individual specified in subsection B, certifying that
3300	the landscaping has been installed ((eonsistent)) in compliance with the approved
3301	landscaping plan, shall be submitted to the department within $((30))$ thirty days of
3302	installation completion, unless the installed landscaping has been inspected and accepted
3303	by the department.
3304	D. The required landscaping shall be installed no later than three months after
3305	issuance of a certificate of occupancy for the project or project phase. However, the time
3306	limit for compliance may be extended to allow installation of such required landscaping
3307	during the next appropriate planting season. A financial guarantee shall be required
3308	((prior to)) before issuance of the certificate of occupancy, if landscaping is not installed
3309	and inspected ((prior to)) before occupancy.
3310	SECTION 41. Ordinance 10870, Section 415, as amended, and K.C.C.
3311	21A.18.110 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
3312	A. Off-street parking areas shall not be located more than six hundred feet from
3313	the building they are required to serve for all uses except those specified as follows;
3314	where an off-street parking area does not abut the building it serves, the required

maximum distance shall be measured from the nearest building entrance that the parking area serves:

- 1. For all single detached dwellings the parking spaces shall be located on the same lot they are required to serve;
- 2. For all other residential dwellings at least a portion of parking areas shall be located within one hundred fifty feet from the building or buildings they are required to serve;
- 3. For all nonresidential uses permitted in <u>rural area and</u> residential zones, the parking spaces shall be located on the site they are required to serve and at least a portion of parking areas shall be located within one hundred fifty feet from the nearest building entrance they are required to serve;
- 4. In designated activity, community business and neighborhood business centers, parking lots shall be located to the rear or sides of buildings. Relief from this subsection A.4. may be granted by the director only if the applicant can demonstrate that there is no practical site design to meet this requirement. The director may allow only the number of parking spaces that cannot be accommodated to the rear or sides of buildings to be located to the front of buildings;
- 5. Parking lots shall be so arranged as to permit the internal circulation of vehicles between parking aisles without re-entering adjoining public streets; and
- 6. Parking for the disabled shall be provided in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.18.060.
- B. The minimum parking space and aisle dimensions for the most common parking angles are shown on the table in this subsection. For parking angles other than

those shown on the chart, the minimum parking space and aisle dimensions shall be determined by the director. Regardless of the parking angle, one-way aisles shall be at least ten feet wide, and two-way aisles shall be at least twenty feet wide. If dead-end aisles are used in the parking layout, they shall be constructed as two-way aisles. Parking plans for angle parking shall use space widths no less than eight feet six inches for a standard parking space design and eight feet for a compact car parking space design.

## MINIMUM PARKING STALL AND AISLE DIMENSIONS

A	В	C	D	E	F
PARKING	STALL WIDTH	CURB	STALL	AISLE WIDTH	UNIT DEPTH 1-
ANGLE		LENGTH	DEPTH	1-WAY 2-WAY	WAY 2-WAY
0.0	8.0* Min	20.0* 22.5	8.0 8.5	12.0 20.0 12.0	** ** 29.0
	8.5 Desired 9.0	22.5	9.0	20.0 12.0 20.0	37.0 30.0 38.0
30 30	8.0* Min	16.0* 17.0	15.0 16.5	10.0 20.0 10.0	** ** 42.0
	8.5 Desired 9.0	18.0	17.0	20.0 10.0 20.0	53.0 44.0 54.0
45 45	8.0* Min	11.5* 12.0	17.0*	12.0 20.0 12.0	** ** 50.0
	8.5 Desired 9.0	12.5		20.0 12.0 20.0	58.0 51.0 59.0
60 60	8.0* Min	9.6* 10.0	18.0 20.0	18.0 20.0 18.0	** ** 58.0
	8.5 Desired 9.0	10.5	21.0	20.0 18.0 20.0	60.0 60.0 62.0
90	8.0* Min	8.0* 8.5	16.0*	24.0 24.0 24.0	** ** 60.0
	8.5 Desired 9.0	9.0	18.0 18.0	24.0 23.0 24.0	60.0 60.0 60.0

<sup>\*</sup> for compact stalls only

<sup>\*\*</sup> variable with compact and standard combinations

## unit parking depth (F) parking angle (A) stall depth perpendicular to aisle (D)

(B)

NOMENCLATURE OF OFF-STREET PARKING AREA

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C. Any parking spaces abutting a required landscaped area on the driver or passenger side of the vehicle shall provide an additional eighteen inches above the minimum space width requirement to provide a place to step other than in the landscaped area. The additional width shall be separated from the adjacent parking space by a parking space division stripe.

(E)

- D. The parking ((space)) stall depth may be reduced if vehicles overhang a walkway or landscaping under the following conditions:
  - 1. Wheelstops or curbs are installed;
  - 2. The remaining walkway provides a minimum of forty-eight inches of unimpeded passageway for pedestrians;
  - 3. The amount of space depth reduction is limited to a maximum of eighteen inches; and
    - 4. Landscaping is designed in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.16.070.E.
  - E. Driveways providing ingress and egress between off-street parking areas and abutting streets shall be designed, located and constructed in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 14.42, Road Standards. Driveways for single detached dwellings, no more than twenty feet in width, may cross required setbacks or landscaped areas to provide access between the off-street parking areas and the street, provided no more than fifteen percent of the required landscaping or setback area is eliminated by the driveway. Joint use driveways may be located within required landscaping or setback areas. Driveways for all other developments may cross or be located within required setbacks or landscaped areas to provide access between the off-street parking areas and the street, if no more than ten percent of the required landscaping is displaced by the driveway and the driveway is located no closer than five feet from any property line except where intersecting the street.
    - F. Parking spaces required under this title shall be located as follows:
  - 1. For single detached dwelling units the required parking spaces shall be outside of any required setbacks or landscaping, but driveways crossing setbacks and

required landscaping may be used for parking. However, if the driveway is a joint use
driveway, no vehicle parked on the driveway shall obstruct any joint user's access to the
driveway or parking spaces;

- 2. For all other developments parking spaces may be permitted by the director in setback areas in accordance with an approved landscape plan; and
- 3. For nonresidential uses in <u>rural area and</u> residential zones, parking is permitted in setback areas in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.12.220.
- G. Lighting shall be provided for safety of traffic and pedestrian circulation on the site. It shall be designed to minimize direct illumination of abutting properties and adjacent streets. The director shall have the authority to waive the requirement to provide lighting.
- H. Tandem or end-to-end parking is allowed in residential developments.

  Apartment or townhouse developments may have tandem parking areas for each dwelling unit but shall not combine parking for separate dwelling units in tandem parking areas.
- I. All vehicle parking and storage for single detached dwellings must be in a garage, carport or on an approved impervious surface. Any impervious surface used for vehicle parking or storage must have direct and unobstructed driveway access.
- J. The total number of vehicles parked or stored outside of a building on a single family lot in the R-1 through R-8 zones, excluding recreational vehicles and trailers, shall not exceed six vehicles on lots that are twelve thousand five hundred square feet or less and eight vehicles on lots that are greater than twelve thousand five hundred square feet.
- K. Vanpool and carpool parking areas shall meet the following minimum design standards:

3399	1. A minimum vertical clearance of seven feet three inches shall be provided to
3400	accommodate van vehicles if designated vanpool and carpool parking spaces are located
3401	in a parking structure; and
3402	2. A minimum turning radius of twenty-six feet four inches with a minimum
3403	turning diameter, curb to curb, of fifty-two feet five inches shall be provided from
3404	parking aisles to adjacent vanpool and carpool parking spaces.
3405	L. Direct access from the street right-of-way to off-street parking areas shall be
3406	subject to K.C.C. 21A.28.120.
3407	M. No dead-end alley may provide access to more than eight off-street parking
3408	spaces.
3409	N. Any parking stalls located in enclosed buildings must be totally within the
3410	enclosed building.
3411	SECTION 42. Ordinance 10870, Section 424, as amended, and K.C.C.
3412	21A.20.060 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
3413	A. All signs, except billboards, community bulletin boards, community
3414	identification signs, political signs, real estate signs and special event signs, shall be on-
3415	premise signs, except that uses located on lots without public street frontage in business,
3416	office and industrial zones may have one off-premise directional sign of no more than
3417	sixteen square feet.
3418	B. Fuel price signs shall not be included in sign area or number limitations of
3419	K.C.C. 21A.20.090, 21A.20.095, 21A.20.100 and 21A.20.110, but only if the signs do
3420	not exceed twenty square feet per street frontage.

3421	C. Except as otherwise provided in K.C.C. 21A.20.115 and 21A.20.080.A.3,
3422	projecting and awning signs and signs mounted on the sloping portion of roofs shall not
3423	be permitted for uses in the $((R))$ resource, rural area, and $((R))$ residential zones. In other
3424	zones, projecting and awning signs and signs mounted on the sloping portion of roofs
3425	may be used in lieu of wall signs, but only if:
3426	1. They maintain a minimum clearance of eight feet above finished grade;
3427	2. They do not project more than six feet perpendicular from the supporting
3428	building facade;
3429	3. They meet the standards of ((K.C.C. 21A.20.060.)) subsection J. of this
3430	section if mounted on the roof of a building; and
3431	4. They shall not exceed the number or size permitted for wall signs in a zone.
3432	D. Changing message center signs, and time and temperature signs, which can be
3433	a wall or freestanding sign, shall not exceed the size permitted for a wall or freestanding
3434	sign. Changing message center signs shall be permitted for all uses only in the NB, CB,
3435	RB, O and I zones and only for elementary, middle, junior, secondary and high schools
3436	and colleges and universities in the RA zone. Changing message center signs and time
3437	and temperature signs shall not exceed the maximum sign height permitted in the zone.
3438	E. Directional signs shall not be included in the sign area or number limitation of
3439	K.C.C. 21A.20.070, 21A.20.095, 21A.20.100 and 21A.20.110, but only if the signs do
3440	not exceed six square feet in surface area and are limited to one for each entrance or exit
3441	to surface parking areas or parking structure.
3442	F. Regarding sign illumination and glare:
3443	1. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, all signs may be illuminated;

3444	2. The light source for indirectly illuminated signs shall be no farther away from
3445	the sign than the height of the sign;
3446	3. Indirectly and directly illuminated signs shall be arranged so that no direct
3447	rays of light are projected from such artificial source into residences or any street right-
3448	of-way;
3449	4. Electrical requirements for signs shall be governed by chapter 19.28 RCW
3450	and WAC 296-46-910; and
3451	5. Signs with an on/off operation shall be permitted only in the CB, RB and I
3452	zones.
3453	G. Maximum height for wall signs shall not extend above the highest exterior
3454	wall or structure upon which the sign is located.
3455	H. Maximum height for projecting signs shall not extend above the highest
3456	exterior wall upon which the projecting sign is located.
3457	I. Maximum height for awning signs shall not extend above the height of the
3458	awning upon which the awning sign is located.
3459	J. Any sign attached to the sloping surface of a roof shall be installed or erected
3460	in such a manner that there are no visible support structures, shall appear to be part of the
3461	building itself, and shall not extend above the roof ridge line of the portion of the roof
3462	upon which the sign is attached.
3463	K. Except as otherwise permitted by this chapter, off-premise directional signs
3464	shall not exceed four square feet in sign area.
3465	L. Mixed use developments in the NB, CB, RB or O zones are permitted one
3466	permanent residential identification sign not exceeding thirty-two square feet in addition

346/	to the maximum sign area requirements in the zone where the mixed use development is
3468	located.
3469	SECTION 43. Ordinance 10870, Section 433, and K.C.C. 21A.20.130 are each
3470	hereby amended to read as follows:
3471	A. All billboard alterations or relocations shall comply with the following
3472	location and design standards:
3473	1. Billboards shall only be located on sites zoned CB, RB((5)) or I;
3474	2. No more than five billboard faces shall be oriented toward and visible from
3475	the same direction of travel within one mile of the proposed relocation site as measured
3476	along the adjacent roadway;
3477	3. Billboards shall be located at least 100 feet from any other billboard,
3478	provided side-by-side, v-type and back-to-back billboard faces shall be considered one
3479	billboard for purposes of this subsection only;
3480	4. The zoning on the opposite side of the street from a proposed relocation site
3481	must also permit billboards;
3482	5. Type II billboards shall be at least 100 feet from ((any)) rural area and
3483	residential zones. Type I billboards shall be at least 330 feet from ((any)) rural area and
3484	residential zones;
3485	6. No billboard shall extend beyond the property line of the billboard site;
3486	7. No billboard shall be located more than 100 feet from any adjacent arterial;
3487	8. Billboards shall observe the same street setback as all buildings within 50 feet
3488	of the proposed billboard location;

3489	9. Type I billboard faces shall only be located adjacent to arterials developed
3490	with at least two primary travel lanes in each direction. In all other locations, billboards
3491	shall be limited to Type II billboard faces; and
3492	10. No single billboard structure shall support a total of more than two Type I
3493	billboard faces or the equivalent, and no single billboard structure shall orient more than
3494	one Type I billboard face or the equivalent in any single direction.
3495	B. Height:
3496	1. Billboards located in the CB or RB zone shall not exceed ((15)) <u>fifteen</u> feet
3497	above the average height of all buildings within ((330)) three hundred thirty feet of the
3498	billboard or ((35)) thirty-five feet, whichever is less; and
3499	2. Billboards located in the I zone shall not exceed ((15)) <u>fifteen</u> feet above the
3500	average height of all buildings within ((330)) three hundred thirty feet of the billboard or
3501	((45)) forty-five feet, whichever is less.
3502	SECTION 44. Ordinance 15051, S3ection 137, as amended, and K.C.C.
3503	21A.24.045 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
3504	A. Within the following seven critical areas and their buffers all alterations are
3505	allowed if the alteration complies with the development standards, impact avoidance and
3506	mitigation requirements and other applicable requirements established in this chapter:
3507	1. Critical aquifer recharge area;
3508	2. Coal mine hazard area;
3509	3. Erosion hazard area;
3510	4. Flood hazard area except in the severe channel migration hazard area;
3511	5. Landslide hazard area under forty percent slope;

6. Seismic hazard area; and 3512 7. Volcanic hazard areas. 3513 B. Within the following seven critical areas and their buffers, unless allowed as 3514 an alteration exception under K.C.C. 21A.24.070, only the alterations on the table in 3515 subsection C. of this section are allowed if the alteration complies with conditions in 3516 subsection D. of this section and the development standards, impact avoidance and 3517 mitigation requirements and other applicable requirements established in this chapter: 3518 1. Severe channel migration hazard area; 3519 2. Landslide hazard area over forty percent slope; 3520 3. Steep slope hazard area; 3521 4. Wetland; 3522 5. Aquatic area; 3523 6. Wildlife habitat conservation area; and 3524 7. Wildlife habitat network. 3525 C. In the following table where an activity is included in more than one activity 3526 category, the numbered conditions applicable to the most specific description of the 3527 activity governs. Where more than one numbered condition appears for a listed activity, 3528 each of the relevant conditions specified for that activity within the given critical area 3529 applies. For alterations involving more than one critical area, compliance with the 3530

KEY	L	О	S		W	В		В		WI	A
	A	VE	Т	A	ЕТ	UF	A	U	С	LD	N

conditions applicable to each critical area is required.

