

KING COUNTY

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

Signature Report

July 24, 2006

Ordinance 15556

Proposed No. 2006-0242.1

Sponsors Phillips, Constantine, Ferguson, Patterson, Hague, von Reichbauer, Dunn and Lambert

1	AN ORDINANCE approving membership in the Chicago
2	Climate Exchange; authorizing the executive to execute the
3	appropriate documents to become a member of the Chicago
4	Climate Exchange; and establishing and stating the purpose
5	of a new fund entitled Climate Exchange Fund; amending
6	Ordinance 12076, Section 9, as amended and K.C.C.
7	4.08.015, as amended, and adding a new section to K.C.C.
8	chapter 4.08.
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11	STATEMENT OF FACTS:
12	1. There is a consensus among the world's leading scientists that global
13	warming pollution by humans is one of the world's most significant
14	problems today.
15	2. King County recognized global warming and related energy pollution
16	problems at an early stage, and over the past fifteen years has actively
17	implemented policies to foster a clean fuel economy, which experts agree

18	is a critical element to reducing global warming pollution caused by
19	humans.
20	3. In September 1988, the King County council proposed Ordinance 88-
21	662 with the intent of creating an office of science and technology
22	planning to address the issues of ozone depletion and global warming.
23	4. In 2002 the King County executive signed Executive Order PHL 10-
24	1(AEO), by which the executive created and led a countywide initiative to
25	inventory and reduce global warming pollution caused by greenhouse gas
26	emissions ("carbon" or "carbon equivalents").
27	5. Council subsequently adopted Motion 11364 which approved
28	participation in the Cities for Climate Protection Campaign and supported
29	the executive's development of an action plan to reduce emissions of
30	greenhouse gases and targeted air pollutants from King County operations.
31	6. In furtherance of this legislative implementation, an Air Quality
32	Steering Team was established to provide the organizational capacity for
33	inventorying and reducing greenhouse gas emissions that cause global
34	warming pollution.
35	7. As a result of the Air Quality Steering Team's important work, the
36	county has created one of the most comprehensive emissions inventories
37	("carbon inventory") of any local government in the United States and has
38	empowered the county to fully understand its carbon liabilities and
39	marketable carbon assets ("carbon credits").

40	8. The preceding work to develop a best-practice carbon inventory has
41	built critical organizational expertise and resources in the departments of
42	King County for future emissions reduction planning and sale of carbon
43	credits.
14	9. The Rio Treaty, established on May 9, 1992, and entered into force in
45	1994, set a long-term objective of stabilizing greenhouse gas
16	concentrations in the atmosphere at a level that would prevent dangerous
17	human-caused climate change, and represented an important first step
18	toward creating a framework for emissions trading.
19	10. In 2003 the Lieberman-McCain Climate Stewardship Act (United
50	States Senate Bill 139) has proposed federal limits on carbon emissions
51	and a system that allows for trading carbon credits (a "carbon market").
52	11. In February 2005, the Kyoto Protocol to the United Nations
53	Framework Convention on Climate Change entered into force, officially
54	creating a market for the trading of emissions by over one hundred forty
55	signatory countries and regional organizations, which represent sixty-two
56	percent of global emissions.
57	12. On June 22, 2005 the United States Senate stated in an amendment to
58	its version of the Energy Policy Act of 2005, "It is the sense of the Senate
59	that Congress should enact a comprehensive and effective national
50	program of mandatory, market-based limits and incentives on emissions of
51	greenhouse gases that slow, stop, and reverse the growth of such
52	emissions at a rate and in a manner that—(1) will not significantly harm

63	the United States economy; and (2) will encourage comparable action by
64 .	other nations that are major trading partners and key contributors to global
65	emissions."
66	13. In May 2006, the United States House of Representatives
67	Appropriations Committee accepted a nonbinding climate change
68	amendment that endorsed a mandatory cap on greenhouse gas emissions
69	as a measure to reduce global warming, as long as such a program would
70.	not harm the United States economy.
71	14. Each year across the United States, state and local regulations on
72	limiting carbon emissions and forming carbon credits are promulgated
73	with growing frequency.
74	15. King County continues to be committed to reducing global warming
75	pollution in accordance with the United States Senate statements on global
76	warming and the 2003 proposed Lieberman-McCain Climate Stewardship
77	Act (United States Senate Bill 139); and these important legislative
78	initiatives recognize that federal limits (a "cap") on carbon emissions will
79	be essential for nationwide greenhouse gas reductions, and that a federal
80	cap on carbon emissions also ensures the meaningfulness of carbon credits
81	by fully internalizing the cost of carbon liability.
82	16. Banks, insurance companies and financial institutions have
83	increasingly begun to calculate the financial risks of carbon emissions
84	under a range of possible future regulations, and many businesses also
85	recognize the need for a federal cap on carbon emissions, in order to

