

PFAS and Contaminants of Emerging Concern

WTD and countywide response to King County Council Motion 16434

Regional Water Quality Committee October 2, 2024

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King County

Department of Natural Resources and Parks

Wastewater Treatment Division

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Department of Natural Resources and Parks

Today's discussion

- PFAS/Contaminants of Emerging Concern (CECs) and the RWSP Update
- Overview of Motion 16434 requested actions
- WTD action in response
- Overview of countywide steps

PFAS/CECs and the RWSP Update

- PFAS/CECs identified in RWSP draft scoping document
- RWSP update will evaluate such things as:
 - Current and existing requirements
 - Planning for new and anticipated PFAS/CECs requirements Cost/benefit analyses of early/later action
 - Source Control Actions
 Opportunities for regional partnerships
 Education
 Supporting and expanding State legislation

Motion 16434

King County seeks to identify, prioritize, reduce, and control sources, exposures, and risk from PFAS and CECs to people and the environment in King County

 Nine requested actions to achieve goals



KING COUNTY

1200 King County Courthous 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

Signature Report

Motion 16434

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Sponsors Kohl-Welles and Balducci		
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Source control – best first step

- CECs come from upstream sources
- Most exposure risks to CECs are greater at their sources
- Source control is identified priority on every level—from federal to local
- Policy action and public education are key

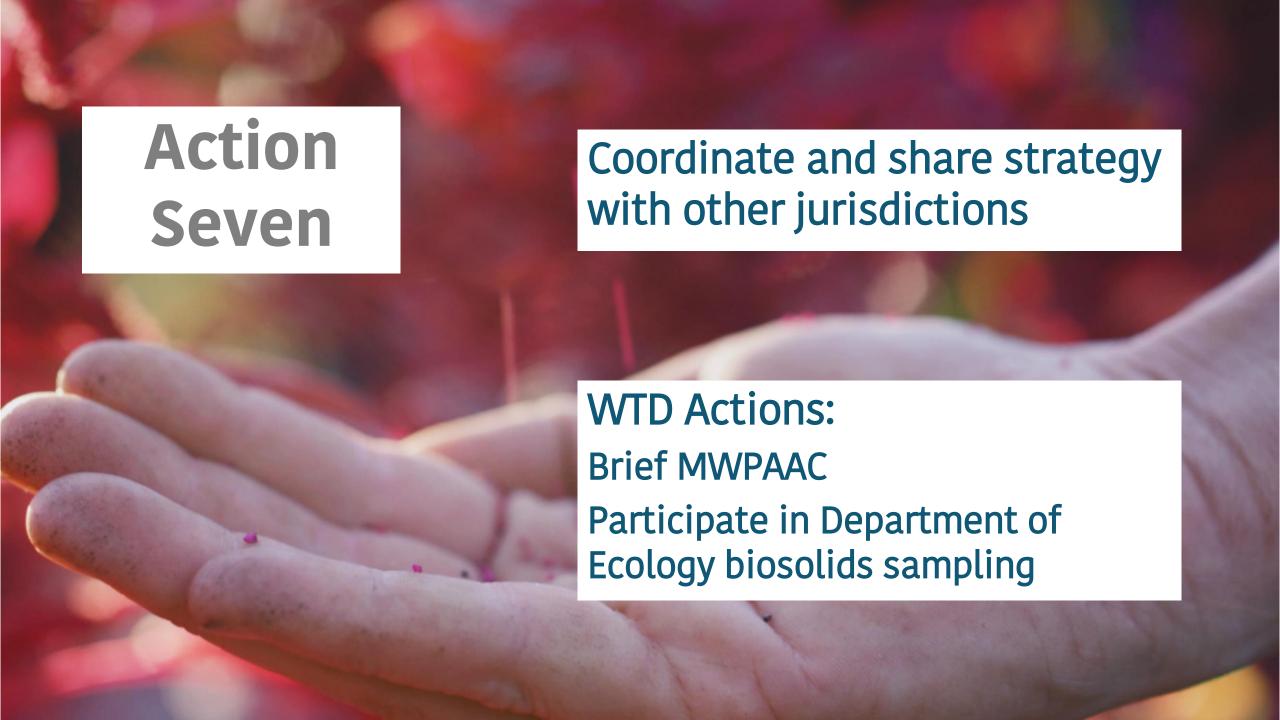
















CECs Connect with Many Departments and Programs

Stormwater Hazardous Wastewater **DNRP** Solid Waste Management Waste Treatment Salmon Parks Recovery Executive Facilities Real Property Airport Procurement Services Management Public Health Environmental Health **Local Services** Roads

Countywide Actions: PFAS



State Funding and Policy

Secured \$500,000 to the UW to study & develop mobile screening methods for consumer products.

Supported \$375,000 to Ecology to (a) ID priority consumer products for potential regulatory action and (b) strengthen disclosure requirements.

Policy bills: lead in cookware, PFAS in food packaging, toxic-free cosmetics



Communications

Updating key messages, web page and public education campaign.

Recent Blog Post: Public Health Insider. Ask a Tox Doc:
Are "Forever Chemicals" in Takeout Food Containers?"



Procurement

Updated County's Sustainable Purchasing Policy in 2023.

Countywide Actions: PFAS, cont.



Fire Fighting Foam

Fire fighting foam used in airport fire response is regulated by FAA, which recently approved PFAS-free foam.

King County International Airport is in process of transitioning to the new foam in coordination other airports in region.



Lab Analysis Capacity

Lack of accredited labs has been a limiting factor for analyzing samples.

King County Environmental Laboratory has secured equipment, expertise, and is seeking accreditation to test for PFAS.



Testing

King County is testing for PFAS in marine and freshwater fish, waste streams, and has secured grant for stormwater facility testing.

Countywide Actions: Toxic Tire Dust or "6PPD-q"

- Secured grant funding and tested soil mix to filter roadway runoff.
- Testing stormwater facility for effectiveness in treating both 6PPD-q and PFAS.
- Updating County Stormwater Manual based on research.
- Mapping "hot spots" for roadway runoff.
- Developing countywide strategic plan.
- Partnering with Ecology's 6PPD-q Action Committee.





CEC Framework in Development

Approach and Principles:

- Proactive in identifying CECs
- Priorities informed by risk assessment
- Address sources as far upstream as possible
- Integrated approach across county programs
- Leverage county strengths
- Work in partnership with local governments, tribes, nongovernmental organizations, universities





Questions?

Erika Kinno, Policy & Research Supervisor Resource Recovery Section



Department of Natural Resources and Parks **Wastewater Treatment Division**

Megan Smith, Clean Water Healthy Habitat Lead



Department of Natural Resources and Parks

What are CECs?

- Unregulated or minimally regulated substances or materials that may pose risk
- Found in personal care, household agricultural products, and more
- Widespread in environment, including wastewater
- Includes PFAS, 6PPD-q, microplastics, pharmaceuticals



Not all CECs are the same...

Variation in:

- Risks to human health and ecosystems
- Toxicity, prevalence, and community exposure in King County
- Pathways for chemicals entering environment (air, water, ingestion)
- Direct and indirect county influence on controlling sources
- Impacts and costs: county operations