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		D	40	Е	D	N	R	U	Е	A	ЕА	N
		S	%	P	В	D		A	R	N	RE	Е
		LI	A	S	U	A		Т	A	N	A	Т
		D	N	L	F	N		I	N	Е		W
		Е	D	О	F	D		С	D	L		О
		Н	ВU	P	Е			A	S	M		R
		A	FF	Е	R			R	Е	Ι		K
		Z	ΕR	Н				Е	V	G		
		A		A				A	Е	R		
		R		Z				A	R	A		
		D		A				N	Е	Т		
			:::	R				D		I		
				D						О		
										N		
Letter "A" in a cell												
means alteration is												
allowed												
A number in a cell												
means the corresponding		ir										

numbered condition in					
subsection D. applies					
"Wildlife area and					
network" column applies					
to both Wildlife Habitat					
Conservation Area and					
Wildlife Habitat					
Network					
2					
		ı			
	-				
ACTIVITY					
Structures					
Construction of new single			A 1	A 2	
detached dwelling unit					
Construction of a new tree-			A 64	A 64	A 64

supported structure	Ĭ				
Construction of nonresidential			A 3	A 3	A 3, 4
structure					
Maintenance or repair of	A 5	A	A	A	A 4
existing structure					
Expansion or replacement of	A 5, 7	A 5, 7	A 7, 8	A 6, 7, 8	A 4, 7
existing structure					
Interior remodeling	A	A	A	A	A
Construction of new dock or			A 9	A 9, 10, 11	
pier					
Maintenance, repair or			A 12	A 10, 11	A 4
replacement of dock or pier			.,		
Grading					
Grading		A 13		A 14	A 4, 14
Construction of new slope	A 15	A 15	A 15	A 15	A 4, 15
stabilization			b)		
Maintenance of existing slope	A 16	A 13	A 17	A 16, 17	A 4
stabilization					
Mineral extraction	A	A			
Clearing				á	
Clearing	A 18	A 18((;	A 18, 20	A 14, 18, 20	A 4, 14,
		<del>19</del> ))		-	18, 20

Cutting firewood		A 21	A 21	A 21	A 4, 21
Vegetation management	<u>A 19</u>	<u>A 19</u>	<u>A 19</u>	<u>A 19</u>	A 4, 19
Removal of vegetation for fire	A22	A22	A 22	A 22	A 4, 22
safety					
Removal of noxious weeds or	A 23	A 23	A 23	A 23	A 4, 23
invasive vegetation				.70	
Forest Practices					
((Nonconversion Class IV-G	A ((24))	A	A ((24))	A ((24))	A ((24,))
forest practice)) Forest		((24))		16	25
management activity					
((Class I, II, III, IV-S forest	A	A	A	A	A))
practice					
Roads					
Construction of new public road			A 26	A 26	
right-of-way structure on					
unimproved right-of-way					
Construction of new road in a			A 26	A 26	
plat				521	
Maintenance of public road	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16, 27
right-of-way structure					
Expansion beyond public road	A	A	A 26	A 26	
right-of way structure					

Repair, replacement or	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16, 27
modification within the					
roadway					
Construction of driveway or	A 28	A 28	A 28	A 28	A 28
private access road					
Construction of farm field	A 29	A 29	A 29	A 29	A 29
access drive					
Maintenance of driveway,	A	A	A 17	A 17	A 17, 27
private access road, farm field					
access drive or parking lot					
Construction of a bridge or	A 39	A 39	A 39	A 39	A 39
culvert as part of a driveway or					
private access road				<i>2</i>	
Bridges or culverts					
Maintenance or repair of bridge	A 16, 17	A 16,	A 16, 17	A 16, 17	A 16, 17,
or culvert		17			27
Construction of a new bridge	<u>A 16, 39</u>	<u>A 16,</u>	A 16, 39	A 16, 39	A 4, 16,
		<u>39</u>			39
Replacement of bridge or	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16, 30	A 16, 27
culvert					
Expansion of bridge or culvert	A 16, 17	A 16,	A 16, 17,	A 17, 31	A 4
		17	31		

Utilities and other					
infrastructure					
Construction of new utility	A 32, 33	A 32,	A 32, 34	A 32, 34	A 27, 32,
corridor or utility facility		33			35
Construction or maintenance of	A 67	A 67	A 66	A 66	A 4, 66
a hydroelectric generating					
facility					
Construction of a new	A 32, 33	A 32,	A 32, 60	A 32, 60	A 27, 32,
residential utility service		33			60
distribution line	=				
Maintenance, repair or	A 32, 33	A 32,	A 32, 34,	A 32, 34, 36	A 4, 32,
replacement of utility corridor		33	36		37
or utility facility		-			
Construction of a new on-site	<u>A 24</u>	<u>A 24</u>	A 63	A 63	_
sewage disposal system or well					
Maintenance or repair of	A 37	A 37	A 37	A 37	A 4, 37
existing well					
Maintenance or repair of on-site	A	A	A	A 37	A 4
sewage disposal system					
Construction of new surface	A 32, 33	A 32,	A 32, 38	A 32, 38	A 4
water conveyance system		33			
Construction, maintenance or			<u>A 68</u>	A 68	

repair of in-water heat		Ĭ	1		
exchanger					
Maintenance, repair or			A 16, 32,	A 16, 40, 41	A 4, 37
replacement of existing surface			38		
water conveyance system					
Construction of new surface			A 32	A 32	A 4, 32
water flow control or surface					
water quality treatment facility					
Maintenance or repair of	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 4
existing surface water flow					
control or surface water quality					
treatment facility					
Construction of new flood			A 42	A 42	A 27, 42
protection facility					
Maintenance, repair or	A 33, 43	A 33,	A 43	A 43	A 27, 43
replacement of flood protection		43			
facility					
Flood risk reduction gravel	A 61	A 61	A 61	A 61	A 61
removal					
Construction of new instream	A 16	A 16	A 16	A 16, 44, 45	A 4, 16,
structure or instream work					44, 45
Maintenance or repair of	A 16	A	A	A	A 4

existing instream structure	1				
Recreation					
Construction of new trail	A 46	A 46	A 47	A 47	A 4, 47
Maintenance of outdoor public	A 48	A 48	A 48	A 48	A 4, 48
park facility, trail or publicly					
improved recreation area		90			
Habitat, education and					
science projects					
Habitat restoration or	A 49	A 49	A 49	A 49	A 4, 49
enhancement project					
Scientific sampling for			A 50	A 50	A 50
salmonids					
Drilling and testing for critical	A 51	A 51	A 51, 52	A 51, 52	A 4
areas report					
Environmental education	A 62	A 62	A 62	A 62	A 62
project					
Agriculture					
Horticulture activity including	A 53	A 53	A 53, 54	A 53, 54	A 53, 54
tilling, discing, planting,					
seeding, harvesting, preparing					
soil, rotating crops and related					
activity					

Grazing livestock	A 53	A 53	A 53, 54	A 53, 54	A 53, 54
Construction or maintenance of			A 53, 54	A 53, 54	A 53, 54
a commercial fish farm					
Construction or maintenance of			A 53, 54,	A 53, 54,	A 53, 54
livestock manure storage			55	55, 56	
facility					=
Construction of a livestock			A 53, 54,	A 53, 54,	A 53, 54
heavy use area			<u>55</u>	55, 56	
Construction or maintenance of			A <u>56</u>	A 56	
((livestock flood sanctuary)) a					
farm pad					
Construction of agricultural			A 57	A 57	A 4, 57
drainage					
Maintenance or replacement of	A 23, 58	A 23,	A 23, 53,	A 23, 53,	A 4, 23,
agricultural drainage		58	54, 58	54, 58	53, 54, 58
Maintenance of agricultural			<u>A 69</u>	<u>A 69</u>	
<u>waterway</u>					
Construction or maintenance of	A 53	A 53	A 53, 54	A 53, 54	A 53, 54
farm pond, fish pond or					
livestock watering pond					
Other					
Shoreline water dependent or				A 65	

shoreline water oriented use					
Excavation of cemetery graves	A	A	A	A	A
in established and approved					
cemetery					
Maintenance of cemetery graves	A	A	A	A	A
Maintenance of lawn,	A 59				
landscaping or garden for					
personal consumption	N I				
Maintenance of golf course	A 17	A 17	A 17	A 17	A 4, 17

- D. The following alteration conditions apply:
- 1. Limited to farm residences in grazed or tilled wet meadows and subject to the limitations of subsection D.3. of this section.
- 2. Only allowed in a buffer of a lake that is twenty acres or larger on a lot that was created before January 1, 2005, if:
- a. at least seventy-five percent of the lots abutting the shoreline of the lake or seventy-five percent of the lake frontage, whichever constitutes the most developable lake frontage, has existing density of four dwelling units per acre or more;
- b. the development proposal, including mitigation required by this chapter, will have the least adverse impact on the critical area;
- c. existing native vegetation within the critical area buffer will remain undisturbed except as necessary to accommodate the development proposal and required building setbacks;

3545	d. access is located to have the least adverse impact on the critical area and
3546	critical area buffer;
3547	e. the alteration is the minimum necessary to accommodate the development
3548	proposal and in no case in excess of a development footprint of five thousand square feet;
3549	f. the alteration is no closer than:
3550	(1) on site with a shoreline environment designation of high intensity or
3551	residential, the greater of twenty-five feet or the average of the setbacks on adjacent lots
3552	on either side of the subject property, as measured from the ordinary high water mark of
3553	the lake shoreline;
3554	(2) on a site with a shoreline environment designation of rural, conservancy,
3555	resource or forestry, the greater of fifty feet or the average of the setbacks on adjacent
3556	lots on either side of the subject property, as measured from the ordinary high water mark
3557	the lake shoreline; and
3558	(3) on a site with a shoreline environment designation of natural, the greater
3559	of one hundred feet or the average of the setbacks on adjacent lots on either side of the
3560	subject property, as measured from the ordinary high water mark; and
3561	g. to the maximum extent practical, alterations are mitigated on the
3562	development proposal site by enhancing or restoring remaining critical area buffers.
3563	3. Limited to nonresidential farm-structures in grazed or tilled wet meadows or
3564	buffers of wetlands or aquatic areas where:
3565	a. the site is predominantly used for the practice of agriculture;
3566	b. the structure is in compliance with an approved farm management plan in
3567	accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051;

3568	c. the structure is either:
3569	(1) on or adjacent to existing nonresidential impervious surface areas,
3570	additional impervious surface area is not created waterward of any existing impervious
3571	surface areas and the area was not used for crop production;
3572	(2) higher in elevation and no closer to the critical area than its existing
3573	position; or
3574	(3) at a location away from existing impervious surface areas that is
3575	determined to be the optimum site in the farm management plan;
3576	d. all best management practices associated with the structure specified in the
3577	farm management plan are installed and maintained;
3578	e. installation of fencing in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30 does not
3579	require the development of a farm management plan if required best management
3580	practices are followed and the installation does not require clearing of critical areas or
3581	their buffers; and
3582	f. in a severe channel migration hazard area portion of an aquatic buffer only
3583	if:
3584	(1) there is no feasible alternative location on-site;
3585	(2) the structure is located where it is least subject to risk from channel
3586	migration;
3587	(3) the structure is not used to house animals or store hazardous substances;
3588	and

3589	(4) the total lootprint of all accessory structures within the severe channel
3590	migration hazard area will not exceed the greater of one thousand square feet or two
3591	percent of the severe channel migration hazard area on the site.
3592	4. ((Allowed if n))No clearing, external construction or other disturbance in a
3593	wildlife habitat conservation area ((occurs)) is allowed during breeding seasons
3594	established under K.C.C. 21A.24.382.
3595	5. Allowed for structures when:
3596	a. the landslide hazard poses little or no risk of injury;
3597	b. the risk of landsliding is low; and
3598	c. there is not an expansion of the structure.
3599	6. Within a severe channel migration hazard area allowed for:
3600	a. existing legally established primary structures if:
3601	(1) there is not an increase of the footprint of any existing structure; and
3602	(2) there is not a substantial improvement as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.1270;
3603	and
3604	b. existing legally established accessory structures if:
3605	(1) additions to the footprint will not make the total footprint of all existing
3606	structures more than one-thousand square feet; and
3607	(2) there is not an expansion of the footprint towards any source of channel
3608	migration hazard, unless the applicant demonstrates that the location is less subject to risk
3609	and has less impact on the critical area.
3610	7. Allowed only in grazed wet meadows or the buffer or building setback
3611	outside a severe channel migration hazard area if:

a.	the expansion or	replacement	does not	increase	the f	ootprint	of a
nonresidentia	al structure;						

- b.(1) for a legally established dwelling unit, the expansion or replacement, including any expansion of a legally established accessory structure allowed under this subsection B.7.b., does not increase the footprint of the dwelling unit and all other structures by more than one thousand square feet, not including any expansion of a drainfield made necessary by the expansion of the dwelling unit. To the maximum extent practical, the replacement or expansion of a drainfield in the buffer should be located within areas of existing lawn or landscaping, unless another location will have a lesser impact on the critical area and its buffer;
- (2) for a structure accessory to a dwelling unit, the expansion or replacement is located on or adjacent to existing impervious surface areas and does not result in a cumulative increase in the footprint of the accessory structure and the dwelling unit by more than one thousand square feet;
- (3) the location of the expansion has the least adverse impact on the critical area; and
- (4) a comparable area of degraded buffer area shall be enhanced through removal of nonnative plants and replacement with native vegetation in accordance with an approved landscaping plan;
- c. the structure was not established as the result of an alteration exception, variance, buffer averaging or reasonable use exception;

3633	d. to the maximum extent practical, the expansion or replacement is not
3634	located closer to the critical area or within the relic of a channel that can be connected to
3635	an aquatic area; and
3636	e. The expansion of a residential structure in the buffer of a Type S aquatic
3637	area that extends towards the ordinary high water mark requires a shoreline variance if:
3638	(1) the expansion is within thirty-five feet of the ordinary high water mark; or
3639	(2) the expansion is between thirty-five and fifty feet of the ordinary high
3640	water mark and the area of the expansion extending towards the ordinary high water mark
3641	is greater than three hundred square feet.
3642	8. Allowed upon another portion of an existing impervious surface outside a
3643	severe channel migration hazard area if:
3644	a. except as otherwise allowed under subsection D.7. of this section, the
3645	structure is not located closer to the critical area;
3646	b. except as otherwise allowed under subsection D.7. of this section, the
3647	existing impervious surface within the critical area or buffer is not expanded; and
3648	c. the degraded buffer area is enhanced through removal of nonnative plants
3649	and replacement with native vegetation in accordance with an approved landscaping plan.
3650	9. Limited to piers or seasonal floating docks in a category II, III or IV wetland
3651	or its buffer or along a lake shoreline or its buffer where:
3652	a. the vegetation where the alteration is proposed does not consist of dominant
3653	native wetland herbaceous or woody vegetation six feet in width or greater and the lack
3654	of this vegetation is not the result of any violation of law;
3655	b. the wetland or lake shoreline is not a salmonid spawning area;

3656	c. hazardous substances or toxic materials are not used; and
3657	d. if located in a freshwater lake, the pier or dock conforms to the standards for
3658	docks under K.C.C. 21A.25.180.
3659	10. Allowed on type N or O aquatic areas if hazardous substances or toxic
3660	materials are not used.
3661	11. Allowed on type S or F aquatic areas outside of the severe channel
3662	migration hazard area if in compliance with K.C.C. 21A.25.180.
3663	12. When located on a lake, must be in compliance with K.C.C. 21A.25.180.
3664	13. Limited to regrading and stabilizing of a slope formed as a result of a legal
3665	grading activity.
3666	14. The following are allowed in the severe channel migration hazard area if
3667	conducted more than one hundred sixty-five feet from the ordinary high water mark in
3668	the rural area and one-hundred fifteen feet from the ordinary high water mark in the
3669	urban area:
3670	a. grading of up to fifty cubic yards on lot less than five acres; and
3671	b. clearing of up to one-thousand square feet or up to a cumulative thirty-five
3672	percent of the severe channel migration hazard area.
3673	15. Only where erosion or landsliding threatens a structure, utility facility,
3674	roadway, driveway, public trails, aquatic area or wetland if, to the maximum extent
3675	practical, stabilization work does not disturb the slope and its vegetative cover and any
3676	associated critical areas.
3677	16. Allowed when performed by, at the direction of or authorized by a
3678	government agency in accordance with regional road maintenance guidelines.