80	ensure uniformity of carbon market rules and to provide clear parameters
87	for long-term business investments within the context of carbon markets.
88	17. There is a growing consensus among leading scientists and economic
89	experts that entrance into a carbon market represents an opportunity for
90	expertise-building in the array of alternative fuels and technologies that
91	will underpin a future clean energy, climate-friendly economy.
92	18. King County's efforts in clean energy development and carbon
93	management and budgeting practices have led to its development of the
94	necessary carbon management and budgeting tools to participate
95	successfully in a carbon exchange.
96	19. The Chicago Climate Exchange ("CCX") is the most active carbon
97	exchange in the United States.
98	20. The CCX requires members to reduce carbon emissions and allows
99	trading of carbon credits and additional carbon credit projects to achieve
100	such reductions.
101	21. The CCX manages the carbon exchange for the European Union's
102	tradable carbon program that exists under their Kyoto Protocol agreement.
103	22. King County's participation in the CCX can contribute to enhancing
104	the CCX's carbon inventory requirements.
105	23. King County's participation in the CCX can help expand the eligibility
106	of credits that are beneficial to King County and many local governments.
107	24. King County maintains a significant interest in writing rules for
108	carbon market accounting in regard to landfill and transit operations and

109	forest sequestration, and CCX offers the opportunity for King County to
110	shape future rules on how to calculate emissions and credits from those
111	operations.
112	25. Participants in the CCX are gaining valuable experience in carbon
113	inventories, limits and credits that will likely help shape expected federal
114	laws and regulations.
115	26. The International Council for Local Environmental Initiatives
116	(ICLEI), a network of regional governments that sponsors the Cities for
117	Climate Protection, in which King County is a member by order of the
118	same council Motion 13364, has entered a formal partnership with CCX to
119	facilitate membership of additional local governments.
120	27. On June 13, 2005, the United States Conference of Mayors passed a
121	unanimous resolution that recognized "the leadership of the cities that
122	have joined the Chicago Climate Exchange and the valuable role that
123	the Chicago Climate Exchange plays in helping cities to achieve
124	greenhouse gas reductions" and resolved to "[encourage] U.S. mayors to
125	strongly consider membership for their cities in the Chicago Climate
126	Exchange."
127	28. There is significant support for CCX from the private and public
128	sectors as demonstrated by the membership of such leading organizations
129	as Ford Motor Company, IBM, Motorola Incorporated, International Paper
130	and American Electric Power, and such governments as the State of New
131	Mexico, the cities of Chicago, Portland, Berkeley and Oakland.

132	29. County membership in CCX will likely influence regional businesses
133	and organizations to join as well, providing participants in our regional
134	economy the opportunity through market transactions to support
135	environmentally-friendly regional programs while at the same time
136	mitigating their own carbon emissions liability.
137	30. King County has performed an assessment of its carbon liability and
138	potential carbon credits under the current and evolving CCX rules and this
139	assessment indicates the county is optimally positioned to meet CCX
140	mitigation targets.
141	31. King County intends to meet its obligation fully in accordance with
142	the rules and guidelines established by the CCX and other such emission-
143	reducing organizations as the county may join, and King County
144	recognizes that it may be required to purchase carbon credits or other
145	emission credits under the rules and guidelines of such organizations.
146	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
147	SECTION 1. The King County council, determining that entrance into the
148	Chicago Climate Exchange represents an optimal opportunity to reduce King County's
149	carbon emissions and to develop effective and efficient rules for emission trading,
150	approves membership into the Chicago Climate Exchange and authorizes the executive to
151	execute the appropriate documents to become a member of the Chicago Climate
152	Exchange for a period of time ending on December 31, 2010. King County shall use its
153	influence in the Chicago Climate Exchange as follows:
154	A. To reduce King County's carbon emissions.

