

APPENDIX C
FAMILY MEDICAL LEAVE

16585

King County Code

3.12.220 - 3.12.223 PERSONNEL

3.12.220 Sick leave and time off for medical and family reasons:

A. Except for employees covered by K.C.C. 3.12.220G, employees eligible for leave benefits shall accrue sick leave benefits at the rate of 0.04616 hours for each hour in pay status exclusive of overtime up to a maximum of eight hours per month; except that sick leave shall not begin to accrue until the first of the month following the month in which the employee commenced employment. The employee is not entitled to sick leave if not previously earned.

B. During the first six months of service, employees eligible to accrue vacation leave may, at the appointing authority's discretion, use any accrued days of vacation leave as an extension of sick leave. Employees may use vacation leave as an extension of sick leave for a Washington Family Care Act qualifying event. If an employee does not work a full six months, any vacation leave used for sick leave must be reimbursed to the county upon termination.

C. For employees covered by the overtime requirements of the Fair Labor Standards Act, sick leave may be used in one-half hour increments, at the discretion of the appointing authority.

D. There shall be no limit to the hours of sick leave benefits accrued by an eligible employee.

E. Separation from or termination of county employment except by reason of retirement or layoff due to lack of work, funds, efficiency reasons or separation for nondisciplinary medical reasons, shall cancel all sick leave accrued to the employee as of the date of separation or termination. Should the employee resign in good standing, be separated for nondisciplinary medical reason or be laid off, and return to county employment within two years, accrued sick leave shall be restored, but the restoration shall not apply where the former employment was in term-limited temporary position.

F. Except employees covered by K.C.C. 3.12.220G, employees eligible to accrue sick leave and who have successfully completed at least five years of county service and who retire as a result of length of service or who terminate by reason of death shall be paid, or their estates paid or as provided for by Title 11 RCW, as applicable, an amount equal to thirty-five percent of their unused, accumulated sick leave multiplied by the employee's rate of pay in effect upon the

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date of leaving county employment less mandatory withholdings. This provision is predicated on the requirement that, except with the written approval of the executive, the position, if vacated by a non-represented employee, shall not be filled until salary savings for such position are accumulated in an amount sufficient to pay the cost of the cashout.

G. Uniformed employees covered under the LEOFF Retirement System-Plan I shall apply for disability retirement under RCW 41.26.120.

H. An employee must use all of his or her accrued sick leave and any donated sick leave before taking unpaid leave for his or her own health reasons. If the injury or illness is compensable under the county's workers compensation program, then the employee has the option to augment or not augment time loss payments with the use of accrued sick leave. For a leave for family reasons, the employee shall choose at the start of the leave whether the particular leave would be paid or unpaid; but when an employee chooses to take paid leave for family reasons he or she may set aside a reserve of up to eighty hours of accrued sick leave. An employee who has exhausted all of his or her sick leave may use accrued vacation leave before going on leave of absence without pay, if approved by his or her appointing authority. Sick leave shall be used for the following reasons:

1. The employee's bona fide illness, but an employee who suffers an occupational illness may not simultaneously collect sick leave and worker's compensation payments in a total amount greater than the net regular pay of the employee;

2. The employee's incapacitating injury, but:

a. an employee injured on the job may not simultaneously collect sick leave and worker's compensation payments in a total amount greater than the net regular pay of the employee; though an employee who chooses not to augment his or her worker's compensation time loss pay through the use of sick leave shall be deemed on unpaid leave status;

b. an employee who chooses to augment workers' compensation payments with the use of accrued sick leave shall notify the safety and workers' compensation program office in writing at the beginning of the leave;

c. an employee may not collect sick leave and workers' compensation time loss payments for physical incapacity due to any injury or occupational illness which is directly traceable to employment other than with the county;

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3. The employee's exposure to contagious diseases and resulting quarantine;
4. A female employee's temporary disability caused by or contributed to by pregnancy and childbirth;
5. The employee's medical or dental appointments, provided that the employee's appointing authority has approved the use of sick leave for such appointments;
6. To care for the employee's child as defined in this chapter if the child has an illness or health condition which requires treatment or supervision from the employee; or
7. To care for other family members, if:
 - a. the employee has been employed by the county for twelve months or more and has worked a minimum of nine hundred ten hours (thirty-five-hour employee) or one thousand forty hours (forty-hour employee) in the preceding twelve months;
 - b. the family member is the employee's spouse or domestic partner, the employee's child, a child of the employee's spouse or domestic partner, the parent of the employee, employee's spouse or domestic partner or an individual who stands or stood in loco parentis to the employee, the employee's spouse or domestic partner; and
 - c. the reason for the leave is one of the following:
 - (1) the birth of a son or daughter and care of the newborn child, or placement with the employee of a son or daughter for adoption or foster care, if the leave is taken within twelve months of the birth, adoption or placement;
 - (2) the care of the employee's child or child of the employee's spouse or domestic partner whose illness or health condition requires treatment or supervision by the employee; or
 - (3) care of a family member who suffers from a serious health condition.

I. An employee may take a total of up to eighteen work weeks unpaid leave for his or her own serious health condition, and for family reasons as provided in K.C.C. 3.12.220H.6 and K.C.C. 3.12.220H.7, combined, within a twelve-month period. The leave may be continuous, which is consecutive days or weeks, or intermittent, which is taken in whole or partial days as needed. Intermittent leave is subject to the following conditions:

1. When leave is taken after the birth or placement of a child for adoption or foster care, an employee may take leave intermittently or on a reduced leave schedule only if authorized by the employee's appointing authority;

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2. An employee may take leave intermittently or on a reduced schedule when medically necessary due to a serious health condition of the employee or a family member of the employee; and

3. If an employee requests intermittent leave or leave on a reduced leave schedule under K.C.C. 3.12.220I.2 that is foreseeable based on planned medical treatment, the appointing authority may require the employee to transfer temporarily to an available alternative position for which the employee is qualified and that has equivalent pay and benefits and that better accommodates recurring periods of leave than the regular position of the employee.

J. Use of donated leave shall run concurrently with the eighteen work week family medical leave entitlement.

K. The county shall continue its contribution toward health care benefits during any unpaid leave taken under K.C.C. 3.12.220I.

L. Department management is responsible for the proper administration of the sick leave benefit. Verification from a licensed health care provider may be required to substantiate the health condition of the employee or family member for leave requests.

M. An employee who returns from unpaid family or medical leave within the time provided in this ordinance section is entitled, subject to bona fide layoff provisions, to:

1.a. the same position he or she held when the leave commenced; or
b. a position with equivalent status, benefits, pay and other terms and conditions of employment; and

2. The same seniority accrued before the date on which the leave commenced.

N. Failure to return to work by the expiration date of a leave of absence may be cause for removal and result in termination of the employee from county service. (Ord. 13377 § 3, 1998: Ord. 12943 § 7, 1997: Ord. 12422 § 2, 1996: Ord. 12014 § 21, 1995).