3679	17. Allowed when not performed under the direction of a government agency
3680	only if:
3681	a. the maintenance or expansion does not involve the use of herbicides,
3682	hazardous substances, sealants or other liquid oily substances in aquatic areas, wetlands
3683	or their buffers; and
3684	b. when maintenance, expansion or replacement of bridges or culverts involves
3685	water used by salmonids:
3686	(1) the work is in compliance with ditch standards in public rule; and
3687	(2) the maintenance of culverts is limited to removal of sediment and debris
3688	from the culvert and its inlet, invert and outlet and the stabilization of the disturbed or
3689	damaged bank or channel immediately adjacent to the culvert and shall not involve the
3690	excavation of a new sediment trap adjacent to the inlet.
3691	18. Allowed for the removal of hazard trees and vegetation as necessary for
3692	surveying or testing purposes.
3693	19. The limited trimming, ((and)) pruning or removal of vegetation under a
3694	vegetation management plan approved by the department:
3695	a. in steep slope and landslide hazard areas, for the making and maintenance of
3696	view corridors (( <del>or</del> )); and
3697	b. in all critical areas, for habitat enhancement ((under a vegetation
3698	management plan approved by the department, if the soils are not disturbed and the
3699	activity will not adversely affect the long term slope stability or water quality or cause
3700	erosion. The vegetation management plan shall use native species with adequate root

3/01	strength to add stability to a steep slope)), invasive species control or forest management
3702	activities.
3703	20. Harvesting of plants and plant materials, such as plugs, stakes, seeds or
3704	fruits, for restoration and enhancement projects is allowed.
3705	21. Cutting of firewood is subject to the following:
3706	a. within a wildlife habitat conservation area, cutting firewood is not allowed;
3707	b. within a wildlife network, cutting shall be in accordance with a management
3708	plan approved under K.C.C. 21A.24.386; and
3709	c. within a critical area buffer, cutting shall be for personal use and in
3710	accordance with an approved forest management plan or rural stewardship plan.
3711	22. Allowed only in buffers if in accordance with best management practices
3712	approved by the King County fire marshal.
3713	23. Allowed as follows:
3714	a. if conducted in accordance with an approved forest management plan, farm
3715	management plan or rural stewardship plan; or
3716	b. without an approved forest management plan, farm management plan or
3717	rural stewardship plan, only if:
3718	(1) removal is undertaken with hand labor, including hand-held mechanical
3719	tools, unless the King County noxious weed control board otherwise prescribes the use of
3720	riding mowers, light mechanical cultivating equipment or herbicides or biological control
3721	methods;
3722	(2) the area is stabilized to avoid regrowth or regeneration of noxious weeds;

3723	(3) the cleared area is revegetated with native vegetation and stabilized
3724	against erosion; and
3725	(4) herbicide use is in accordance with federal and state law;
3726	24. ((Only if in accordance with chapter 76.09 RCW and Title 222 WAC and:
3727	a. a forest management plan is approved for the site by the King County
3728	department of natural resources and parks; and
3729	b. the property owner provides a notice of intent in accordance with RCW
3730	76.09.060 that the site will not be converted to nonforestry uses within six years))
3731	Allowed to repair or replace existing on site wastewater disposal systems in accordance
3732	with the applicable public health standards within Marine Recovery Areas adopted by the
3733	Seattle King County Board of Health and:
3734	a. there is no alternative location available with less impact on the critical area;
3735	b. impacts to the critical area are minimized to the maximum extent
3736	practicable;
3737	c. the alterations will not subject the critical area to increased risk of landslide
3738	or erosion;
3739	d. vegetation removal is the minimum necessary to accommodate the septic
3740	system; and
3741	e. significant risk of personal injury is eliminated or minimized in the landslide
3742	hazard area.
3743	25. Only if in compliance with published Washington state Department of Fish
3744	and Wildlife and Washington state Department of Natural Resources Management
3745	standards for the species. If there are no published Washington state standards, only if in

3746	compliance with management standards determined by the county to be consistent with
3747	best available science.
3748	26. Allowed only if:
3749	a. there is not another feasible location with less adverse impact on the critical
3750	area and its buffer;
3751	b. the corridor is not located over habitat used for salmonid rearing or
3752	spawning or by a species listed as endangered or threatened by the state or federal
3753	government unless the department determines that there is no other feasible crossing site.
3754	c. the corridor width is minimized to the maximum extent practical;
3755	d. the construction occurs during approved periods for instream work;
3756	e. the corridor will not change or diminish the overall aquatic area flow peaks,
3757	duration or volume or the flood storage capacity; and
3758	f. no new public right-of-way is established within a severe channel migration
3759	hazard area.
3760	27. To the maximum extent practical, during breeding season established under
3761	K.C.C. 21A.24.382, land clearing machinery such as bulldozers, graders or other heavy
3762	equipment are not operated within a wildlife habitat conservation area.
3763	28. Allowed only if:
3764	a. an alternative access is not available;
3765	b. impact to the critical area is minimized to the maximum extent practical
3766	including the use of walls to limit the amount of cut and fill necessary;
3767	c. the risk associated with landslide and erosion is minimized;
3768	d. access is located where it is least subject to risk from channel migration; and

3769	e. construction occurs during approved periods for instream work.
3770	29. Only if in compliance with a farm management plan in accordance with
3771	K.C.C. 21A.24.051.
3772	30. Allowed only if:
3773	a. the new construction or replacement is made fish passable in accordance
3774	with the most recent Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife manuals or with
3775	the National Marine and Fisheries Services guidelines for federally listed salmonid
3776	species; and
3777	b. the site is restored with appropriate native vegetation.
3778	31. Allowed if necessary to bring the bridge or culvert up to current standards
3779	and if:
3780	a. there is not another feasible alternative available with less impact on the
3781	aquatic area and its buffer; and
3782	b. to the maximum extent practical, the bridge or culvert is located to minimize
3783	impacts to the aquatic area and its buffer's.
3784	32. Allowed in an existing roadway if conducted consistent with the regional
3785	road maintenance guidelines.
3786	33. Allowed outside the roadway if:
3787	a. the alterations will not subject the critical area to an increased risk of
3788	landslide or erosion;
3789	b. vegetation removal is the minimum necessary to locate the utility or
3790	construct the corridor; and

3791	c. significant risk of personal injury is eliminated or minimized in the landslide
3792	hazard area.
3793	34. Limited to the pipelines, cables, wires and support structures of utility
3794	facilities within utility corridors if:
3795	a. there is no alternative location with less adverse impact on the critical area
3796	and critical area buffer;
3797	b. new utility corridors meet the all of the following to the maximum extent
3798	practical:
3799	(1) are not located over habitat used for salmonid rearing or spawning or by a
3800	species listed as endangered or threatened by the state or federal government unless the
3801	department determines that there is no other feasible crossing site;
3802	(2) the mean annual flow rate is less than twenty cubic feet per second; and
3803	(3) paralleling the channel or following a down-valley route near the channel
3804	is avoided;
3805	c. to the maximum extent practical utility corridors are located so that:
3806	(1) the width is the minimized;
3807	(2) the removal of trees greater than twelve inches diameter at breast height is
3808	minimized;
3809	(3) an additional, contiguous and undisturbed critical area buffer, equal in
3810	area to the disturbed critical area buffer area including any allowed maintenance roads, is
3811	provided to protect the critical area;

3812	d. to the maximum extent practical, access for maintenance is at limited access
3813	points into the critical area buffer rather than by a parallel maintenance road. If a parallel
3814	maintenance road is necessary the following standards are met:
3815	(1) to the maximum extent practical the width of the maintenance road is
3816	minimized and in no event greater than fifteen feet; and
3817	(2) the location of the maintenance road is contiguous to the utility corridor
3818	on the side of the utility corridor farthest from the critical area;
3819	e. the utility corridor or facility will not adversely impact the overall critical
3820	area hydrology or diminish flood storage capacity;
3821	f. the construction occurs during approved periods for instream work;
3822	g. the utility corridor serves multiple purposes and properties to the maximum
3823	extent practical;
3824	h. bridges or other construction techniques that do not disturb the critical areas
3825	are used to the maximum extent practical;
3826	i. bored, drilled or other trenchless crossing is laterally constructed at least four
3827	feet below the maximum depth of scour for the base flood;
3828	j. bridge piers or abutments for bridge crossing are not placed within the
3829	FEMA floodway or the ordinary high water mark;
3830	k. open trenching is only used during low flow periods or only within aquatic
3831	areas when they are dry. The department may approve open trenching of type S or F
3832	aquatic areas only if there is not a feasible alternative and equivalent or greater
3833	environmental protection can be achieved; and
3834	1. minor communication facilities may collocate on existing utility facilities if:

3835	(1) no new transmission support structure is required; and
3836	(2) equipment cabinets are located on the transmission support structure.
3837	35. Allowed only for new utility facilities in existing utility corridors.
3838	36. Allowed for <u>onsite</u> private individual utility service connections (( <del>on site</del> ))
3839	or ((to)) private or public utilities if the disturbed area is not expanded and no hazardous
3840	substances, pesticides or fertilizers are applied.
3841	37. Allowed if the disturbed area is not expanded, clearing is limited to the
3842	maximum extent practical and no hazardous substances, pesticides or fertilizers are
3843	applied.
3844	38. Allowed if:
3845	a. conveying the surface water into the wetland or aquatic area buffer and
3846	discharging into the wetland or aquatic area buffer or at the wetland or aquatic area edge
3847	has less adverse impact upon the wetland or aquatic area or wetland or aquatic area buffer
3848	than if the surface water were discharged at the buffer's edge and allowed to naturally
3849	drain through the buffer;
3850	b. the volume of discharge is minimized through application of low impact
3851	development and water quality measures identified in the King County Surface Water
3852	Design Manual;
3853	c. the conveyance and outfall are installed with hand equipment where
3854	feasible;
3855	d. the outfall shall include bioengineering techniques where feasible; and
3856	e. the outfall is designed to minimize adverse impacts to critical areas.
3857	39. Allowed only if:

3858	a. there is no feasible alternative with less impact on the critical area and its
3859	buffer;
3860	b. to the maximum extent practical, the bridge or culvert is located to minimize
3861	impacts to the critical area and its buffer;
3862	c. the bridge or culvert is not located over habitat used for salmonid rearing or
3863	spawning unless there is no other feasible crossing site;
3864	d. construction occurs during approved periods for in-stream work; and
3865	e. bridge piers or abutments for bridge crossings are not placed within the
3866	FEMA floodway, severe channel migration hazard area or waterward of the ordinary high
3867	water mark.
3868	40. Allowed for an open, vegetated stormwater management conveyance system
3869	and outfall structure that simulates natural conditions if:
3870	a. fish habitat features necessary for feeding, cover and reproduction are
3871	included when appropriate;
3872	b. vegetation is maintained and added adjacent to all open channels and ponds,
3873	if necessary to prevent erosion, filter out sediments or shade the water; and
3874	c. bioengineering techniques are used to the maximum extent practical.
3875	41. Allowed for a closed, tightlined conveyance system and outfall structure if:
3876	a. necessary to avoid erosion of slopes; and
3877	b. bioengineering techniques are used to the maximum extent practical.
3878	42. Allowed in a severe channel migration hazard area or an aquatic area buffer
3879	to prevent bank erosion only:

3880	a. if consistent with the Integrated Streambank Protection Guidelines
3881	(Washington State Aquatic Habitat Guidelines Program, 2002) and if bioengineering
3882	techniques are used to the maximum extent practical, unless the applicant demonstrates
3883	that other methods provide equivalent structural stabilization and environmental function;
3884	b. based on a critical areas report, the department determines that the new
3885	flood protection facility will not cause significant impacts to upstream or downstream
3886	properties; and
3887	c. to prevent bank erosion for the protection of:
3888	(1) public roadways;
3889	(2) sole access routes in existence before February 16, 1995;
3890	(3) new primary dwelling units, accessory dwelling units or accessory living
3891	quarters and residential accessory structures located outside the severe channel migration
3892	hazard area if:
3893	(a) the site is adjacent to or abutted by properties on both sides containing
3894	buildings or sole access routes protected by legal bank stabilization in existence before
3895	February 16, 1995. The buildings, sole access routes or bank stabilization must be
3896	located no more than six hundred feet apart as measured parallel to the migrating
3897	channel; and
3898	(b) the new primary dwelling units, accessory dwelling units, accessory
3899	living quarters or residential accessory structures are located no closer to the aquatic area
3900	than existing primary dwelling units, accessory dwelling units, accessory living quarters
3901	or residential accessory structures on abutting or adjacent properties; or

3902	(4) existing primary dwelling units, accessory dwelling units, accessory living
3903	quarters or residential accessory structures if:
3904	(a) the structure was in existence before the adoption date of a King County
3905	Channel Migration Zone hazard map that applies to that channel, if such a map exists;
3906	(b) the structure is in imminent danger, as determined by a geologist,
3907	engineering geologist or geotechnical engineer;
3908	(c) the applicant has demonstrated that the existing structure is at risk, and
3909	the structure and supporting infrastructure cannot be relocated on the lot further from the
3910	source of channel migration; and
3911	(d) nonstructural measures are not feasible.
3912	43. Applies to lawfully established existing structures if:
3913	a. the height of the facility is not increased, unless the facility is being replaced
3914	in a new alignment that is landward of the previous alignment and enhances aquatic area
3915	habitat and process;
3916	b. the linear length of the facility is not increased, unless the facility is being
3917	replaced in a new alignment that is landward of the previous alignment and enhances
3918	aquatic area habitat and process;
3919	c. the footprint of the facility is not expanded waterward;
3920	d. consistent with the Integrated Streambank Protection Guidelines
3921	(Washington State Aquatic Habitat Guidelines Program, 2002) and bioengineering
3922	techniques are used to the maximum extent practical;
3923	e. the site is restored with appropriate native vegetation and erosion protection
3924	materials; and

3925	f. based on a critical areas report, the department determines that the
3926	maintenance, repair, replacement or construction will not cause significant impacts to
3927	upstream or downstream properties.
3928	44. Allowed in type N and O aquatic areas if done in least impacting way at
3929	least impacting time of year, in conformance with applicable best management practices,
3930	and all affected instream and buffer features are restored.
3931	45. Allowed in a type S or F water when such work is:
3932	a. included as part of a project to evaluate, restore or improve habitat, and
3933	b. sponsored or cosponsored by a public agency that has natural resource
3934	management as a function or by a federally recognized tribe.
3935	46. Allowed as long as the trail is not constructed of impervious surfaces that
3936	will contribute to surface water run-off, unless the construction is necessary for soil
3937	stabilization or soil erosion prevention or unless the trail system is specifically designed
3938	and intended to be accessible to handicapped persons.
3939	47. Not allowed in a wildlife habitat conservation area. Otherwise, allowed in
3940	the buffer or for crossing a category II, III or IV wetland or a type F, N or O aquatic area,
3941	if:
3942	a. the trail surface is made of pervious materials, except that public
3943	multipurpose trails may be made of impervious materials if they meet all the
3944	requirements in K.C.C. chapter 9.12. A trail that crosses a wetland or aquatic area shall
3945	be constructed as a raised boardwalk or bridge;
3946	b. to the maximum extent practical, buffers are expanded equal to the width of
3947	the trail corridor including disturbed areas;

3948	c. there is not another feasible location with less adverse impact on the critical
3949	area and its buffer;
3950	d. the trail is not located over habitat used for salmonid rearing or spawning or
3951	by a species listed as endangered or threatened by the state or federal government unless
3952	the department determines that there is no other feasible crossing site;
3953	e. the trail width is minimized to the maximum extent practical;
3954	f. the construction occurs during approved periods for instream work; and
3955	g. the trail corridor will not change or diminish the overall aquatic area flow
3956	peaks, duration or volume or the flood storage capacity.
3957	h. the trail may be located across a critical area buffer for access to a viewing
3958	platform or to a permitted dock or pier;
3959	i. A private viewing platform may be allowed if it is:
3960	(1) located upland from the wetland edge or the ordinary high water mark of
3961	an aquatic area;
3962	(2) located where it will not be detrimental to the functions of the wetland or
3963	aquatic area and will have the least adverse environmental impact on the critical area or
3964	its buffer;
3965	(3) limited to fifty square feet in size;
3966	(4) constructed of materials that are nontoxic; and
3967	(5) on footings located outside of the wetland or aquatic area.
3968	48. Only if the maintenance:
3969	a. does not involve the use of herbicides or other hazardous substances except
3970	for the removal of noxious weeds or invasive vegetation;

39/1	b. when salmonids are present, the maintenance is in compliance with disch
3972	standards in public rule; and
3973	c. does not involve any expansion of the roadway, lawn, landscaping, ditch,
3974	culvert, engineered slope or other improved area being maintained.
3975	49. Limited to alterations to restore habitat forming processes or directly restore
3976	habitat function and value, including access for construction, as follows:
3977	a. projects sponsored or cosponsored by a public agency that has natural
3978	resource management as a primary function or by a federally recognized tribe;
3979	b. restoration and enhancement plans prepared by a qualified biologist; or
3980	c. conducted in accordance with an approved forest management plan, farm
3981	management plan or rural stewardship plan.
3982	50. Allowed in accordance with a scientific sampling permit issued by
3983	Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife or an incidental take permit issued
3984	under Section 10 of the Endangered Species Act.
3985	51. Allowed for the minimal clearing and grading, including site access,
3986	necessary to prepare critical area reports.
3987	52. The following are allowed if associated spoils are contained:
3988	a. data collection and research if carried out to the maximum extent practical
3989	by nonmechanical or hand-held equipment;
3990	b. survey monument placement;
3991	c. site exploration and gage installation if performed in accordance with state-
3992	approved sampling protocols and accomplished to the maximum extent practical by
3993	hand-held equipment and: or similar work associated with an incidental take permit

3994	issued under Section 10 of the Endangered Species Act or consultation under Section 7 of
3995	the Endangered Species Act.
3996	53. Limited to activities in continuous existence since January 1, 2005, with no
3997	expansion within the critical area or critical area buffer. "Continuous existence" includes
3998	cyclical operations and managed periods of soil restoration, enhancement or other fallow
3999	states associated with these horticultural and agricultural activities.
4000	54. Allowed for expansion of existing or new agricultural activities where:
4001	a. the site is predominantly involved in the practice of agriculture;
4002	b. there is no expansion into an area that:
4003	(1) has been cleared under a class I, II, III, IV-S or nonconversion IV-G forest
4004	practice permit; or
4005	(2) is more than ten thousand square feet with tree cover at a uniform density
4006	more than ninety trees per acre and with the predominant mainstream diameter of the
4007	trees at least four inches diameter at breast height, not including areas that are actively
4008	managed as agricultural crops for pulpwood, Christmas trees or ornamental nursery
4009	stock;
4010	c. the activities are in compliance with an approved farm management plan in
4011	accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051; and
4012	d. all best management practices associated with the activities specified in the
4013	farm management plan are installed and maintained.
4014	55. Only allowed in grazed or tilled wet meadows or their buffers if:

4015	a. the facilities are designed to the standards of an approved farm management
4016	plan in accordance K.C.C. 21A.24.051 or an approved livestock management plan in
4017	accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.30;
4018	b. there is not a feasible alternative location available on the site; and
4019	c. the facilities are located close to the outside edge of the buffer to the
4020	maximum extent practical.
4021	56. Only ((A))allowed in a severe channel migration hazard area, ((portion of an
4022	aquatic area)) grazed or tilled wet meadow or wet meadow buffer or aquatic area buffer
4023	and only if:
4024	a. located outside the shoreline jurisdiction;
4025	b. ((the facilities are designed to the standards in an approved farm
4026	management plan in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051)) the applicant demonstrates
4027	that adverse impacts to the critical area and critical area buffers have been minimized;
4028	c. there is not ((a feasible alternative location available on the site)) another
4029	feasible location available on the site that is located outside of the critical area or critical
4030	area buffer; and
4031	d. for proposals located in the severe channel migration hazard area, the
4032	((structure)) farm pad or livestock manure storage facility is located where it is least
4033	subject to risk from channel migration.
4034	57. Allowed for new agricultural drainage in compliance with an approved farm
4035	management plan in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051 and all best management
4036	practices associated with the activities specified in the farm management plan are
4037	installed and maintained.