		Maintenance	
	104	Solid Waste Landfill Post Closure	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
	103	County Road	Dept. of Transportation
	Fund No.	Fund Title	Fund Manager
173	A. First tier funds and fund managers are as follows:		
172	First tier funds and designated fund managers.		
171	amended, are each hereby amended to read as follows:		
170	SECTION 2. Ordinance 12076, Section 9, as amended, and K.C.C. 4.08.015, as		
169	emission trading.		
168	F. To advocate for expedited legislation on a federal emission cap and nationwide		
167	development of effective and efficient rules for emission trading.		
166	E. To partner with other governments, institutions and organizations on further		
165	and to establish related credits.		
164	programs, ir	ncluding but not limited to efforts in farm	ing, forestry, growth management,
163	emissions re	eduction and carbon sequestration value o	f other county policies and
162	D. 1	To develop accounting methodology for e	mission trading that recognizes the
161	to establish	such a landfill credit.	
160	credits region	onal entities for maximally efficient captu	re of landfill methane emissions, and
159	role of efficient landfill management in reducing regional greenhouse gas emissions and		
158	C. To develop accounting methodology for emission trading that recognizes the		
157	for provision of public transit service, and to establish such a regional transit credit.		
156	transit's role in reducing regional greenhouse gas emissions and credits regional entities		
155	B. To develop accounting methodology for emission trading that recognizes		

109	Recorder's O & M	Dept. of Executive Services
111	Enhanced-911 Emergency Tel System	Dept. of Executive Services
112	Mental Health	Dept. of Community and Human Services
115	Road Improvement Guaranty	Dept. of Transportation
117	Arts and Cultural Development	Dept. of Executive Services
119	Emergency Medical Services	Dept. of Public Health
121	Surface Water Management	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
122	Automated Fingerprint Identification	Dept. of Public Safety
	System	
128	Local Hazardous Waste	Dept. of Public Health
129	Youth Sports Facilities Grant	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
131	Noxious weed control fund	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
134	Development and Environmental	Dept. of Development and Environmental
	Services	Services
137	Clark Contract Administration	Office of Management and Budget
138	Parks Trust and Contribution	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
139	Risk Abatement	Office of Management and Budget
145	Parks and Recreation	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
164	Two-Tenths Sales Tax Revenue	Dept. of Transportation
	Receiving	
165	Public Transit Self Insurance	Dept. of Transportation
215	Grants tier 1 fund	Dept. of Executive Services

216	Cultural Resource Mitigation Fund	Office of Business Relations & Economic
		Development
309	Neighborhood Parks and Open Space	Dept. of Executive Services
312	HMC Long Range CIP	Dept. of Executive Services
315	Conservation Futures	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
316	Parks, Rec. and Open Space	Dept. of Executive Services
318	Surface and Storm Water Mgmt Const	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
320	Public Art Fund	Dept. of Executive Services
322	Housing Opportunity Acquisition	Dept. of Community and Human Services
326	1990 Series B Youth Detention Facility	Dept. of Executive Services
327	Equipment and Building Acquisition	Dept. of Executive Services
329	SWM CIP Construction 1992-1997	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
331	Long-Term Leases	Dept. of Executive Services
334	Capital Acqn and County Fac	Office of Management and Budget
	Renovation	
335	Youth Services Facilities Construction	Dept. of Executive Services
338	Airport Construction	Dept. of Transportation
339	Working Forest 1995 B	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
340	Park Lands Acquisition 1993	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
340-3	Urban Reforestation and Habitat	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
	Restoration	
341	Arts and Historic Preservation Capital	Dept. of Executive Services
342	Major Maintenance Reserve	Dept. of Executive Services

343	Core GIS Capital Project	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
346	Regional Justice Center Construction	Dept. of Executive Services
347	Emergency Communications System	Dept. of Executive Services
349	Parks Facilities Rehabilitation	Dept. of Executive Services
350	Open Space Acquisition	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
364-3	Transit Cross-Border Lease Financing	Dept. of Executive Services
	Fund	
369	Transfer of Development Credits	Dept. of Natural Resources Parks
	Program (TDC) Fund	
377-1	OIRM Capital Fund	Office of Information Resource
	•	Management
378	Information and Telecommunications	Dent of Executive Services
378	Information and Telecommunications Capital Improvement Fund	Dept. of Executive Services
	Capital Improvement Fund	Dept. of Executive Services
378 381		Dept. of Executive Services Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
	Capital Improvement Fund	-
381	Capital Improvement Fund Solid Waste Cap Equip Recovery	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
381 383	Capital Improvement Fund Solid Waste Cap Equip Recovery Solid Waste Environmental Reserve	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
381 383 384	Capital Improvement Fund Solid Waste Cap Equip Recovery Solid Waste Environmental Reserve Farmland and Open Space Acquisition	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
381 383 384 385	Capital Improvement Fund Solid Waste Cap Equip Recovery Solid Waste Environmental Reserve Farmland and Open Space Acquisition Renton Maintenance Fac. Const	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Transportation
381 383 384 385 386	Capital Improvement Fund Solid Waste Cap Equip Recovery Solid Waste Environmental Reserve Farmland and Open Space Acquisition Renton Maintenance Fac. Const County Road Construction	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Transportation Dept. of Transportation
381 383 384 385 386 387	Capital Improvement Fund Solid Waste Cap Equip Recovery Solid Waste Environmental Reserve Farmland and Open Space Acquisition Renton Maintenance Fac. Const County Road Construction HMC Construction	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks Dept. of Transportation Dept. of Transportation Dept. of Executive Services

395	Building Capital Improvement	Dept. of Executive Services
396	HMC Building Repair and Replacemen	t Dept. of Executive Services
404	Solid Waste Operating	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
429	Airport Operating	Dept. of Transportation
448	Stadium Management	Dept. of Executive Services
453-1	Institutional Network Operating Fund	Dept. of Executive Services
461	Water Quality	Dept. of Natural Resources and Parks
464	Public Transportation	Dept. of Transportation
542	Safety and Workers' Compensation	Dept. of Executive Services
544	Wastewater Equipment Rental and	Dept. of Transportation
	Revolving Fund	
546	Department of Executive Services	Dept. of Executive Services
	Equipment Replacement	
547	Office of Information Resource	Dept. of Executive Services
	Management Operating Fund	
550	Employee Benefits Program	Dept. of Executive Services
551	Facilities Management	Dept. of Executive Services
552	Insurance	Dept. of Executive Services
557	Public Works Equipment Rental	Dept. of Transportation
558	Motor Pool Equipment Rental	Dept. of Transportation
560	Printing/Graphic Arts Services	Dept. of Executive Services
603	Cultural Resources Endowment	Dept. of Executive Services

622	Judicial Administration Trust and	Dept. of Judicial Administration
	Agency	
624	School District Impact Fee	Office of Management and Budget
674	Refunded Ltd GO Bond Rdmp.	Dept. of Executive Services
675	Refunded Unitd GO Bond	Dept. of Executive Services
676	H&CD Escrow	Dept. of Executive Services
693	Deferred Compensation	Dept. of Executive Services
694	Employee Charitable Campaign	Dept. of Executive Services
	Contributions	
696	Mitigation Payment System	Dept. of Transportation
843	DMS Limited GO Bonds	Dept. of Executive Services
890	ULID Assessment - 1981	Dept. of Transportation
<u>1010</u>	Climate Exchange Fund	Office of Management and Budget

- B. The following shall also be first tier funds:
- 1. All funds now or hereafter established by ordinance for capital construction through specific road improvement districts, utility local improvement districts or local improvement districts. The director of the department of transportation shall be the fund manager for transportation-related funds. The director of the department of natural resources and parks shall be the fund manager for utility-related funds.
- 2. All county funds that receive original proceeds of borrowings made under Chapter 216, Washington Laws of 1982, as now existing or hereafter amended, to the extent of the amounts then outstanding for the borrowings for that fund. For purposes of

183	this subsection, the director of the county department or office primarily responsible for
184	expenditures from that fund shall be the fund manager.
185	3. Any other fund as the council may hereinafter prescribe by ordinance to be
186	invested for its own benefit. County funds shall be treated as provided in K.C.C.
187	4.10.110 unless a designation is made by the council.
188	NEW SECTION. SECTION 3. There is hereby added to K.C.C. chapter 4.08 a
189	new section to read as follows:
190	A. There is hereby created the Climate Exchange fund, classified as a special
191	revenue fund, for the purpose of accounting for any revenue generated by the sale of
192	carbon credits and other emission credits, and the expenditures incurred for the purchase
193	of carbon credits or other emission credits, in accordance with the rules of the Chicago
194	Climate Exchange or other emissions trading programs in which the county may
195	participate. Carbon credits include but are not limited to those credits sold or purchased
196	through the Chicago Climate Exchange This fund may also be used for the purpose of
197	accounting for the sale or purchase of other emission credits as the county may develop.
198	B. Any financial benefit that accrues to the county from its participation in the
199	Chicago Climate Exchange shall be appropriately invested in actions that reduce carbon
200	emissions and/or address global warming impacts.
201	C. The office of management and budget shall be the fund manager for the
202	Climate Exchange fund

203 D. For investment purposes, the Climate Exchange fund shall be considered a 204 first tier fund. 205 Ordinance 15556 was introduced on 5/30/2006 and passed by the Metropolitan King County Council on 7/24/2006, by the following vote: Yes: 9 - Mr. Phillips, Mr. von Reichbauer, Ms. Lambert, Mr. Dunn, Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Gossett, Ms. Hague, Ms. Patterson and Mr. Constantine No: 0 Excused: 0 KING COUNTY COUNCIL ATTEST: Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council Ron Sims, County Executive **Attachments** None