4038	58. If the agricultural drainage is used by salmonids, maintenance snall be in
4039	compliance with an approved farm management plan in accordance with K.C.C.
4040	21A.24.051.
4041	59. Allowed within existing landscaped areas or other previously disturbed
4042	areas.
4043	60. Allowed for residential utility service distribution lines to residential
4044	dwellings, including, but not limited to, well water conveyance, septic system
4045	conveyance, water service, sewer service, natural gas, electrical, cable and telephone, if:
4046	a. there is no alternative location with less adverse impact on the critical area
4047	or the critical area buffer;
4048	b. the residential utility service distribution lines meet the all of the following,
4049	to the maximum extent practical:
4050	(1) are not located over habitat used for salmonid rearing or spawning or by a
4051	species listed as endangered or threatened by the state or federal government unless the
4052	department determines that there is no other feasible crossing site;
4053	(2) not located over a type S aquatic area;
4054	(3) paralleling the channel or following a down-valley route near the channel
4055	is avoided;
4056	(4) the width of clearing is minimized;
4057	(5) the removal of trees greater than twelve inches diameter at breast height is
4058	minimized;
4059	(6) an additional, contiguous and undisturbed critical area buffer, equal in
4060	area to the disturbed critical area buffer area is provided to protect the critical area:

4061	(/) access for maintenance is at limited access points into the critical area
4062	buffer.
4063	(8) the construction occurs during approved periods for instream work;
4064	(9) bored, drilled or other trenchless crossing is encouraged, and shall be
4065	laterally constructed at least four feet below the maximum depth of scour for the base
4066	flood; and
4067	(10) open trenching across Type O or Type N aquatic areas is only used
4068	during low flow periods or only within aquatic areas when they are dry.
4069	61. Allowed if sponsored or cosponsored by the countywide flood control zone
4070	district and the department determines that the project and its location:
4071	a. is the best flood risk reduction alternative practicable;
4072	b. is part of a comprehensive, long-term flood management strategy;
4073	c. is consistent with the King County Flood Hazard Management Plan policies;
4074	d. will have the least adverse impact on the ecological functions of the critical
4075	area or its buffer, including habitat for fish and wildlife that are identified for protection
4076	in the King County Comprehensive Plan; and
4077	e. has been subject to public notice in accordance with K.C.C. 20.44.060.
4078	62.a. Not allowed in wildlife habitat conservation areas;
4079	b. Only allowed if:
4080	(1) the project is sponsored or cosponsored by a public agency whose primary
4081	function deals with natural resources management;
4082	(2) the project is located on public land or on land that is owned by a
4083	nonprofit agency whose primary function deals with natural resources management;

4084	(3) there is not a feasible alternative location available on the site with less
4085	impact to the critical area or its associated buffer;
4086	(4) the aquatic area or wetland is not for salmonid rearing or spawning;
4087	(5) the project minimizes the footprint of structures and the number of access
4088	points to any critical areas; and
4089	(6) the project meets the following design criteria:
4090	(a) to the maximum extent practical size of platform shall not exceed one
4091	hundred square feet;
4092	(b) all construction materials for any structures, including the platform,
4093	pilings, exterior and interior walls and roof, are constructed of nontoxic material, such as
4094	nontreated wood, vinyl-coated wood, nongalvanized steel, plastic, plastic wood,
4095	fiberglass or cured concrete that the department determines will not have an adverse
4096	impact on water quality;
4097	(c) the exterior of any structures are sufficiently camouflaged using netting
4098	or equivalent to avoid any visual deterrent for wildlife species to the maximum extent
4099	practical. The camouflage shall be maintained to retain concealment effectiveness;
4100	(d) structures shall be located outside of the wetland or aquatic area
4101	landward of the Ordinary High Water Mark or open water component (if applicable) to
4102	the maximum extent practical on the site;
4103	(e) construction occurs during approved periods for work inside the
4104	Ordinary High Water Mark;

4105	(I) construction associated with bird blinds shall not occur from March 1
4106	through August 31, in order to avoid disturbance to birds during the breeding, nesting and
4107	rearing seasons;
4108	(g) to the maximum extent practical, provide accessibility for persons with
4109	physical disabilities in accordance with the International Building Code;
4110	(h) trail access is designed in accordance with public rules adopted by the
4111	department;
4112	(i) existing native vegetation within the critical area will remain undisturbed
4113	except as necessary to accommodate the proposal. Only minimal hand clearing of
4114	vegetation is allowed; and
4115	(j) disturbed bare ground areas around the structure must be replanted with
4116	native vegetation approved by the department.
4117	63. Not allowed in the severe channel migration zone, there is no alternative
4118	location with less adverse impact on the critical area and buffer and clearing is minimized
4119	to the maximum extent practical.
4120	64. Only structures wholly or partially supported by a tree and used as accessory
4121	living quarters or for play and similar uses described in K.C.C. 16.02.240.1, subject to the
4122	following:
4123	a. not allowed in wildlife habitat conservation areas or severe channel
1124	migration hazard areas;
1125	b. the structure's floor area shall not exceed two hundred square feet, excluding
1126	a narrow access stairway or landing leading to the structure;

412/	c. the structure shall be located as far from the critical area as practical, but in
4128	no case closer than seventy-five feet from the critical area;
4129	d. only one tree-supported structure within a critical area buffer is allowed on a
4130	lot;
4131	e. all construction materials for the structure, including the platform, pilings,
4132	exterior and interior walls and roof, shall be constructed of nontoxic material, such as
4133	nontreated wood, vinyl-coated wood, nongalvanized steel, plastic, plastic wood,
4134	fiberglass or cured concrete that the department determines will not have an adverse
4135	impact on water quality;
4136	f. to the maximum extent practical, the exterior of the structure shall be
4137	camouflaged with natural wood and earth tone colors to limit visual impacts to wildlife
4138	and visibility from the critical area. The camouflage shall be maintained to retain
4139	concealment effectiveness;
4140	g. the structure must not adversely impact the long-term health and viability of
4141	the tree. The evaluation shall include, but not be limited to, the following:
4142	(1) the quantity of supporting anchors and connection points to attach the tree
4143	house to the tree shall be the minimum necessary to adequately support the structure;
4144	(2) the attachments shall be constructed using the best available tree anchor
4145	bolt technology; and
4146	(3) an ISA Certified Arborist shall evaluate the tree proposed for placement
4147	of the tree house and shall submit a report discussing how the tree's long-term health and
4148	viability will not be negatively impacted by the tree house or associated infrastructure;
4149	h. exterior lighting shall meet the following criteria:

4150	(1) limited to the minimum quantity of lights necessary to meet the building
4151	code requirements to allow for safe exiting of the structure and stairway; and
4152	(2) exterior lights shall be fully shielded and shall direct light downward, in
4153	an attempt to minimize impacts to the nighttime environment;
4154	i. unless otherwise approved by the department, all external construction shall
4155	be limited to September 1 through March 1 in order to avoid disturbance to wildlife
4156	species during typical breeding, nesting and rearing seasons;
4157	j. trail access to the structure shall be designed in accordance with trail
4158	standards under subsection D.47. of this section;
4159	k. to the maximum extent practical, existing native vegetation shall be left
4160	undisturbed. Only minimal hand clearing of vegetation is allowed; and
4161	1. vegetated areas within the critical area buffer that are temporarily impacted
4162	by construction of the structure shall be restored by planting native vegetation according
4163	to a vegetation management plan approved by the department.
4164	65. Shoreline water dependent and shoreline water oriented uses are allowed in
4165	the aquatic area and aquatic area buffer of a Type S aquatic area if consistent with K.C.C
4166	chapter 21A.25, chapter 90.58 RCW and the King County Comprehensive Plan.
4167	66. Only hydroelectric generating facilities meeting the requirements of K.C.C.
4168	21A.08.100B.14., and only as follows:
4169	a. there is not another feasible location within the aquatic area with less adverse
4170	impact on the critical area and its buffer;

41/1	b. the facility and corridor is not located over nabitat used for salmonid rearing
4172	or spawning or by a species listed as endangered or threatened by the state or federal
4173	government unless the department determines that there is no other feasible location;
4174	c. the facility is not located in Category I wetlands or Category II wetlands with
4175	a habitat score 30 points or greater
4176	d. the corridor width is minimized to the maximum extent practical;
4177	e. paralleling the channel or following a down-valley route within an aquatic
4178	area buffer is avoided to the maximum extent practical;
4179	f. the construction occurs during approved periods for instream work;
4180	g. the facility and corridor will not change or adversely impact the overall
4181	aquatic area flow peaks, duration or volume or the flood storage capacity;
4182	h. The facility and corridor is not located within a severe channel migration
4183	hazard area;
4184	h. To the maximum extent practical, buildings will be located outside the
4185	buffer and away from the aquatic area or wetland;
4186	i. To the maximum extent practical, access for maintenance is at limited access
4187	points into the critical area buffer rather than by a parallel maintenance road. If a parallel
4188	maintenance road is necessary the following standards are met:
4189	1. to the maximum extent practical the width of the maintenance road is
4190	minimized and in no event greater than fifteen feet; and
4191	2. the location of the maintenance road is contiguous to the utility corridor on
1192	the side of the utility corridor farthest from the critical area;

4193	j. the facility does not pose an unreasonable threat to the public nealth, safety or
4194	welfare on or off the development proposal site and is consistent with the general
4195	purposes of this chapter and the public interest; and
4196	k. the facility connects to or is an alteration to a public roadway, public trail, a
4197	utility corridor or utility facility or other infrastructure owned or operated by a public
4198	utility; and
4199	67. Only hydroelectric generating facilities meeting the requirements of K.C.C.
4200	21A.08.100.B.14, and only as follows:
4201	a. there is not another feasible location with less adverse impact on the critical
4202	area and its buffer;
4203	b. the alterations will not subject the critical area to an increased risk of
4204	landslide or erosion;
4205	c. the corridor width is minimized to the maximum extent practical;
4206	d. vegetation removal is the minimum necessary to locate the utility or
4207	construct the corridor;
4208	e. the facility and corridor do not pose an unreasonable threat to the public
4209	health, safety or welfare on or off the development proposal site and is consistent with the
4210	general purposes of this chapter, and the public interest and significant risk of personal
4211	injury is eliminated or minimized in the landslide hazard area; and
4212	f. the facility connects to or is an alteration to a public roadway, public trail, a
4213	utility corridor or utility facility or other infrastructure owned or operated by a public
4214	utility.

4215	68. Only for a single detached dwelling unit on a lake twenty acres or larger and
4216	only as follows:
4217	a. the heat exchanger must be a closed loop system that does not draw water
4218	from or discharge to the lake;
4219	b. the lake bed shall not be disturbed, except as required by the county or a
4220	state or federal agency to mitigate for impacts of the heat exchanger;
4221	c. the in-water portion of system is only allowed where water depth exceeds
1222	six feet; and
1223	d. system structural support for the heat exchanger piping shall be attached to
1224	an existing dock or pier or be attached to a new structure that meets the requirements of
1225	<u>K.C.C. 21A.25.180.</u>
1226	69. Only for maintenance of agricultural waterways if:
1227	a. the purpose of the maintenance project is to improve agricultural production
1228	on a site predominately engaged in the practice of agriculture;
1229	b. the maintenance project is conducted in compliance with a hydraulic project
1230	approval issued by the Washington state Department of Fish and Wildlife pursuant to
1231	chapter 77.55 RCW;
1232	c. the maintenance project complies with the King County agricultural
1233	drainage assistance program as agreed to by the Washington state Department of Fish and
1234	Wildlife, the department of permitting and environmental review and the department of
1235	natural resources and parks, and as reviewed by the Washington state Department of
1236	Ecology;

4237	d. the person performing the maintenance and the land owner have attended
4238	training provided by King County on the King County agricultural drainage assistance
4239	program and the best management practices required under that program; and
4240	e. the maintenance project complies with K.C.C. chapter 16.82.
4241	SECTION 45. Ordinance 15051, Section 138, and K.C.C. 21A.24.051 are each
4242	hereby amended to read as follows:
4243	A. The alterations identified in K.C.C. 21A.24.045 for agricultural activities are
4244	allowed to expand within the buffers of wetlands, aquatic areas and wildlife habitat
4245	conservation areas, when an agricultural activity is currently occurring on the site and the
4246	alteration is in compliance with an approved farm management plan in accordance with
4247	this section or, for livestock activities, a farm management plan in accordance with
4248	K.C.C. chapter 21A.30.
4249	B. This section does not modify any requirement that the property owner obtain
4250	permits for activities covered by the farm management plan.
4251	C. The department of natural resources and parks or its designee shall serve as
4252	the single point of contact for King County in providing information on farm
4253	management plans for purposes of this title. The department of natural resources and
4254	parks shall adopt a public rule governing the development of farm management plans.
4255	The rule may provide for different types of farms management plans related to different
4256	kinds of agricultural activities, including, but not limited to the best management
4257	practices for ((dairy nutrient management,)) livestock management, livestock crossing,
4258	livestock heavy use areas, horticulture management, site development, farm pads, farm
4259	field access roads and agricultural drainage.

4260	D. A property owner or applicant seeking to use the process to allow alterations
4261	in critical area buffers shall develop a farm management plan based on the following
4262	goals, which are listed in order of priority:
4263	1. To maintain the productive agricultural land base and economic viability of
1264	agriculture on the site;
1265	2. To maintain, restore or enhance critical areas to the maximum extent practical
1266	in accordance with the site specific goals of the landowner;
1267	3. To the maximum extent practical in accordance with the site specific goals of
1268	the landowner, maintain and enhance natural hydrologic systems on the site;
1269	4. To use federal, state and local best management practices and best available
1270	science for farm management to achieve the goals of the farm management plan; and
1271	5. To monitor the effectiveness of best management practices and implement
1272	additional practices through adaptive management to achieve the goals of the farm
1273	management plan.
1274	E. If a part or all of the site is located within the shoreline jurisdiction, the farm
1275	management plan shall:
1276	1. Consider and be consistent with the goals of the shoreline management act
1277	and the policies of the King County shoreline master program;
1278	2. Consider the priorities of the King County shoreline protection and
1279	restoration plan; and
1280	3 Ensure no net loss of shoreline ecological functions

4281	F. The property owner or applicant may develop the farm management plan as
4282	part of a program offered or approved by King County. The plan shall include, but is not
4283	limited to, the following elements:
4284	1. A site inventory identifying critical areas, structures, cleared and forested
4285	areas, and other significant features on the site;
4286	2. Site-specific performance standards and best management practices to
4287	maintain, restore or enhance critical areas and their buffers and maintain and enhance
4288	native vegetation on the site including the best management practices for the installation
4289	and maintenance of farm field access drives and agricultural drainages;
4290	3. A plan for future changes to any existing structures or for any changes to the
4291	landscape that involve clearing or grading;
4292	4. A plan for implementation of performance standards and best management
4293	practices; and
4294	5. A plan for monitoring the effectiveness of measures taken to protect critical
4295	areas and their buffers and to modify the farm management plan if adverse impacts occur
4296	(( <del>; and</del> )) <u>.</u>
4297	((6. D)) G. If applicable, a farm management plan shall include documentation
4298	of compliance with flood compensatory storage and flood conveyance in accordance with
/299	K C C 21A 24 240

((G-)) H. A farm management plan is not effective until approved by the county.

Before approval, the county may conduct a site inspection, which may be through a program offered or approved by King County, to verify that the plan is reasonably likely

4303	to accomplish the goals in subsection D. (([of this section])) of this section and consistent
4304	with subsection E. of this section.
4305	((H.)) I. Once approved, activities carried out in compliance with the approved
4306	farm management plan shall be deemed in compliance with this chapter. In the event of a
4307	potential code enforcement action, the department of permitting and environmental
4308	review shall first inform the department of natural resources and parks of the activity.
4309	((Prior to)) Before taking code enforcement action, the department of permitting and
4310	environmental review shall consult with the department of natural resources and parks
4311	and the King Conservation District to determine whether the activity is consistent with
4312	the farm management plan.
4313	SECTION 46. Ordinance 10870, Section 454, as amended, and K.C.C.
4314	21A.24.070 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
4315	A. The director may approve alterations to critical areas, critical area buffers and
4316	critical area setbacks not otherwise allowed by this chapter as follows:
4317	1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection A.2. of this section, for linear
4318	alterations, the director may approve alterations to critical areas, critical area buffers and
4319	critical area setbacks only when all of the following criteria are met:
4320	a. there is no feasible alternative to the development proposal with less adverse
4321	impact on the critical area;
4322	b. the proposal minimizes the adverse impact on critical areas to the maximum
4323	extent practical;
4324	c. the approval does not require the modification of a critical area development

standard established by this chapter;

4326	d. the development proposal does not pose an unreasonable threat to the public
4327	health, safety or welfare on or off the development proposal site and is consistent with the
4328	general purposes of this chapter and the public interest;
4329	e. the linear alteration:
4330	(1) connects to or is an alteration to a public roadway, regional light rail
4331	transit line, public trail, a utility corridor or utility facility or other public infrastructure
4332	owned or operated by a public utility; or
4333	(2) is required to overcome limitations due to gravity;
4334	2. In order to accommodate the siting of a regional light rail transit facility
4335	under RCW 36.70A.200, the director may approve alterations to critical areas, critical
4336	area buffers and critical area setbacks not otherwise allowed by this chapter and may
4337	impose reasonable conditions to minimize the impact of the light rail transit facility on
4338	the critical area and its buffer; and
4339	3. For nonlinear alterations the director may approve alterations to critical areas
4340	except wetlands, unless otherwise allowed under subsection A.2.h. of this section, aquatic
4341	areas and wildlife habitat conservation areas, and alterations to critical area buffers and
4342	critical area setbacks, when all of the following criteria are met:
4343	a. there is no feasible alternative to the development proposal with less adverse
4344	impact on the critical area;
4345	b. the alteration is the minimum necessary to accommodate the development
4346	proposal;

4347	c. the approval does not require the modification of a critical area development
4348	standard established by this chapter, except as set forth in subsection A.2.i. of this
1349	section;
4350	d. the development proposal does not pose an unreasonable threat to the public
4351	health, safety or welfare on or off the development proposal site and is consistent with the
1352	general purposes of this chapter and the public interest;
1353	e. for dwelling units, no more than five thousand square feet or ten percent of
1354	the site, whichever is greater, may be disturbed by structures, building setbacks or other
4355	land alteration, including grading, utility installations and landscaping, but not including
1356	the area used for a driveway or for an on-site sewage disposal system;
1357	f. to the maximum extent practical, access is located to have the least adverse
1358	impact on the critical area and critical area buffer;
1359	g. the critical area is not used as a salmonid spawning area;
1360	h. the director may approve an alteration in a category II, III and IV wetland
1361	for development of a public school facility; and
1362	i. the director may approve an alteration to the elevation or dry flood proofing
1363	standards in K.C.C. 21A.24.240.F.1. or 21A.24.240.F.2. for nonresidential agricultural
1364	accessory buildings that equal or exceed a maximum assessed value of sixty-five
1365	thousand dollars if the development proposal meets the criteria in subsection A.2. of this
1366	section and the standards in K.C.C. 21A.24.240.F.4. through 21A.24.240.G.
1367	B. The director may approve alterations to critical areas, critical area buffers and
1368	critical area setbacks if the application of this chapter would deny all reasonable use of
1369	the property as follow:

4370	1. If the critical area, critical area buffer or critical area setback is outside of the
4371	shoreline jurisdiction, the applicant may apply for a reasonable use exception under this
4372	subsection without first having applied for an alteration exception under this section if the
4373	requested reasonable use exception includes relief from development standards for which
4374	an alteration exception cannot be granted under this section. The director shall determine
4375	that all of the following criteria are met:
4376	a. there is no other reasonable use with less adverse impact on the critical area;
4377	b. development proposal does not pose an unreasonable threat to the public
4378	health, safety or welfare on or off the development proposal site and is consistent with the
4379	general purposes of this chapter and the public interest;
4380	c. any authorized alteration to the critical area or critical area buffer is the
4381	minimum necessary to allow for reasonable use of the property; and
4382	d. for dwelling units, no more than five thousand square feet or ten percent of
4383	the site, whichever is greater, may be disturbed by structures, building setbacks or other
4384	land alteration, including grading, utility installations and landscaping but not including
4385	the area used for a driveway or for an on-site sewage disposal system; and
4386	2. If the critical area, critical area buffer or critical area setback is located within
4387	the shoreline jurisdiction, the request for a reasonable use exception shall be considered a
4388	request for a shoreline variance under K.C.C. 21A.24.090.
4389	C. For the purpose of this section( $(5)$ ):
4390	$\underline{1}$ . "(( $\underline{1}$ )) $\underline{L}$ inear" alteration means infrastructure that supports development that is
4391	linear in nature and includes public and private roadways, public trails, private

4392	driveways, railroads, regional light rail transit, hydroelectric generating facilities, utility
4393	corridors and utility facilities; and
4394	2. For purposes of subsections A. and B. of this section, areas located within the
4395	shoreline jurisdiction that are below the ordinary high water mark shall not be included in
4396	calculating the site area.
4397	D. Alteration exceptions approved under this section shall meet the mitigation
4398	requirements of this chapter.
4399	E. An applicant for an alteration exception shall submit a critical area report, as
1400	required by K.C.C. 21A.24.110.
4401	NEW SECTION. SECTION 47. There is added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.24 a new
1402	section to read as follows:
1403	A. As an alternative to an alteration exception under K.C.C. 21A.24.070, during
1404	review of an application for a single detached dwelling unit, the director may approve an
1405	alteration to a wetland buffer, aquatic area buffer, steep slope hazard area and associated
1406	buffer, landslide hazard area and associated buffer and critical area setback as follows:
1407	1. There is no feasible alternative to the development proposal with less adverse
1408	impact on the critical area;
1409	2. The alteration is the minimum necessary to accommodate residential use of
1410	the property;
1411	3. The approval does not require the modification of a critical area development
1412	standard established by this chapter;

4. The development proposal does not pose an unreasonable threat to the public
health, safety or welfare on or off the development proposal site and is consistent with the
general purposes of this chapter and the public interest;

- 5. No more than five thousand square feet or ten percent of the site, whichever is greater, are disturbed by structures, building setbacks or other land alteration, including grading, utility installations and landscaping, but not including the area used for a driveway or for an on-site sewage disposal system. For purposes of this section, areas located within the shoreline jurisdiction that are below the ordinary high water mark shall not be included in calculating the site area;
- 6. The applicant submits an approved rural stewardship plan or forest stewardship plan prepared in accordance with this chapter that addresses the development proposal and the proposed use of the property; and
  - 7. The proposal complies with K.C.C. 21A.24.125 and 21A.24.130.
- B. The applicant for the waiver of the alteration exception process shall submit any critical areas studies, alternatives analysis and other documents requested by the department following a preapplication review meeting.
- C. Within fourteen calendar days after the department determines the application under this section is complete, it shall provide written mailed notice of the proposed alteration as provided in K.C.C. 20.20.080.H.
- D. The department shall allow twenty-one calendar days for comment before making a decision on the request under this section. The department's decision shall be mailed to the applicant and to any other person who requests a copy. The decision shall

4435	state the reasons for the decision and, if approved, shall include any required mitigation
4436	or conditions.
4437	SECTION 48. Ordinance 10870, Section 458, as amended, and K.C.C.
4438	21A.24.110 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
4439	A. An applicant for a development proposal that requires critical area review
4440	under K.C.C. 21A.24.100 shall submit a critical area report at a level determined by the
4441	department to adequately evaluate the proposal and all probable impacts.
4442	B. The applicant may combine a critical area report with any studies required by
4443	other laws and regulations.
4444	C. If the development proposal will affect only a part of the development
4445	proposal site, the department may limit the scope of the required critical area report to
4446	include only that part of the site that is affected by the development proposal.
4447	D.1. Floodplain development that was not assessed through the King County
4448	Programmatic Habitat Assessment prepared for the National Flood Insurance program
4449	and the Endangered Species Act shall include an assessment of the impact of the
4450	alteration on water quality and aquatic and riparian habitat. The assessment shall be:
4451	a. A Biological Evaluation or Biological Assessment that has received
4452	concurrence from the United States Fish and Wildlife Service or the National Marine
4453	Fisheries Service, pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act;
4454	b. Documentation that the activity fits within a Habitat Conservation Plan
4455	approved pursuant to Section 10 of the Endangered Species Act;
4456	c. Documentation that the activity fits within Section 4(d) of the Endangered
4457	Species Act;

4458	d. An assessment prepared in accordance with Regional Guidance for
1459	Floodplain Habitat Assessment and Mitigation, FEMA Region X, 2010. The assessment
1460	shall determine if the project would adversely affect any one or more of the following:
1461	(1) the primary constituent elements identified when a species is listed as
1462	threatened or endangered;
1463	(2) Essential Fish Habitat designated by the National Marine Fisheries
1464	Service;
1465	(3) fish and wildlife habitat conservation areas;
1466	(4) vegetation communities and habitat structures;
1467	(5) water quality;
1468	(6) water quantity, including flood and low flow depths, volumes and
1469	velocities;
1470	(7) the river or stream channel's natural planform pattern and migration
1471	process;
1472	(8) spawning substrate, if applicable; and
1473	(9) floodplain refugia, if applicable.
1474	2. The department must require a project with adverse effects to comply with
475	the impact avoidance, minimization and mitigation requirements of K.C.C. 21A.24.125
476	and 21A.24.130.
477	SECTION 49. Ordinance 15051, Section 152, and K.C.C. 21A.24.137 are each
478	hereby amended to read as follows:
479	The department may approve mitigation to compensate for the adverse impacts of
480	a development proposal to critical areas through ((the creation and approval of a resource

4481	mitigation reserve. The use of a resource mitigation reserve to compensate for
4482	unavoidable impacts to a critical area is not allowed in the agricultural production
4483	districts if the purpose is to compensate for development outside of the agricultural
4484	production districts)) the King County mitigation reserves program.
4485	SECTION 50. Ordinance 10870, Section 465, as amended, and K.C.C.
4486	21A.24.180 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
4487	A. The applicant shall ((use)) establish critical area tracts to delineate and protect
4488	those critical areas and buffers listed below in development proposals for subdivisions,
4489	short subdivisions or binding site plans and shall record the tracts on all documents of
4490	title of record for all affected lots:
4491	1. All landslide hazard areas and buffers that are one acre or more in size;
4492	2. All steep slope hazard areas and buffers that are one acre or more in size;
4493	3. All wetlands and buffers; and
4494	4. All aquatic areas and buffers.
4495	B. ((Any required)) A critical area tract established under subsection A. of this
4496	section shall be held in an undivided interest by each owner of a building lot within the
4497	development with this ownership interest passing with the ownership of the lot, or shall
4498	be held by an incorporated homeowner's association or other legal entity that ensures the
4499	ownership, maintenance and protection of the tract.
4500	C. The long-term management goals for critical area tracts established under
4501	subsection A. of this section are to protect and enhance critical area functions and values,
4502	including, but not limited to, providing fish and wildlife habitat and protecting the public

from geologic hazards and increased stormwater runoff. The specific management

4504	strategy for each tract shall be clearly defined before preliminary approval of the
4505	subdivision or binding site plan.
4506	D. In lieu of the requirements of subsection A. of this section, the director may
4507	allow an applicant to include critical areas in resource tracts established under K.C.C.
4508	21A.14.040.B.7. The resource tract management plan shall clearly state that the purpose
4509	of the resource portion is for resource management and the purpose of the designated
4510	critical areas is for critical area protection and enhancement and protecting the public
4511	from geologic hazards and increased stormwater runoff.
4512	E. Site plans submitted as part of building permits, clearing and grading permits
4513	or other development permits shall include and delineate:
4514	1. All flood hazard areas, as determined by King County in accordance with
4515	K.C.C. 21A.24.230;
4516	2. Landslide, volcanic, coal mine and steep slope hazard areas;
4517	3. Aquatic areas and wetlands;
4518	4. Wildlife habitat conservation areas and the wildlife habitat network;
4519	5. Buffers; and
4520	6. Building setbacks as required by K.C.C. 21A.24.200.
4521	$((D_{-}))$ <u>F</u> . If only a part of the development site has been mapped, the part of the
4522	site that has not been mapped shall be clearly identified and labeled on the site plans.
4523	NEW SECTION. SECTION 51. There is added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.24 a new
4524	section to read as follows:
4525	A. If future alterations are proposed to a critical area tract created under this
<b>4526</b>	chapter or to an area where preservation of existing vegetation is required by ordinance.

the applicant shall submit and have approved by the department a vegetation management
plan before the establishment of the critical area tract or issuance of the permit requiring
preservation of existing vegetation.

- B. The vegetation management plan shall describe the long-term management goals for the critical area tract or protected area. The management goals shall include, but are not limited to:
  - 1. Wildlife habitat protection and enhancement;
  - 2. Water quality protection and enhancement;
  - 3. Maintaining or improving hydrologic conditions; and
  - 4. Protecting the public health and safety from geologic hazards and erosion.
- C. If the vegetation management includes harvesting of merchantable timber, as defined in WAC 222-16-010, the vegetation management plan shall include a description of the proposed harvest practices demonstrating how the critical area management goals of this chapter will be met.
- D. Vegetation management practices shall avoid soil disturbance and shall be conducted in a manner that will not adversely affect slope stability, cause erosion or affect water quality. The management plan shall require the use of appropriate native plants for replacement or enhancement.
- E. Vegetation management plans shall be prepared by an arborist, landscape architect, forester or other qualified vegetation management specialist with technical assistance from a geologist where geologic hazard areas are involved or an ecologist or wildlife biologist or other qualified specialists where resource protection areas are involved.

4550	SECTION 52. Ordinance 10870, Section 471, as amended, and K.C.C.
4551	21A.24.240 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
4552	The following development standards apply to development proposals and
4553	alterations on sites within the zero-rise flood fringe:
4554	A. Development proposals and alterations shall not reduce the effective base
4555	flood storage volume of the floodplain. A development proposal shall provide
4556	compensatory storage if grading or other activity displaces any effective flood storage
4557	volume. Compensatory storage is not required for grading or fill placed within the
4558	foundation of an existing residential structure to bring the interior foundation grade to the
4559	same level as the lowest adjacent exterior grade. Compensatory storage shall:
4560	1. Provide equivalent volume at equivalent elevations to that being displaced.
4561	For this purpose, equivalent elevations means having a similar relationship to ordinary
4562	high water and to the best available ten-year, fifty-year and one-hundred-year water
1563	surface profiles. If the difference between the fifty-year and the one-hundred-year
1564	surface profiles is less than one foot, equivalent elevations means having similar
1565	relationships to ordinary high water and to the best available ten-year and one-hundred-
1566	year water surface profiles;
1567	2. Hydraulically connect to the source of flooding;
1568	3. Provide compensatory storage in the same construction season as when the
1569	displacement of flood storage volume occurs and before the flood season begins on
1570	September 30 for that year; ((and))
1571	4. Occur on the site. The director may approve equivalent compensatory
1572	storage off the site if legal arrangements, acceptable to the department, are made to

4573	((assure)) ensure that the effective compensatory storage volume will be preserved over
4574	time((-)); and
4575	5. The director may approve of off site compensatory storage through a
4576	compensatory storage bank managed by the department of natural resources and parks or
4577	the director, in consultation with and agreement from the department of natural resources
4578	and parks, may allow a reduction in flood storage if a cumulative effects analysis
4579	demonstrates that the loss of storage will not create a measurable increase in the base
4580	flood elevation anywhere off the site;
4581	B. A structural engineer shall design and certify all elevated buildings and submit
4582	the design to the department;
4583	C. A civil engineer shall prepare a base flood depth and base flood velocity
4584	analysis and submit the analysis to the department. A base flood depth and base flood
4585	velocity analysis is not required for agricultural structures that will not be used for human
4586	habitation. The director may waive the requirement for a base flood depth and base flood
4587	velocity analysis for agricultural structures that are not used for human habitation.
4588	Development proposals and alterations are not allowed if the base flood depth exceeds
4589	three feet and the base flood velocity exceeds three feet per second, except that the
4590	director may approve development proposals and alterations in areas where the base
4591	flood depth exceeds three feet and the base flood velocity exceeds three feet per second
4592	for the following projects;
4593	1. Agricultural accessory structures;
4594	2. Roads and bridges;
4595	3. Utilities;

5. Public park structures; and 6. Flood hazard mitigation projects, such as, but not limited to construction, repair or replacement of flood protection facilities or for building elevations or relocations;  D. Subdivisions, short subdivisions, urban planned developments and binding site plans shall meet the following requirements:  1. New building lots shall include five thousand square feet or more of buildable land outside the zero-rise floodway;  2. all utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems are consistent with subsections E., F. and I. of this section;  3. A civil engineer shall prepare detailed base flood elevations in accordance with FEMA guidelines for all new lots;  4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and 5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned development or binding site plan shall include the following for all lots:	4596	4. Surface water flow control or surface water conveyance systems;
repair or replacement of flood protection facilities or for building elevations or relocations;  D. Subdivisions, short subdivisions, urban planned developments and binding site plans shall meet the following requirements:  1. New building lots shall include five thousand square feet or more of buildable land outside the zero-rise floodway;  2. all utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems are consistent with subsections E., F. and I. of this section;  3. A civil engineer shall prepare detailed base flood elevations in accordance with FEMA guidelines for all new lots;  4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and 5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	4597	5. Public park structures; and
relocations;  D. Subdivisions, short subdivisions, urban planned developments and binding site plans shall meet the following requirements:  1. New building lots shall include five thousand square feet or more of buildable land outside the zero-rise floodway;  2. all utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems are consistent with subsections E., F. and I. of this section;  3. A civil engineer shall prepare detailed base flood elevations in accordance with FEMA guidelines for all new lots;  4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and 5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	4598	6. Flood hazard mitigation projects, such as, but not limited to construction,
D. Subdivisions, short subdivisions, urban planned developments and binding site plans shall meet the following requirements:  1. New building lots shall include five thousand square feet or more of buildable land outside the zero-rise floodway;  2. all utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems are consistent with subsections E., F. and I. of this section;  3. A civil engineer shall prepare detailed base flood elevations in accordance with FEMA guidelines for all new lots;  4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and  5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	4599	repair or replacement of flood protection facilities or for building elevations or
site plans shall meet the following requirements:  1. New building lots shall include five thousand square feet or more of buildable land outside the zero-rise floodway;  2. all utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems are consistent with subsections E., F. and I. of this section;  3. A civil engineer shall prepare detailed base flood elevations in accordance with FEMA guidelines for all new lots;  4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and  5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	4600	relocations;
1. New building lots shall include five thousand square feet or more of buildable land outside the zero-rise floodway;  2. all utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems are consistent with subsections E., F. and I. of this section;  3. A civil engineer shall prepare detailed base flood elevations in accordance with FEMA guidelines for all new lots;  4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and  5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	4601	D. Subdivisions, short subdivisions, urban planned developments and binding
land outside the zero-rise floodway;  2. all utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems are consistent with subsections E., F. and I. of this section;  3. A civil engineer shall prepare detailed base flood elevations in accordance with FEMA guidelines for all new lots;  4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and  5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	4602	site plans shall meet the following requirements:
2. all utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems are consistent with subsections E., F. and I. of this section;  3. A civil engineer shall prepare detailed base flood elevations in accordance with FEMA guidelines for all new lots;  4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and 5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	4603	1. New building lots shall include five thousand square feet or more of buildable
consistent with subsections E., F. and I. of this section;  3. A civil engineer shall prepare detailed base flood elevations in accordance with FEMA guidelines for all new lots;  4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and  5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	4604	land outside the zero-rise floodway;
3. A civil engineer shall prepare detailed base flood elevations in accordance with FEMA guidelines for all new lots;  4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and  5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	4605	2. all utilities and facilities such as sewer, gas, electrical and water systems are
with FEMA guidelines for all new lots;  4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and 5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	4606	consistent with subsections E., F. and I. of this section;
4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and 5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	4607	3. A civil engineer shall prepare detailed base flood elevations in accordance
the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and 5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	1608	with FEMA guidelines for all new lots;
5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned	1609	4. A development proposal shall provide adequate drainage in accordance with
pulmed	1610	the King County Surface Water Design Manual to reduce exposure to flood damage; and
development or binding site plan shall include the following for all lots:	1611	5. The face of the recorded subdivision, short subdivision, urban planned
	1612	development or binding site plan shall include the following for all lots:
a. building setback areas restricting structures to designated buildable areas:	1613	a. building setback areas restricting structures to designated buildable areas:
b. base flood data and sources and flood hazard notes including, but not limited	1614	b. base flood data and sources and flood hazard notes including, but not limited
to, base flood elevation, required flood protection elevations, the boundaries of the	615	to, base flood elevation, required flood protection elevations, the boundaries of the
floodplain and the zero-rise floodway, if determined, and channel migration zone	616	floodplain and the zero-rise floodway, if determined, and channel migration zone
1617 houndaries if determined; and	617	boundaries, if determined; and
to 17 boundaries, it determined, and	618	c. include the following notice:
obulgatios, it determined, and	618	c. include the following notice:

4619	"Lots and structures located within flood hazard areas may be inaccessible
4620	by emergency vehicles during flood events. Residents and property owners should take
4621	appropriate advance precautions.";
4622	E. New residential structures, ((and)) substantial improvements of existing
4623	residential structures and flood mitigation home elevations shall meet the following
4624	standards:
4625	1. Elevate the lowest floor, including basement, to the flood protection
4626	elevation;
4627	2. Do not fully enclose portions of the structure that are below the lowest floor
4628	area;
4629	3. Design and construct the areas and rooms below the lowest floor to
4630	automatically equalize hydrostatic and hydrodynamic flood forces on exterior walls by
4631	allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters as follows:
4632	a. provide a minimum of two openings on each of two opposite side walls in
4633	the direction of flow, with each of those walls having a total open area of not less than
4634	one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding;
4635	b. design and construct the bottom of all openings so they are no higher than
4636	one foot above grade; and
4637	c. screens, louvers or other coverings or devices are allowed over the opening
4638	if they allow the unrestricted entry and exit of floodwaters;
4639	4. Use materials and methods that are resistant to and minimize flood damage;
4640	and

4641	5. Elevate above or dry-proof all electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air
4642	conditioning equipment and other utilities that service the structure, such as duct-work to
4643	the flood protection elevation;
4644	F. New nonresidential structures, ((and)) substantial improvements and flood
4645	mitigation nonresidential elevations of existing nonresidential structures shall meet the
4646	following standards:
4647	1.a. Except as provided in subsection F.1.b. of this section, ((E))elevate the
4648	lowest floor to the flood protection elevation;
4649	b. Nonresidential agricultural accessory buildings elevate the lowest floor to
4650	one foot above the base flood elevation;
4651	2. Dry flood-proof the structure to the flood protection elevation to meet the
4652	following standards:
4653	a. the applicant shall provide certification by a civil or structural engineer that
4654	the dry flood-proofing methods are adequate to withstand the flood-depths, pressures,
4655	velocities, impacts, uplift forces and other factors associated with the base flood. After
4656	construction, the engineer shall certify that the permitted work conforms to the approved
4657	plans and specifications; and
4658	b. approved building permits for dry flood-proofed nonresidential structures
4659	shall contain a statement notifying applicants that flood insurance premiums are based
4660	upon rates for structures that are one foot below the elevation to which the building is
4661	dry-floodproofed;
1662	3. Nonresidential agricultural accessory buildings that do not equal or exceed a
1663	maximum assessed value of sixty-five thousand dollars may be designed and oriented to

allow the free passage of floodwaters through the building in a manner affording
minimum flood damage provided they meet the standards in subsection F.4. through F.6.
of this section. Nonresidential agricultural accessory buildings that equal or exceed
sixty-five thousand dollars may apply for an alteration exception pursuant to K.C.C.
21A.24.070. Nonresidential agricultural accessory buildings that do not meet the
elevation standard in subsection F. 1. of this section or the dry flood-proofing standard in
subsection F.2. of this section will be assessed at the flood insurance rate based on the
risk to which the building is exposed;

- 4. Use materials and methods that are resistant to and minimize flood damage;
- 5. Design and construct the areas and rooms below the lowest floor to automatically equalize hydrostatic and hydrodynamic flood forces on exterior walls by allowing for the entry and exit of floodwaters as follows:
- a. provide a minimum of two openings on each of two opposite side walls in the direction of flow, with each of those walls having a total open area of not less than one square inch for every square foot of enclosed area subject to flooding;
- b. design the bottom of all openings is no higher than one foot above grade; and
- c. screens, louvers or other coverings or devices are allowed if they do not restrict entry and exit of floodwaters; and
- 6. Dry flood proof all electrical, heating, ventilation, plumbing, air conditioning equipment and other utility and service facilities to, or elevated above, the flood protection elevation;

4686	G. Anchor all new construction and substantially improved structures to prevent
4687	flotation, collapse or lateral movement of the structure. The department shall approve the
4688	method used to anchor the new construction;
4689	H. Newly sited manufactured homes and substantial improvements of existing
4690	manufactured homes shall meet the following standards:
4691	1. Manufactured homes shall meet all the standards in this section for residential
4692	structures and the following standards:
4693	a. anchor all manufactured homes; and
4694	b. install manufactured homes using methods and practices that minimize flood
4695	damage;
4696	2. All manufactured homes within a new mobile home park or expansion of an
4697	existing mobile home park must meet the requirements for flood hazard protection for
4698	residential structures; and
4699	3. Only manufactured homes are allowed in a new or existing mobile home park
4700	located in a flood hazard area;
4701	I. Public and private utilities shall meet the following standards:
4702	1. Dry flood-proof new and replacement utilities including, but not limited to,
4703	sewage treatment and storage facilities, to, or elevate above, the flood protection
4704	elevation;
4705	2. Locate new on-site sewage disposal systems outside the floodplain. When
4706	there is insufficient area outside the floodplain, new on-site sewage disposal systems are
4707	allowed only in the zero-rise flood fringe. Locate on-site sewage disposal systems in the
4708	zero-rise flood fringe to avoid:

4709	a. Impairment to the system during flooding;
4710	b. contamination from the system during flooding;
4711	3. Design all new and replacement water supply systems to minimize or
4712	eliminate infiltration of floodwaters into the system;
4713	4. above-ground utility transmission lines, except for electric transmission lines,
4714	are allowed only for the transport of nonhazardous substances; and
4715	5. Bury underground utility transmission lines transporting hazardous
4716	substances at a minimum depth of four feet below the maximum depth of scour for the
4717	base flood, as predicted by a civil engineer, and achieve sufficient negative buoyancy so
4718	that any potential for flotation or upward migration is eliminated;
4719	J. Critical facilities are allowed within the zero-rise flood fringe only when a
4720	feasible alternative site is not available and the following standards are met:
4721	1. Elevate the lowest floor to the five-hundred year floodplain elevation or three
4722	or more feet above the base flood elevation, whichever is higher;
4723	2. Dry flood-proof and seal structures to ensure that hazardous substances are
4724	not displaced by or released into floodwaters; and
4725	3. Elevate access routes to or above the base flood elevation from the critical
1726	facility to the nearest maintained public street or roadway;
1727	K. New construction or expansion of existing farm pads is allowed only on a site
1728	with existing agriculture if emergency flood relief is required for the protection of
1729	livestock or assets or for operations that must continue during flood events as follows:
1730	1. A farm pad is allowed only if there is no other suitable holding area on the
1731	site outside the floodplain;

4/32	2. Construct the farm pad to the standards in an approved farm management
4733	plan prepared in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051 and K.C.C. chapter 21A.30.
4734	3. The farm ((management plan)) pad proposal shall demonstrate compliance
4735	with the following:
4736	a. flood storage compensation consistent with subsection A. of this section;
4737	b. siting and sizing that do not increase base flood elevations consistent with
4738	K.C.C. 21A.24.250.B.; ((and))
4739	c. siting that is located in the area least subject to risk from floodwaters; and
1740	d. an alternatives analysis demonstrating adverse impacts to wetlands, wetland
1741	buffers and aquatic area buffers have been minimized;
1742	4. The farm pad is constructed to base flood elevation plus one-foot. An
1743	elevation report shall be completed after construction to demonstrate compliance with
1744	that elevation requirement;
1745	5.a. The farm pad should be sized as is necessary for the protection of livestock
1746	and assets and operations that must continue during flood events;
1747	b. for farm pads larger than two thousand square feet of finished usable
1748	surface, a site specific evaluation of agricultural operations must demonstrate the need for
1749	the size of the pad; and
1750	c. for farm pads larger than ten thousand square feet, an area-wide analysis
1751	must demonstrate that sufficient flood storage is available for reasonably foreseeable
1752	future land use needs in the vicinity;
1753	6. Nonresidential agricultural buildings are allowed on a farm pad as shelter for
1754	livestock or other farm animals, greenhouses for plant starts to be used on the property,

4/55	minking pariors, storage of farm venicles and agricultural equipment and shelter for farm
4756	products including, but not limited to, feed, seeds, flower bulbs and hay and farm
4757	operations that must continue during a flood event. Nonresidential structures allowed on
4758	a farm pad shall not be used for retail operations or any residential or public use; and
4759	7. The property owner shall file with the department of executive services,
4760	records and licensing services division, a notice approved by the department that restricts
4761	the use of the farm pad to nonresidential agricultural uses. The notice shall run with the
4762	land. The applicant shall submit to the department proof that the notice was filed before
4763	the department approves any permit for the construction of the farm pad;
4764	L. New construction or expansion of existing livestock manure storage facilities
4765	is only allowed as follows:
4766	1. The livestock manure storage facility is only allowed if there is not a feasible
4767	alternative area on the site outside the floodplain;
4768	2. Construct the livestock manure storage facility to the standards in an
4769	approved farm management plan prepared in accordance with K.C.C. 21A.24.051 and
4770	K.C.C. chapter 21A.30. The farm management plan shall demonstrate compliance with
4771	the following:
4772	a. flood storage compensation consistent with subsection A. of this section;
4773	b. siting and sizing that do not increase base flood elevations consistent with
4774	K.C.C. 21A.24.250.B. and 21A.24.260.D;
4775	c. dry flood-proofing <u>liquid manure storage facility</u> to ((the flood protection))
4776	one foot above the base flood elevation; and

4777	d. siting that is located in the area least subject to risk from floodwaters;
4778	(( <del>and</del> ))
4779	M. Recreational vehicles must be on site for fewer than one hundred eighty days
4780	or be fully licensed and ready for highway use; and
4781	N. Temporary farm worker housing not meeting the requirements of subsection
4782	E. or subsection H. of this section is only allowed as follows:
4783	1. The housing must be on site for fewer than one hundred eighty days;
4784	2. The housing must not be placed in the floodplain before May 1 of any year;
4785	3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection N.4. of this section, the housing
4786	must be removed from the floodplain no later than October 31 of each year;
4787	4. Housing must be removed from a floodplain within twelve hours of King
4788	County issuing a phase 2 flood alert for the applicable river basin, unless the water and
4789	land resources division director or the director's designee determines flood conditions are
4790	not likely to threaten temporary farm worker housing; and
4791	5. In the Snoqualmie floodplain, if the housing is not removed from the
4792	floodplain by September 30, the operator must have a plan approved by King County for
4793	the evacuation and removal of the housing as required by subsection N.4. of this section
4794	and for emergency communication to the housing's occupants.
4795	SECTION 53. Ordinance 10870, Section 473, as amended, and K.C.C.
4796	21A.24.260 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
4797	A. The development standards that apply to the zero-rise floodway also apply to
4798	the FEMA floodway. The more restrictive standards apply where there is a conflict.

B. A development proposal shall not increase the base flood elevation. A civil
engineer shall certify, through hydrologic and hydraulic analyses performed in
accordance with standard engineering practice, that any proposed encroachment would
not result in any increase in flood levels during the occurrence of the base flood
discharge.

- C. New residential or nonresidential structures are prohibited within the mapped FEMA floodway, except for farm pads and nonresidential agricultural accessory buildings within an agricultural production district that meet applicable compensatory storage and conveyance standards. ((Until March 31, 2010, the size of a new nonresidential agriculture accessory building is limited to a footprint of five thousand square feet.)) A residential structure cannot be constructed on fill placed within the mapped FEMA floodway.
- D. <u>New livestock</u> ((M))manure storage facilities <u>for liquid and slurry manure</u> are prohibited in the FEMA floodway. <u>Existing livestock manure storage facilities may be</u> repaired or enlarged as necessary to comply with the standards in the farm's nutrient management plan;
- E. If the footprint of the existing residential structure is not increased, substantial improvements of existing residential structures in the FEMA floodway, meeting the requirements of WAC 173-158-070, as amended, are presumed to not increase the base flood elevation and do not require a critical areas report to establish this fact.
- F. Maintenance, repair, replacement or improvement of an existing residential structure located within the agricultural production district on property that is zoned agriculture (A) is allowed in the FEMA floodway if the structure meets the standards for

4022	residential structures and utilities in K.C.C. 21A.24.240 and also meets the following
4823	requirements:
4824	1. The existing residential structure was legally established;
4825	2. The viability of the farm is dependent upon a residential structure within
4826	close proximity to other agricultural structures; and
4827	3. Replacing an existing residential structure within the FEMA floodway is only
4828	allowed if:
4829	a. there is not sufficient buildable area on the site outside the FEMA floodway
4830	for the replacement;
4831	b. the replacement residential structure is not located in an area that increases
4832	the flood hazard in water depth, velocity or erosion;
4833	c. the building footprint of the existing residential structure is not increased;
4834	and
4835	d. the existing structure, including the foundation, is completely removed
4836	within ninety days of receiving a certificate of occupancy, or temporary certificate of
4837	occupancy, whichever occurs first, for the replacement structure.
4838	G. Maintenance, repair or replacement of a substantially damaged existing
4839	residential structure, other than a residential structure located within the agricultural
4840	production district on property that is zoned agricultural (A), is allowed in the FEMA
4841	floodway if the structure meets the standards for existing residential structures and
4842	utilities in K.C.C. 21A.24.240 and also meets the following requirements:
1843	1. The Washington state Department of Ecology has assessed the flood
1844	characteristics of the site and determined:

4845	a. base flood depths will not exceed three feet;
4846	b. base flood velocities will not exceed three feet per second;
4847	c. there is no evidence of flood-related erosion, as determined by location of
4848	the project site in relationship to mapped channel migration zones or, if the site is not
4849	mapped, evidence of overflow channels and bank erosion; and
4850	d. a flood warning system or emergency plan is in operation;
4851	2. The Washington state Department of Ecology has prepared a report of
4852	findings and recommendations to the department that determines the repair or
4853	replacement will not result in an increased risk of harm to life based on the characteristics
4854	of the site;
4855	3. The department has reviewed the Washington state Department of Ecology
4856	report and concurs that the development proposal is consistent with the findings and
4857	recommendations in the report;
4858	4. The development proposal is consistent with the findings and
4859	recommendations of the Washington state Department of Ecology report;
4860	5. The existing residential structure was legally established; and
4861	6. Replacing an existing residential structure within the FEMA floodway is only
4862	allowed if:
4863	a. there is not sufficient buildable area on the site outside the FEMA floodway;
4864	b. the replacement structure is a residential structure built as a substitute for a
4865	previously existing residential structure of equivalent use and size; and

4866	c. the existing residential structure, including the foundation, is removed
4867	within ninety days of receiving a certificate of occupancy, or temporary certificate of
4868	occupancy, whichever occurs first, for the replacement structure.
4869	H. Maintenance or repair of a structure, as defined in WAC 173-158-030, that is
4870	identified as a historic resource, as defined in K.C.C. 21A.06.597, is allowed in the
4871	FEMA floodway if the structure and utilities meet the standards of K.C.C. 21A.24.240
4872	for residential structures or nonresidential structures, as appropriate.
4873	NEW SECTION. SECTION 54. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 21A.24
4874	a new section to read as follows:
4875	Before initiating any new floodplain development, the person proposing the
4876	development shall obtain a floodplain development permit from King County. The
4877	specific details on the floodplain permit process for activities exempt from other King
4878	County permits as well as how to coordinate floodplain development review into other
4879	King County permit reviews will be established in a public rule. Exceptions to other
4880	permit requirements do not apply to floodplain development.
4881	SECTION 55. Ordinance 10870, Section 477, as amended, and K.C.C.
4882	21A.24.300 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
4883	The following development standards apply to development proposals and
4884	alterations on sites containing volcanic hazard areas:
4885	A. Within volcanic hazard areas located along the White river upstream from
4886	Mud Mountain dam:
4887	1. Critical facilities, apartments, townhouses or commercial structures are not
4888	allowed;

4889	2. all new lots created by subdivision, short subdivision or binding site plan
4890	shall designate building areas and building setbacks outside of the volcanic hazard area;
4891	and
4892	3. The notice of critical areas required under this chapter is required for new
4893	single detached dwellings on existing lots;
4894	B. Within volcanic hazard areas located along the White river downstream from
4895	Mud Mountain dam and the Green and Duwamish rivers, the department shall evaluate
1896	development proposals for critical facilities for risk of inundation or flooding resulting
4897	from mudflows originating on Mount Rainier. The applicant shall design critical
1898	facilities to withstand, without damage, the effects of mudflows equal in magnitude to the
1899	prehistoric Electron mudflow; and
1900	C. This section does not apply until King County has ((eompleted the required
1901	modeling and)) refined the mapping of volcanic hazard areas in cooperation with the
1902	United States Geological Survey and adopted volcanic hazard area maps by public rule.
1903	SECTION 56. Ordinance 15051, Section 231, and K.C.C. 21A.24.520 are each
1904	hereby amended to read as follows:
1905	If a property owner is unable to subdivide a ((rural residential)) RA zoned parcel
1906	twenty acres or smaller at the density allowed under K.C.C. 21A.12.030 after application
1907	of the requirements of this chapter, the director may approve modifications to
1908	requirements for critical area buffers if:
1909	A. The applicant demonstrates that after the use of all provisions of this title,
1910	including but not limited to, clustering and buffer averaging, reduction in critical area

4911	buffers required by this chapter is necessary to achieve the density allowed under K.C.C.
4912	21A.12.030;
4913	B. To the maximum extent practical, the subdivision or short subdivision design
4914	has the least adverse impact on the critical area and critical area buffer;
4915	C. The modification does not pose an unreasonable threat to the public health,
4916	safety or welfare on or off the development proposal site and is consistent with the
4917	general purposes of this chapter and the public interest; and
4918	D. The applicant provides mitigation to compensate for the adverse impacts to
4919	critical areas and buffers resulting from any modification to critical area buffers approved
4920	under this section.
4921	SECTION 57. Ordinance 3688, Section 801, as amended, and K.C.C.
4922	21A.25.290 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
4923	A. Development within the shoreline jurisdiction, including preferred uses and
4924	uses that are exempt from permit requirements, shall be undertaken only if that
4925	development is consistent with the policies of RCW 90.58.020, chapter 173-26 WAC the
4926	King County shoreline master program and will not result in a net loss of shoreline
4927	ecological functions or in a significant adverse impact to shoreline uses, resources and
4928	values, such as navigation, recreation and public access. The proponent of a shoreline
4929	development shall employ measures to mitigate adverse impacts on shoreline functions
4930	and processes following the sequencing requirements of K.C.C. 21A.25.080.
4931	B. A substantial development permit shall be required for all proposed uses and
4932	modifications within the shoreline jurisdiction unless the proposal is specifically exempt
4933	from the definition of substantial development in RCW 90.58.030 and WAC 173-27-040

statement of exemption; and

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4934	or is exempted by RCW 90.58.140. If a proposal is exempt from the definition of
4935	substantial development, a written statement of exemption is required for any proposed
4936	uses and modifications if:
4937	1. WAC 173-27-050 applies; or
4938	2. Except for the maintenance of agricultural drainage that is not used by
4939	salmonids or as otherwise provided in subsection F. of this section, the proposed use or
4940	modification will occur at or below the ordinary high water mark.
4941	C. Whether or not a written statement of exemption is required, all permits issued
4942	for development activities within the shoreline jurisdiction shall include a record of
4943	review indicating compliance with the shoreline master program and regulations.
4944	D. As necessary to ensure consistency of the project with the shoreline master
4945	program and this chapter, the department may attach conditions of approval to a
4946	substantial development permit or a statement of exemption or to the approval of a
4947	development proposal that does not require either.
4948	E. The department may issue a programmatic statement of exemption as follows:
4949	1. For an activity for which a statement of exemption is required, the activity
4950	shall:
4951	a. be repetitive and part of a maintenance program or other similar program;
4952	b. have the same or similar identifiable impacts, as determined by the
4953	department, each time the activity is repeated at all sites covered by the programmatic

c. be suitable to having standard conditions that will apply to any and all sites;

- 2. The department shall uniformly apply conditions to each activity authorized under the programmatic statement of exemption at all locations covered by the statement of exemption. The department may require that the applicant develop and propose the uniformly applicable conditions as part of the statement of exemption application and may approve, modify or reject any of the applicant's proposed conditions. The department shall not issue a programmatic statement of exemption until applicable conditions are developed and approved;
- 3. Activities authorized under a programmatic statement of exemption shall be subject to inspection by the department. The applicant may be required to notify the department each time work subject to the programmatic statement of exemption is undertaken for the department to schedule inspections. In addition, the department may require the applicant to submit periodic status reports. The frequency, method and contents of the notifications and reports shall be specified as conditions in the programmatic statement of exemption;
- 4. The department may require revisions, impose new conditions or otherwise modify the programmatic statement of exemption or withdraw the programmatic statement of exemption and require that the applicant apply for a standard statement of exemption, if the department determines that:
- a. The programmatic statement of exemption or activities authorized under the statement of exemption no longer comply with law;
- b. The programmatic statement of exemption does not provide adequate regulation of the activity;

4978	c. The programmatic statement of exemption conditions or the manner in
4979	which the conditions are implemented are not adequate to protect against the impacts
4980	resulting from the activity; or
4981	d. A site requires site-specific regulation; and
4982	5. If an activity covered by a programmatic statement of exemption also
4983	requires other county, state and federal approvals, to the extent feasible, the department
4984	shall attempt to incorporate conditions that comply with those other approvals into the
4985	programmatic statement of exemption.
4986	F. A statement of exemption is not required for maintenance of agricultural
4987	drainage or agricultural waterways used by salmonids if:
4988	1. ((The agricultural drainage or is located within an agricultural production
4989	district;
4990	2.)) The maintenance project is conducted in compliance with a hydraulic
4991	project approval issued by the Washington Department of Fish and Wildlife pursuant to
4992	RCW 77.55;
4993	((3.)) 2. The maintenance project complies with the King County agricultural
4994	drainage assistance program as agreed to by the Washington Department of Fish and
4995	Wildlife((, the Washington Department of Ecology)), the department of permitting and
4996	environmental review and the department of natural resources and parks, and as reviewed
4997	by the Washington Department of Ecology;
4998	((4.)) 3. The person performing the agricultural drainage maintenance and the
4999	land owner has attended training provided by King County on the King County

5000	agricultural drainage assistance program and the best management practices required
5001	under that program; and
5002	((5.)) 4. The maintenance project complies with the requirements of K.C.C. chapter
5003 -	16.82.
5004	SECTION 58. Ordinance 13129, Section 9, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.27.090
5005	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
5006	Antenna modifications consistent with the provisions of K.C.C. 21A.27.100 are
5007	permitted outright. Modifications to transmission support structures are also permitted
5008	outright, provided there is no increase in the height of the transmission support structure
5009	except when:
5010	A. Necessary to accommodate the actual collocation of the antenna of other
5011	service providers, or to accommodate the current providers antenna required to utilize
5012	new technology, such as digital transmissions;
5013	B. Limited to no more than forty feet above the height of the existing
5014	transmission support structure; and
5015	C. Proposed in the rural area zone or a residential zone and the proposed height
5016	exceeds sixty feet and is demonstrated by the applicant to be required to meet the
5017	proposed area of coverage. If proposed in the rural area zone or a residential zone, notice
5018	and a comment period shall be provided consistent with the provisions of K.C.C.
5019	20.20.060. If the need for additional height is challenged within the comment period
5020	specified, technical evaluation as provided for in K.C.C. 21A.27.160 shall be conducted.
5021	The department may approve, require additional mitigation, or deny the proposed height
5022	increase on the basis of this technical evaluation.

5023	SECTION 59. Ordinance 10870, Section 530, as amended, and K.C.C.
5024	21A.30.020 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
5025	The raising, keeping, breeding or fee boarding of small animals are subject to
5026	K.C.C. 11.04, Animal Control Regulations, and the following requirements:
5027	A. Small animals ((which)) that are kept indoors as household pets in aquariums,
5028	terrariums, cages or similar containers shall not be limited in number, except as may be
5029	provided in Title 11. Other small animals excluding cats kept indoors as household pets
5030	shall be limited to five, of which not more than three may be unaltered cats or dogs. Cats
5031	kept indoors shall not be limited in numbers.
5032	B. Other small animals kept outside, including adult cats and dogs, shall be
5033	limited to three per household on lots of less than 20,000 square feet, five per household
5034	on lots of 20,000 to 35,000 square feet, with an additional 2 per acre of site area over
5035	35,000 square feet up to a maximum of 20, unless more are allowed as an accessory use
5036	pursuant to paragraph E., provided that all unaltered animals kept outdoors must be kept
5037	on a leash or in a confined area, except as authorized for a hobby kennel or cattery or
5038	commercial kennel or cattery pursuant to K.C.C. 11.04.
5039	C. Excluding kennels and catteries, the total number of unaltered adult cats
5040	and/or dogs per household shall not exceed three.
5041	D. Animals considered to be household pets shall be treated as other small
5042	animals pursuant to K.C.C. 21A.30.020.E when they are kept for commercial breeding,
5043	boarding or training.

5044	E. Small animals and household pets kept as an accessory use outside the
5045	dwelling, shall be raised, kept or bred only as an accessory use on the premises of the
5046	owner, or in a kennel or cattery, subject to the following limitations:
5047	1. Birds shall be kept in an aviary or loft that meets the following standards:
5048	a. The aviary or loft shall provide 1/2 square foot for each parakeet, canary or
5049	similarly sized birds, 1 square foot for each pigeon, small parrot or similarly sized bird,
5050	and 2 square feet for each large parrot, macaw or similarly sized bird.
5051	b. Aviaries or lofts shall not exceed 2,000 square feet, provided this limit shall
5052	not apply in rural, forestry, or agricultural zones.
5053	c. The aviary is set back at least 10 feet from any property line, and 20 feet
5054	from any dwelling unit.
5055	2. Small animals other than birds shall be kept according to the following
5056	standards:
5057	a. The minimum site area shall be one-half acre if more than 3 small animals
5058	are being kept.
5059	b. All animals shall be confined within a building, pen, aviary or similar
5060	structure.
5061	c. Any covered structure used to house or contain such animals shall maintain
5062	a distance of not less than 10 feet to any property line, except structures used to house
5063	mink and fox shall be a distance of not less than 150 feet.
5064	d. Poultry, chicken, squab, and rabbits are limited to a maximum of one animal
5065	per one square foot of structure used to house such animals, up to a maximum of 2000

5066	square feet; provided that this maximum structure size limit shall not apply in rural,
5067	forestry, or agricultural zones.
5068	e. Hamsters, nutria and chinchilla are limited to a maximum of one animal per
5069	square foot of structure used to house such animals, up to a maximum of 2000 square
5070	feet; provided that this maximum structure size limit shall not apply in rural, forestry, or
5071	agricultural zones.
5072	f. Mink and fox are permitted only on sites having a minimum area of five
5073	acres.
5074	g. Beekeeping is limited as follows:
5075	(1) Beehives are limited to 50 on sites less than five acres;
5076	(2) The number of beehives shall not be limited on sites of five acres or
5077	greater;
5078	(3) Colonies shall be maintained in movable-frame hives at all times;
5079	(4) Adequate space shall be provided in each hive to prevent overcrowding
5080	and swarming;
5081	(5) Colonies shall be requeened following any swarming or aggressive
5082	behavior;
5083	(6) All colonies shall be registered with the County Extension agent ((prior
5084	to)) before April 1((st)) of each year, on a state registration form acceptable to the county;
5085	and
5086	(7) Abandoned colonies, diseased bees, or bees living in trees, buildings, or
5087	any other space except in movable-frame hives shall constitute a public nuisance, and
5088	shall be abated as set forth in K.C.C. chapter 21A.50, Enforcement;

5089	3. Kennels and catteries are subject to the following requirements:
5090	a. For kennels located on <u>rural area or</u> residential zoned sites:
5091	(1) The minimum site area shall be five acres; and
5092	(2) Structures housing animals and outdoor animal runs shall be a minimum
5093	distance of ((100)) one hundred feet from property lines abutting the rural area zone or
5094	residential zones;
5095	b. For kennels located on ((non-residential)) nonresidential zoned sites, run
5096	areas shall be completely surrounded by an eight foot solid wall or fence, and be subject
5097	to the requirements in K.C.C. 11.04.060; and
5098	c. Catteries shall be on sites of $((35,000))$ thirty-five thousand square feet or
5099	more, and buildings used to house cats shall be a minimum distance of $((50))$ fifty feet
5100	from property lines abutting the rural area zone or residential zones.
5101	SECTION 60. Ordinance 11168, Section 5, as amended, and K.C.C. 21A.30.062
5102	are each hereby amended to read as follows:
5103	A. In the rural area and residential zones, fee boarding of livestock other than in a
5104	legally established stable shall only be as an accessory use to a resident on the subject
5105	property.
5106	B. A barn or stable may contain a caretaker's accessory living quarters under the
5107	following conditions:
5108	1. Only one accessory living quarter per primary detached dwelling unit, except
5109	in the F zone, ((which prohibits)) where accessory living quarters are not permitted;
5110	2. The accessory living quarter shall not exceed five hundred square feet, and

5111	3. The structure must be constructed in conformance with the State Building
5112	Code; and
5113	C. A barn or stable may contain a caretaker's accessory dwelling unit as allowed
5114	pursuant to this provisions of this Title relating to accessory dwelling units.
5115	SECTION 61. Ordinance 15606, Section 20, as amended, and K.C.C.
5116	21A.30.085 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
5117	In the A, F and RA zones, residents of a dwelling unit may conduct one or more
5118	home occupations as accessory activities, under the following provisions:
5119	A. The total floor area of the dwelling unit devoted to all home occupations shall
5120	not exceed twenty percent of the dwelling unit.
5121	B. Areas within garages and storage buildings shall not be considered part of the
5122	dwelling unit and may be used for activities associated with the home occupation;
5123	C. Total outdoor area of all home occupations shall be permitted as follows:
5124	1. For any lot less than one acre: Four hundred forty square feet; and
5125	2. For lots one acre or greater: One percent of the area of the lot, up to a
5126	maximum of five thousand square feet.
5127	D. Outdoor storage areas and parking areas related to home occupations shall be
5128	1. No less than twenty-five feet from any property line; and
5129	2. Screened along the portions of such areas that can be seen from an adjacent
5130	parcel or roadway by the:
5131	a. planting of Type II landscape buffering; or
5132	b. use of existing vegetation ((which)) that meets or can be augmented with
5133	additional plantings to meet the intent of Type II landscaping.

5134	E. A home occupation or occupations is not limited in the number of employees
5135	that remain off-site. Regardless of the number of home occupations, the number of
5136	nonresident employees is limited to no more than three who work on-site at the same
5137	time and no more than three who report to the site but primarily provide services off-site
5138	F. In addition to required parking for the dwelling unit, on-site parking is
5139	provided as follows:
5140	1. One stall for each nonresident employed on-site; and
5141	2. One stall for patrons when services are rendered on-site;
5142	G. Sales are limited to:
5143	1. Mail order sales;
5144	2. Telephone, Internet or other electronic commerce sales with off-site delivery
5145	3. Items accessory to a service provided to patrons who receive services on the
5146	premises;
5147	4. Items grown, produced or fabricated on-site; and
5148	5. On sites five acres or larger, items that support agriculture, equestrian or
5149	forestry uses except for the following:
5150	a. motor vehicles and parts (North American Industrial Classification System
5151	("NAICS" Code 441);
5152	b. electronics and appliances (NAICS Code 443); and
5153	c. building material and garden equipments and supplies (NAICS Code 444);
5154	H. The home occupation or occupations do not:

5155	1. Use electrical or mechanical equipment that results in a change to the
5156	occupancy type of the structure or structures used for the home occupation or
5157	occupations;
5158	2. Cause visual or audible interference in radio or television receivers, or
5159	electronic equipment located off-premises or fluctuations in line voltage off-premises; or
5160	3. Increase average vehicular traffic by more than four additional vehicles at any
5161	given time;
5162	I. Customer visits and deliveries shall be limited to the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 7:00
5163	p.m. on weekdays, and 9:00 a.m. to 5 p.m. on weekends;
5164	J. The following uses, by the nature of their operation or investment, tend to
5165	increase beyond the limits permitted for home occupations. Therefore, the following
5166	shall not be permitted as home occupations:
5167	1. Hotels, motels or organizational lodging;
5168	2. Dry cleaning: and
5169	3. <u>Automotive</u> ((Ŧ))towing services, automotive wrecking services and tow-in
5170	parking lots;
5171	K. Uses not allowed as home occupation may be allowed as a home industry
5172	under K.C.C. chapter 21A.30; and
5173	L. The home occupation or occupations may use or store vehicles, as follows:
5174	1. The total number of vehicles for all home occupations shall be:
5175	a. for any lot five acres or less: two;
5176	b. for lots greater than five acres: three; and
5177	c. for lots greater than ten acres: four;

21/0	2. The vehicles are not stored within any required setback areas of the lot of on
5179	adjacent streets; and
5180	3. The parking area for the vehicles shall not be considered part of the outdoor
5181	storage area provided for in subsection C. of this section.
5182	SECTION 62. Ordinance 10870, Section 557, as amended, and K.C.C.
5183	21A.32.200 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
5184	The interim or permanent re-use of surplus nonresidential facilities in the rural
5185	area and residential ((zoned areas)) zones shall require that no more than ((50)) fifty
5186	percent of the original floor area be demolished for either permanent or interim re-use of
5187	facilities.
5188	SECTION 63. Ordinance 10870, Section 579, as amended, and K.C.C.
5189	21A.38.060 are each hereby amended to read as follows:
5190	A. The purpose of the office/research park special district overlay is to establish
5191	an area for development to occur in a campus setting with integrated building designs,
5192	flexible grouping of commercial and industrial uses, generous landscaping and buffering
5193	treatment, and coordinated auto and pedestrian circulation plans. Office/research park
5194	districts shall only be established in areas designated within a community plan and zoned
5195	RB, O or I zones. Permitted uses shall include all uses permitted in the RB, O and I
5196	zones, as set forth in K.C.C. chapter 21A.08, regardless of the classification used as the
5197	underlying zone on a particular parcel of land.
5198	B. The following development standards shall apply to uses locating in
5199	office/research park overlay districts:
5200	1. All uses shall be conducted inside an entirely enclosed building;

5201	2. An internal circulation plan shall be developed to facilitate pedestrian and
5202	vehicular traffic flow between major project phases and individual developments;
5203	3. The standards in this section shall be applied to the development as a unified
5204	site, not withstanding any division of the
5205	development site under a binding site plan or subdivision;
5206	4. All buildings shall maintain a fifty-foot setback from perimeter streets and
5207	from <u>rural area and</u> residential ((zoned areas)) zones;
5208	5. The total permitted impervious lot coverage shall be eighty-percent. The
5209	remaining twenty-percent shall be devoted to open space. Open space may include all
5210	required landscaping, and any unbuildable critical areas and their associated buffers;
5211	6. The landscaping standards in K.C.C. chapter 21A.16 are modified as follows:
5212	a. Twenty-foot wide Type II landscaping shall be provided along exterior
5213	streets, and twenty-foot wide Type III landscaping shall be provided along interior
5214	streets;
5215	b. Twenty-foot wide Type I landscaping shall be provided along property lines
5216	adjacent to <u>rural area and</u> residential (( <del>zoned areas</del> )) <u>zones;</u>
5217	c. Fifteen-foot wide Type II landscaping shall be provided along lines adjacent
5218	to nonresidential zoned areas; and
5219	d. Type IV landscaping shall be provided within all surface parking lots as
5220	follows:
5221	(1) Fifteen percent of the parking area, excluding required perimeter
5222	landscaping, shall be landscaped in parking lots with more than thirty-parking stalls;

5223	(2) At least one tree for every four parking stalls shall be provided, to be
5224	reasonably distributed throughout the parking lot; and
5225	(3) No parking stall shall be more than forty-feet from some landscaping;
5226	e. An inventory of existing site vegetation shall be conducted pursuant to the
5227	procedures in K.C.C. chapter 21A.16, and
5228	f. An overall landscaping plan that conforms to the requirements of this
5229	subsection shall be submitted for the entire district or each major development phase
5230	((prior to)) before the issuance of any site development, grading or building permits;
5231	7. Lighting within an office/industrial park shall shield the light source from the
5232	direct view of surrounding residential areas;
5233	8. Refuse collection/recycling areas and loading or delivery areas shall be
5234	located at least one hundred feet from residential areas and screened with a solid view
5235	obscuring barrier;
5236	9. Off street parking standards as in K.C.C. chapter 21A.18 are modified as
5237	follows:
5238	a. one space for every three hundred square feet of floor area shall be provided
5239	for all uses, except on-site daycare, exercise facilities, eating areas for employees, archive
5240	space for tenants and retail/service uses;
5241	b. parking for on-site daycare, exercise facilities, eating areas for employees,
5242	archive space for tenants, and retail/service uses shall be no less than one space for every
5243	one thousand square feet of floor area and no greater than one space for every five
5244	hundred square feet of floor area; and

5245	c. at least twenty-five percent of required parking shall be located in a parking
5246	structure; and
5247	10. Sign standards in K.C.C. chapter 21A.20 are modified as follows:
5248	a. Signs visible from the exterior of the park shall be limited to one monument
5249	office/research park identification sign at each entrance. The signs shall not exceed an
5250	area of sixty-four square feet per sign;
5251	b. no pole signs shall be permitted; and
5252	c. all other signs shall be visible only from within the park.
5253	SECTION 64. Ordinance 8867, Section 1, as amended, and K.C.C. 26.12.010 are
5254	each hereby amended to read as follows:
5255	A process is hereby established for the annual allocation of the conservation
5256	futures tax levy funds, to acquire open space lands, including green spaces, greenbelts,
5257	wildlife habitat and trail rights-of-way proposed for preservation for public use by either
5258	the county or the cities within the county. King County, cities within the county, citizen
5259	groups and citizens may make application for funds in this allocation process.
5260	A. The county executive shall determine a date, no later than April 1, as a
5261	deadline for submission of applications for use of conservation futures tax levy funds. At
5262	least one month before the application submission deadline date, the executive shall
5263	provide all cities within the county notice of the opportunity to apply to the county for a
5264	share of the annual allocation of the conservation futures tax levy funds available for that
5265	year. Notice also shall be provided in the official county newspaper.

5266	B. No later than March 1, the county council may adopt a motion that provides
5267	direction to the citizen oversight committee on priorities for evaluating the applications
5268	within the open space criteria identified in K.C.C. 27.02.025.
5269	C.1. By July 15, the citizen oversight committee shall make project
5270	recommendations and recommend funding allocations for each project to the executive,
5271	including:
5272	a. a description of each project including project location and acreage;
5273	b. a report on how each project meets the county open space selection criteria,
5274	contained in K.C.C. 26.12.025; and
5275	c. the amount of funding requested in each project application; and
5276	d. any additional relevant criteria of the jurisdiction in which the potential
5277	acquisition is located.
5278	2. The committee's recommendations are solely advisory and the executive
5279	and/or the council may adopt, alter, add to or decline to adopt all or part of the
5280	committee's recommendations in the budget process.
5281	D. The executive's project and funding recommendation shall be included in the
5282	annual proposed appropriation ordinance for the ensuing budget year.
5283	E.1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection E. 2. and 3. of this section, any
5284	application funded by this process shall be sponsored and forwarded by the jurisdiction in
5285	which the project is located. The jurisdiction shall commit to providing a matching
5286	contribution no less than the amount of conservation futures tax levy funds appropriated
5287	for the project before conservation futures tax levy funds are reimbursed to that

jurisdiction. This contribution may consist of cash, land trades with a valuation verified

by an appraisal by a Member of the Appraisal Institute (MAI) certified appraiser or the cash value, excluding King County conservation futures contributions, of other open spaces acquired within the previous two years that is either directly adjacent to the project or the county concludes to be directly linked to the property under application.

- 2. A jurisdiction may make an application in partnership with one or more jurisdictions if the proposed project lies wholly within the boundaries of those jurisdictions, or if another reason for such a partnership is articulated within the application, such as a trail connection, a community separator or coordinated salmon habitat preservation. In such a partnership application, the relationship, roles and responsibilities for acquisition, ownership, matching contribution obligations and future maintenance must be described. If a partnership application is funded by this process, the jurisdictions shall be required to enter into an interlocal agreement with the county formalizing the relationship, roles and responsibilities for acquisition, ownership, matching contribution obligations and future maintenance.
- 3. For an application by a citizen or citizen group for a project in the city of Seattle, the citizen or citizen group shall commit to providing a matching contribution no less than the amount of conservation futures tax levy funds appropriated for the project. This contribution may consist of cash, in-kind voluntary contributions or land donations with a valuation verified by an appraisal by a Member of the Appraisal Institute (MAI) certified appraiser or the cash value, excluding King County conservation futures contributions, of other open spaces acquired within the previous two years that is either directly adjacent to the project or the county concludes to be directly linked to the property under application. For a project based on an application by a citizen or citizen

group, the funds shall be reimbursed to the jurisdiction in which the project is located. If a citizen or citizen group's application is funded by this process, the jurisdiction in which the project is located shall be required to enter into an interlocal agreement with the county formalizing the relationship, roles and responsibilities for acquisition, ownership, matching contribution obligations and future maintenance.

F. If the King County transfer of development program bank, as established by K.C.C. chapter 21A.37, is awarded conservation futures levy funds in order to purchase development rights and thereby preserve open space in accordance with purposes and provisions of this chapter, the bank is authorized to sell those development rights and to use the proceeds from that sale to acquire additional development rights, thereby preserving additional open space lands in accordance with the terms and provisions of this chapter. When transferrable development rights are purchased by the bank in accordance with K.C.C. chapter 21A.37 using conservation futures tax levy funds allocated to a project under K.C.C. 26.12.003.G., matching conservation futures tax fund credit is allowed for funds generated from the subsequent sales of the transferrable development rights, if the funds from those sales are used to purchase additional open space that is identified as being within the scope of the original conservation futures tax project.

<u>G.</u> Conservation futures tax levy funds shall be deposited in the conservation futures fund for the purpose of administering, disbursing and accounting for conservation futures tax levy funds authorized by King County. Conservation futures tax levy funds shall be disbursed to projects previously approved by King County upon receipt and verification by King County of properly completed requests for payment of the funds.

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The office of performance, strategy and budget shall prescribe the form for the requests. The disbursement requests shall be made only for capital project expenditures that include all costs of acquiring real property, including interests in real property, and the following costs, though it shall not include the cost of preparing applications for conservation futures moneys: cost of related relocation of eligible occupants; cost of appraisal; cost of appraisal review; cost of title insurance; closing costs; pro rata real estate taxes; recording fees; compensating tax; hazardous waste substances reports; directly related staff costs; and related legal and administrative costs. The city shall transmit payment to its payees for current capital project costs within five days of the receipt by the city of its requested conservation futures tax levy funds. The city shall provide a list of authorized individuals to certify requests to King County. The city is responsible for the accuracy of the payment requests and the propriety and timeliness of its disbursements following receipt of conservation futures tax levy funds. Conservation futures tax levy funds may not be used to acquire any property or interest therein through the exercise of the power of eminent domain.

((G-)) H. Projects carried out by a governmental agency in whole or part with conservation futures tax levy funds shall not be transferred or conveyed except by interlocal agreement providing that the land or interest in land shall be continued to be used for the purposes of K.C.C. 26.12.005 through 26.12.025 and in strict conformance with the uses authorized under RCW 84.34.230. Also, the land or interest in land shall not be converted to a different use unless other equivalent lands within the geographic jurisdiction of the governmental agency are received in exchange for the lands or interest in lands. This section does not prevent the grant of easements or franchises or the

5358	making of joint use agreements or other operations compatible with the use of a project
5359	as provided for in this section and authorized under RCW 84.34.230.
5360	SECTION 65. Ordinance 15051, Section 59, and K.C.C. 21A.06.522 are each
5361	hereby repealed.
5362	SECTION 66. Pursuant to K.C.C. 20.44.080, the metropolitan King County
5363	council finds that the requirements for environmental analysis, protections and mitigation
5364	measures in the chapters of K.C.C. Title 21A amended by this ordinance, provide
5365	adequate analysis of and mitigation for the specific adverse environmental impacts to
5366	which the requirements apply.
5367	<u>SECTION 67.</u> Sections 44, 45, 46, 52, 53, 55 and 57 of this ordinance do not
5368	apply in the shoreline jurisdiction until the effective date of the Washington state
5369	Department of Ecology's approval of the amendments as provided in RCW 90.58.090 and
5370	K.C.C. 20.12.205.
5371	SECTION 68. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to any person

or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

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Ordinance 17539 was introduced on 11/13/2012 and passed as amended by the Metropolitan King County Council on 3/18/2013, by the following vote:

Yes: 9 - Mr. Phillips, Mr. von Reichbauer, Mr. Gossett, Ms. Hague, Ms. Patterson, Ms. Lambert, Mr. Dunn, Mr. McDermott and Mr.

Dembowski

No: 0 Excused: 0

KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON

arry Gossett, Chair

ATTEST:

Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council

APPROVED this 28 day of MARCH, 2013.

Dow Constantine, County Executive

Attachments: None